



AHAVA  
AHAVA

AHAVA

AHAVA  
ЭОННОИТЫМЫ





A  
—

Альфа·Банк

JUGARU

МОЛЧАНОВ  
НИКОЛАЙ

[github.com/kroniak](https://github.com/kroniak)



# Flurl is a modern, fluent, asynchronous, testable, portable, buzzword-laden URL builder and HTTP client library for .NET.

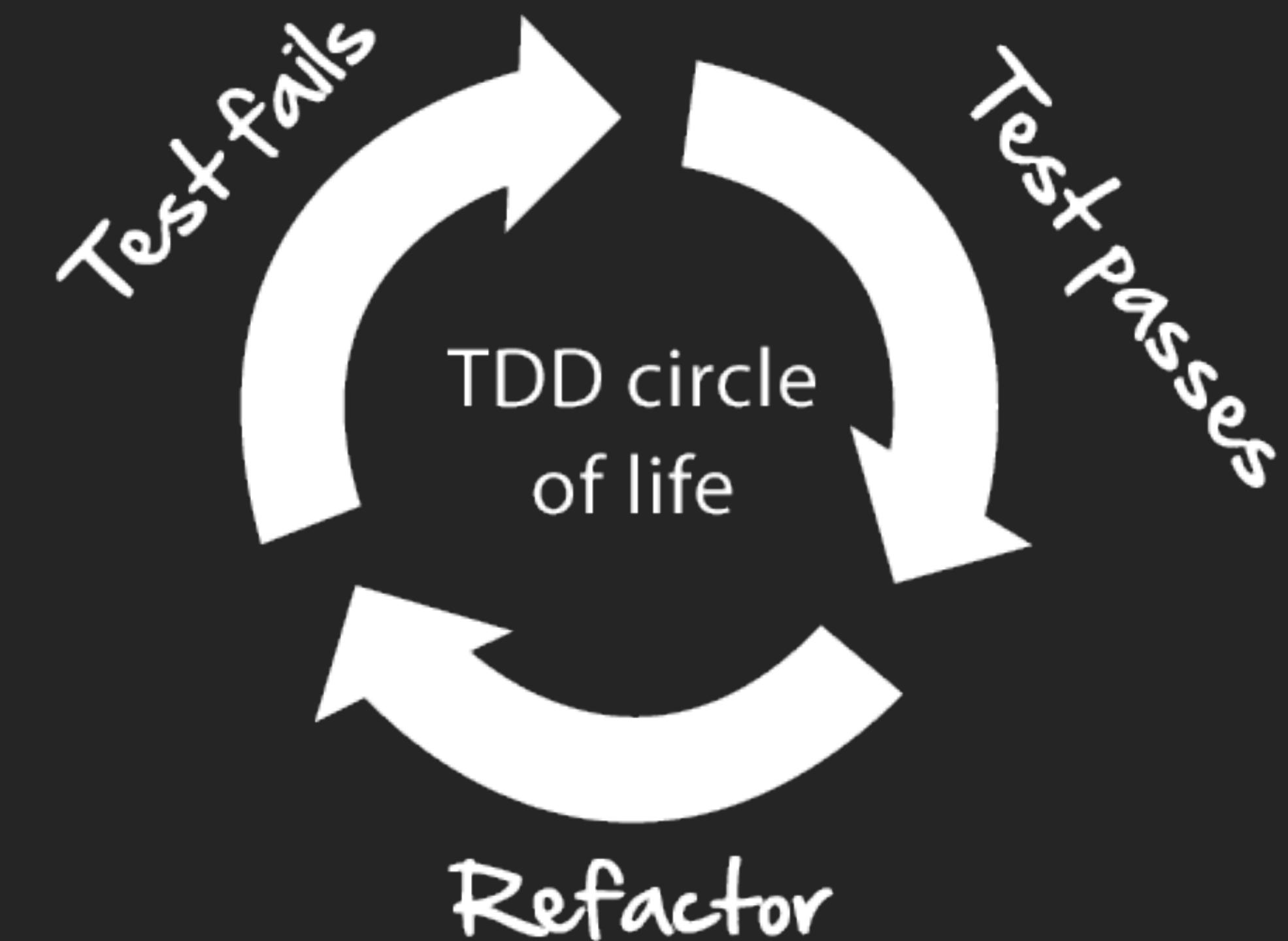
## Code It

```
// Flurl will use 1 HttpClient instance per host
var person = await "https://api.com"
    .AppendPathSegment("person")
    .SetQueryParams(new { a = 1, b = 2 })
    .WithOAuthBearerToken("my_oauth_token")
    .PostJsonAsync(new
    {
        first_name = "Claire",
        last_name = "Underwood"
    })
    .ReceiveJson<Person>();
```

## Test It

```
// fake & record all http calls in the test subject
using (var httpTest = new HttpTest()) {
    // arrange
    httpTest.RespondWith(200, "OK");
    // act
    await sut.CreatePersonAsync();
    // assert
    httpTest.ShouldBeCalled("https://api.com/*")
        .WithVerb(HttpStatusCode.Post)
        .WithContentType("application/json");
}
```

Flurl is a modern, fluent, asynchronous, testable, portable, buzzword-laden URL builder and HTTP client library for .NET.



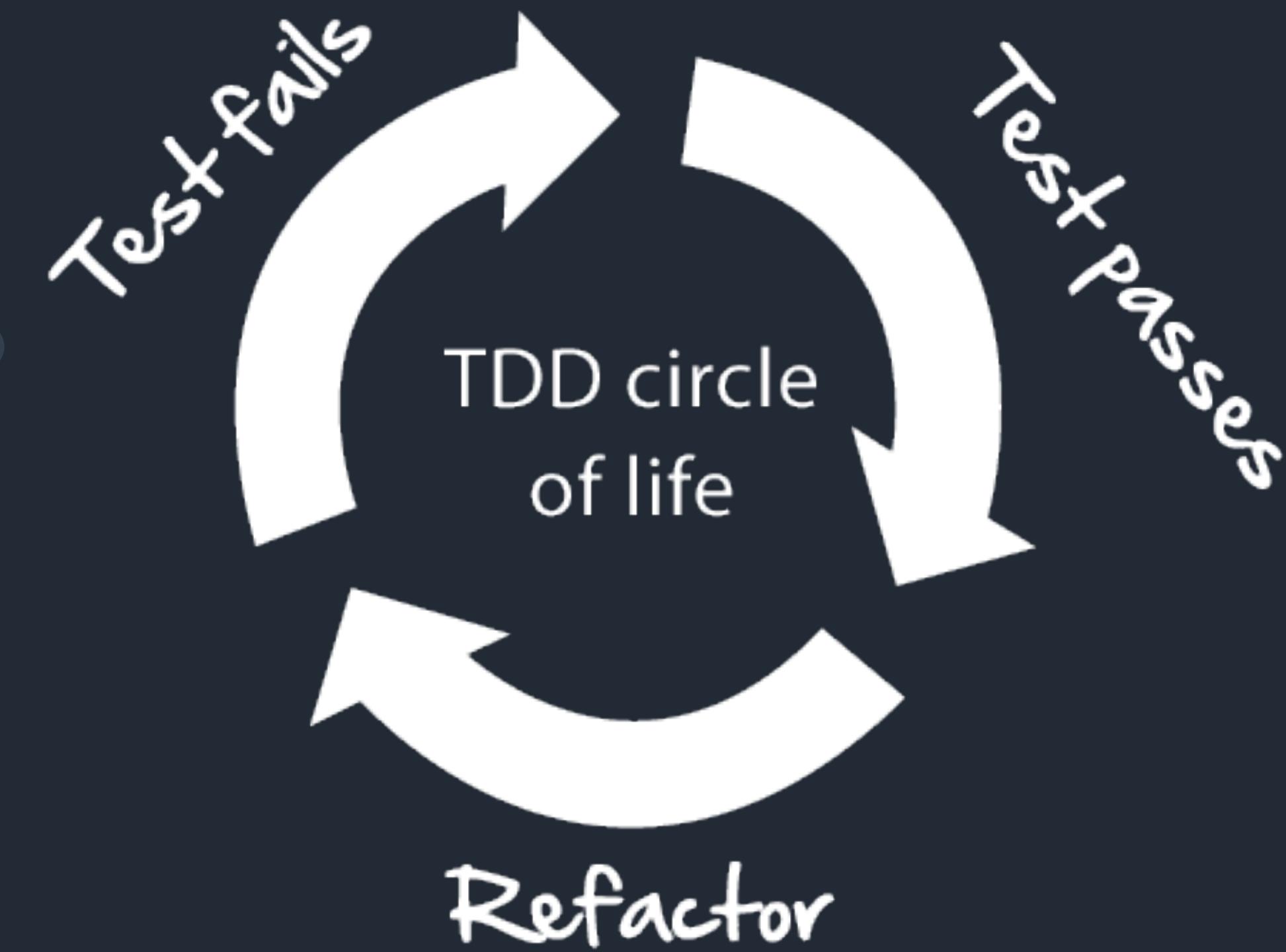
# ECWID CLIENT LIBRARY

---

```
var result =  
    await new EcwidClient()  
        .Configure(someid, "somekey")  
        .Orders  
        .PaymentStatuses("PAID")  
        .PaymentStatuses("REFUNDED")  
        .FulfillmentStatuses("DELIVERED")  
        .CreatedFrom(DateTime.Today)  
        .Updated("2016-05-01", "2016-05-02")  
        .Customer("test@test.ts")  
        .Keywords("cool phone")  
        .TotalFrom(100.00)  
        .PaymentMethod("PayPal")  
        .Limit(10)  
        .Offset(10)  
        .GetAsync();
```

# ECWID CLIENT LIBRARY

```
var result =  
    await new EcwidClient()  
        .Configure(someid, "somekey")  
        .Orders  
        .PaymentStatuses("PAID")  
        .PaymentStatuses("REFUNDED")  
        .FulfillmentStatuses("DELIVERED")  
        .CreatedFrom(DateTime.Today)  
        .Updated("2016-05-01", "2016-05-02")  
        .Customer("test@test.ts")  
        .Keywords("cool phone")  
        .TotalFrom(100.00)  
        .PaymentMethod("PayPal")  
        .Limit(10)  
        .Offset(10)  
        .GetAsync();
```



ПЛАН

# ПЛАН

---

- Тестирование и парадигмы тестирования

# ПЛАН

---

- тестирование и парадигмы тестирования
- про принцип мутационного тестирования

# ПЛАН

---

- тестирование и парадигмы тестирования
- про принцип мутационного тестирования
- виды мутантов

# ПЛАН

---

- тестирование и парадигмы тестирования
- про принцип мутационного тестирования
- виды мутантов
- как применить в .NET

# ПЛАН

---

- тестирование и парадигмы тестирования
- про принцип мутационного тестирования
- виды мутантов
- как применить в .NET
- когда использовать мутационное тестирование

КТО ЛЮБИТ  
ПИСАТЬ ТЕСТЫ?

# ВИДЫ ТЕСТИРОВАНИЯ

---

- функциональное тестирование

# ВИДЫ ТЕСТИРОВАНИЯ

---

- функциональное тестирование
- unit-тестирование

# ВИДЫ ТЕСТИРОВАНИЯ

---

- функциональное тестирование
- unit-тестирование
- автотестирование интеграционное

# ВИДЫ ТЕСТИРОВАНИЯ

---

- функциональное тестирование
- unit-тестирование
- автотестирование интеграционное
- автотестирование UI и e2e

# ТЕСТИРОВАНИЕ ЭТО ПРОВЕРКА СООТВЕТСТВИЯ ТРЕБОВАНИЯМ



ТЕСТИРОВАНИЕ  
ЭТО  
ПРОВЕРКА СООТВЕТСТВИЯ  
ТРЕБОВАНИЯМ

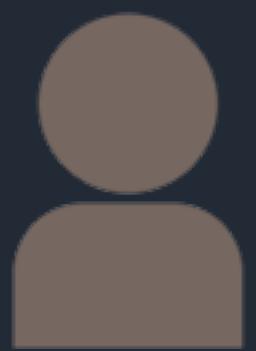


# ORACLE

> 40 000 tests

> 5 hour testing

ЕСТЬ ТУТ  
ПЕРФЕКЦИОНИСТЫ?



ПОКРЫТИЕ > 70% ?

