# FY25 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report





# **AIRPORT SYSTEM FUND**

An Enterprise Fund of the

City of Houston, Texas

# **ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT**

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024

Prepared by:

Office of City Controller

**Chris Hollins** 

City Controller

**William Jones** 

**Deputy City Controller** 

**Houston Airport System** 

**Clint Stephen** 

Chief Financial Officer

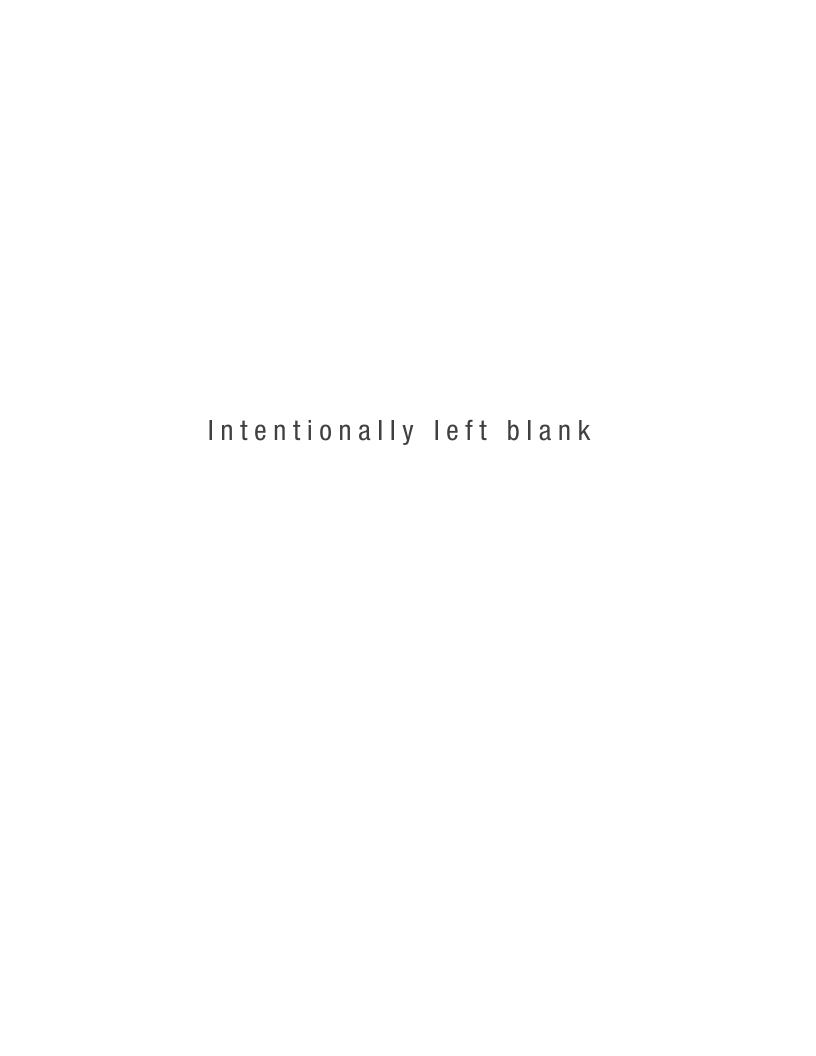
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# HOUSTON AIRPORT SYSTEM









Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

**City of Houston, Texas Airport System Fund** 

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2024

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

Transmittal Letter INTRODUCTION

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# OFFICE OF THE CITY CONTROLLER CITY OF HOUSTON TEXAS

December 12, 2025

Citizens of Houston, Honorable Mayor and City Council Members:

I am pleased to present you with the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report ("ACFR") for the City of Houston, Texas (the "City"), Airport System Fund (the "Fund") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025 ("FY2025"), and June 30, 2024 ("FY2024"), including the independent auditor's report. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering unmodified opinions on the Fund's basic financial statements as of and for the years ended June 30, 2025, and 2024. The City Controller's Office and the Houston Airport System ("HAS") share responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to fairly present the financial position and results of operations of the Fund.

The ACFR includes four sections: Introductory, Financial, Statistical, and Compliance. The Introductory Section includes this transmittal letter, a list of principal officials, and the HAS organizational chart. The Financial Section includes Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A"), financial statements with accompanying notes, required supplementary information, and the independent auditor's report on the financial statements. The Statistical Section includes selected financial trends, revenue capacity, debt capacity, demographic, economic, and operating information, generally presented on a ten-year basis. The Compliance Section includes the independent auditor's report on HAS's compliance with the requirements of the Federal Aviation Administration ("FAA") Passenger Facility Charge ("PFC") Program.

The Financial Section, described above, is prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. MD&A offers readers an overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Fund and should be read as an introduction to the financial statements. In addition, the notes to the financial statements offer additional important information and are essential to a full understanding of the financial statements.

#### THE REPORTING ENTITY

The Fund is an enterprise fund of the City and is included in the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. An enterprise fund is used to account for services provided to the general public on a continuing basis with costs recovered primarily through user charges. HAS, under the administrative control of the Mayor, manages and operates the Fund. The City Controller, as the chief financial officer of the City, maintains the book of accounts, prepares financial statements, and, with the Mayor, co-signs all warrants, contracts, and orders for payment of any public funds or money relating to the Fund.

INTRODUCTION Transmittal Letter

#### **HAS OVERVIEW**

HAS encompasses three airports: George Bush Intercontinental Airport ("IAH"), William P. Hobby Airport ("HOU"), and Ellington Airport ("EFD"). George Bush Intercontinental Airport serves as a major hub for United Airlines ("United"), and William P. Hobby Airport is predominantly operated by Southwest Airlines ("Southwest"). IAH ranks as the 15th-busiest airport in North America (United States and Canada), as measured by enplaned passengers in calendar year 2024, and is classified as a "large hub airport" by the FAA. IAH serves as an international gateway airport and a primary connecting point in the national air transportation system. In 2025, IAH was the third-largest hub for United based on number of scheduled flights as of March 2025. There were a total of 29 mainline carrier airlines and 6 regional carrier airlines that operated scheduled passenger service at IAH and HOU.

Additionally, IAH is the primary air cargo airport for the region and ranked 19th in the United States in 2024 based on cargo landed weight. IAH is a strategic hub for the importing and exporting of machinery, equipment, and parts for the oil and gas, aerospace, construction, and medical sectors, as Houston has a large manufacturing base of industrial machinery and chemicals needed worldwide. In 2025, IAH had 13 cargo airlines operating scheduled freighter service and/or ad hoc cargo charter flights.

HOU is the United States' 36th-busiest airport in North America (US and Canada), as measured by enplaned passengers in calendar year 2024, and is classified as a "medium hub airport" by the FAA. HOU is one of the major operating bases for Southwest, which offers domestic and international service, including destinations in Mexico, Central America, and the Caribbean. Notably, HOU ranked seventh for the number of available seats and flight departures for Southwest last year. In 2024, seven mainline carrier airlines and three regional carrier airlines operated scheduled passenger service at HOU.

EFD is primarily used for general aviation, military, and the National Aeronautics and Space Administration's ("NASA") space operations, and currently has no commercial passenger service. In June 2015, HAS obtained a commercial spaceport license from the FAA for EFD, allowing EFD to accommodate horizontal-launch commercial spaceflight operations.

Houston's airports position the City of Houston as the international passenger and cargo gateway to the south-central United States and a primary gateway to Latin America. Houston Airports served more than 62.3 million passengers and handled over 558,132 metric tons of air cargo in FY2025. Thanks to our partner airlines, together, we foster economic vitality for the transportation industry and facilitate a strong level of domestic and global connectivity for the diverse and growing population living in the greater Houston region.

### **ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND MAJOR INITIATIVES**

The city is the nation's fourth-most populous and lies within the ten-county Houston-Pasadena-The Woodlands Metropolitan Statistical Area (the "MSA"), the fifth-largest metropolitan statistical area in the United States. The MSA continues to see year-over-year population growth. Based on the latest available data from 2024, the estimated population for the MSA increased from 7.60 million to 7.80 million. In addition, the overall business environment and available workforce in the State of Texas continue to attract multi-national enterprises and supporting industries to the region. The MSA was home to 26 Fortune 500 companies in 2024, including Phillips 66, Sysco Corp., ConocoPhillips, Enterprise Product Partners, Waste Management, and Occidental Petroleum, among others. As a result, the primary service region for HAS entertains a diverse economic base. Leading industries include energy, petrochemical, engineering and construction, real estate, aerospace, medicine and health care, transportation, biotechnology, and computer technology.

Widely recognized as the "Energy Capital of the World," the city is a global center for virtually every segment of the oil and gas industry. The city is also home to the Texas Medical Center, the world's largest concentration of biomedical research and healthcare institutions, and to the Lyndon B. Johnson Space Center, NASA's center for human spaceflight training, research, and flight control. The deep-water Port of Houston is the nation's busiest port as ranked by foreign tonnage and the fifth-busiest container port as ranked by total tonnage.

Transmittal Letter INTRODUCTION

### **FISCAL YEAR 2025 IN REVIEW**

During FY2025, HAS systemwide passengers increased by 0.4% over FY2024 totals. IAH passengers increased 1.8% in total, including a domestic passenger increase of 1.8% and an international passenger increase of 1.7% over FY2024. At HOU, total passenger traffic decreased by 4.2%, consisting of a domestic decrease of 3.8% and an international decrease of 9.1%. HAS systemwide passenger volume totaled 104.6% of the pre-pandemic FY2019 traffic level, with IAH reaching 107.4% and HOU reaching 96.0%. HAS currently connects directly to 201 destinations, of which 129 are domestic and 72 are international.

Key factors that will affect future airline traffic and passenger volume at HAS include (1) the cost and availability of financing, labor, fuel, aircraft, and insurance; (2) regional, national, and international economic conditions; (3) international trade; (4) competitive considerations, including the effects of airline ticket pricing; (5) traffic and airport capacity constraints of the HAS airports and competing airports; and (6) passenger demand for air travel. The number of passengers at HAS airports depends partly on the profitability of the U.S. airline industry and the associated ability of the industry and individual airlines, particularly United and Southwest, to make the necessary investments to provide service.

EFD - Houston Spaceport has four prominent tenants. Collins Aerospace is now operational at its new eight-acre, approximately 120,000 square-foot campus that, among other activities, is working with NASA and other aerospace companies in the production and manufacturing of human spaceflight, life-support systems for Low Earth Orbit ("LEO"), and Lunar activities. Collins has also completed the 10,000 square-foot facility that will become Houston's Aerospace Accelerator/Incubator facility at the Houston Spaceport.

Intuitive Machines, in addition to its existing 125,000-square-foot facility now fully operational at the Houston Spaceport, expanded its footprint on October 1, 2025, by subleasing a 116,000-square-foot facility from Hamilton Sunstrand Corporation. This facility was previously occupied by Collins Aerospace, also located at the Houston Spaceport. Earlier in February 2025, Intuitive Machines launched its second Nova-C lunar lander. The company is now actively preparing for a third lunar mission, targeted for the first half of 2026. Nova-C is part of NASA's Commercial Lunar Payload Services (CLPS) initiative, which supports the deployment of multiple lunar landers and advances in deep space communications. Additionally, the company executed a ground lease on a three-acre site next to its original facility, enabling the development of an additional 60,000 square feet of office and manufacturing space.

