



Training Dynamic ML Models on iOS 15 Martin Mitrevski @ Mobius, 25.11.2021



About Me

- Senior iOS Architect @ Stream
- ► Blogging on <u>martinmitrevski.com</u>
- ► Book author
- Personal apps
- twitter @mitrevski

Stream



Drawland - Draw & Learn Education



Soccer Puzzles: Football Games Sports



Dimi - NFT art maker Photo & Video



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User Expectations

Amazing app experience

Personalization

Simplicity



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Stability

Privacy and security

Be more productive

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Machine Learning

- Learn from data
- Identify patterns
- Make decisions with minimal/no user intervention



Machine Learning on the Cloud

- Handled only on the server (lighter apps)
- Easier ML model updates
- ► Massive training data available



- ► User data is sent to the cloud

- Expensive infrastructure
- Network connection required
- ► GDPR and other privacy regulations

► Good for companies, but not for users

Machine Learning on the Device

- ► No server infrastructure at all
- No network connection required
- Complete user privacy
- Personalized experience
- No GDPR or other
 regulations compliance



- Trickier ML model updates
- Less data available for training
- Has to be implemented on all platforms separately

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ML on iOS





CoreML

Vision

CoreML tools

CreateML macOS CreateML iOS (new)



TuriCreate



Third party: MLKit IBM Watson TensorFlow

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CreateML



Choose a Template



Object Detection



Hand Action Classification





Activity Classification



Word Tagging



Tabular Classification



Hand Pose Classification



Sound Classification



Previous Next

► Now available on iOS:

- Image classification
- ► Text classification
- Hand pose classification
- ► Hand action classification
- ► Sound classification
- ► Style transfer

Style Transfer

- Applying style from one image to another
- Use of deep neural networks
- Possible use-cases
 - Image filtering app
 - Creation of artificial artwork from photos (e.g. NFTs)







Style Transfer Showcase







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Creating Filters With CreateML App (Demo)





Object Detection



Hand Action Classification



Word Tagging





Activity Classification



Tabular Classification



Hand Pose Classification



Sound Classification



Tabular Regression

dopt the visual style of a reference image.		
	Previous	

Setting Up the Training

	Trair	E Snapshot		Settings 1
Project	Data			
Model Sources +		Training Style Imag	le (j)	Validat
				Empbiluscont
		IMG_9728.HEIC	\$	IMG_99
	Parar	neters		
			Use Case	Image Trains a style
			Model Availability	macOS 10.
			Iterations	500
			Style Strength	Low
			Style Density	Coarse



Activity	Nov 14, 2021
Content Images Added test	11:20 AM
Validation Data Added IMG_9953.JPG	11:16 AM
Training Data Added IMG_9728.HEIC	11:15 AM
Model Source Created MobiusStyleTransfer 1	11:14 AM
Project Created MobiusStyleTransfer	11:14 AM



Training Progress and Evaluation



Iteration	Content Loss	Style Loss	Date	Snapshot
380	4,7	4,4	14.11.21, 11:26	+ Snapshot

Exporting the Model

MobiusStyleTransfer 1

ď Get Xcode

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Model Type Style Transfer

Size 6,7 MB

Document Type Core ML Model

Availability macOS 10.15+ | iOS 13.0+ | watchOS 6.0+ | tvOS 13.0+

General Predictions

Metadata

Description		
Author Martin Mitrevski		
License 		
Version		

Additional Metadata

Algorithm cnn		
Style Strength 5		
Textel Density 256		

Û Share

Integrating in an iOS App

- Drag & drop generated CoreML model
- Xcode generates the interface for interacting with the model
- Prepare the input for the model
- Handle the appropriate output

Input image

	avocados

Model Type	Neural Network
Size	6,7 MB
Document Type	Core ML Model
Availability	iOS 13.0+ macOS 10.15+ tvOS 13.0+ Mac Catalyst 13.0+ watchOS 6.0+
Model Class	C avocados Automatically generated Swift model class
	General Preview Predictions Utilities
Input	Output
image Image (Color 512 × 512)	stylizedImage Image (Color 512 × 512)
Description	Description

Stylized image

CreateML on macOS

- ► Model creation caveats
 - Training was not done on the device
 - Required internet connection to update model
 - Personalization was not on-the-go



CreateML on iOS

CreateML on iOS

- Training is done on the device dynamically
- ► No internet connection
- Personalization on-the-go



Creating the Model in an iOS App (Demo)





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Steps

- ➤ Take the user's photo and the style image
- Setup local content directory with images
- Setup parameters for training
- Create a training job (MLJob)
- Listen for updates (Combine publisher)
- Save the created model on the device