# Tesla Model Autopilot



# Boeing 737 MAX 8



# КАК ПРОТЕСТИРОВАТЬ ТЕСТЫ?

# КАК ПРОТЕСТИРОВАТЬ ТЕСТЫ

---

- code-review кода тестов

# КАК ПРОТЕСТИРОВАТЬ ТЕСТЫ

---

- code-review кода тестов
- code-coverage

# КАК ПРОТЕСТИРОВАТЬ ТЕСТЫ

---

- code-review кода тестов
- code-coverage
- test after each build

# КАК ПРОТЕСТИРОВАТЬ ТЕСТЫ

---

- code-review кода тестов
- code-coverage
- test after each build
- внешний аудит

# КАК ПРОТЕСТИРОВАТЬ ТЕСТЫ

---

- code-review кода тестов
- code-coverage
- test after each build
- внешний аудит
- рандомный набор данных

ПОКРЫТИЕ 100  
И  
ОШИБКИ ЕСТЬ

TEST COVERAGE  
IS  
**DEAD**

**LONG LIVE  
THE MUTATION SCORE**

# МУТАЦИОННОЕ ТЕСТИРОВАНИЕ

” Мутационное тестирование - это преднамеренное внесение в код специальных изменений - мутаций с целью проверки программного обеспечения ”

” Мутационное тестирование - это преднамеренное внесение в код специальных изменений - мутаций с целью проверки программного обеспечения ”

” Мутационное тестирование - это преднамеренное внесение в код специальных изменений - мутаций с целью проверки программного обеспечения ”

“ Мутационный анализ - это мероприятие для вычисления опасных изменений кода и рефакторинг кода для минимизации рисков ”

**BDD => TDD => MDD**

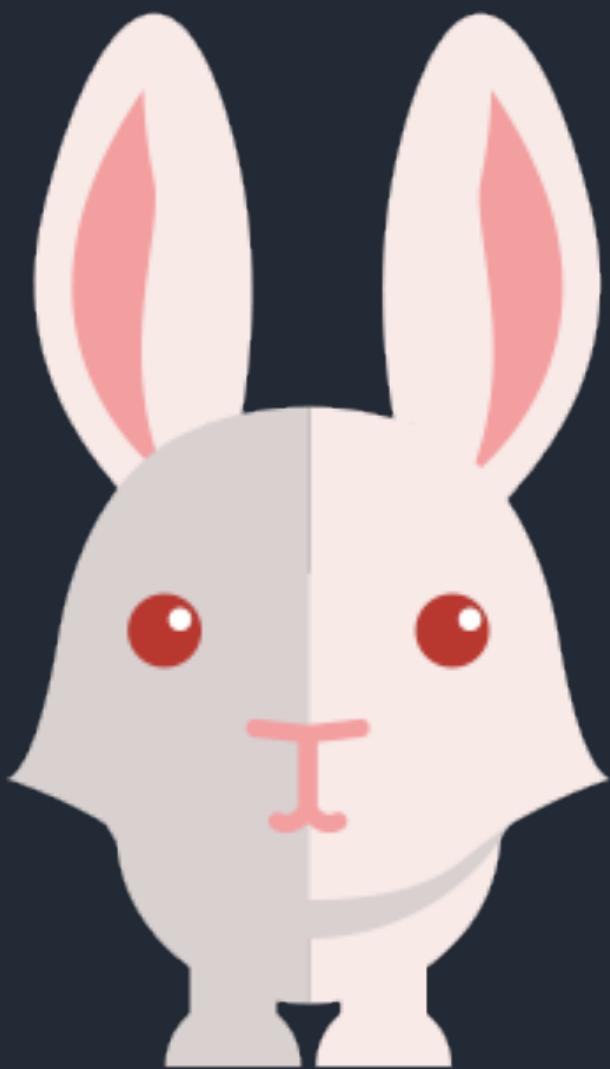
**” MDD (major depressive disorder) – основное  
депрессивное расстройство личности ”**

— Mental and behavioral disorders (F00-F99 & 290-319)



# КАК ПРОТЕСТИРОВАТЬ ТЕСТЫ

---



# КАК ПРОТЕСТИРОВАТЬ ТЕСТЫ

---



# КАК ПРОТЕСТИРОВАТЬ ТЕСТЫ



=>

JUnit 5  
nunit

The text "JUnit 5" is displayed in a large, light gray font. To the right of "JUnit" is a red circle containing the number "5". Below "JUnit" is the word "nunit" in a green sans-serif font. To the left of "nunit" is a green circular logo with a white stylized letter "n" inside it, surrounded by three small white dots.

# СОПРОТИВЛЕНИЕ

---

2 способа

# СОПРОТИВЛЕНИЕ

---

2 способа

- ТИПЫ И КОМПИЛЯЦИЯ

# СОПРОТИВЛЕНИЕ

---

2 способа

- ТИПЫ И КОМПИЛЯЦИЯ
- наборы тестов

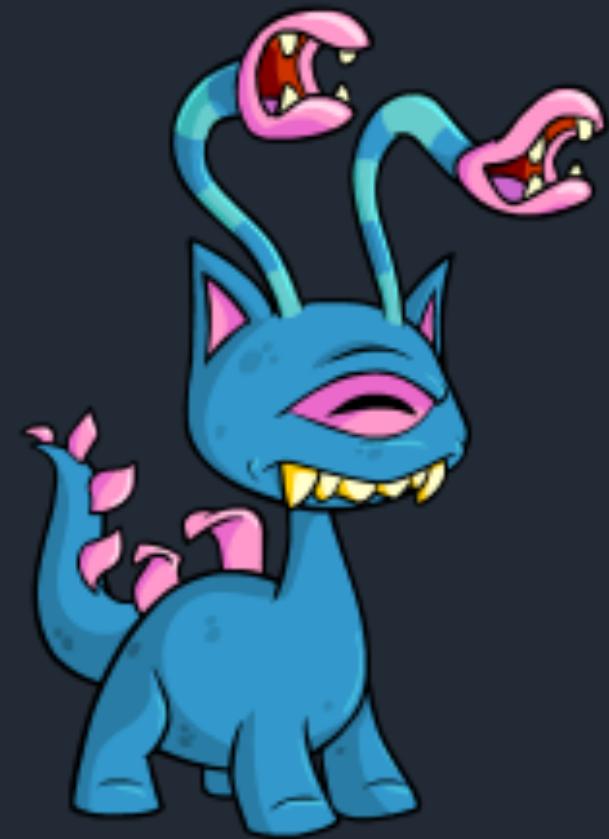
# ЧТО ЛУЧШЕ?