Axiom Space, the first commercial space station builder, operates a 105,000-square-foot facility—Phase One of its planned global headquarters at the Houston Spaceport. The campus includes:

- Employee offices
- Astronaut training facilities
- Mission control operations
- Engineering and testing labs
- A high bay production area for assembling commercial space station modules

Axiom Space is currently evaluating further expansion within this initial phase of development.

Venus Aerospace, a Houston-based startup pioneering hypersonic flight technology, has grown to over 100 employees at Ellington Field (EFD). Following a successful first round of financing, the company is negotiating a ground lease for a five-acre site at EFD. This site will host a new testing facility funded by a \$4 million grant from the Texas Space Commission awarded in 2025.

INTRODUCTION Transmittal Letter

### CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM

The HAS five-year Capital Improvement Plan ("CIP") for Fiscal Years 2026-2030 calls for \$2.7 billion to expand, update and maintain the airport system. This CIP was developed in connection with master planning studies for all three system airports. Future improvements will be funded with airport earnings, proceeds from new bond issues, proceeds from the FAA and other grantors, and PFCs. The CIP excludes projects funded by airline tenants under the terms of special facilities leases. HAS continually reviews and updates its CIP to address changing economic conditions, air traffic demand levels, changing operating conditions, and facility conditions.

At IAH, HAS is partnering with United Airlines for Terminal B Modernization, in which HAS will fund up to \$624 million for enabling projects. The \$2.5 billion modernization will include 40 new gates that can service domestic and international flights. In addition, the customer experience will be improved by creating state of the art restaurants, retail shops, passenger lounges and a multi-media interactive park. The Domestic Redevelopment Program ("DRP") slated to begin in 2029 will expand IAH domestic gate capacity for non-hub airlines while also positioning IAH as a preferred service destinations for all airline partners. In addition, DRP will include increased airfield capacity, expanded parking facilities and upgraded concession and retail options. The IAH Central Utility Plant is also in the process of being upgraded in order to provide the necessary ambient temperature control to support future terminal expansion and development.

At HOU, HAS is partnering with Southwest Airlines to expand the West Concourse, which HAS will fund up to \$470 million. The concourse expansion includes the construction of 7 additional gates that can service both domestic and international flights. In addition, the project includes renovating and expanding the baggage claim system and taxi lane and taxiway modifications. The HOU CIP also addresses infrastructure upgrades (HVAC, sewer, water) and other capital improvements planned for the airfield as required by the FAA, as well as normal pavement management and customer service enhancements for the HOU Central Concourse.

HAS will continue to review the CIP for changes necessary to "right-size" its facilities and to accommodate the growth in passenger volume at its airports. Management has committed to financial targets intended to optimize the use of resources and to expand facilities in a financially responsible manner. More specifically, the financial target set in the strategic plan for Fiscal Years 2026-2030 include the following:

Financial Metric	Target	FY25 Actual
Total debt per enplaned passenger	\$120 or less *	\$84.91
Debt service coverage ratio (net of PFC offset)	1.5 or greater	2.16
Days of cash on-hand for operations	450 or greater	409
*Note - Total debt excludes special facility debt.		

#### FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The Fund's financial accounting system utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Management of HAS and the City are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the Fund are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of the ACFR in conformity with GAAP. HAS controls current expenses at all division levels. HAS's Deputy Directors are responsible for the expenses approved by the Division Managers reporting to them; in turn, Division Managers are responsible for budgetary items that are controllable at their organizational level.

Budgetary control is maintained at the expenditure category level (e.g., personnel services, supplies, other services, and capital outlay) through the encumbrance of estimated purchase amounts prior to the release of purchase orders or contracts to the vendors. This is accomplished primarily through an automated encumbrance and accounts payable system.

However, the Fund as a whole is not budgeted. The City Council approves the Fund's annual budget for operational expenses and authorizes capital project expenditures through individual appropriation ordinances based on a five-year CIP that is proposed by the Mayor and HAS Director. City Council can legally appropriate only those amounts of money that the City Controller has certified to be available for appropriation.

Transmittal Letter INTRODUCTION

### OTHER INFORMATION

# **Independent Audit**

Weaver and Tidwell, L.L.P. and a joint venture of two independent accounting firms, McConnell & Jones, LLP and Banks, Finley, White & Co., performed the audits of the Fund's financial statements for the years ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively. The financial section of this report includes the independent auditor's report on the basic financial statements. The compliance section of this report includes the independent auditor's report on HAS' compliance and internal control over compliance, applicable to the PFC Program instituted by the FAA.

The City, as a whole, is also required to undergo an annual compliance audit in conformity with the provisions of Title 2 of the U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the State of Texas Uniform Grants Management Standards. This audit is conducted in conjunction with the City's annual financial statements audit. Information related to this compliance audit, including the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards and related notes, and the schedule of findings, and questioned costs, are included in the City's Single Audit Report.

# **Awards/Acknowledgments**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada ("GFOA") awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting ("COA") to the City of Houston, Texas, Airport System Fund for its Financial Report submitted for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. This was the 31st consecutive year that the Fund has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a COA, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR. This report must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements. A COA is valid for a period of one year. We believe our current ACFR continues to conform to the COA program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this ACFR was made possible by the dedicated service of the Finance Department of HAS and the City Controller's Office.

Respectfully submitted,

Signed by:

**Chris Hollins, City Controller** 

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# **AS OF JUNE 30, 2025**



JOHN WHITMIRE Mayor



CHRIS HOLLINS
CONTROLLER



AMY PECK DISTRICT A



TARSHA JACKSON DISTRICT B



ABBIE KAMIN DISTRICT C



CAROLYN EVANS-SHABAZZ
DISTRICT D



FRED FLICKINGER
DISTRICT E



TIFFANY D. THOMAS
DISTRICT F



MARY NAN HUFFMAN DISTRICT G



MARIO CASTILLO DISTRICT H



JOAQUIN MARTINEZ
DISTRICT I



EDWARD POLLARD
DISTRICT J



MARTHA CASTEX-TATUM
DISTRICT K



JULIAN RAMIREZ
AT-LARGE POSITION 1



WILLIE DAVIS
AT-LARGE POSITION 2



TWILA CARTER
AT-LARGE POSITION 3



LETITIA PLUMMER
AT-LARGE POSITION 4



**SALLIE ALCORN**AT-LARGE POSITION 5

# **AS OF JUNE 30, 2025**



Saba Abashawl Chief External Affairs Officer



Fletcher Clark III Interim General Manager of Hobby Airport



Francisco Cuellar **Chief Commercial Officer** 



**Darryl Daniel Chief Technology Officer** 

**Scott Hill** 

Chief of Infrastructure



**Gary High** Chief of Large Capital Projects



Jim Szczesniak

**Director of Aviation** 



**Arturo Machuca** Director Ellington Airport & **Houston Spaceport** 





**Clint Stephen Chief Financial Officer** 



**Molly Waits** Chief of Marketing ,Communications, and Customer Experience



**Kelly Woodward Chief Operating Officer** 



**Steve Runge Chief of Operations** 

# 2025 SKYTRAX WORLD AIRPORT AWARDS

Hobby Airport became the first and only 5-Star Skytrax airport in North America in 2022. Today, Hobby Airport is among 22 airports worldwide, and the only airport in North America with an overall 5-Star Skytrax rating. Bush Airport maintains its 4-Star Skytrax rating for an eighth consecutive year.

Houston Airports was awarded 2025 World's Best Airport Art & Entertainment Program

Houston Airports boasts one of the aviation industry's largest civic art collections while featuring temporary works through cultural collaborations with NASA, the Houston Livestock Show and Rodeo and the Orange Show. The nearly 400-piece collection is set to grow in 2027 when more than \$20 million is invested in art for the new IAH Terminal B and the newly expanded HOU West Concourse. Houston Airports employs more than 75 local professional musicians through its performing arts program, Harmony in the Air. Houston Airports is also home to the longest-running airport artist-in-residence program in the U.S. The Art Ambassador programs create direct engagement with passengers through interactive experiences. The program is funded by the City of Houston ordinance that allocates 1.75% of eligible capital improvement dollars for public art, administered in partnership with the Houston Arts Alliance and the Mayor's Office of Cultural Affairs.

Other notable wins at the 2025 World Airport Awards:



IAH

HOU



Bush Airport ranks among the Top 10 World's Best Airport Dining Experiences

Bush Airport Ranks 33rd in the Top 100 Best Airports in the World

Ranks as the 3rd Best Airport by passenger numbers in the 40 to 50 million passengers category Hobby Airport Ranks 27th in the Top 100 Best Airports in the World

Hobby Airport is the 4th Best Regional Airport in the World

Hobby Airport ranked 7th in Best Airport Staff in North America









# **GOVERNMENT FINANCE OFFICERS ASSOCIATION**

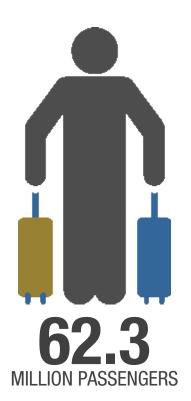
The City of Houston Airport System Fund was awarded the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for the 31st consecutive year for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.





\$638M

**OPERATING REVENUE** 



**48**<sup>(A)</sup>

**AIRLINES** 

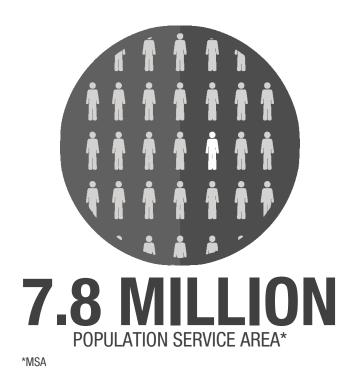


201 (B)
NON-STOP DESTINATIONS

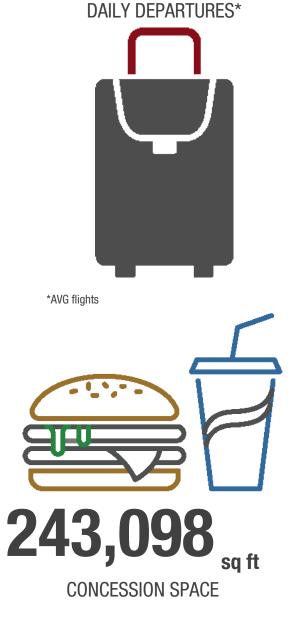


41 (B)

- (A) Consists of 29 mainline carriers, 6 regional carriers, and 13 cargo carriers operating at Intercontinental Airport and Hobby Airport
- (B) Data presented for the Houston Airport System as a whole, not by airport; for fiscal year 2025



Public Parking Spaces



INTRODUCTION At a Glance



# **MISSION**

We exist to connect the people, businesses, cultures and economies of the world to Houston.