Creating Training Job

func trainingJob(styleImageURL: URL, mode: TrainingMode,

```
params: MLStyleTransfer.ModelParameters) throws -> MLJob<MLStyleTransfer> {
let data = MLStyleTransfer.DataSource.images(styleImage: styleImageURL,
                                             contentDirectory: contentDirectory,
                                             processingOption: .scaleFit)
let hash = "\(styleImageURL.path.hashValue)"
let sessionURL = FileUrls.makeSessionURL(with: hash)
let sessionParameters = MLTrainingSessionParameters(sessionDirectory: sessionURL,
                                                    iterations: mode.iterations)
let job = try MLStyleTransfer.train(trainingData: data,
                                    parameters: params,
                                    sessionParameters: sessionParameters)
return job
```

Listening for Updates

```
self.job = newJob
if let data = try? Data(contentsOf: newURL) {
    self.modelInProgress = UIImage(data: data)
job?.progress.publisher(for: \.fractionCompleted)
    .receive(on: RunLoop.main)
    .sink(receiveCompletion: { [weak self] completion in
        self?.progress = nil
   }, receiveValue: { [weak self] newProgress in
        self?.progress = newProgress
   })
    .store(in: &cancellables)
job?.result
    .receive(on: RunLoop.main)
    .sink(receiveCompletion: { completion in
       Log.debug("Finished training job")
   }, receiveValue: { [weak self] model in
       let filename = name.replacingOccurrences(of: " ", with: "_")
       let fileUrl = try? self?.styleTransferService.save(model: model, filename: filename)
       let filter = Filter(name: name, imageURL: newURL, modelImage: nil, fileUrl: fileUrl)
        self?.filtersRepository.save(filter: filter)
       self?.progress = nil
        self?.modelInProgress = nil
        self?.filters = filtersRepository.allFilters()
    })
    .store(in: &cancellables)
```

Training Notes

- Training time depends on number of iterations
- Less iterations bring lower filter quality
- Training is slower on device, compared to the Mac
- Consider using background tasks for longer filtering tasks
- Performing style transfer with trained model is very fast

Performing Style Transfer

```
func stylizedImage(filter: Filter, targetImage: UIImage) async throws -> UIImage {
    guard let imageBuffer = targetImage.pixelBuffer(width: 512, height: 512) else {
        throw NFTError.filterError
    return try await withCheckedThrowingContinuation({ continuation in
        DispatchQueue.global(gos: .userInitiated).async { [unowned self] in
            do {
                let inputImage = try MLDictionaryFeatureProvider(dictionary: ["image": imageBuffer])
                let model = self.modelProvider.model(forFilter: filter)
                let prediction = try model.prediction(from: inputImage)
                let stylizedImage = prediction.featureValue(for: "stylizedImage")
                guard let buffer = stylizedImage?.imageBufferValue, let image = UIImage(pixelBuffer: buffer) else {
                    continuation.resume(throwing: NFTError.filterError)
                    return
                continuation.resume(returning: image)
            } catch {
                continuation.resume(throwing: error)
    })
```

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Making Predictions

- Prediction method is synchronous
- ► Blocks the UI if run on the main thread
- ► In the example, the new Swift concurrency is used (async/await)
- Other options like Combine Futures, completion handlers, etc. are also possible

Usage

```
func stylizeSelectedImage() {
    guard let selectedFilter = selectedFilter else {
        return
    }
    Task {
        do {
            self.loading = true
            self.loading = false
        } catch {
            Log.debug(error.localizedDescription)
            errorOccurred = true
            self.loading = false
```

self.targetImage = try await self.styleTransferService.stylizedImage(filter: selectedFilter, targetImage: image)

Takeaways – the Good Parts

- Straightforward implementation
- No advanced prior ML knowledge required
- ► No server infrastructures
- Personalized user experience

Takeaways - the Not So Good Parts

- App size grows with each new model creation
- Training takes time, good background concept is needed
- ► No support on other platforms such as Android
- No insights to user data (for improvements)
- CreateML is not available on the iOS simulator
 - harder development

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Using in Production

- Around 5% using the custom filter feature
 - Harder for regular users
 - ► Premium feature
- Most users using predefined filters created with CreateML
- Focus on experiences with no/little user effort

Other Use-Cases

- ► Recommendations
 - ► E.g. music, based on previous selections
 - Classifiers and regressors
 - app-with-create-ml-on-ios-15/
- Sound classification
- Hand pose classification
 - ► accessibility, games



► More details at <u>https://martinmitrevski.com/2021/07/11/ml-recommendation-</u>

> E.g. recognize voices for meeting notes, music learning app or authentication

Relevant Links

- WWDC session: <u>https://developer.apple.com/videos/play/wwdc2021/10037/</u>
- platform=iphone
- create-ml-on-ios-15/

Dimi app: <u>https://apps.apple.com/us/app/dimi-nft-art-maker/id1585569333#?</u>

► Blog: <u>https://martinmitrevski.com/2021/07/11/ml-recommendation-app-with-</u>

Thank You!

► Questions?