---



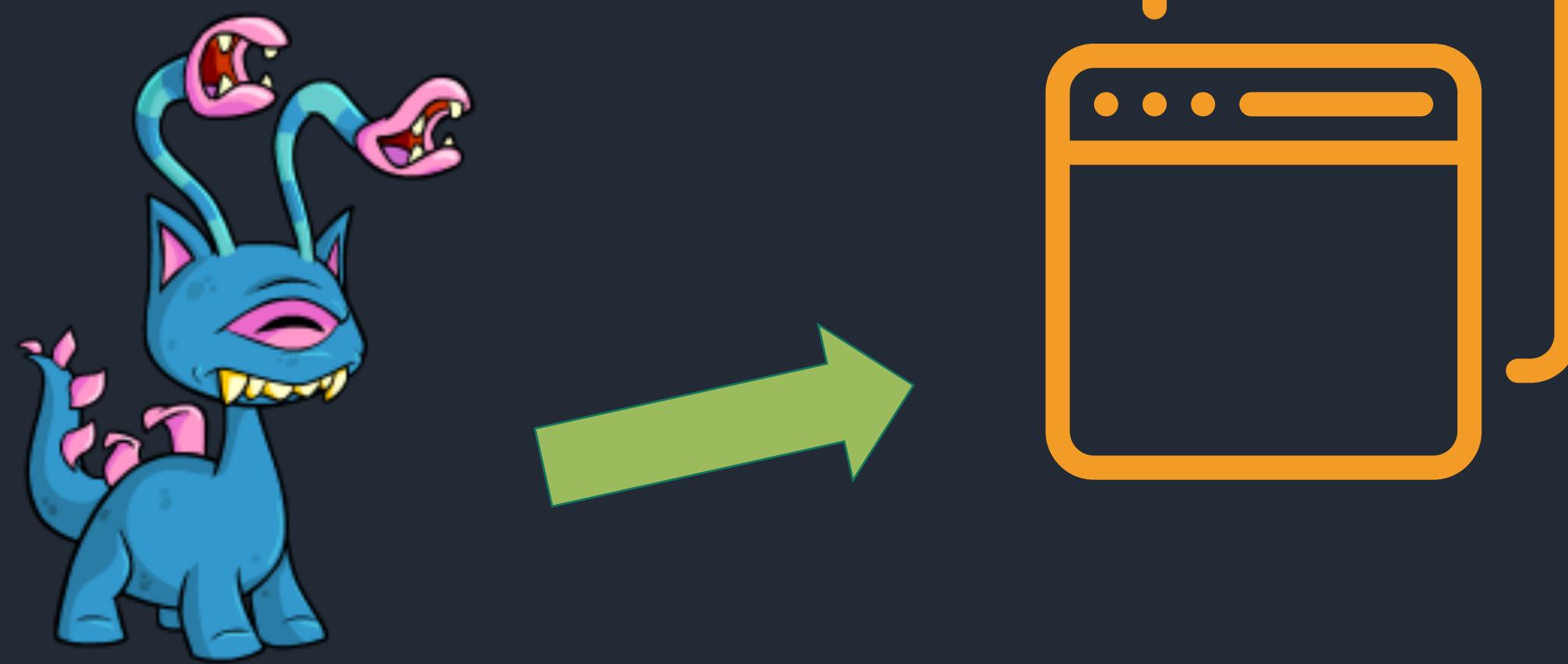
# ВЫЖИВАНИЕ

---



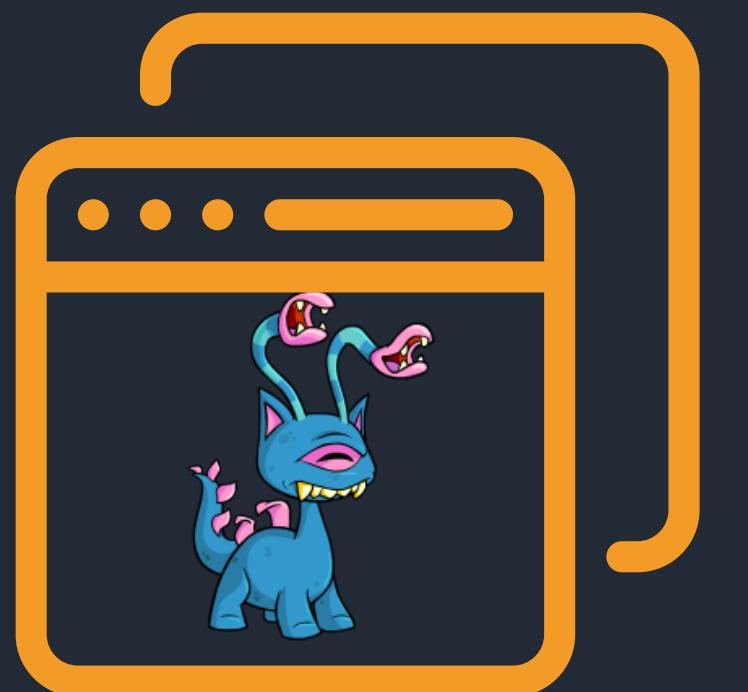
# ВЫЖИВАНИЕ

---



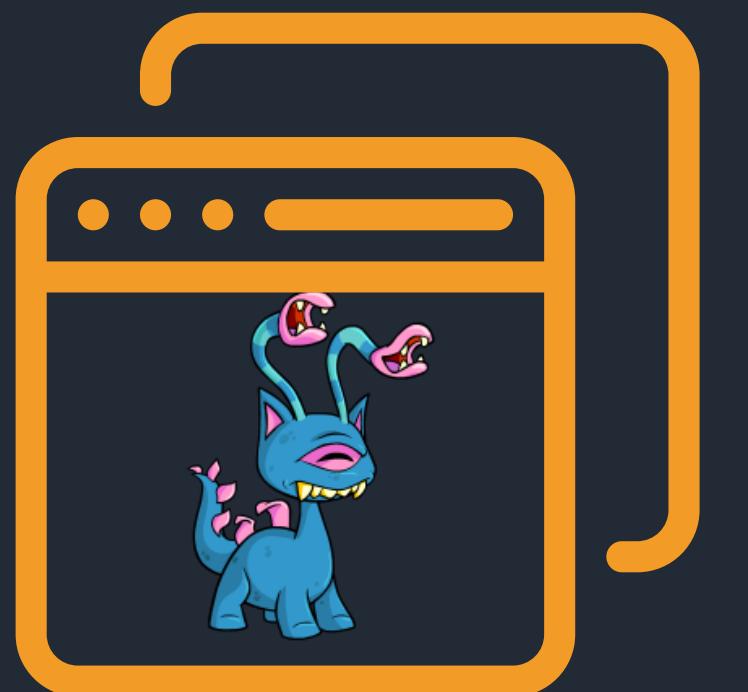
# ВЫЖИВАНИЕ

---



# ВЫЖИВАНИЕ

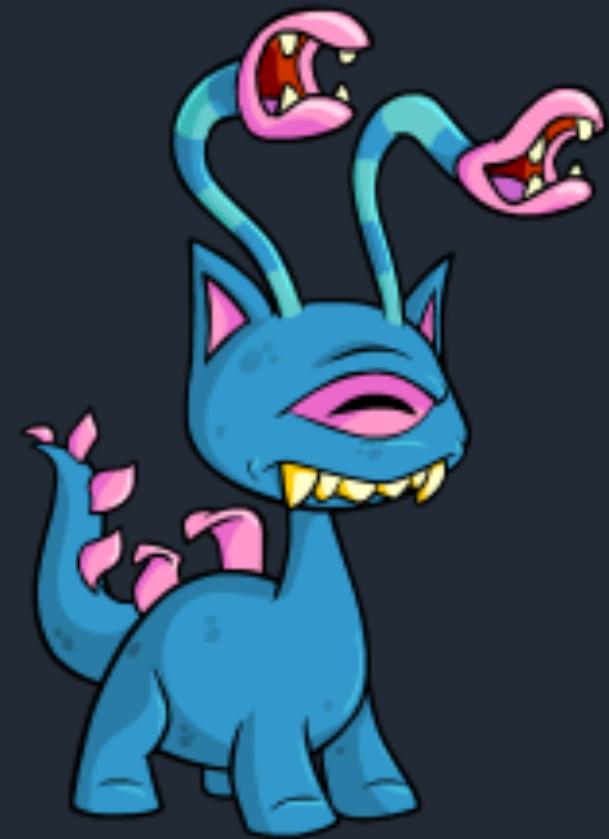
---



выживший мутант

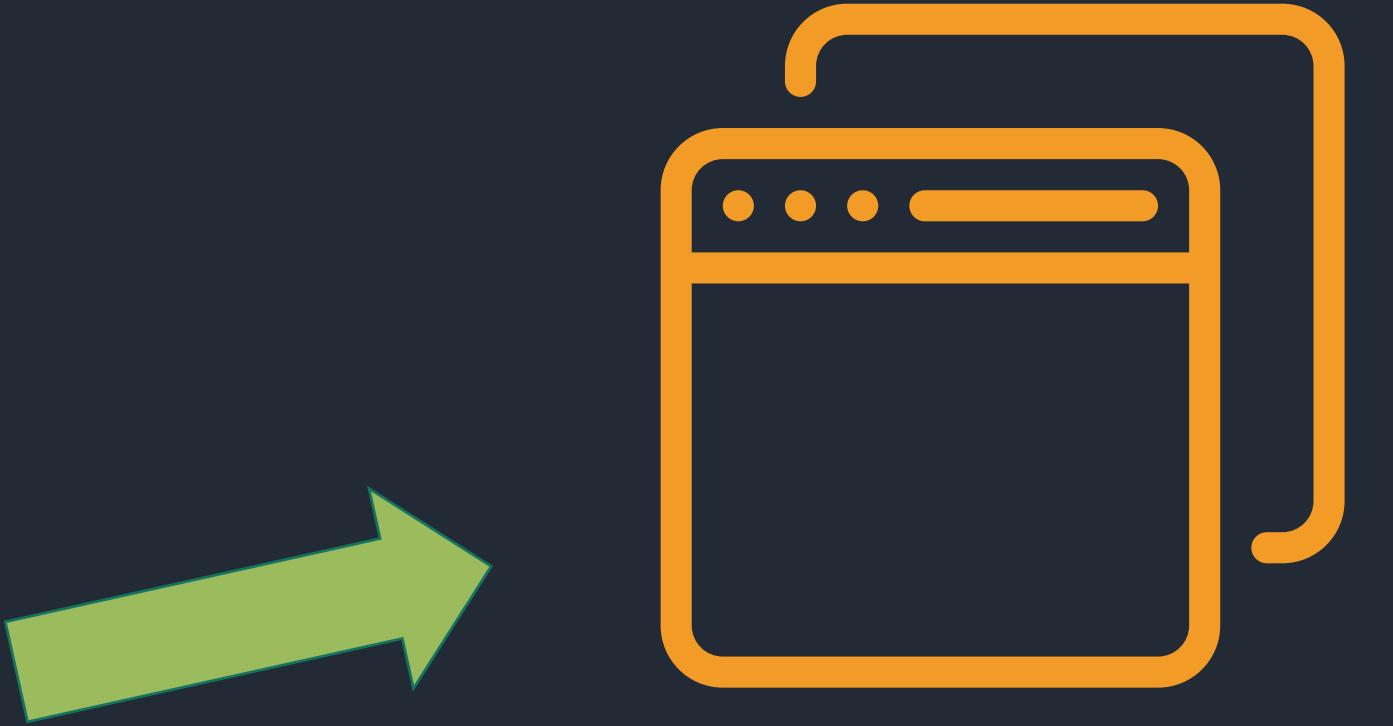
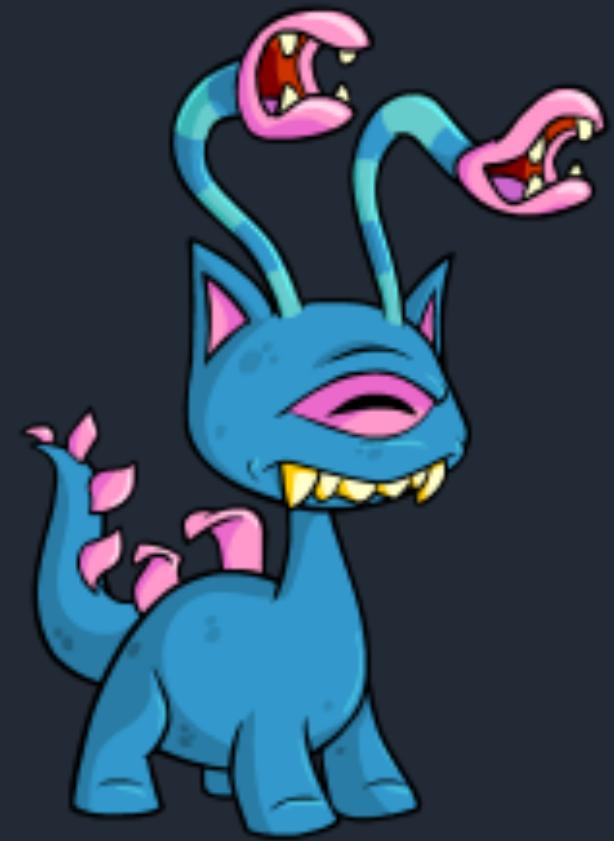
# ВЫЖИВАНИЕ

---



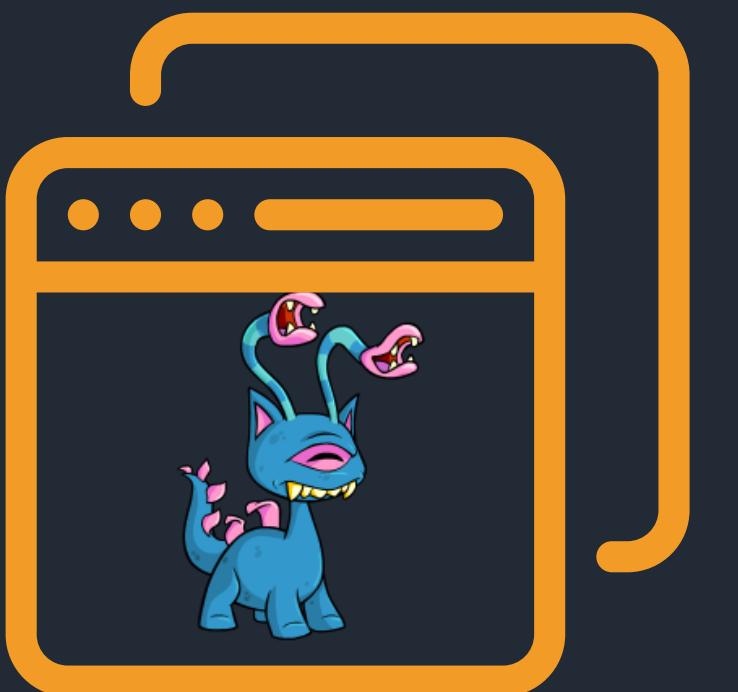
# ВЫЖИВАНИЕ

---



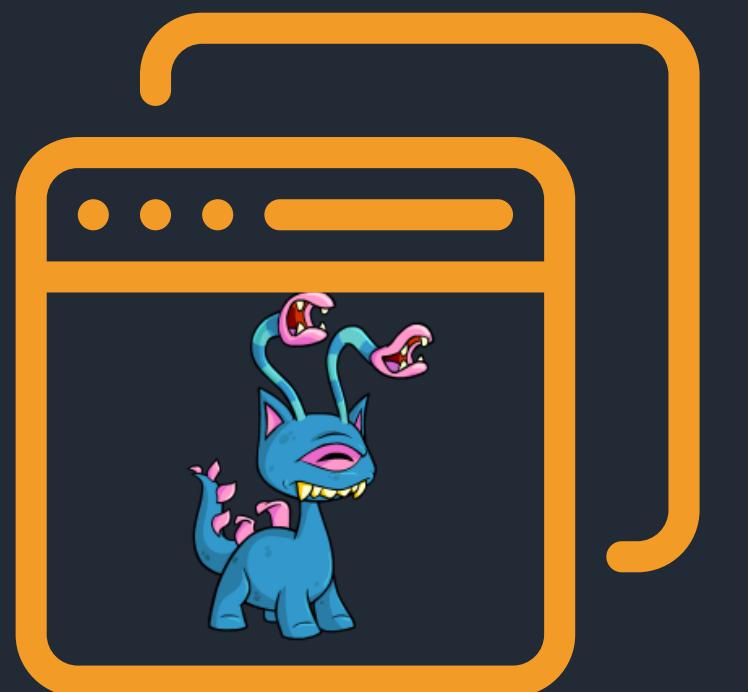
# ВЫЖИВАНИЕ

---



# ВЫЖИВАНИЕ

---



мертвый мутант

$$\exists t \in T: t(S_M) \neq t(S)$$



```
public static bool Method(bool a, bool b)
{
    if (a && b)
        return true;
    else
        return false;
}

[Theory]
[InlineData(false, false)]
public void Method_Data_ReturnFalse(bool a, bool b)
{
    // Act
    var result = SampleClass.Method(a, b);

    // Assert
    Assert.False(result);
}
```

```
public static bool Method(bool a, bool b)
{
    if (a && b)
        return true;
    else
        return false;
}

[Theory]
[InlineData(false, false)]
public void Method_Data_ReturnFalse(bool a, bool b)
{
    // Act
    var result = SampleClass.Method(a, b);

    // Assert
    Assert.False(result);
}
```

```
public static bool Method(bool a, bool b)
{
    if (a && b)    (a || b)
        return true;
    else
        return false;
}

[Theory]
[InlineData(false, false)]
public void Method_Data_ReturnFalse(bool a, bool b)
{
    // Act
    var result = SampleClass.Method(a, b);

    // Assert
    Assert.False(result);
}
```

```
public static bool Method(bool a, bool b)
{
    if (a && b)    (a || b)
        return true;
    else
        return false;
}

[Theory]
[InlineData(false, false)]
[InlineData(true, false)]
[InlineData(false, true)]
public void Method_Data_ReturnFalse(bool a, bool b)
{
    // Act
    var result = SampleClass.Method(a, b);

    // Assert
    Assert.False(result);
}
```

# 3 условия:

1. Покрытие мутанта тестом

# 3 условия:

1. Покрытие мутанта тестом
2. Полные входные данные

# 3 условия:

1. Покрытие мутанта тестом
2. Полные входные данные
3. Выходные параметры проверены

# ВИДЫ МУТАЦИЙ

# ВИДЫ МУТАЦИЙ

---

ООП мутации

# ВИДЫ МУТАЦИЙ

---

ООП мутации

1. Мутации модификаторов доступа

# ВИДЫ МУТАЦИЙ

---

## ООП мутации

1. Мутации модификаторов доступа
2. Мутации наследования

# ВИДЫ МУТАЦИЙ

---

## ООП мутации

1. Мутации модификаторов доступа
2. Мутации наследования
3. Полиморфные мутации

# ВИДЫ МУТАЦИЙ

---

## ООП мутации

1. Мутации модификаторов доступа
2. Мутации наследования
3. Полиморфные мутации
4. Мутации перегрузки методов и их аргументов

# ВИДЫ МУТАЦИЙ

---

## ООП мутации

1. Мутации модификаторов доступа
2. Мутации наследования
3. Полиморфные мутации
4. Мутации перегрузки методов и их аргументов
5. Общие мутации

# ВИДЫ МУТАЦИЙ

---

Общие мутации

1. Арифметические операции

- => +

# ВИДЫ МУТАЦИЙ

---

## Общие мутации

1. Арифметические операции
2. Мутации сравнения

>      =>      =>  
>      =>      <

# ВИДЫ МУТАЦИЙ

---

## Общие мутации

1. Арифметические операции
2. Мутации сравнения
3. Мутации логических операторов

&&      =      ||

# ВИДЫ МУТАЦИЙ

---

## Общие мутации

1. Арифметические операции
2. Мутации сравнения
3. Мутации логических операторов
4. Мутации bool типа

true    =>    false

# ВИДЫ МУТАЦИЙ

---

## Общие мутации

1. Арифметические операции
2. Мутации сравнения
3. Мутации логических операторов
4. Мутации bool типа
5. Унарные операции