# **VISION**

Establish Houston Airports as a 5-Star global air service gateway where the magic of flight is celebrated.

# STRATEGIC PRIORITIES

- · Make our passengers happy.
- Act responsibly to achieve social, environmental and economic sustainability.
- · Build platforms for future success.
- Invest in our partnerships and our employees.

Houston Spaceport is a state-of-the-art commercial spaceport located in Houston, Texas. Intuitive Machines, Collins Aerospace, Venues Aerospace and Axiom Space are major tenants of the Houston Spaceport. As an FAA-licensed facility, it provides a unique platform for aerospace companies to conduct a variety of operations, including launching and landing suborbital, reusable launch vehicles.

Houston Spaceport offers a range of essential facilities and services, such as laboratory office space and large-scale hardware production facilities. This comprehensive ecosystem fosters innovation, collaboration, and growth within the aerospace industry. The Spaceport's partnership with San Jacinto College's EDGE Center ensures a steady supply of skilled technicians, further enhancing its appeal to aerospace businesses seeking to establish or expand their operations in the region.

# HOUSTON SPACEPORT







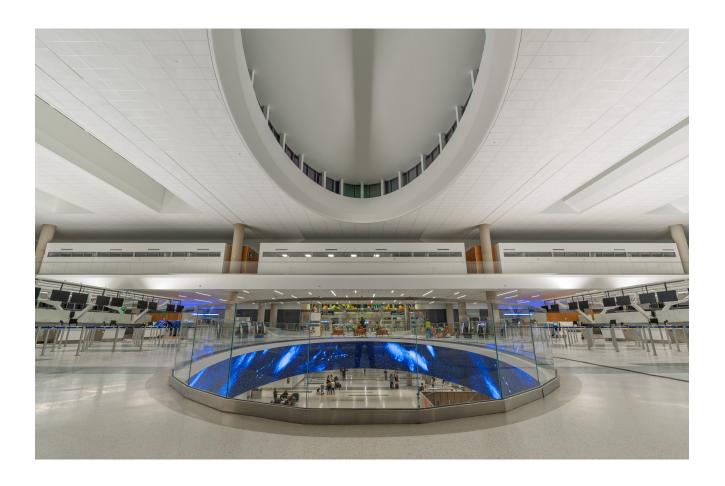
At a Glance INTRODUCTION

# IAH TERMINAL REDEVELOPMENT PROGRAM

The Houston Airport System is in the final stages of completing an ambitious project to modernize the George Bush International Airport's international terminal and further cement Houston as a global city. The IAH Terminal Redevelopment Program, also known as ITRP, is the largest expansion program in the 54-year history of Bush Airport and builds on a series of pervious renovation programs. The program budget is approximately \$1.5 billion and will reach substantial completion by the end of 2025. Foreign flag airlines will begin utilizing the new Terminal E International Central Processing facilities in the first guarter of 2026.

The ITRP effort was undertaken to develop additional facilities in support of aging infrastructure and unprecedented growth in international traffic at IAH. The program will support international flight operations for United Airlines and more than a dozen foreign flag carriers. Additional international gates will accommodate continued international airline growth and larger widebody aircraft.

The program will improve current and future roadway and curbside capacity constraints in the central terminal area, improve baggage handling system capacity and reliability challenges, and significantly improve the overall guest experience for every international passenger.



INTRODUCTION At a Glance

# IAH TERMINAL B TRANSFORMATION

The Terminal B Transformation at IAH is a groundbreaking initiative representing United Airlines' and the Houston Airport System's joint commitment to revolutionizing the passenger experience. A new Terminal B will triple the capacity on curbs and roads and provide safe, clean and world-class facilities. The \$2.55 billion project includes 40 new gates for domestic and international travel, a new processor for ticketing, upgraded baggage handling systems and state of the art food, retail and club space. With a projected completion in 2027, the new terminal will create a world class experience for the traveling public.





# HOU WEST CONCOURSE SEVEN GATE EXPANSION

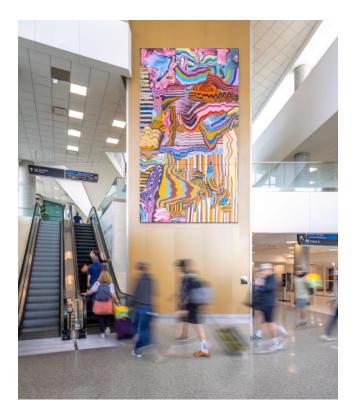
The \$470 million expansion of the West Concourse at HOU will support increased passenger demand by constructing 7 new gates that will be able to service domestic and international flights with six gates given preferential use status to Southwest Airline. In addition, the project will expand and renovate the existing baggage handling system and baggage claim area and upgrade existing infrastructure to be able to support increased passenger counts. The expansion will create space for more restaurants, retail establishments, and art. The West Concourse Expansion Project is projected to be complete in 2027.





At a Glance INTRODUCTION

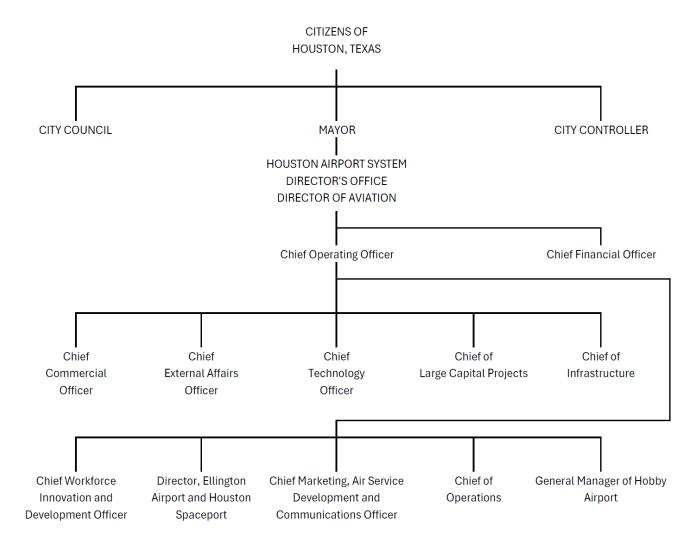
# ART IN THE AIRPORT



Houston Airports has a dynamic visual and performing Public Art Program, which has proudly claimed the prestigious Skytrax "Best Art in the Airport" award for three consecutive years, a testament to our exceptional commitment to enriching the passenger experience through the arts. The airport's extensive art collection, featuring nearly 400 pieces, showcases the work of local and international artists. From stunning murals to thought-provoking sculptures, the art seamlessly integrates into the airport's architecture, creating a visually captivating environment. Additionally there are over a dozen temporary exhibitions presented through the Cultural Collaboration program, reflecting the city's vibrant cultural scene.

Complementing the visual arts displays is robust programming including the longest running Artist In Residence program at an airport in the country, and the renowned Harmony in the Air program, which brings live music from more than 75 local professional musicians to the terminals. This initiative features diverse performances in multiple genres, providing travelers with a unique opportunity to experience the visual and performing arts.











2300 North Field Street, Suite 1000 Dallas, Texas 75201 972-490-1970

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

The Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council and City Controller of City of Houston, Texas

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Airport System Fund, an enterprise fund of the City of Houston, Texas (the "Fund"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Fund's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Fund, as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Fund, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Emphasis of Matters

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the Fund and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the City of Houston, Texas, as of June 30, 2025, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

During the year ended June 30, 2025, the Fund implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, and GASB Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*. This is included in Note 1 to the financial statements.

Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

#### Other Matter

The financial statements of the Fund for the year ended June 30, 2024 were audited by other auditors whose report dated November 18, 2024, expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements. Their report includes an Emphasis of Matter paragraph stating that the financial statements present only the Fund and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the City of Houston, Texas, as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Weaver and Tidwell, LLP.

CPAs AND ADVISORS | WEAVER.COM

The Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council and City Controller City of Houston, Texas

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The Fund's Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and
  design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
  evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's
  internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates
  made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial
  doubt about the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Schedule of the Fund's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of the Fund's Contributions for Municipal Pension Plans, Schedule of the Fund's Investment Returns, Schedules of the Fund's Proportionate Share of OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, and related Notes to the Required Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council and City Controller City of Houston, Texas

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Fund's basic financial statements. The Schedules of Passenger Facility Charge Revenues and Disbursements and related Notes (the "Schedules") are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information Included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR)

Management is responsible for the other information included in the ACFR. The other information comprises the introductory section and statistical section but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the basic financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2025, on our consideration of the Fund's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Fund's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

Weaver and Siduell L.L.P.

Dallas, Texas December 12, 2025 The Houston Airport System ("HAS") is an independent, financially self-sufficient department of the City of Houston, Texas (the "City") that owns George Bush Intercontinental Airport ("IAH"), William P. Hobby Airport ("HOU"), and Ellington Airport ("EFD"). The Airport System Fund (the "Fund") is an enterprise fund of the City. HAS, under the administrative control of the Mayor, manages and operates the Fund. Management of HAS offers readers of the Fund's financial statements this overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2025 ("FY2025"), and June 30, 2024 ("FY2024"). This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the Fund's financial statements that begin on page 16.

# **Financial Highlights**

The Fund's net position increased by \$110.2 million or 5.1% during FY2025 and increased by \$179.2 million or 9.1% for FY2024.

Operating revenues for FY2025 increased by \$42.6 million or 7.2% compared to FY2024 primarily due to an increase in rental revenues of \$21.4 million, an increase in parking revenues of \$10.7 million, and an increase in concessions revenues of \$5.2 million. In FY2024, operating revenues increased by \$35.3 million or 6.3% compared to FY2023 primarily due to an increase in rental revenues of \$15.6 million, an increase in concessions revenues of \$8.6 million, and an increase of \$6.0 million in landing fees. For FY2025, the increases were mainly due to increases in rental and parking rates. For FY2024, the increases were mainly due to an increase in the total number of passengers from 57.8 million in FY2023 to 62.0 million in FY2024 as both business and leisure travel continued to recover since the pandemic.

In FY2025, operating expenses increased by \$83.3 million or 13.7% compared to FY2024, primarily due to an increase of \$73.0 million in professional services and other operating costs for the ongoing planning efforts related to HAS five-year Capital Improvement Plan ("CIP"), which calls for \$2.7 billion to expand, update, and maintain the airport system. At IAH, HAS is partnering with United Airlines for Terminal B Modernization, in which HAS will fund \$624.0 million for enabling projects. Once completed, Terminal B will provide 40 new gates for domestic and international flights, improved curbsides, and roadway capacity. The future Domestic Redevelopment Program ("DRP") slated to begin in 2029 will expand IAH domestic gate capacity for non-hub airlines while also positioning IAH as a preferred service destinations for all airline partners. In addition, the DRP will include increased airfield capacity, expanded parking facilities and upgraded concession and retail options. At HOU, passenger traffic growth will be supported with a seven-gate expansion to the West Concourse. Other projects include baggage claim expansion, sewer system replacement, and other capital improvements planned for the airfield as required by the Federal Aviation Administration ("FAA"), as well as normal pavement management and customer service enhancements for the HOU Central Concourse. In FY2024, operating expenses increased by \$36.0 million or 6.3% primarily due to an increase in professional services and other operating costs of \$21.2 million and an increase in personnel costs of \$13.9 million.