$\text{++}i \Rightarrow i\text{++}$

$\text{++}i \Rightarrow --i$

# ВИДЫ МУТАЦИЙ

---

## Общие мутации

1. Арифметические операции
2. Мутации сравнения
3. Мутации логических операторов
4. Мутации bool типа
5. Унарные операции
6. Строковые мутации

“” => “asd”  
“asd” => “”

# ВИДЫ МУТАЦИЙ

---

## Общие мутации

1. Арифметические операции
2. Мутации сравнения
3. Мутации логических операторов
4. Мутации bool типа
5. Унарные операции
6. Строковые мутации
7. Мутации массивов и списков

[0,1,2]

=>

[0,0,2]

# ВИДЫ МУТАЦИЙ

---

LINQ мутации

Last =>

Fisrt

Any =>

All

First =>

Single

FirstOrDefault =>

SingleOrDefault

# СТАТИСТИКА

---

Flurl

9000 строк  
85%

Ecwid

5000 строк  
90%

# СТАТИСТИКА

---

Flurl

9000 строк  
85%

300 тестов  
43 сек

Ecwid

5000 строк  
90%

200 тестов  
16 сек

# СТАТИСТИКА

---

Flurl

9000 строк  
85%

300 тестов  
43 сек

363 мутанта  
30 минут

Ecwid

5000 строк  
90%

200 тестов  
16 сек

300 мутантов  
15 минут

# СТАТИСТИКА ВЫЖИВШИХ МУТАЦИЙ



10%

мертвый код



50%

тесты



40%

эквивалентные

# ПРИМЕРЫ МУТАЦИЙ

# 1. СТРОКОВЫЕ МУТАЦИИ





```
bool ExceptionMethod (bool con) {  
    if (!con)  
        throw new ArgumentException ("USER_DB is not path pattern user_adminXXXX",  
            nameof (con));  
  
    return true;  
}
```





```
string LibraryMethod (bool con) {
    try {
        if (ExceptionMethod (con))
            return "Successfully";
    } catch (ArgumentException e) {
        throw new Exception ("Something happened", e);
    }
    return string.Empty;
}
```





```
[Theory]
[InlineData (false)]
public void LibraryMethod_NegativeData_ThrowException (bool val) {
    // Act
    var ex = Assert.Throws<Exception> (() => SampleClass.LibraryMethod (val));

    // Assert
    Assert.Equal ("Something happened", ex.Message);
    Assert.Equal ("USER_DB is not path pattern user_adminXXXX (Parameter 'con')",
        ex.InnerException?.Message);
}
```





```
[Theory]
[InlineData (false)]
public void LibraryMethod_NegativeData_ThrowException (bool val) {
    // Act
    var ex = Assert.Throws<Exception> (() => SampleClass.LibraryMethod (val));

    // Assert
    Assert.Equal ("Something happened", ex.Message);
}
```

Что забыли?

```
bool ExceptionMethod (bool con) {  
    if (!con)  
        throw new ArgumentException ("USER_DB is not path pattern user_adminXXXX",  
            nameof (con));  
  
    return true;  
}
```



```
string LibraryMethod (bool con) {
    try {
        if (ExceptionMethod (con))
            return "Successfully";
    } catch (ArgumentException e) {
        throw new Exception ("Something happened", e);
    }

    return string.Empty;
}
```



```
[Theory]
[InlineData (false)]
public void LibraryMethod_NegativeData_ThrowException (bool val) {
    // Act
    var ex = Assert.Throws<Exception> (() => SampleClass.LibraryMethod (val));

    // Assert
    Assert.Equal ("Something happened", ex.Message);

}
```

```
[Theory]
[InlineData (false)]
public void LibraryMethod_NegativeData_ThrowException (bool val) {
    // Act
    var ex = Assert.Throws<Exception> (() => SampleClass.LibraryMethod (val));

    // Assert
    Assert.Equal ("Something happened", ex.Message);
    Assert.Equal ("USER_DB is not path pattern user_adminXXXX (Parameter 'con')",
        ex.InnerException?.Message);
}
```

## 2. МУТАЦИИ СРАВНЕНИЯ



## ПРИМЕР 1

---

```
public string Encode (string s) {  
    if (string.IsNullOrEmpty (s)) return s;  
  
    if (s.Length > MAX_URL_LENGTH) {  
        // ... other actions with s  
  
        return s;  
    }  
  
    return s;  
}
```

# ПРИМЕР 1

---

```
public string Encode (string s) {  
    if (string.IsNullOrEmpty (s)) return s;  
  
    if (s.Length > MAX_URL_LENGTH) {  
        // ... other actions with s  
  
        return s;  
    }  
  
    return s;  
}
```

## ПРИМЕР 1

---

```
public string Encode (string s) {  
    if (string.IsNullOrEmpty (s)) return s;  
  
    if (s.Length > MAX_URL_LENGTH) {  
        // ... other actions with s  
  
        return s;  
    }  
  
    return s;  
}
```

## ПРИМЕР 1

---

```
public string Encode (string s) {  
    if (string.IsNullOrEmpty (s)) return s;  
  
    if (s.Length > MAX_URL_LENGTH) {  
        // ... other actions with s  
  
        return s;  
    }  
  
    return s;  
}
```

## ПРИМЕР 1

---

```
public string Encode (string s) {  
    if (string.IsNullOrEmpty (s)) return s;  
  
    if (s.Length >= MAX_URL_LENGTH) {  
        // ... other actions with s  
  
        return s;  
    }  
  
    return s;  
}
```

## ПРИМЕР 2

---

```
public int Limit (int limit) {  
    if (limit < 0)  
        throw new ArgumentException ("Limit must be greater than 0", nameof (limit));  
  
    if (limit > 100) limit = 100;  
  
    return limit;  
}
```

## ПРИМЕР 2

---

```
public int Limit (int limit) {  
    if (limit < 0)  
        throw new ArgumentException ("Limit must be greater than 0", nameof (limit));  
  
    if (limit > 100) limit = 100;  
  
    return limit;  
}
```

## ПРИМЕР 2

---

```
public int Limit (int limit) {  
    if (limit < 0)  
        throw new ArgumentException ("Limit must be greater than 0", nameof (limit));  
  
    if (limit > 100) limit = 100;  
  
    return limit;  
}
```

## ПРИМЕР 2

---

```
public int Limit (int limit) {  
    if (limit < 0)  
        throw new ArgumentException ("Limit must be greater than 0", nameof (limit));  
  
    if (limit > 100) limit = 100;  
  
    return limit;  
}
```

## ПРИМЕР 2

---

```
public int Limit (int limit) {  
    if (limit < 0)  
        throw new ArgumentException ("Limit must be greater than 0", nameof (limit));  
  
    if (limit > 100) limit = 100;  
  
    return limit;  
}
```

## ПРИМЕР 2

---

```
[Theory]
[InlineData (100)]
[InlineData (101)]
public void Limit_Greater100_ReturnCorrectData (int value) {
    Assert.Equal (100, Limit (value));
}
```

## ПРИМЕР 2

---

```
[Theory]
[InlineData (98)]
[InlineData (99)]
public void Limit_Smaller100_ReturnCorrectData (int value) {
    Assert.Equal (value, Limit (value));
}
```

## ПРИМЕР 2

---

```
[Theory]
[InlineData (-1)]
public void Limit_Smaller0_ThrowException (int value) {
    Assert.Throws<ArgumentException> (() => Limit (value));
}
```

## ПРИМЕР 2

---

```
[Theory]
[InlineData (100)]
[InlineData (101)]
public void Limit_Greater100_ReturnCorrectData (int value) {
    Assert.Equal (100, Limit (value));
}
```

```
[Theory]
[InlineData (98)]
[InlineData (99)]
public void Limit_Smaller100_ReturnCorrectData (int value) {
    Assert.Equal (value, Limit (value));
}
```

```
[Theory]
[InlineData (-1)]
public void Limit_Smaller0_ThrowException (int value) {
    Assert.Throws<ArgumentException> (() => Limit (value));
}
```

## ПРИМЕР 2

---

```
public int Limit (int limit) {
    if (limit < 0)
        throw new ArgumentException ("Limit must be greater than 0", nameof (limit));

    if (limit > 100) limit = 100;

    return limit;
}

[InlineData (100)]
[InlineData (101)]
[InlineData (98)]
[InlineData (99)]
[InlineData (-1)]
```

## ПРИМЕР 2

---

```
public int Limit (int limit) {  
    if 1.(limit <= 0) 2.(limit > 0)  
        throw new ArgumentException ("Limit must be greater than 0", nameof (limit));  
  
    if 1.(limit >= 100) 2.(limit < 100) limit = 100;  
  
    return limit;  
}  
  
[InlineData (100)]  
[InlineData (101)]  
[InlineData (98)]  
[InlineData (99)]  
[InlineData (-1)]
```

## ПРИМЕР 2

---

```
public int Limit (int limit) {  
    if 1.(limit <= 0) 2.(limit > 100)  
        throw new ArgumentException ("Limit must be greater than 0", nameof (limit));  
  
    if 1.(limit >= 100) 2.(limit < 100) limit = 100;  
  
    return limit;  
}  
  
[InlineData (100)]  
[InlineData (101)]  
[InlineData (98)]  
[InlineData (99)]  
[InlineData (-1)]
```

## ПРИМЕР 2

---

```
public int Limit (int limit) {  
    if 1.(limit <= 0) 2.(limit > 100)  
        throw new ArgumentException ("Limit must be greater than 0", nameof (limit));  
  
    if 1.(limit >= 100) 2.(limit < 100) limit = 100;  
  
    return limit;  
}  
  
[InlineData (100)]  
[InlineData (101)]  
[InlineData (98)]  
[InlineData (99)]  
[InlineData (-1)]
```

## ПРИМЕР 2

```
[Theory]
[InlineData (100)]
[InlineData (101)]
public void Limit_Greater100_ReturnCorrectData (int value) {
    Assert.Equal (100, Limit (value));
}
```

Добавляем

[InlineData (0)]

```
[Theory]
[InlineData (98)]
[InlineData (99)]
public void Limit_Smaller100_ReturnCorrectData (int value) {
    Assert.Equal (value, Limit (value));
}
```

```
[Theory]
[InlineData (-1)]
public void Limit_Smaller0_ThrowException (int value) {
    Assert.Throws<ArgumentException> (() => Limit (value));
}
```

## ПРИМЕР 2

```
[Theory]
[InlineData (100)]
[InlineData (101)]
public void Limit_Greater100_ReturnCorrectData (int value) {
    Assert.Equal (100, Limit (value));
}
```

Добавляем

[InlineData (0)]

```
[Theory]
[InlineData (0)]
[InlineData (98)]
[InlineData (99)]
public void Limit_Smaller100_ReturnCorrectData (int value) {
    Assert.Equal (value, Limit (value));
}
```

```
[Theory]
[InlineData (-1)]
public void Limit_Smaller0_ThrowException (int value) {
    Assert.Throws<ArgumentException> (() => Limit (value));
}
```

## ПРИМЕР 2

---

```
public int Limit (int limit) {  
    if 1.(limit <= 0) 2.(limit > 100)  
        throw new ArgumentException ("Limit must be greater than 0", nameof (limit));  
  
    if 1.(limit >= 100) 2.(limit < 100) limit = 100;  
  
    return limit;  
}
```

## ПРИМЕР 2

```
public int Limit (int limit) {  
    if 1.(limit <= 0) 2.(limit > 0)  
        throw new ArgumentException ("Limit must be greater than 0", nameof (limit));  
  
    if 1.(limit >= 100) 2.(limit < 100) limit = 100;  
  
    return limit;  
}
```

**Эквивалентная мутация** – та, которую **нельзя** убить тестом

## ПРИМЕР 2

---

```
public int Limit (int limit) {
    if (limit < 0)
        throw new ArgumentException ("Limit must be greater than 0", nameof (limit));

    if (limit > 99) limit = 100;

    return limit;
}

[InlineData (100)]
[InlineData (101)]
[InlineData (0)]
[InlineData (98)]
[InlineData (99)]
[InlineData (-1)]
```

## ПРИМЕР 2

```
public int Limit (int limit) {  
    if (limit < 0)  
        throw new ArgumentException ("Limit must be greater than 0", nameof (limit));  
  
    if (limit > 99) limit = 100;  
  
    return limit;  
}
```

[Killed] Binary expression mutation on line 58: 'limit < 0' ==> 'limit > 0'

[Killed] Binary expression mutation on line 58: 'limit < 0' ==> 'limit <= 0'

[Killed] Binary expression mutation on line 61: 'limit > 99' ==> 'limit < 99'

[Killed] Binary expression mutation on line 61: 'limit > 99' ==> 'limit >= 99'

## ПРИМЕР 2

```
public int Limit (int limit) {  
    if (limit < 0)  
        throw new ArgumentException ("Limit must be greater than 0", nameof (limit));  
  
    if (limit > 99) limit = 100;  
  
    return limit;  
}
```

Что забыли?

```
[Killed] Binary expression mutation on line 58: 'limit < 0' ==> 'limit > 0'  
[Killed] Binary expression mutation on line 58: 'limit < 0' ==> 'limit <= 0'
```

```
[Killed] Binary expression mutation on line 61: 'limit > 99' ==> 'limit < 99'  
[Killed] Binary expression mutation on line 61: 'limit > 99' ==> 'limit >= 99'
```

## ПРИМЕР 2

```
public int Limit (int limit) {
    if (limit < 0)
        throw new ArgumentException ("Limit must be greater than 0", nameof (limit));

    if (limit > 99) limit = 100;

    return limit;
}
```

```
[Killed] Binary expression mutation on line 58: 'limit < 0' ==> 'limit > 0'
[Killed] Binary expression mutation on line 58: 'limit < 0' ==> 'limit <= 0'
[Survived] String mutation on line 59: '"Limit must be greater than 0"' ==> "''"
[Killed] Binary expression mutation on line 61: 'limit > 99' ==> 'limit < 99'
[Killed] Binary expression mutation on line 61: 'limit > 99' ==> 'limit >= 99'
```

## ПРИМЕР 3

---

```
void Some<T> (object arg, IEnumerable<T> list) {  
    // ...  
    var result = new List<T>();  
    // ...  
  
    if (result.Count > 0) {  
        // ...  
    }  
    // ...  
}
```

## ПРИМЕР 3

---

```
void Some<T> (object arg, IEnumerable<T> list) {  
    // ...  
    var result = new List<T> ();  
    // ...  
  
    if (result.Count > 0) {      (result.Count >= 0)  
        // ...  
    }  
    // ...  
}
```

## ПРИМЕР 3

---

```
void Some<T> (object arg, IEnumerable<T> list) {  
    // ...  
    var result = new List<T>();  
    // ...  
  
    if (result.Any ()) {  
        // ...  
    }  
    // ...  
}
```

## ПРИМЕР 3

---

```
void Some<T> (object arg, IEnumerable<T> list) {  
    // ...  
    var result = new List<T>();  
    // ...  
  
    if (result.FirstOrDefault () != null) {  
        // ...  
    }  
    // ...  
}
```

## ПРИМЕР 4

---

```
async Task<string> GetValueAsync (string url) {  
    var values = await GetFromUrlAsync (url);  
  
    // ... other work  
  
    return values.FirstOrDefault ();  
}
```

[Fact]

```
async Task GetValue_ReturnCorrectDataAsync () {  
    //... mock data  
    var result = await client.GetValueAsync ("some url");  
  
    Assert.Equal ("some data", result);  
    //... some other assertion  
}
```

## ПРИМЕР 4

```
async Task<string> GetValueAsync (string url) {  
    var values = await GetFromUrlAsync (url);  
  
    // ... other work  
  
    return values.LastOrDefault ();  
}
```

[Fact]

```
async Task GetValue_ReturnCorrectDataAsync () {  
    //... mock data  
    var result = await client.GetValueAsync ("some url");  
  
    Assert.Equal ("some data", result);  
    //... some other assertion  
}
```

### **3. ЭКВИВАЛЕНТНАЯ МУТАЦИЯ**



```
public int ForMethod () {  
    var index = 0;  
  
    while (true) {  
  
        index++;  
        if (index == 10) {  
            break;  
        }  
    }  
  
    return index;  
}
```

```
public int ForMethod () {  
    var index = 0;  
  
    while (true) {  
  
        index++;  
        if (index == 10) {  
            break;  
        }  
    }  
  
    return index;  
}
```

# ПРИМЕР

---

```
public void Remove (IList<Value> container, Value data) {  
    if (data == null) return;  
  
    if (container.All (c => c.SomeField != data.SomeField)) return;  
  
    container.Remove (data); // очень много связанной логики и т.п.  
}
```

# ПРИМЕР

---

```
public void Remove (IList<Value> container, Value data) {  
    if (data == null) return;  
  
    if (container.All (c => c.SomeField != data.SomeField)) return;  
  
    container.Remove (data); // очень много связанной логики и т.п.  
}  
  
[Fact]  
public void Remove_NotExist_NotRemoved() {  
    // Arrange  
    var expected = container.Count;  
    var data = new Value(4);  
  
    // Act  
    Remove(container, data);  
  
    // Assert  
    Assert.Equal(expected, container.Count);  
}
```

# ПРИМЕР

```
public void Remove (IList<Value> container, Value data) {  
    if (data == null) return;  
  
    if (container.All (c => c.SomeField != data.SomeField)) return;  
  
    container.Remove (data); // очень много связанной логики и т.п.  
}  
  
[Fact]  
public void Remove_NotExist_NotRemoved() {  
    // Arrange  
    var expected = container.Count;  
    var data = new Value(4);  
  
    // Act  
    Remove(container, data);  
  
    // Assert  
    Assert.Equal(expected, container.Count);  
}
```

# ПРИМЕР

```
public void Remove (IList<Value> container, Value data) {  
    if (data == null) return;  
  
    if (container.All (c => c.SomeField != data.SomeField)) return;  
  
    container.Remove (data); // очень много связанной логики и т.п.  
}  
  
[Fact]  
public void Remove_NotExist_NotRemoved() {  
    // Arrange  
    var expected = container.Count;  
    var data = new Value(4);  
  
    // Act  
    Remove(container, data);  
  
    // Assert  
    Assert.Equal(expected, container.Count);  
}
```

# ПРИМЕР

---

```
public void Remove (IList<Value> container, Value data) {  
    if (data == null) return;  
  
    if (container.All (c => c.SomeField != data.SomeField)) return;  
  
    container.Remove (data); // очень много связанной логики и т.п.  
}  
  
[Fact]  
public void Remove_NotExist_NotRemoved() {  
    // Arrange  
    var expected = container.Count;  
    var data = new Value(4);  
  
    // Act  
    Remove(container, data);  
  
    // Assert  
    Assert.Equal(expected, container.Count);  
}
```

# ПРИМЕР

---

```
public void Remove (IList<Value> container, Value data) {  
    if (data == null) return;  
  
    if (container.All (c => c.SomeField != data.SomeField)) return;  
  
    container.Remove (data); // очень много связанной логики и т.п.  
}  
  
[Fact]  
public void Remove_NotExist_NotRemoved() {  
    // Arrange  
    var expected = container.Count;  
    var data = new Value(4);  
  
    // Act  
    Remove(container, data);  
  
    // Assert  
    Assert.Equal(expected, container.Count);  
}
```

# ПРИМЕР

---

```
public void Remove (IList<Value> container, Value data) {  
    if (data == null) return;  
  
    if (container.All (c => c.SomeField != data.SomeField)) return;  
  
    container.Remove (data); // очень много связанной логики и т.п.  
}  
  
[Fact]  
public void Remove_NotExist_NotRemoved() {  
    // Arrange  
    var expected = container.Count;  
    var data = new Value(4);  
  
    // Act  
    Remove(container, data);  
  
    // Assert  
    Assert.Equal(expected, container.Count);  
}
```

# ПРИМЕР

```
public void Remove (IList<Value> container, Value data) {  
    if (data == null) return;  
  
    if (container.All (c => c.SomeField != data.SomeField)) return;  
    c.SomeField == data.SomeField  
  
    container.Remove (data); // очень много связанный логики и т.п.  
}
```

[Fact]

```
public void Remove_NotExist_NotRemoved() {  
    // Arrange  
    var expected = container.Count;  
    var data = new Value(4);  
  
    // Act  
    Remove(container, data);  
  
    // Assert  
    Assert.Equal(expected, container.Count);  
}
```

# ПРИМЕР

---

```
public void Remove (IList<Value> container, Value data) {  
    if (data == null) return;  
  
    var deleteT = container.FirstOrDefault (c => c.SomeField == data.SomeField);  
    if (deleteT == null) return;  
  
    container.Remove (deleteT); // очень много связанной логики и т.п.  
}
```

# ПРИМЕР

---

```
public void Remove (IList<Value> container, Value data) {  
    if (data == null) return;  
  
    var deleteT = container.FirstOrDefault (c => c.SomeField == data.SomeField);  
    if (deleteT == null) return;  
  
    container.Remove (deleteT); // очень много связанной логики и т.п.  
}  
  
[Fact]  
public void Remove_Exist_Removed () {  
    // Arrange  
    var expected = container.Count;  
    var data = new Value (container[1].SomeField);  
  
    // Act  
    Remove (container, data);  
  
    // Assert  
    Assert.Equal (expected - 1, container.Count);  
}
```

# ПРИМЕР

```
public void Remove (IList<Value> container, Value data) {  
    if (data == null) return;  
  
    var deleteT = container.FirstOrDefault (c => c.SomeField == data.SomeField);  
    if (deleteT == null) return;  
  
    container.Remove (deleteT); // очень много связанной логики и т.п.  
}  
  
[Fact]  
public void Remove_Exist_Removed () {  
    // Arrange  
    var expected = container.Count;  
    var data = new Value (container[1].SomeField);  
  
    // Act  
    Remove (container, data);  
  
    // Assert  
    Assert.Equal (expected - 1, container.Count);  
    Assert.False (container.Any (c => c.SomeField == data.SomeField));  
}
```

# ПРИМЕР

```
public void Remove (IList<Value> container, Value data) {  
    if (data == null) return;  
  
    var deleteT = container.FirstOrDefault (c => c.SomeField == data.SomeField);  
    if (deleteT == null) return;  
  
    container.Remove (deleteT); // очень много связанной логики и т.п.  
}
```

# ПРИМЕР

```
public void Remove (IList<Value> container, Value data) {  
    if (data == null) return;  
  
    var deleteT = container.SingleOrDefault (c => c.SomeField == data.SomeField);  
    if (deleteT == null) return;  
  
    container.Remove (deleteT); // очень много связанной логики и т.п.  
}
```

# ПРИМЕР

---

```
public void Remove (IList<Value> container, Value data) {  
    if (data == null) return;  
  
    var deleteT = container.SingleOrDefault (c => c.SomeField == data.SomeField);  
    if (deleteT == null) return;  
  
    container.Remove (deleteT); // очень много связанной логики и т.п.  
}  
  
[Fact]  
public void RemoveThird_ExistDouble_ThrowsException () {  
    // Arrange  
    var expected = container.Count;  
    var data = new Value (container[1].SomeField);  
  
    // Act  
    Assert.Throws<InvalidOperationException> (() => RemoveThird (container, data));  
  
    // Assert  
    Assert.Equal (expected, container.Count);  
}
```

# ПРИМЕР

```
public void Remove (IList<Value> container, Value data) {  
    if (data == null) return;  
  
    var deleteT = container.SingleOrDefault (c => c.SomeField == data.SomeField);  
    if (deleteT == null) return;  
  
    container.Remove (deleteT); // очень много связанной логики и т.п.  
}  
  
[Fact]  
public void RemoveThird_ExistDouble_ThrowsException () {  
    // Arrange  
    var expected = container.Count;  
    var data = new Value (container[1].SomeField);  
  
    // Act  
    Assert.Throws<InvalidOperationException> (() => RemoveThird (container, data));  
  
    // Assert  
    Assert.Equal (expected, container.Count);  
}
```

# ЭКВИВАЛЕНТНАЯ МУТАЦИЯ

||  
V

## РЕФАКТОРИНГ



Powered by  
*InfoSupport*

<https://stryker-mutator.io/>



## Особенности

1. Покрыт тестами, в том числе мутационными

## Особенности

1. Покрыт тестами, в том числе мутационными
2. Работает сейчас нормально только для .NET Core

## Особенности

1. Покрыт тестами, в том числе мутационными
2. Работает сейчас нормально только для .NET Core
3. Только общие мутации и LINQ мутации

## Особенности

1. Покрыт тестами, в том числе мутационными
2. Работает сейчас нормально только для .NET Core
3. Только общие мутации и LINQ мутации
4. Поддержка конфигурации

## Особенности

1. Покрыт тестами, в том числе мутационными
2. Работает сейчас **нормально** только для .NET Core
3. Только общие мутации и LINQ мутации
4. Поддержка конфигурации
5. Отключение части мутаторов

## Особенности

1. Покрыт тестами, в том числе мутационными
2. Работает сейчас нормально только для .NET Core
3. Только общие мутации и LINQ мутации
4. Поддержка конфигурации
5. Отключение части мутаторов
6. Ограничение на проекты или на файлы и методы

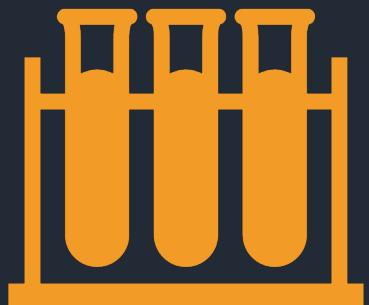
## Особенности

1. Покрыт тестами, в том числе мутационными
2. Работает сейчас **нормально** только для .NET Core
3. Только общие мутации и LINQ мутации
4. Поддержка конфигурации
5. Отключение части мутаторов
6. Ограничение на проекты или на файлы и методы
7. Флаг красного билда

# STRYKER

---

1.



1.



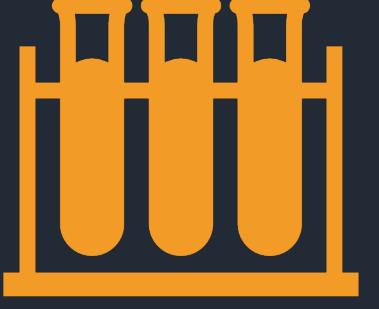
2.