# **Key Performance Indicators**

The following table highlights changes in some of HAS' operating and financial key performance indicators for the years ended June 30, 2025, 2024, and 2023. Additional details can be found in the Statistical section of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report in the Operational Information sub-section.

For the Years Ended	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Total passengers (in millions)	62.3	62.0	57.8
Aircraft operations (in thousands)	729.9	734.2	689.8
Passenger landed weight (in million pounds)	36,797.2	36,574.8	33,510.1
Cargo landed weight (in million pounds)	2,208.1	2,187.6	2,375.4
Cargo metric tons (in thousands)	531.2	539.7	519.5

## Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is an introduction to the Fund's financial statements, which consist of the following components: management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A"), financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and required supplementary information. The notes are essential to a full understanding of the financial statements. A statistical section is included for further analysis.

A fund is a group of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. An enterprise fund is used to account for a business-like activity within a government. The Fund is an enterprise fund of the City; thus, it is included in the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

The Statements of Net Position present information on the Fund's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between these sections reported as net position. Changes in net position from year to year may serve as useful indicators of whether the financial position of the Fund is improving or deteriorating.

The Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position present information showing how the Fund's net position changed during the two most recent fiscal years. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The Statements of Cash Flows report how much cash was provided by or used for the Fund's operations, investing activities, non-capital financing activities, and capital and related financing activities.

The financial statements also include note disclosures as well as required supplementary information that provide additional explanations and details on significant accounting policies and significant financial statement line items.

**NET POSITION** JUNE 30, 2025, JUNE 30, 2024, AND JUNE 30, 2023

(in thousands)

	2025	2024	2023
Assets			
Current assets	\$ 673,946 \$	785,544 \$	597,426
Noncurrent assets	1,419,575	1,538,473	1,618,471
Net capital assets	3,632,959	3,432,998	3,197,399
Total assets	5,726,480	5,757,015	5,413,296
Deferred outflows of resources	30,254	34,418	38,591
Liabilities			
Current liabilities	435,814	399,446	438,856
Noncurrent liabilities	2,716,495	2,874,301	2,766,289
Total liabilities	3,152,309	3,273,747	3,205,145
Deferred inflows of resources	 346,644	370,143	278,418
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	935,102	728,106	591,494
Restricted net position	1,387,545	1,391,866	1,444,873
Unrestricted (deficit) surplus	(64,866)	27,571	(68,043)
Total net position	\$ 2,257,781 \$	2,147,543 \$	1,968,324

# Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position

Total net position at June 30, 2025, was \$2,257.8 million, a \$110.2 million or 5.1% increase from FY2024. Total net position at June 30, 2024, was \$2,147.5 million, a \$179.2 million or 9.1% increase from FY2023.

Approximately a third of the Fund's total net position, 41.4% and 33.9% as of FY2025 and FY2024, respectively, reflects net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, runways, equipment, and infrastructure), net of related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets, offset by bond proceeds remaining in cash and investment accounts at fiscal year-end. The Fund uses these capital assets to operate the airports; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Fund's investment in its capital assets is reported net of any related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided by airport revenue or other sources procured by the Fund, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The other portions of the Fund's net position represent resources that are restricted, and the unrestricted net position surplus or deficit. The restricted net position in FY2025 was \$1,387.5 million, a 0.3% decrease from FY2024. The restricted net position in FY2024 was \$1,391.9 million, a 3.7% decrease from FY2023. The Restricted net position is subjected to external restrictions on how they may be used. Most of these restrictions are due to covenants made to the holders of the Fund's revenue bonds within ordinances passed by the City Council. These covenants further require that any positive unrestricted net position carried in cash and cash equivalents at the end of the fiscal year be restricted for future capital improvements. The unrestricted deficit was \$64.9 million as of June 30, 2025, and the unrestricted net position was \$27.6 million as of June 30, 2024.

#### FY2025

Total assets decreased by \$30.5 million, or 0.5%, from \$5,757.0 million in FY2024 to \$5,726.5 million in FY2025. Unrestricted and restricted cash and cash & cash equivalents decreased by \$34.4 million, or 7.6%, while investments decreased by \$186.5 million, or 13.1%, compared to FY2024. The decreases in cash and investments were primarily due to increases in capital assets and operating expenses related to terminal redevelopment programs. Accounts receivable decreased by \$5.6 million or 16.3% compared to the balance at the end of FY2024. The decrease was mainly due to the year-end rates and charges adjustment to airline customers' receivable balances. Restricted receivables for Passenger Facility Charges ("PFC") and Customer Facility Charges ("CFC") increased by \$1.3 million or 6.8% due to an increase of \$1.7 million in balances due from the airlines operating at HOU.

Balance due from other governments increased by \$10.1 million or 24.8% compared to FY2024. The Fund received the final reimbursements from the FAA in FY2025 for eligible expenditures related to the pandemic under the Coronavirus Response and Consolidated Appropriations Act ("CCRSA") and American Rescue Plan Act ('ARPA"), which resulted in a decrease of \$23.5 million in operating grants receivable. This decrease was offset by an increase of \$33.5 million in capital grants receivable for eligible expenditures under the Airport Terminals Program and the Airport Infrastructure Grants authorized under the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act.

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, increased by approximately \$200.0 million or 5.8% compared to FY2024. The increase was primarily due to an increase of \$591.2 million in buildings and improvements, offset by a decrease of \$211.1 million in construction in progress for construction projects completed during FY2025. In addition, FY2025 depreciation expense totaled \$182.9 million. HAS continues with its five-year CIP that will continue through FY2030, which calls for \$2.7 billion to expand, update, and maintain the airport system. See the <a href="Capital Assets">Capital Assets</a> section in this MD&A for further discussion and analysis on current and future capital projects.

Deferred outflows of resources decreased by \$4.2 million or 12.1% mainly attributable to a decrease of \$1.2 million or 9.4% in debt refunding related deferred outflows and a decrease of \$2.4 million or 22.3% in other postemployment benefit plans related deferred outflows. The decreases were mainly due to FY2025 amortization of prior year deferred amounts.

Total liabilities decreased by \$121.4 million or 3.7% compared to FY2024 to \$3,152.3 million, primarily due to a decrease of \$143.2 million in subordinate lien revenue bonds and a decrease of \$9.6 million in special facility bonds for principal payments made during FY2025. Net pension liability decreased by \$21.8 million or 13.3% mainly due to an increase of \$62.2 million in the Fund's proportionate share of the fiduciary net position as investment earnings increased significantly compared to FY2024. The increase was offset by an increase of \$40.4 million in the Fund's proportionate share of the total pension liability. Total other post-employment benefit liabilities decreased by \$6.2 million mainly due to a decrease of \$6.3 million in other post-employment benefits - health benefit ("OPEB-HB"). The OPEB-HB decrease was due to valuation assumption changes related to raising the discount rate, updating the valuation for health costs and future trend costs, and an update in the actuarial spread factors. In addition, unearned revenue decreased by \$7.5 million primarily due to pandemic related credits taken by the concessionaires during FY2025.

The decreases were offset by an increase of \$11.0 million in accounts payable and an increase of \$32.0 million in contracts and retainages payable due to ongoing construction work being performed at all HAS airports. In addition, general obligation bonds increased by \$26.4 million due to the issuance of the Series 2024A General Obligation Bonds by the City. See the <u>Debt</u> section in this MD&A and <u>Note 5</u> to the financial statements for additional discussion.

Total deferred inflows of resources decreased by \$23.5 million or 6.3% primarily due to a decrease of \$23.3 million in deferred inflows from leases. Deferred inflows from leases decreased due to normal lease amortization.

#### FY2024

Total assets increased by \$343.7 million, or 6.3%, from \$5,413.3 million in FY2023 to \$5,757.0 million in FY2024. Unrestricted and restricted cash and cash & cash equivalents increased by \$122.5 million, or 37.2%, while investments increased by \$122.0 million, or 7.9%, compared to FY2023. Accounts receivable increased by \$23.5 million or 218.6% compared to the balance at the end of FY2023. Receivables from customers increased by \$17.8 million while rates and charges resulted in a credit that was \$6.5 million less compared to FY2023. Restricted receivables for PFC and CFC increased by \$8.0 million or 67.8% due to the fact that both business and leisure travel exceeded pre-pandemic activity by 4.2%. The majority of this growth occurred at IAH, with a rise of 2.9% in domestic travel and a 9.3% rise in international travel. Travel activity at HOU returned to 100% of pre-pandemic levels in FY2024.

Balance due from other governments decreased by \$17.1 million or 29.6% compared to FY2023 as HAS received reimbursements from the FAA under CCRSA and ARPA grant programs for eligible expenditures related to the pandemic. As of June 30, 2024, the remaining amounts for reimbursement are \$18.6 million for CCRSA and \$4.7 million for ARPA. Furthermore, construction in progress increased by \$249.9 million or 28.8% due to costs capitalized for expansion and renovation projects during FY2024 as HAS continues with its five-year CIP that will continue through FY2029 which calls for \$2.8 billion to expand, update, and maintain the airport system. There was also an increase in buildings and improvements of \$144.6 million or 2.5%.

Deferred outflows of resources decreased by \$4.2 million or 10.8% mainly attributable to a decrease of \$4.4 million or 25.0% in debt refunding related deferred outflows and a decrease of \$1.0 million or 8.7% in pension related deferred outflows.

Total liabilities increased by \$68.6 million or 2.1% compared to June 30, 2023, primarily due to an increase of \$477.7 million in subordinate lien revenue bonds payable in FY2024, partially offset by a decrease of \$350.0 million in commercial paper due to the issuance of the Subordinate Lien Revenue and Refunding Bonds Series 2023A and 2023B. Contracts and retainages payable decreased by \$56.4 million or 30.4% as significant construction work is being performed at all HAS airports. Net pension liability decreased by \$15.0 million or 8.4% mainly due to an increase in HAS proportionate share based on contributions during the measurement period. Other post-employment benefits payable increased by \$8.1 million or 14.9% mainly due to an increase of \$8.1 million or 14.9% for OPEB-HB. The OPEB- HB increase is due to valuation assumption changes related to raising the discount rate, updating the valuation for health costs and future trend costs, and an update in the actuarial spread factors.

Total deferred inflows of resources increased by \$91.7 million or 32.9% due to an increase of \$82.3 million in deferred inflows from leases and an increase of \$14.3 million in deferred inflows from debt refunding. Deferred inflows from leases increased due to normal lease amortization and deferred inflows from debt refunding increased as a result of the issuance of the Subordinate Lien Revenue and Refunding Bonds Series 2023A and 2023B.