1. 
2. 
3.  *SharpSyntaxTree*

# STRYKER

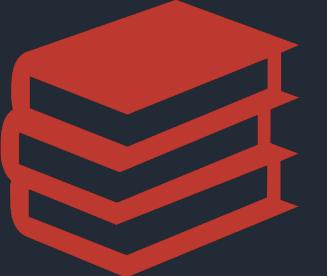
---

1. 
  2. 
  3.  *SharpSyntaxTree*
  4. 
- 



# STRYKER

---

1.  A set of four orange test tubes standing upright in a black rack.
  2.  A white clock icon with black hands showing approximately 10:10.
  3.  A stack of three red books.
  4.  A teal palm tree icon.
  5.  A large white letter C with a curved arrow pointing clockwise around its top curve.
  6.  An orange hammer icon.
- CSharpCompilation*

# STRYKER

---



Инъекция в код

1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 
5. 
6. 
7. 
8.   
*TPL n-threads*

# МУТАЦИЯ

---

```
interface IMutator {
    IEnumerable<Mutation> Mutate (SyntaxNode node);
}

abstract class MutatorBase<T> where T : SyntaxNode {
    abstract IEnumerable<Mutation> ApplyMutations (T node);

    public IEnumerable<Mutation> Mutate (SyntaxNode node) {
        if (node is T tNode) return ApplyMutations (tNode);
        else return Enumerable.Empty<Mutation> ();
    }
}
```

# МУТАЦИЯ

---

```
interface IMutator {
    IEnumerable<Mutation> Mutate (SyntaxNode node);
}

abstract class MutatorBase<T> where T : SyntaxNode {
    abstract IEnumerable<Mutation> ApplyMutations (T node);

    public IEnumerable<Mutation> Mutate (SyntaxNode node) {
        if (node is T tNode) return ApplyMutations (tNode);
        else return Enumerable.Empty<Mutation> ();
    }
}
```

# МУТАЦИЯ

---

```
interface IMutator {
    IEnumerable<Mutation> Mutate (SyntaxNode node);
}

abstract class MutatorBase<T> where T : SyntaxNode {
    abstract IEnumerable<Mutation> ApplyMutations (T node);

    public IEnumerable<Mutation> Mutate (SyntaxNode node) {
        if (node is T tNode) return ApplyMutations (tNode);
        else return Enumerable.Empty<Mutation> ();
    }
}
```

# МУТАЦИЯ

---

```
private readonly Dictionary<SyntaxKind, SyntaxKind> kindsToMutate { get; }

public BooleanMutator () {
    kindsToMutate = new Dictionary<SyntaxKind, SyntaxKind> {
        {
            SyntaxKind.TrueLiteralExpression,
            SyntaxKind.FalseLiteralExpression },
        {
            SyntaxKind.FalseLiteralExpression,
            SyntaxKind.TrueLiteralExpression }
    };
}

public override IEnumerable<Mutation> ApplyMutations (LiteralExpressionSyntax node) {
    if (kindsToMutate.ContainsKey (node.Kind ())) {
        yield return new Mutation () {
            OriginalNode = node,
            ReplacementNode = SyntaxFactory.LiteralExpression (kindsToMutate[node.Kind ()]),
            DisplayName = "Boolean mutation",
            Type = Mutator.Boolean
        };
    }
}
```

# МУТАЦИЯ

---

```
private readonly Dictionary<SyntaxKind, SyntaxKind> kindsToMutate { get; }

public BooleanMutator () {
    kindsToMutate = new Dictionary<SyntaxKind, SyntaxKind> {
        {
            SyntaxKind.TrueLiteralExpression,
            SyntaxKind.FalseLiteralExpression },
        {
            SyntaxKind.FalseLiteralExpression,
            SyntaxKind.TrueLiteralExpression }
    };
}

public override IEnumerable<Mutation> ApplyMutations (LiteralExpressionSyntax node) {
    if (kindsToMutate.ContainsKey (node.Kind ())) {
        yield return new Mutation () {
            OriginalNode = node,
            ReplacementNode = SyntaxFactory.LiteralExpression (kindsToMutate[node.Kind ()]),
            DisplayName = "Boolean mutation",
            Type = Mutator.Boolean
        };
    }
}
```

# МУТАЦИЯ

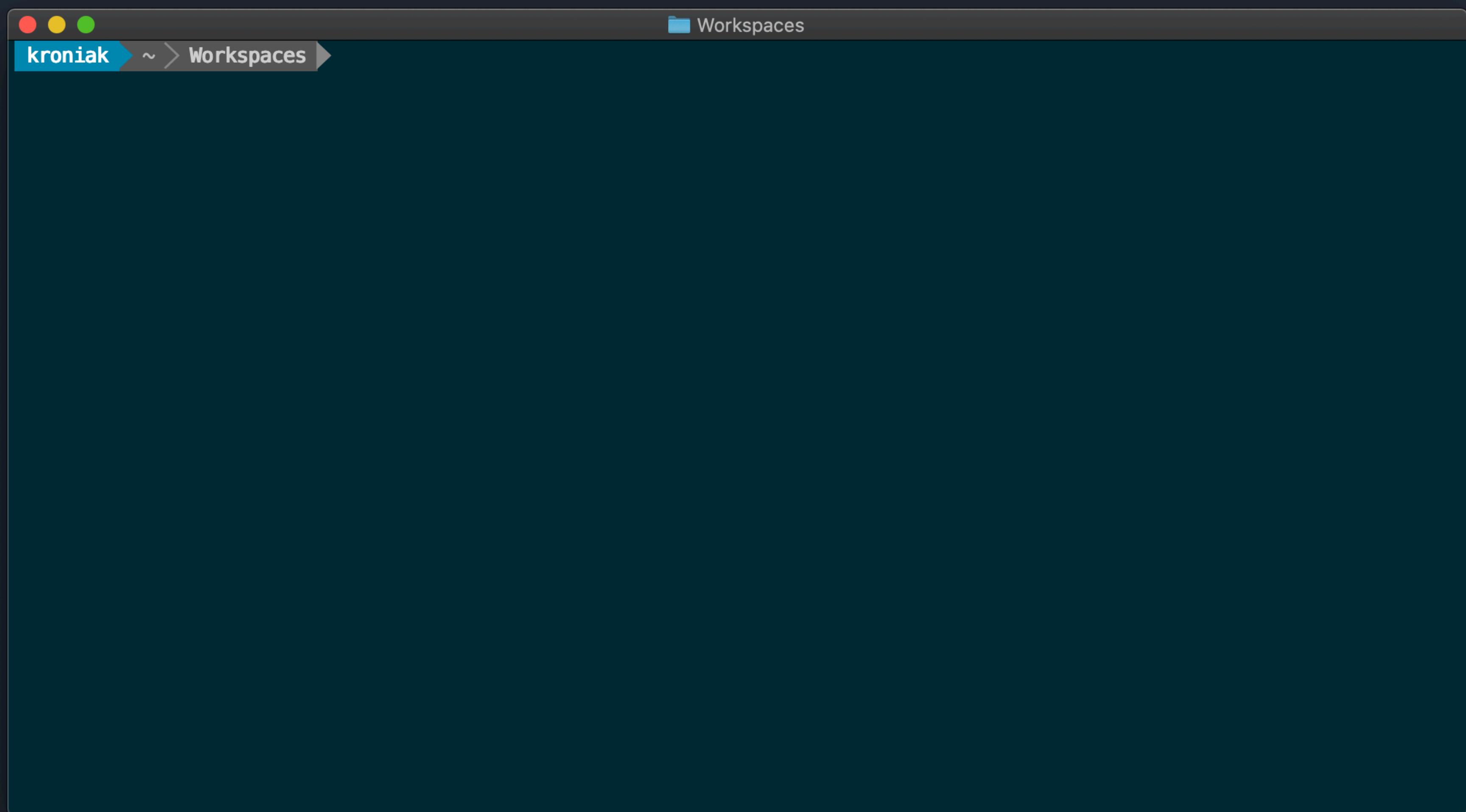
---

```
private readonly Dictionary<SyntaxKind, SyntaxKind> kindsToMutate { get; }

public BooleanMutator () {
    kindsToMutate = new Dictionary<SyntaxKind, SyntaxKind> {
        {
            SyntaxKind.TrueLiteralExpression,
            SyntaxKind.FalseLiteralExpression },
        {
            SyntaxKind.FalseLiteralExpression,
            SyntaxKind.TrueLiteralExpression }
    };
}

public override IEnumerable<Mutation> ApplyMutations (LiteralExpressionSyntax node) {
    if (kindsToMutate.ContainsKey (node.Kind ())) {
        yield return new Mutation () {
            OriginalNode = node,
            ReplacementNode = SyntaxFactory.LiteralExpression (kindsToMutate[node.Kind ()]),
            DisplayName = "Boolean mutation",
            Type = Mutator.Boolean
        };
    }
}
```

# КАК РАБОТАЕТ



A screenshot of a terminal window with a dark teal background. The window title bar says "Workspaces". The command line shows the user "kroniak" at the prompt, followed by the path "~ > Workspaces" and the command "dotnet tool install -g dotnet-stryker". The terminal is otherwise empty, indicating the command has not yet been executed.

A screenshot of a terminal window with a dark teal background. The window title bar says "Workspaces". The command line shows the user "kroniak" at the prompt, followed by the path "~ > Workspaces" and the command "dotnet tool install -g dotnet-stryker". Below the command line, there is a single horizontal line character.

A screenshot of a terminal window titled "Workspaces". The window has a dark teal background and white text. At the top, there are three small colored circles (red, yellow, green) and a folder icon labeled "Workspaces". The terminal prompt is "kroniak ~ > Workspaces". The user has run the command "dotnet tool install -g dotnet-stryker". The output shows:

```
kroniak ~ > Workspaces ➤ dotnet tool install -g dotnet-stryker
You can invoke the tool using the following command: dotnet-stryker
Tool 'dotnet-stryker' (version '0.13.0') was successfully installed.
kroniak ~ > Workspaces ➤
```

The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "Workspaces". The user has run the command `dotnet tool install -g dotnet-stryker`, which installs the tool successfully. Then, the user runs `cat ./github/dotnext2019-mutation-analysis/test/stryker-config.json` to view the configuration file. The configuration file contains the following JSON:

```
{  
  "stryker-config": {  
    "project-file": "library.csproj",  
    "reporters": ["progress", "html", "json"],  
    "max-concurrent-test-runners": 6,  
    "threshold-high": 80,  
    "threshold-low": 70,  
    "threshold-break": 60,  
    "excluded-mutations": []  
  }  
}
```

The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "Workspaces" with a dark background. The session starts with the command "dotnet tool install -g dotnet-stryker", which installs the tool successfully. Then, the command "cat ./github/dotnext2019-mutation-analysis/test/stryker-config.json" is run, displaying a JSON configuration file. The configuration file defines a "stryker-config" object with various settings like project file, reporters, and thresholds.

```
kroniak ~ > Workspaces ➔ dotnet tool install -g dotnet-stryker
You can invoke the tool using the following command: dotnet-stryker
Tool 'dotnet-stryker' (version '0.13.0') was successfully installed.
[ kroniak ~ > Workspaces ➔ cat ./github/dotnext2019-mutation-analysis/test/stryker-config.json
{
  "stryker-config": {
    "project-file": "library.csproj",
    "reporters": ["progress", "html", "json"],
    "max-concurrent-test-runners": 6,
    "threshold-high": 80,
    "threshold-low": 70,
    "threshold-break": 60,
    "excluded-mutations": []
  }
}
kroniak ~ > Workspaces ➔
```

The screenshot shows a terminal window with a dark background and light-colored text. The title bar says "Workspaces". The terminal history is as follows:

```
kroniak ~ > Workspaces > dotnet tool install -g dotnet-stryker
You can invoke the tool using the following command: dotnet-stryker
Tool 'dotnet-stryker' (version '0.13.0') was successfully installed.
kroniak ~ > Workspaces > cat ./github/dotnext2019-mutation-analysis/test/stryker-config.json
{
  "stryker-config": {
    "project-file": "library.csproj",
    "reporters": ["progress", "html", "json"],
    "max-concurrent-test-runners": 6,
    "threshold-high": 80,
    "threshold-low": 70,
    "threshold-break": 60,
    "excluded-mutations": []
  }
}
kroniak ~ > Workspaces
```

The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "Workspaces" with a dark background. The session starts with the command "dotnet tool install -g dotnet-stryker", which installs the tool successfully. Then, the command "cat ./github/dotnext2019-mutation-analysis/test/stryker-config.json" is run, displaying a JSON configuration file. The configuration includes settings for the project file, reporters, maximum concurrent test runners, thresholds, and excluded mutations.

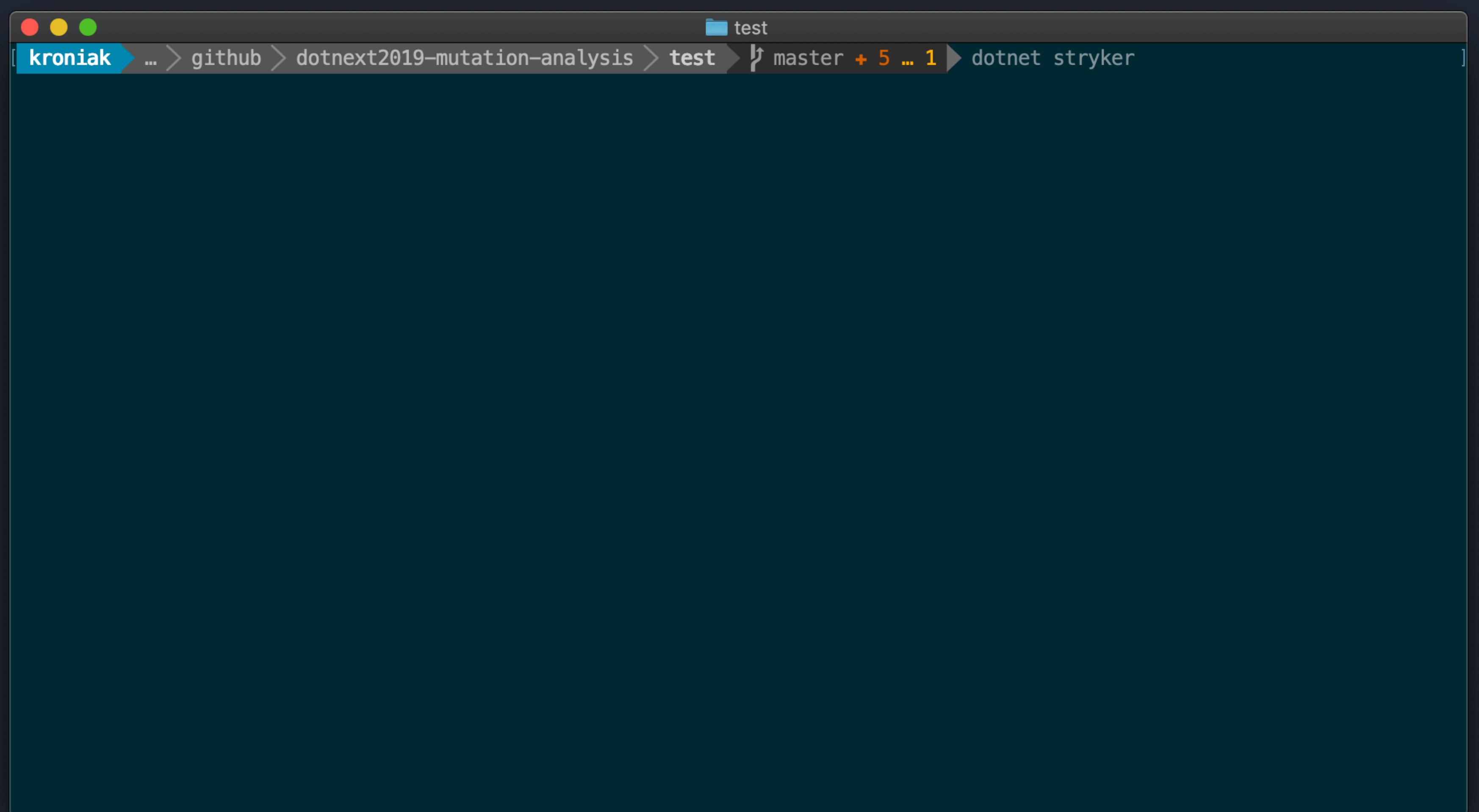
```
kroniak ~ > Workspaces ▶ dotnet tool install -g dotnet-stryker
You can invoke the tool using the following command: dotnet-stryker
Tool 'dotnet-stryker' (version '0.13.0') was successfully installed.
[ kroniak ~ > Workspaces ▶ cat ./github/dotnext2019-mutation-analysis/test/stryker-config.json
{
  "stryker-config": {
    "project-file": "library.csproj",
    "reporters": ["progress", "html", "json"],
    "max-concurrent-test-runners": 6,
    "threshold-high": 80,
    "threshold-low": 70,
    "threshold-break": 60,
    "excluded-mutations": []
  }
}
kroniak ~ > Workspaces ▶
```

The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "Workspaces". The user has run the command `dotnet tool install -g dotnet-stryker`, which installs the tool successfully. Then, the user runs `cat ./github/dotnext2019-mutation-analysis/test/stryker-config.json` to view the configuration file. The configuration file contains the following JSON:

```
{  
  "stryker-config": {  
    "project-file": "library.csproj",  
    "reporters": ["progress", "html", "json"],  
    "max-concurrent-test-runners": 6,  
    "threshold-high": 80,  
    "threshold-low": 70,  
    "threshold-break": 60,  
    "excluded-mutations": []  
  }  
}
```

The screenshot shows a terminal window with a dark background and light-colored text. The title bar says "Workspaces". The terminal output is as follows:

```
kroniak ~ > Workspaces ➤ dotnet tool install -g dotnet-stryker
You can invoke the tool using the following command: dotnet-stryker
Tool 'dotnet-stryker' (version '0.13.0') was successfully installed.
kroniak ~ > Workspaces ➤ cat ./github/dotnext2019-mutation-analysis/test/stryker-config.json
{
  "stryker-config": {
    "project-file": "library.csproj",
    "reporters": ["progress", "html", "json"],
    "max-concurrent-test-runners": 6,
    "threshold-high": 80,
    "threshold-low": 70,
    "threshold-break": 60,
    "excluded-mutations": []
  }
}
kroniak ~ > Workspaces ➤
```

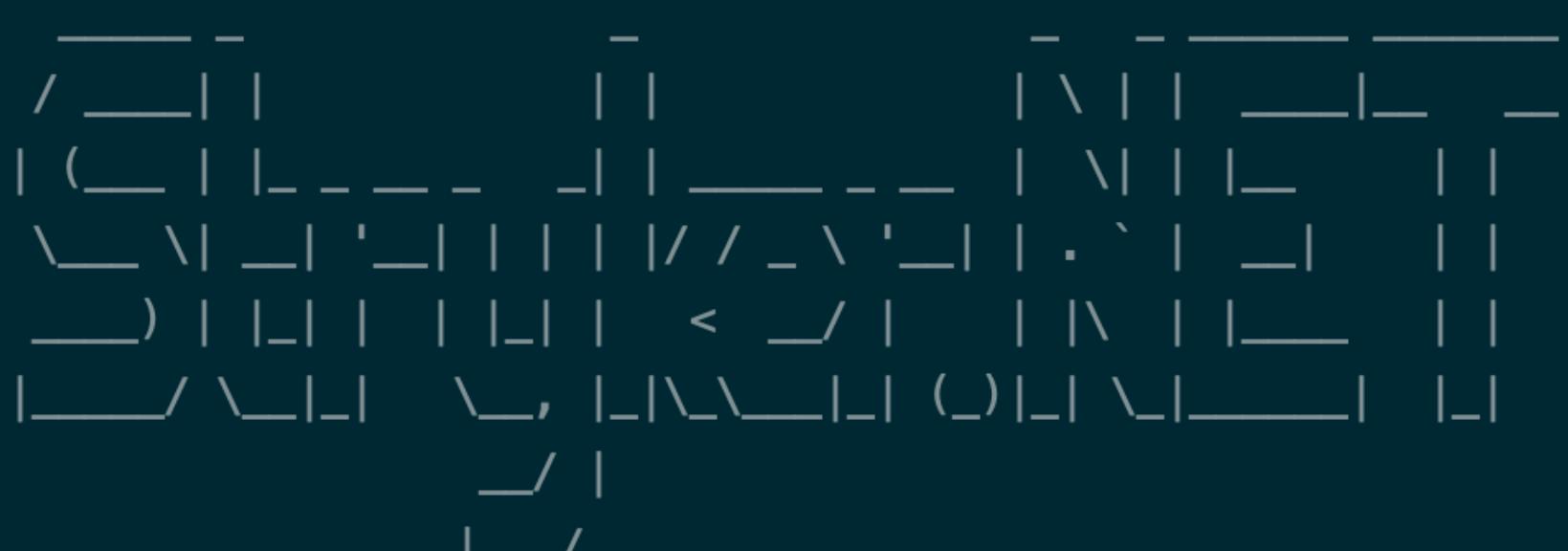


A screenshot of a terminal window with a dark background. The title bar shows a folder icon followed by the word "test". The command line history at the top of the window includes:

- [kroniak > ... > github > dotnext2019-mutation-analysis > test > ↻ master + 5 ... 1 > dotnet stryker]

The main body of the terminal is completely blank, showing only a few horizontal lines of noise.

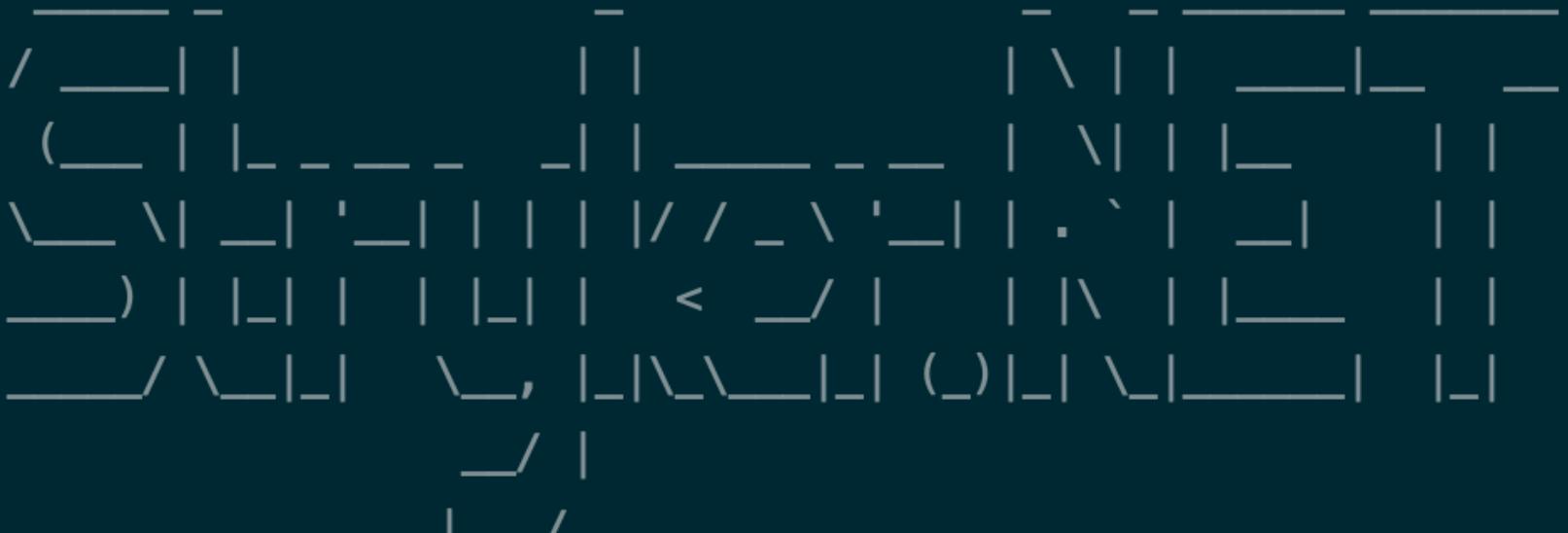
```
kroniak > ... > github > dotnext2019-mutation-analysis > test > master + 5 ... 1 > dotnet stryker
```



Version: 0.13.0 (beta)

```
[10:47:08 INF] The project /Users/kroniak/Workspaces/github/dotnext2019-mutation-analysis/src/library.csproj will be mutated
[10:47:09 INF] Started initial build using dotnet build
[10:47:11 INF] Initial build successful
```

```
test
[ kroniak > ... > github > dotnext2019-mutation-analysis > test > master + 5 ... 1 > dotnet stryker ]
```



Version: 0.13.0 (beta)

```
[10:47:08 INF] The project /Users/kroniak/Workspaces/github/dotnext2019-mutation-analysis/src/library.csproj will be mutated
[10:47:09 INF] Started initial build using dotnet build
[10:47:11 INF] Initial build successful
[10:47:14 INF] Using testrunner VsTest
[10:47:14 INF] Total number of tests found: 17
[10:47:14 INF] Initial testrun started
[10:47:15 INF] Using 6638 ms as testrun timeout
[10:47:18 INF] 26 mutants ready for test
[10:47:18 INF] Capture mutant coverage using 'perTest' mode.
```

```
Survived: 0
Timeout : 0

Testing mutant | ----- | 1 / 24 | 4 % | ~1m 27s |

Killed : 1

Testing mutant | ----- | 2 / 24 | 8 % | ~0m 42s |

Killed : 2

Testing mutant | ━----- | 3 / 24 | 12 % | ~0m 33s |

Killed : 3

Testing mutant | ━----- | 4 / 24 | 16 % | ~0m 23s |

Killed : 4

Testing mutant | ━----- | 5 / 24 | 20 % | ~0m 18s |

Killed : 5