# **Changes in Net Position**

For FY2025 and FY2024, the Fund's net position increased by \$110.2 million or 5.1% and \$179.2 million or 9.1%, respectively.

# CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2025, JUNE 30, 2024, and JUNE 30, 2023

(in thousands)

	 2025	2024	2023
Operating revenues	\$ 638,152 \$	595,563 \$	560,247
Operating expenses	 691,224	607,925	571,878
Operating loss	 (53,072)	(12,362)	(11,631)
Nonoperating revenues	234,739	238,303	224,081
Nonoperating expenses	91,993	53,230	78,938
Nonoperating income	142,746	185,073	145,143
Income before capital contributions	89,674	172,711	133,512
Contributions to governmental activities	(27,017)	_	_
Capital contributions	 47,581	6,508	37,087
Change in net position	110,238	179,219	170,599
Total net position, July 1	 2,147,543	1,968,324	1,797,725
Total net position, June 30	\$ 2,257,781 \$	2,147,543 \$	1,968,324

# TOTAL REVENUES AND CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2025, JUNE 30, 2024, and JUNE 30, 2023

(in thousands)

	2025	2024	2023
Operating Revenues			
Landing area fees	\$ 101,145 \$	98,556 \$	92,601
Rentals, building and ground areas	271,795	250,353	234,751
Parking and concessions	254,799	238,920	225,151
Other operating revenues	10,413	7,734	7,744
Nonoperating Revenues			
Passenger Facility Charges	116,533	117,407	108,754
Customer Facility Charges	18,223	17,946	16,075
Investment income	87,606	91,803	38,706
Gain on disposal of assets and incomplete projects	-	_	405
CARES Act/CRRSAA/ARPA grants	-	46,736	50,230
Other nonoperating revenues	12,377	11,147	9,911
Total revenues	872,891	880,602	784,328
Capital contributions	47,581	6,508	37,087
Total revenues and capital contributions	\$ 920,472 \$	887,110 \$	821,415

#### FY2025

Operating revenues increased by \$42.6 million or 7.2% as total enplaned and deplaned passenger volume at IAH and HOU increased by 0.4% in addition to increases in various rates charged by HAS. Airline landing fees increased by \$2.6 million or 2.6% compared to FY2024, and rental revenues increased by \$21.4 million or 8.6%. In addition, parking revenues increased by \$10.7 million or 8.7% compared to FY2024. Concession revenues also increased by \$5.2 million or 4.4%. Of the \$21.4 million increase in rental revenues, \$17.2 million was related to terminal space rentals by the airlines. For rental revenues, airline terminal space rental increased by \$15M but space leased decreased when looking at Note 4.

Nonoperating revenues decreased by \$42.3 million or 22.9% primarily due to the expiration of ARPA grants in FY2024.

Capital contributions increased to \$47.6 million in FY2025 from \$6.5 million in FY2024 mainly due to fundings received from the FAA for eligible expenditures under the Airport Terminals Program and the Airport Infrastructure Grants authorized under the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act.

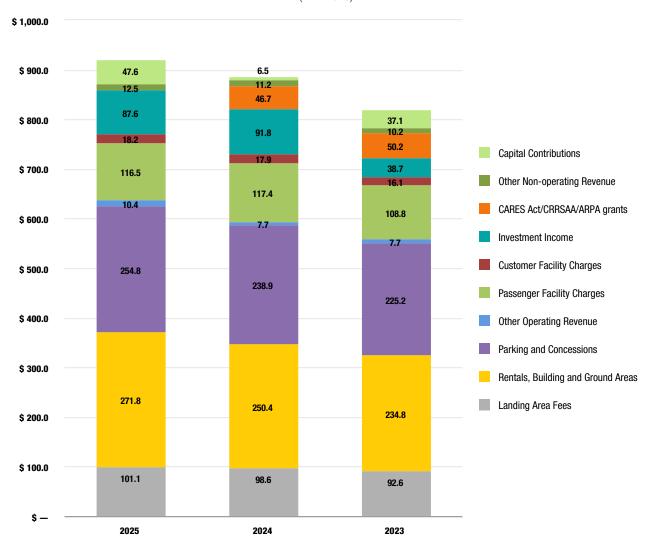
#### FY2024

Operating revenues increased by \$35.3 million or 6.3% as total enplaned and deplaned passenger volume at IAH and HOU increased by 7.3%. Airline landing fees increased by \$6.0 million or 6.4% compared to FY2023, and rental revenues increased by \$15.6 million or 6.6%. In addition, parking revenues increased by \$5.1 million or 4.4% compared to FY2023. Concession revenues also increased by \$8.6 million or 8.0%. For FY2024, the increases were due to the total number of passengers increasing from 57.8 million in FY2023 to 62.0 million in FY2024 due to the fact that both business and leisure travel exceeded pre-pandemic activity.

Nonoperating revenues increased by \$39.9 million or 27.5% due to an increase in PFC revenues of \$8.7 million or 8.0% and an increase in CFC charges of \$1.9 million or 11.6% due to higher numbers of passengers compared to FY2023. In addition, investment income increased by \$53.1 million or 137.2%.

# **TOTAL REVENUES and CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS**

(in millions)



# TOTAL EXPENSES FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2025, JUNE 30, 2024, and JUNE 30, 2023

(in thousands)

	2025	2024	2023
Operating Expenses			
Maintenance and operating	\$ 508,370	\$ 437,178 \$	400,956
Depreciation and amortization	182,854	170,747	170,922
Interest expense	90,365	92,476	78,655
Loss on disposal of assets and incomplete projects	30	415	_
Other nonoperating expenses	1,598	\$ 7,075	283
Contributions to governmental activities	 27,017	\$ _	_
Total expenses	\$ 810,234	\$ 707,891 \$	650,816

#### FY2025

In FY2025, operating expenses increased by \$83.3 million or 13.7% compared to FY2024, primarily due to a \$73.0 million increase in professional services and other operating costs and a \$12.1 million increase in depreciation expense, offset by a \$3.2 million decrease in personnel costs. The increase in professional services and other operating costs was due to ongoing redevelopment and maintenance programs at both IAH and HOU. And the increase in depreciation expense was due to an increase of \$591.0 million in depreciable and amortizable capital assets from \$5.99 billion to \$6.58 billion. The decrease in personnel costs was mainly attributable to the city-wide early retirement program implemented in FY2025 to reduce personnel related costs.

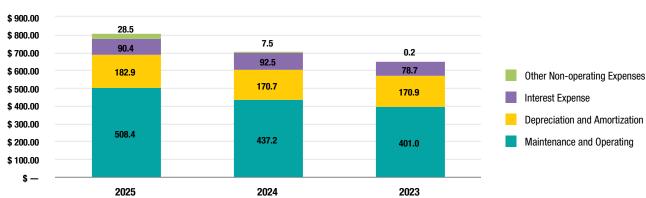
In addition, the Fund made a \$27.0 million non-cash contribution to the City's governmental activities related to the general obligation bonds issued by the City. See the <u>Debt</u> section in this MD&A and <u>Note 5</u> to the financial statements for additional discussion.

#### FY2024

In FY2024, operating expenses increased by \$36.0 million or 6.3% compared to FY2023, primarily due to an increase in personnel costs of \$13.9 million due to contractual increases in salaries and an increase for professional services of \$11.5 million or 4.9% due to ongoing planning efforts related to HAS five-year CIP project. Overtime pay increased by \$1.0 million or 21.1% due to ongoing construction activity in FY2024. Expenses for non-capital outlay increased by \$0.1 million or 6.3% compared to FY2023.





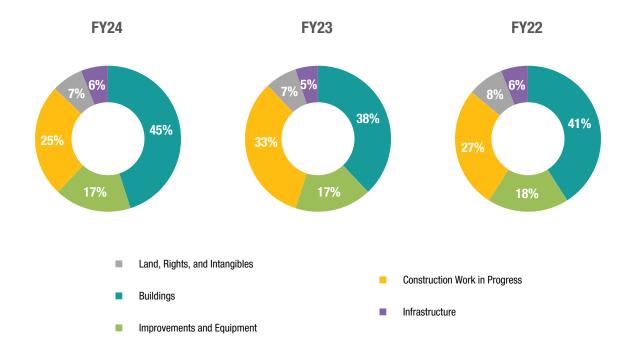


# **Capital Assets**

# CAPITAL ASSETS JUNE 30, 2025, JUNE 30, 2024, AND JUNE 30, 2023

(Net of Depreciation and Amortization)
(in thousands)

	2025	2024	2023
Land	\$ 216,315	\$ 214,457 \$	214,457
Buildings	1,650,771	1,320,889	1,321,918
Rights and Intangibles	23,310	24,365	25,556
Improvements and Equipment	620,008	581,515	589,489
Infrastructure	214,675	172,821	176,899
Construction work in progress	 907,880	1,118,951	869,080
	\$ 3,632,959	\$ 3,432,998 \$	3,197,399



#### FY2025

The Fund's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, amounted to \$3,633.0 million for FY2025, an increase of \$200.0 million or 5.8% compared to FY2024. During FY2025, the Fund added approximately \$383.2 million of capital assets, with \$374.4 million to construction work in progress balance. The additions were mainly related to the IAH Terminal Redevelopment Program ("ITRP") with more than \$176.1 million in additions and \$79.5 million for the Southwest Airlines gate expansion at HOU. FY2025 depreciation expense was approximately \$182.9 million.

#### FY2024

The Fund's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, amounted to \$3,433.0 million for FY2024, an increase of \$235.6 million or 7.4% compared to FY2023. During FY2024, the Fund added approximately \$406.4 million of capital assets, with \$391.2 million to construction work in progress balance. The additions were mainly related to the ITRP with more than \$291.0 million in additions, \$12.8 million in Aircraft Rescue and Fire Fighting upgrades at both IAH and HOU, and \$7.6 million for the Southwest Airlines gate expansion at HOU. FY2024 depreciation expense was approximately \$170.7 million million.

#### **Capital Improvement Program**

The City updates and adopts annually a rolling five-year comprehensive plan that determines and prioritizes its capital and infrastructure needs, including HAS. Management of HAS continuously monitors and adjusts the CIP based on financial capacity, air travel demand, and airline industry developments. The HAS five-year CIP for fiscal years 2026-2030 calls for \$2.7 billion to expand, update, and maintain the airport system.

Major projects, greater than \$100.0 million individually, are as follows:

- 1. IAH Terminal A modernization program: \$900.0 million
- 2. IAH Skyway automated people mover upgrade: \$270.0 million
- 3. HOU Runway 13R/31L rehabilitation and electrical upgrade: \$150.0 million
- 4. IAH Central utility plant upgrades: \$125.3 million
- 5. IAH Terminal B redevelopment enabling projects: \$124.0 million

The remainder of the budget consists of the improvement and rehabilitation of infrastructure for IAH, HOU, and EFD, and Houston Spaceport.

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#### Debt

## OUTSTANDING DEBT JUNE 30, 2025, JUNE 30, 2024, AND JUNE 30, 2023

(in thousands)

	2025	2024	2023
Senior Lien Debt			_
Commercial paper	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 350,000
Total senior lien debt	 _	_	350,000
Subordinate Lien Debt			
Revenue bonds	2,370,395	2,493,320	2,055,965
Unamortized discount and premium	197,552	217,875	177,531
Total subordinate lien debt	 2,567,947	2,711,195	2,233,496
Other Debt			
Direct borrowing debt	12,341	13,582	14,800
Pension obligation bonds	2,006	2,006	2,006
General obligation bonds	26,417	_	_
Special facility revenue bonds			
Consolidated rental car facility	34,015	43,645	52,515
Lease and subscription liabilities	1,341	2,482	3,957
Total other debt	 76,120	61,715	73,278
Total outstanding debt	\$ 2,644,067	\$ 2,772,910	\$ 2,656,774
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>			
Deferred outflows from debt refunding	\$ 11,885	\$ 13,114	\$ 17,495
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	 		 
Deferred inflows from debt refunding	\$ 13,778	\$ 14,270	\$ 

HAS funds major projects like terminal expansion/renovations, runway improvements, and other expansion projects through the issuance of debt, net of available FAA discretionary funding. Minor renewals and replacements are generally funded out of the Fund's "Renewal & Replacement Fund" and "Airports Improvement Fund." HAS continuously monitors the cash flow and contracting requirements for all approved capital projects.

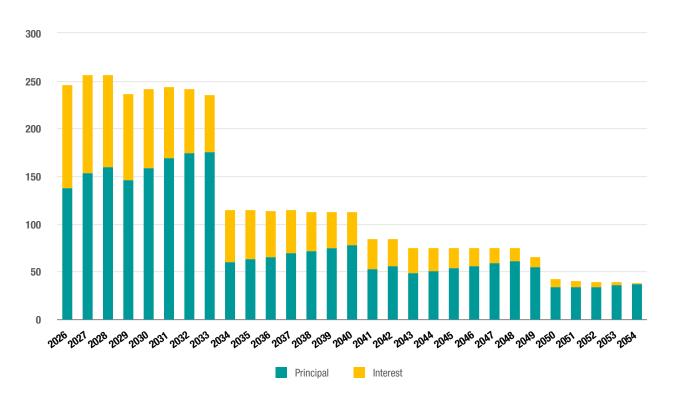
On March 13, 2024, the City and the Houston Professional Fire Fighters' Association (the "Association") executed a settlement agreement, which released the City from all claims and causes of action asserted by the Association in a lawsuit. The City issued \$612.1 million General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2024A (the "Series 2024A Bonds"), on July 18, 2024, and the proceeds were used to fund part of the settlement payments. Subsequent to the issuance of the Series 2024A Bonds, the Fund was assigned the responsibility to pay principal and interest on a portion of the Series 2024A Bonds. As of June 30, 2025, the balance of the Fund's portion of the Series 2024A Bonds was \$26.4 million. See Note 5 to the financial statements for the terms of the Series 2024A Bonds.

As of June 30, 2025, and 2024, the Fund's outstanding senior lien and subordinate lien debt, net of unamortized discount and premium totaled \$2,567.9 million and \$2,711.2 million, respectively. In addition, the Fund is responsible for other debt totaling \$76.1 million and \$61.7 million as summarized in the above table as of June 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively.

In addition, on August 13, 2025, HAS issued Revenue and Refunding Bonds in the approximate aggregate principal amount of \$699.8 million to finance improvements primarily to IAH Terminal B redevelopment and HOU West Concourse expansion. See additional disclosures related to the issuance of Airport System Subordinate Lien Bonds, Series 2025A, in Note 12.

# **Debt Service Requirements to Maturity**

(in millions)



The underlying ratings of the Fund's obligations at June 30, 2025 are as follows:

	Senior Lien	Subordinate Lien	Consolidated Rental Car SFRB
Fitch's Bond Rating:	No bonds outstanding	A+	A-
Moody's Bond Rating:	No bonds outstanding	A1	A3
Standard & Poor's Bond Rating:	No bonds outstanding	A+	А

Additional information on long-term capital asset activity and debt activity are disclosed in Notes 3 and 5 to the financial statements.

# **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Houston, Texas, Airport System Fund's finances for all of those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Finance Department, Houston Airport System, 16930 JFK Boulevard, Houston, Texas 77032.

(in thousands) June 30, 2025 and 2024

	2025		2024	
Assets		_		
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	142,135	\$ 202,927	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		274,789	248,418	
Investments		53,076	110,191	
Restricted investments		76,979	101,994	
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$3,827 and \$3,827 in 2025 and 2024, respectively)		28,641	34,238	
Restricted accounts receivable		21,070	19,732	
Lease receivable		14,480	14,747	
Due from City of Houston		38	1,034	
Inventory		2,182	2,207	
Prepaids		9,844	9,416	
Due from other governments - grants receivable		50,712	 40,640	
Total current assets		673,946	785,544	
Noncurrent assets		_		
Investments		9,737	14,025	
Restricted investments		1,099,418	1,199,486	
Prepaids		1,737	1,799	
Lease receivable, non-current		308,683	323,163	
Capital assets:				
Land		216,315	214,457	
Rights and intangibles		21,750	21,750	
Buildings, improvements and equipment		6,573,770	5,982,532	
Construction in progress		907,880	1,118,951	
Lease right-of-use assets		103	295	
Subscription right-of-use assets		5,362	 5,362	
Total capital assets		7,725,180	7,343,347	
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(4,092,221)	 (3,910,349)	
Net capital assets		3,632,959	 3,432,998	
Total noncurrent assets		5,052,534	4,971,471	
Total assets		5,726,480	5,757,015	
Deferred outflows of resources	<u> </u>			
Deferred outflows from debt refunding		11,885	13,114	
Deferred outflows from pensions		10,036	10,585	
Deferred outflows from other post-employment benefits		8,333	10,719	
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	30,254	\$ 34,418	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

(continued)

June 30, 2025 and 2024 (in thousands)

	2025		2024
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$	35,743	\$ 24,793
Accrued arbitrage rebate		338	_
Accrued payroll liabilities		3,454	3,077
Accrued interest payable		54,477	56,625
Advances and deposits		2,890	2,785
Claims for workers' compensation		1,002	1,279
Compensated absences		4,961	7,589
Contracts and retainages payable		161,193	129,237
Due to City of Houston		3,190	1,156
Due to other governments		1,843	1,843
General obligation bonds		69	_
Lease liabilities		4	10
Notes payable		1,266	1,241
Other post-employment benefits		1,837	2,030
Revenue bonds payable		126,350	122,925
Special facility revenue bonds payable		10,445	9,630
Subscription liabilities		109	1,131
Unearned revenue		26,643	 34,095
Total current liabilities		435,814	399,446
Noncurrent liabilities		_	_
Revenue bonds payable, net of current portion		2,441,597	2,588,270
Special facility revenue bonds payable, net of current portion		23,570	34,015
Pension obligation bonds payable		2,006	2,006
General obligation bonds, net of current portion		26,348	_
Lease liabilities, net of current portion		4	8
Subscription liabilities, net of current portion		1,224	1,333
Notes payable, net of current portion		11,075	12,341
Claims for workers' compensation, net of current portion		4,335	4,461
Compensated absences, net of current portion		10,449	8,146
Net pension liability		141,449	163,240
Other post-employment benefits, net of current portion		54,438	60,481
Total noncurrent liabilities		2,716,495	2,874,301
Total liabilities		3,152,309	3,273,747
Deferred inflows of resources	-	-, - ,	 
Deferred inflows from leases		286,775	310,100
Deferred inflows from debt refunding		13,778	14,270
Deferred inflows from pensions		22,096	25,124
Deferred inflows from other post-employment benefits		23,995	20,649
Total deferred inflows of resources		346,644	 370,143
		340,044	 370,143
Net Position		005 400	700 400
Net investment in capital assets		935,102	728,106
Restricted net position:			
Restricted for debt service		528,582	492,900
Restricted for maintenance and operations		63,914	63,032
Restricted for special facility		70,128	62,152
Restricted for renewal and replacement		10,000	10,000
Restricted for capital improvements		714,921	763,782
Unrestricted (deficit) surplus		(64,866)	27,571
Total net position	\$	2,257,781	\$ 2,147,543

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

(in thousands) June 30, 2025 and 2024

		2025	2024
Operating revenues			
Landing area fees	\$	101,145	\$ 98,556
Rentals, building, and ground area		271,795	250,353
Parking		133,301	122,588
Concessions		121,498	116,332
Other		10,413	7,734
Total operating revenues		638,152	595,563
Operating expenses	-		
Maintenance and operating		508,370	437,178
Depreciation and amortization		182,854	170,747
Total operating expenses		691,224	607,925
Operating loss		(53,072)	(12,362)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)			
Investment income		87,606	91,803
Interest expense		(90,365)	(92,476)
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets and incomplete projects		(30)	(415)
Passenger Facility Charges		116,533	117,407
Customer Facility Charges		18,223	17,946
Special facility cost		(30)	(206)
Cost of issuance for debt		(1,568)	(6,869)
CRRSA/ARPA grants		_	46,736
Other revenues		12,377	11,147
Total nonoperating revenues, net		142,746	185,073
Income before capital contributions		89,674	172,711
Contributions to governmental activities		(27,017)	_
Capital contributions		47,581	6,508
Change in net position		110,238	179,219
Total net position, July 1		2,147,543	1,968,324
Total net position, June 30	\$	2,257,781	\$ 2,147,543

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

June 30, 2025 and 2024 (in thousands)

	2025	2024
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Receipts from customers	\$ 628,220	\$ 551,697
Payments to suppliers	(277,965)	(221,033)
Payments to employees	(151,767)	(137,675)
Interfund activity payments to other funds	(90,124)	(82,884)
Other receipts	10,413	7,734
Net cash provided by operating activities	118,777	117,839
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Sale of investments	2,386,265	2,689,490
Purchase of investments	(2,173,978)	(2,539,446)
Investment income	61,805	63,735
Net cash provided by investing activities	274,092	213,779
<b>Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities</b>		
CRRSA/ARPA grants	23,458	58,473
Retirement of general obligation bonds	(481)	_
Interest expense on general obligation bonds	(766)	_
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	22,211	58,473
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Net proceeds from issuance of revenue bonds	_	816,486
Retirement of revenue bonds	(122,925)	(318,695)
Interest expense on debt	(111,114)	(79,697)
Retirement of SECO loans	(1,241)	(1,218)
Retirement of commercial paper	_	(350,000)
Retirement of special facility bonds	(9,630)	(8,870)
Passenger Facility Charges	115,102	109,633
Customer Facility Charges	18,316	17,750
Grant receipts	14,051	11,857
Acquisition of capital assets	(350,889)	(463,081)
Lease liabilities	(10)	(45)
Subscription Liabilities	(1,131)	(1,538)
Special facility cost	 (30)	 (206)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	(449,501)	(267,624)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(34,421)	122,467
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	 451,345	328,878
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of the Year	\$ 416,924	\$ 451,345
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 142,135	\$ 202,927
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	 274,789	 248,418
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of the Year	\$ 416,924	\$ 451,345