-
```

```
Survived: 1

Testing mutant | ━━━━━━ | 7 / 24 | 29 % | ~0m 15s |

Killed : 6

Testing mutant | ━━━━━━ | 8 / 24 | 33 % | ~0m 12s |

Killed : 7

Testing mutant | ━━━━━━ | 9 / 24 | 37 % | ~0m 10s |

Killed : 8

Testing mutant | ━━━━ | 10 / 24 | 41 % | ~0m 09s |

Killed : 9

Testing mutant | ━━━━ | 11 / 24 | 45 % | ~0m 08s |

Killed : 10

-
```

```
Timeout : 1

Testing mutant | ████████--- | 19 / 24 | 79 % | ~0m 02s |

Killed : 17

Testing mutant | ████████--- | 20 / 24 | 83 % | ~0m 01s |

Killed : 18

Testing mutant | ████████--- | 21 / 24 | 87 % | ~0m 01s |

Killed : 19

Testing mutant | ████████+ | 22 / 24 | 91 % | ~0m 00s |

Survived: 2

Testing mutant | ████████+ | 23 / 24 | 95 % | ~0m 00s |

Killed : 20

-
```

```
Testing mutant | ━━━━+ | 22 / 24 | 91 % | ~0m 00s |  
  
Survived: 2  
  
Testing mutant | ━━━━+ | 23 / 24 | 95 % | ~0m 00s |  
  
Killed : 20  
  
Testing mutant | ━━━━+ | 24 / 24 | 100 % | ~0m 00s |  
  
Killed : 21  
  
Your json report has been generated at:  
/Users/kroniak/Workspaces/github/dotnext2019-mutation-analysis/test/StrykerOutput/2019-10-22.10-47-06/reports/mutation-report.json  
  
Your html report has been generated at:  
/Users/kroniak/Workspaces/github/dotnext2019-mutation-analysis/test/StrykerOutput/2019-10-22.10-47-06/reports/mutation-report.html  
You can open it in your browser of choice.  
[10:47:30 INF] Time Elapsed 00:00:23.9591059  
kroniak ➤ ... > github > dotnext2019-mutation-analysis > test ➤ ↞ master + 5 ... 1 ➤
```

A screenshot of a terminal window with a dark background. The window title bar says "test". The command line shows the following path and command:

```
kroniak ... > github > dotnext2019-mutation-analysis > test > master + 5 ... 1 open ./StrykerOutput/2019-10-22.10-47-06/ reports/mutation-report.html _
```

# All files - Stryker.NET Report

All files

File / Directory	Mutation score	# Killed	# Survived	# Timeout	# No coverage	# Runtime errors	# Compile errors	Total detected	Total undetected	Total mutants
📁 All files	84.62% <b>84.62</b>	21	2	1	2	0	0	<b>22</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>26</b>
📄 RemoveClass.cs	90.91% <b>90.91</b>	10	1	0	0	0	0	<b>10</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>11</b>
📄 SampleClass.cs	80.00% <b>80.00</b>	11	1	1	2	0	0	<b>12</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>15</b>

✓ Killed (10)   Survived (1)   Expand all

```
public static class RemoverClass
{
    public static void Remove(IList<Value> container, Value data)
    {
        if (data == null) return;

        if (container.All(c => ①c.SomeField != data.SomeField)) return;

        container.Remove(data);
    }

    public static void RemoveSecond(IList<Value> container, Value data)
    {
        if (data == null) return;

        var deleteT = container.FirstOrDefault(c => c.SomeField == data.SomeField);
        if (deleteT == null) return;

        container.Remove(deleteT);
    }

    public static void RemoveThird(IList<Value> container, Value data)
    {
        if (data == null) return;

        var deleteT = container.SingleOrDefault(c => c.SomeField == data.SomeField);

        if (deleteT == null) return;

        container.Remove(deleteT);
    }
}
```

✓ Killed (10)   Survived (1)   Expand all

```
public static class RemoverClass
{
    public static void Remove(IList<Value> container, Value data)
    {
        if (1data == null) return;

        if (2container.All(c => 3c.SomeField == data.SomeField)) r
            container.Remove(data);
    }

    public static void RemoveSecond(IList<Value> container, Value data)
    {
        if (3data == null) return;

        var deleteT = 5container.FirstOrDefault(c => 4c.SomeField == data.SomeField);
        if (6deleteT != null) deleteT == null) return;

        container.Remove(deleteT);
    }

    public static void RemoveThird(IList<Value> container, Value data)
    {
        if (7data == null) return;

        var deleteT = 9container.SingleOrDefault(c => 8c.SomeField == data.SomeField);
        if (10deleteT == null) return;

        container.Remove(deleteT);
    }
}
```

Binary expression mutation  
Survived

**Killed (10)**  **Survived (1)** [Expand all](#)

```
public static class RemoverClass
{
    public static void Remove(IList<Value> container, Value data)
    {
        if (0data == null) return;

        if (2container.All(c => 1c.SomeField != data.SomeField)) return;

        container.Remove(data);
    }

    public static void RemoveSecond(IList<Value> container, Value data)
    {
        if (3data == null) return;

        var deleteT = 5container.FirstOrDefault(c => 4c.SomeField == data.SomeField);
        if (6deleteT != null) return;
    }

    public static void RemoveThird(IList<Value> container, Value data)
    {
        if (7data == null) return;

        var deleteT = 9container.SingleOrDefault(c => 8c.SomeField == data.SomeField);

        if (10deleteT == null) return;

        container.Remove(deleteT);
    }
}
```

**Binary expression mutation**  
e(deleteT);

**Killed**

# ЗАПУСК НА ТОП 5

# ТОП 5

---

1. Json.NET

# ТОП 5

---

1. Json.NET .....

# TOP 5

---

1. Json.NET ..... FAIL

# TOP 5

---

1. Json.NET ..... FAIL
2. System.Linq

# TOP 5

---

1. Json.NET ..... FAIL
2. System.Linq .....

# TOP 5

---

1. Json.NET ..... FAIL
2. System.Linq ..... FAIL

# TOP 5

---

1. Json.NET ..... FAIL
2. System.Linq ..... FAIL
3. EntityFrameworkCore

# TOP 5

---

1. Json.NET ..... FAIL
2. System.Linq ..... FAIL
3. EntityFrameworkCore .....

# TOP 5

---

1. Json.NET ..... FAIL
2. System.Linq ..... FAIL
3. EntityFrameworkCore ..... FAIL

# TOP 5

---

1. Json.NET ..... FAIL
2. System.Linq ..... FAIL
3. EntityFrameworkCore ..... FAIL
4. MongoDB Driver ..... FAIL
5. Postgresql Driver ..... FAIL
6. ... other projects ..... FAIL
7. Flurl ..... SUCCESS

# КРИТЕРИИ ПРИМЕНИМОСТИ

# КРИТЕРИИ ПРИМЕНИМОСТИ

---

1. Покрытие кода тестами >70%

**YOU DON'T NEED MUTATION TESTS**

**IF YOU DON'T HAVE UNIT TEST**

# КРИТЕРИИ ПРИМЕНИМОСТИ

---

1. Покрытие кода тестами >70%
2. Скорость работы тестов

# КРИТЕРИИ ПРИМЕНИМОСТИ

---

1. Покрытие кода тестами  $>70\%$
2. Скорость работы тестов
3. Чистые маленькие методы

# КРИТЕРИИ ПРИМЕНИМОСТИ

---

1. Покрытие кода тестами >70%
2. Скорость работы тестов
3. Чистые маленькие методы
4. .NET Core

# КРИТЕРИИ ПРИМЕНИМОСТИ

---

1. Покрытие кода тестами >70%
2. Скорость работы тестов
3. Чистые маленькие методы
4. .NET Core
5. Сила духа и авантюризм

# ВЫВОДЫ

# ВЫВОДЫ

---

MDD

классно подходит при работе

# ВЫВОДЫ

---

MDD  
классно подходит при работе  
с парадигмой TDD  
при написании **НОВЫХ** тестов

# ВЫВОДЫ

---

MDD  
классно подходит при работе  
с парадигмой TDD  
при написании **Новых** тестов  
и  
однократного  
аудита текущей системы

# ВЫВОДЫ

---

для поиска  
неочевидных  
проблемных мест

# ВЫВОДЫ

---

для поиска  
неочевидных  
проблемных мест  
и  
оптимизации юнит тестов

# ВЫВОДЫ

---

MDD подходит  
для  
аудита кода  
внешних разработчиков

# ВЫВОДЫ

---

MDD  
подходит  
для  
проверки себя  
и  
внутренних разработчиков

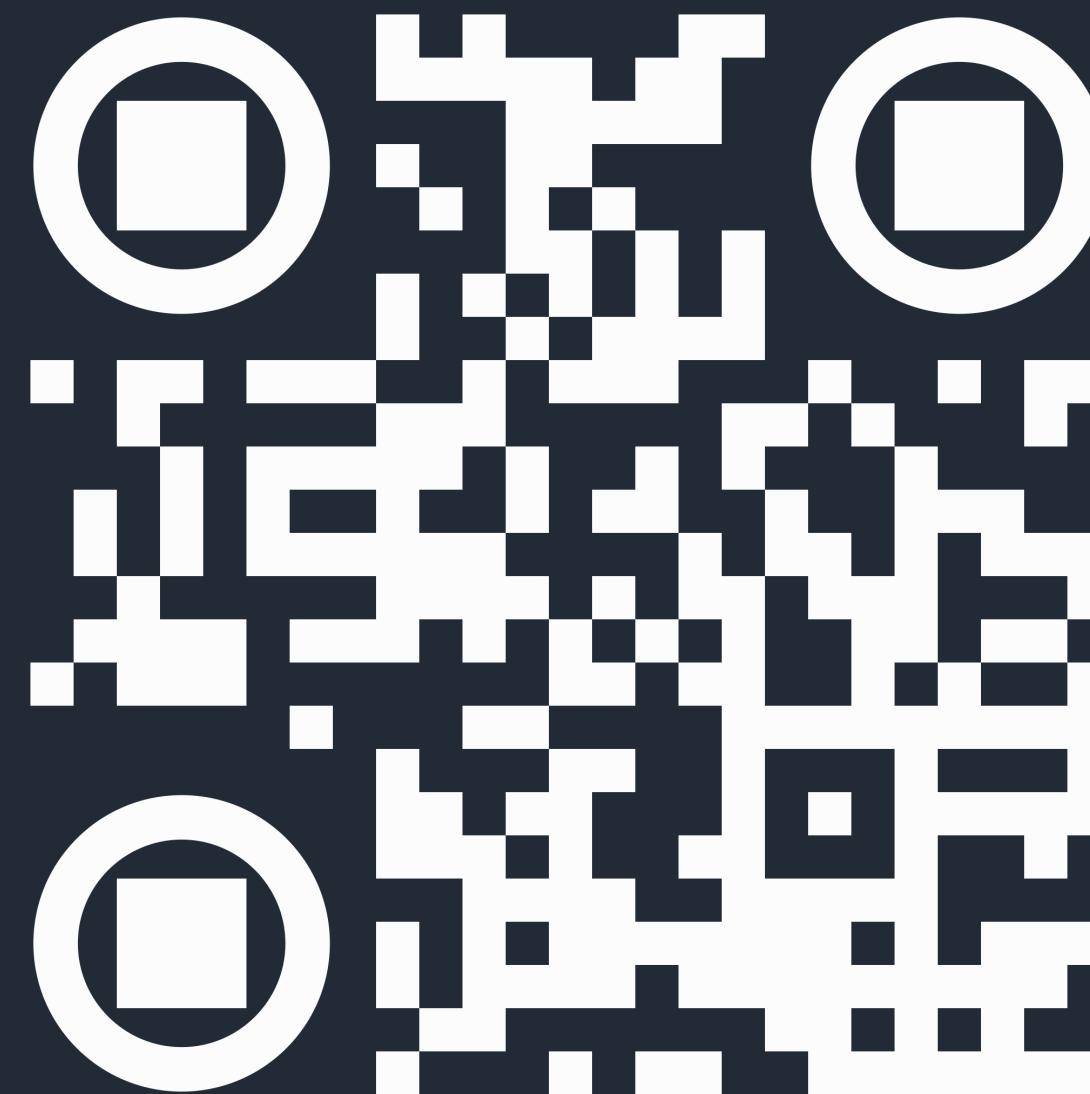
# ВЫВОДЫ

---

MDD  
подходит  
для  
погружения новичков  
в проект

библиотека

<http://flurl.dev>



примеры кода и ссылки на книги

<https://github.com/kroniak/dotnext2019-mutation-analysis>



# ССЫЛКИ

---

<https://d-nb.info/1051432480/34>

Assessing Test Quality by David Schuler

<https://leanpub.com/mutationtesting>

Mutation Testing by Filip van Laenen

<https://1drv.ms/u/s!AswfoxlkvkXGgdVOQBvKmoGIQhPzmQ>

<http://tiny.cc/4d88ez>

This presentation by me

C U A C N 6 O

Q & A