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

(continued)

(in thousands) June 30, 2025 and 2024

	2025	2024	
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided by Operating			
Activities			
Operating loss	\$ (53,072)	\$ (12,362)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities			
Depreciation and amortization	182,854	170,747	
Changes in assets and liabilities			
Accounts receivable, net of allowance	5,597	(23,493)	
Due from City of Houston	996	(475)	
Inventory and prepaids	(341)	(2,847)	
Lease receivable	14,747	(85,653)	
Accounts payable	10,950	6,170	
Accrued payroll liabilities	377	778	
Other assets and liabilities	3,357	(9,294)	
Due to City of Houston and other governments	2,034	547	
Advances and deposits	105	(39)	
Other post-employment benefits and deferred amounts	(504)	761	
Pension related payables and deferred amounts	(24,270)	(12,705)	
Deferred inflows - leases	(23,325)	82,347	
Claims for workers' compensation	(403)	2,786	
Compensated absences	(325)	 571	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 118,777	\$ 117,839	
Noncash Transactions			
Change in capital additions included in liabilities	\$ (31,956)	\$ (70,178)	
Amortization of premium and discount	20,441	20,092	
Loss on disposal of assets	(382)	(415)	
Unrealized gain on investments	25,801	28,068	
Change in deferred outflows and inflows on long-term debt	(737)	(9,889)	
Change in accrued interest payable	2,148	(14,220)	
Change in arbitrage liability	(338)	_	
General obligation refunding bonds issued by the City of Houston	27,017	_	
Contributions to governmental activities	(27,017)	_	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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# **Reporting Entity**

The Airport System Fund (the "Fund"), an enterprise fund of the City of Houston (the "City"), is responsible for the operations, maintenance, and development of the City's Airport System. The Airport System consists of George Bush Intercontinental Airport ("IAH" or "Intercontinental"), William P. Hobby Airport ("HOU" or "Hobby"), and Ellington Airport ("EFD" or "Ellington").

The Mayor and City Council members serve as the governing body that oversees the operation of the Fund. The Fund is operated by the Houston Airport System ("HAS") as a self-sufficient enterprise and is administered by the HAS Director, who reports to the Mayor.

The Fund is not financially accountable for any other operations of the City, and accordingly, is accounted for as a single major enterprise fund. The Fund is included in the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report ("Financial Report"), which is a matter of public record.

Created on September 15, 2021, Houston Spaceport Development Corporation ("HSDC" or "Houston Spaceport") has a seven-member board of directors, including the Director of Aviation of HAS, appointed by the mayor. This corporation is responsible for managing and promoting the development of Houston Spaceport as well as applying for funds under the Texas Spaceport Trust Fund. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"): Statement No. 14 and Statement No. 61, the HSDC is considered a blended component of the City, the primary government, because the component unit provides direct benefits exclusively or almost exclusively to the HAS. Therefore, HSDC is incorporated into the financial statements of the Fund. As of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, HSDC did not have any financial activities and had no impact on the operating results of the Fund.

# **Basis of Accounting**

The City accounts for the Fund as a proprietary fund. Proprietary funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the City is that the cost of operations, including depreciation, be financed or recovered through user charges. The Fund is accounted for on a cost of services or "economic resources" measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting, under which revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned and the related expenses are recorded in the accounting period incurred, if measurable. All assets and liabilities, current and noncurrent, as well as deferred outflows and inflows of resources, are included on the statements of net position.

The financial statements presented in this report conform to the reporting requirements of the GASB which establishes combined statements as the required level for governmental entities that present financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). The Fund defines operating revenues as receipts from customers and other receipts that do not result from transactions defined as capital and related financing, non-capital financing, or investing activities. All other revenue is recognized as non-operating. The Fund defines operating expenses as personnel and supply costs, utilities and other charges for service, the purchase of furniture and equipment with a value of less than \$5,000, and other expenses that do not result from transactions defined as capital or related financing, non-capital financing, or investing activities. All other expense is recognized as non-operating.

# **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, "Compensated Absences". This Statement clarifies the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023. The City and the Fund have implemented GASB Statement No. 101 in this Financial Report without material impact.

In December 2023, the GASB issued Statements No. 102, "Certain Risk Disclosures". The objective of this statement is to provide users of governmental financial statements with essential information about risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. This Statement requires a government to assess whether a concentration or constraint makes the primary government reporting unit or other reporting units that report a liability for revenue debt vulnerable to the risk of a substantial impact. Additionally, this Statement requires a government to assess whether an event or events associated with a concentration or constraint that could cause the substantial impact have occurred, have begun to occur, or are more likely than not to begin to occur within 12 months of the date the financial statements are issued. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2024. The City and the Fund have implemented GASB Statement No. 102 in this Financial Report with no impact to amounts or disclosures previously reported.

In April 2024, the GASB issued Statement No. 103, "Financial Reporting Model Improvements". This Statement is to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. This Statement also addresses certain application issues. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025, and all reporting periods thereafter. The City and the Fund are evaluating the impact that adoption of this Statement will have on its financial statements.

In September 2024, the GASB issued Statement No. 104, "Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets". This Statement requires certain types of capital assets to be disclosed separately in the capital assets note disclosures required by Statement No. 34. This Statement also requires additional disclosures for capital assets held for sale. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025, and all reporting periods thereafter. The City and the Fund are evaluating the impact that adoption of this Statement will have on its financial statements.

# **Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses**

The Fund distinguishes between operating revenues and expenses and nonoperating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with HAS' principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. HAS derives its operating revenues primarily from landing fees, terminal space rental, auto parking, and concessions. HAS' major operating expenses include salaries and employee benefits, fees for contractual services including professional services, parking operations and shuttle services, and other expenses including depreciation and amortization, maintenance, insurance, and utilities.

Non-operating revenues, such as interest income, Passenger Facility Charges ("PFC"), and Customer Facility Charges ("CFC"), result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities. Non-operating expenses primarily consist of the interest expense on revenue bonds.

# **Passenger Facility Charges**

The Federal Aviation Administration ("FAA") approved a \$3.00 PFC per enplaned passenger to be used for the construction of FAA approved airport capital assets at IAH effective December 1, 2008, and at HOU effective November 1, 2006. On January 20, 2015, the FAA approved an amendment to the existing PFC at both IAH and HOU increasing the rate from \$3.00 to \$4.50 per enplaned passenger effective March 1, 2015. On April 20, 2016, a second PFC application was approved for HOU with the earliest collection date of August 1, 2017, and third application approved July 15, 2024, starting September 1, 2028. On September 24, 2020, a second PFC application was approved for IAH with the earliest collection date of January 1, 2028. The collection expiration dates are estimated to be April 1, 2039, for IAH and January 1, 2042, for HOU. The airlines collect and remit this revenue to HAS. See the Compliance Section for further information.

## **Federal Grants**

When a grant agreement is approved and eligible expenditures are incurred, the amount is recorded as a grant receivable and as nonoperating revenue (operating grants) or capital grant contributions in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

## Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The Fund's cash, cash equivalents, investments, and a significant portion of its restricted cash and investments are maintained as part of the City's pool of cash and investments. The Fund's portion of the pool is presented on the statements of net position as 'Cash and Cash Equivalents' and 'Investments.' Interest earned on such pooled investments is allocated to the participating City funds based on each fund's average daily cash balance during the allocation period. The Fund considers its unrestricted and restricted cash and investments held in the City treasury as demand deposits and/or investments. The Fund also has funds that are held by fiscal agents. Investments with maturities of three months or less at the time of purchase are considered cash equivalents. Investments are recorded at fair value. Investment income and expenses, including changes in the fair value of the investments, are recognized in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

#### **Accounts Receivable**

Receivables are reported at their gross value when earned. The Fund's collection terms are 30 days. The allowance for uncollectible accounts is based on specific identification of past due accounts and balances. As a customer's balance is deemed uncollectible, the receivable is cleared and the amount is written off. If the balance is subsequently collected, such payments are applied to the allowance account. The allowance for doubtful accounts was approximately \$3.8 million and \$3.8 million as of June 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively. This allowance is netted against the accounts receivable balance. For the years ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, no accounts receivable balance was written off.

# Inventories of Material and Supplies

Inventories of material and supplies are valued at average cost and charged to expense as used. Fuel is carried at the lower of average cost or market.

# **Capital Assets**

The Fund defines capital assets as assets with an initial cost of \$5,000 or more and a useful life of more than one year. Acquired or constructed property is recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated property is recorded at acquisition value. Capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at acquisition value. Construction costs (excluding land and equipment) are added to construction work-in-progress until the assets are placed in service and are depreciated following completion. Depreciation on equipment begins on the date it is placed in service.

Depreciation on buildings and improvements is computed using the straight-line method on the component asset base over the estimated useful life, ranging from fifteen (15) to fifty (50) years. Depreciation on equipment is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life, ranging from three (3) to fifteen (15) years. Depreciation on depreciable intangibles is computed using the straight-line method over a useful life that is dependent on the nature of the individual asset.

#### Leases

#### **HAS** as a Lessee

The Fund recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-of-use lease asset at the beginning of a lease unless the lease is considered a short-term lease or transfers ownership of the underlying assets. Right-of-use lease asset is measured based on the net present value of the payment, using the HAS' weighted average cost of capital ("WACC"), which approximates HAS' incremental borrowing rate, required to the lessor under long-term lease contracts. Remeasurement of lease liability occurs when there is a change in the lease term and/or other changes that are likely to have a significant impact on the lease liability.

HAS calculates the amortization of the discount on the lease liability and reports that amount as an outflow of resources in that period. Payments are allocated first to accrued interest liability and then to the lease liability. Variable lease payments based on the usage of the underlying assets are not included in the lease liability calculations and are recognized as outflows of resources in the periods in which the obligation for the payments is incurred.

#### **HAS** as a Lessor

The Fund recognizes a lease receivable, measured using a present value of lease payments - based on a discount rate that HAS charges the lessee or HAS' WACC - to be received for the lease term, and a deferred inflow of receivables at the beginning of the lease term. Periodic amortization of the discount on the receivable is reported as interest revenue for that period. Deferred inflows of resources are recognized as inflows on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. This recognition does not apply to short-term leases, contracts that transfer ownership, leases of assets that are investments, or certain regulated leases. Any initial direct costs are reported as an outflow of resources for that period. Remeasurement of lease receivable occurs when there are modifications, including but not limited to changes in the contract price, lease term, and adding or removing an underlying asset to the lease agreements. In the case of a partial or full lease termination, the Fund will reduce the carrying value of the lease receivable and the related deferred inflow of resources and include a gain or loss for the difference.

For short-term lease contracts, the Fund recognizes short-term lease payments as inflows of resources (revenues) based on the payment provisions of the lease contract. Liabilities are only recognized if payments are received in advance, and receivables are only recognized if payments are received after the reporting period.

#### **Regulated Leases**

The leases between HAS and air carriers and other aeronautical users are subject to external laws and regulations. As permitted by GASBS No. 87, paragraph 43, the Fund recognizes inflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the lease contract, and the accounting policies under "HAS as a Lessor" do not apply to regulated leases. Additional disclosures regarding regulated leases are in Note 4.

# **Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements**

Subscription based information technology arrangement ("SBITA") assets are defined by the general government as the right to use vendor-provided information technology ("IT") with access to vendors' IT assets. The Fund recognizes a subscription liability and an intangible SBITA asset at the beginning of the subscription term that has a term exceeding one year and the cumulative future payments on the contract exceed \$100,000 unless the contract is considered a short-term SBITA. An SBITA asset is measured based on the net present value of subscription payments expected to be made during the subscription term, using the incremental borrowing rate, and is amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the subscription term or the useful life of the underlying IT assets. Re-measurement of a subscription liability occurs when there is a change in the contract term and/or other changes that are likely to have a significant impact on the subscription liability.

## **Compensated Absences**

The Fund recognizes a liability for compensated absences for leave time that (1) has been earned for services previously rendered by employees, (2) accumulates and is allowed to be carried over to subsequent years, and (3) is more likely than not to be used as time off or settled (for example paid in cash to the employee or payment to an employee benefit account) during or upon separation from employment. A liability for the estimated value of leave benefits that will be paid upon separation of service or used by employees as time off is included in the liability for compensated absences. The liability for compensated absences includes salaryrelated benefits, where applicable.

Full-time civilian employees of the City are eligible for 10 days of vacation leave per year. After four years, employees receive 15 days. The amount of vacation time gradually increases after that, reaching a maximum of 25 days per year after 18 years of service. Employees hired before January 1, 2000, may accumulate up to 700 hours of vacation; those hired on or after that date may accumulate up to 340 hours. Upon termination or retirement, accrued vacation is paid out up to the applicable cap, based on the employee's average rate of pay during their highest 60 days of employment. Part-time and temporary employees are not eligible for vacation or sick leave benefits.

Most full-time civilian employees are covered under the compensatory sick leave plan and receive a leave time allowance of 2.5 hours per payroll period (bi-weekly) up to a maximum of 65 hours per year. Employees who use fewer than 65 hours during the benefit year will receive a match of additional hours equal to the number of hours accrued minus the number of hours used. Once an employee's balance has reached 1,040 hours, no additional match for unused hours is given. Upon termination, all unused sick leave time allowances in excess of 1,040 hours are payable to the employee at the employee's rate of pay at the time of termination. An employee who uses less than 16 hours of sick leave in any benefit year receives up to three days of personal leave in the next year. Personal leave may be used in place of vacation leave, but will not accumulate and will not be paid out at termination. The other remaining full-time civilian employees are covered by a sick plan that was closed to employees in 1985. That plan accumulates a cash value for every sick hour not used, which is payable upon resignation or retirement.

The City also has adopted policies of compensatory time to comply with the Fair Labor Standards Act as amended in 1985. These policies provide limits to the accumulation of compensatory time and provide that time not used will be paid in cash. Only classified employees and civilian employees in certain pay grades routinely earn compensatory time.

# Self-Insurance/Risk Management

The City is self-insured for general liability, workers' compensation, and unemployment compensation. The accrued liability for the various types of claims represents an estimate by management of the eventual loss on the claims. Estimated expenses and recoveries are based on a case-by-case review.

# **Environmental Remediation Expenses and Recoveries**

HAS incurs costs associated with environmental remediation activities, which arise during the normal course of business. These costs are recorded as a liability when HAS is required to perform the remediation and if the costs can be reasonably estimated. HAS records environmental remediation cost recoveries as nonoperating revenues in the financial statements. Additional information regarding environmental remediation's can be found in Note 11.

# **Bond Premiums, Discounts, and Issuance Costs**

Bond premiums, discounts, and prepaid bond insurance are amortized over the term of the bonds using the effective interest method for fixed-rate bonds and the straight-line method for variable-rate bonds. Debt issuance costs are recognized as an expense when incurred.

# **Net Pension Liability**

For the purposes of measuring net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pension and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Houston Municipal Employees' Pension System, and additions to/deductions from the pension system's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension system. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Additional information regarding net pension liability can be found in Note 6.

## **Other Post-employment Liability**

For purposes of measuring total/net other post-employment liability ("OPEB"), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Additional information regarding total/net other post-employment liability can be found in Note 7.

#### **Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources**

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods. The deferred outflows (charge) and inflows (gain) on refunding recorded on the statements of net position results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

Deferred inflows and outflows have been recognized for the net difference between the projected and actual investment earnings, this amount is deferred and amortized over a period of five years. In addition, deferred inflows and outflows have been recognized for the differences between the actuarial expectation and the actual economic experience and changes in actuarial assumptions related to the defined benefit pension plan and the other post-retirement benefit plan. These amounts are deferred and amortized over the average of the expected service lives of pension plan members. See Note 6 and Note 7 for additional information on deferred inflows and outflows related to the pension plan and the other post-retirement benefits plans, respectively.

Accounting policies for deferred inflows and outflows related to leases are described under the caption – 'Leases' in Note 1.

#### **Net Position Classification**

Net position is displayed in three separate categories based on the accessibility of the underlying assets: net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. Net investment in capital assets includes all capital assets, however acquired, including accumulated depreciation, and the outstanding debt and deferred resources used to finance the construction, acquisition, or improvement of capital assets.

Restricted net position includes assets, net of related liabilities, which are limited as to the timing or purpose for which they may be used. Restrictions reported by the Fund are imposed either by other governments, as in grants or passenger facility charges, or through legally enforceable City ordinances passed by the City Council as a protection to HAS' bondholders.

### **Net Position Flow Assumption**

Sometimes the Fund will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. The Fund's policy is to consider the restricted net position to have been depleted before the unrestricted net position is applied.

#### Restricted Net Position – Restricted for Debt Service

This category includes net position in the interest and sinking funds, debt service funds, and debt reserve funds that pay principal and interest for the revenue bonds, commercial paper notes, inferior lien contracts, and special facility revenue bonds. Unexpended PFCs are also included in this category as they are primarily held, through agreements with the FAA, for the repayment of capital financing.

## **Restricted Net Position – Restricted for Maintenance and Operations**

This category primarily consists of a reserve fund dedicated to operating and maintenance expenses, mandated by the various City ordinances which authorize the issuance of revenue and revenue refunding bonds. At fiscal-year end the reserve fund is required to hold a balance representing at least 60 days of operating expenses, based on the annual operating budget authorized by City Council for the next fiscal year.

#### **Restricted Net Position – Restricted for Special Facility**

This category holds CFC dedicated to administrative costs and facility improvements for the Consolidated Rental Car Facility ("CRCF"). These funds are held by The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, under a trust indenture authorized by the City Council in conjunction with the issuance of the Special Facility Revenue Bonds and Revenue Refunding Bonds - CRCF Project.

#### **Restricted Net Position – Restricted for Renewal and Replacement**

The Renewal and Replacement Fund (the "R&R") was created by the various City ordinances which authorized the issuance of airport revenue and revenue refunding bonds. The R&R is intended to replace depreciable assets and to make major repairs and renovations. Net revenue is transferred to this fund if it is not needed for maintenance and operations, for the debt service reserve funds, or the operating and maintenance reserve fund. The R&R fund can also be used for operations or debt service if other funds are exhausted. If the R&R does not have a net position of at least \$10 million at the end of each fiscal year, then additional revenue funding must be transferred during the next fiscal year. If the R&R has a net position that is greater than \$10 million, then the excess is restricted for capital improvements.

### Restricted Net Position – Restricted for Capital Improvements

This category consists primarily of the Airport Improvement Fund (the "AIF"), created by the various City ordinances which authorized the issuance of revenue bonds. After maintenance and operating expenses are paid, and after all other transfers mandated by City ordinances are made, any net revenue remaining is required to be transferred to the AIF. The AIF is intended for capital expenditures, but it can also be used to cure deficiencies in the R&R. If the unappropriated AIF balance is (1) sufficient to cover the capital improvement program for 24 months, or (2) \$50 million, whichever is greater, then the AIF may be used by the City for any lawful purpose not inconsistent with the terms of any federal grants or aid or any contracts to which the City is a party. Net position restricted for capital improvements also includes grant or contract funds received from the FAA or Transportation Security Administration ("TSA") for the construction or acquisition of capital assets.

## **Net Position – Unrestricted Surplus (Deficit)**

This category is defined as any portion of the net position that is not classified as either net investment in capital assets or restricted net position. The Fund's Master Ordinance for the Issuance of Revenue Obligations requires that system revenue not used for specifically defined purposes be restricted for capital improvement.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the recorded amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and the recorded amounts of revenue and expenditures during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Reclassifications**

Certain accounts in the prior-year financial statements have been reclassified for comparative purposes to conform to the presentation in the current-year financial statements. This reclassification had no effect on previously reported change in net position.

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# **Deposits**

The City's investment policy (the "Policy") requires all deposits to be fully collateralized with depository insurance; obligations of the United States of America or its agencies and instrumentalities (excluding those mortgage-backed securities prohibited by the Public Funds Investment Act); or in any other manner and amount provided by law for the deposits of the City. At all times, such securities should have a fair value of not less than 102% of the amount of the deposits collateralized thereby, adjusted by the amount of applicable depository insurance. There were no deposits with custodial risk as of and during the years ended June 30, 2025, and 2024.

## **Cash and Investments**

The City maintains a cash and investment pool (the "Pool") that is available for use by all funds and City departments. Participation in the Pool is limited to normal operating activities of the Fund and other activities that are restricted due to contractual considerations. Petty cash and change funds are included in non-pooled cash. The Fund's balance in pooled and non-pooled accounts at June 30, 2025, and 2024, are as follows:

	Fiscal Pooled Cash an Year Cash Equivalen			Pooled Investments		Total Pooled Cash and Investment		Non-pooled cash		Total Cash and Investments	
	2025	\$	348,264,891	\$ 1,239,209,817	\$	1,587,474,708	\$	68,658,702	\$	1,656,133,410	
_	2024	\$	390,756,462	\$ 1,425,696,424	\$	1,816,452,886	\$	60,588,408	\$	1,877,041,294	

#### **Investments and Risk Disclosures**

The following describes the investment positions of the City's operating funds as of June 30, 2025, and 2024. On these dates, the City had \$5.7 billion and \$5.8 billion, respectively, in high-grade, fixed-income investments. All investments are governed by state law and Policy, which dictates the following objectives, in order of priority:

- 1. Safety
- 2. Liquidity
- 3. Return on Investment
- 4. Legal Requirements

These funds are managed internally by City personnel. The investments listed below do not include the City's pension funds, which are described separately in Note 6 as well as the City's ACFR. The Pool consists of all working capital, construction, and debt service funds that are not subject to yield restriction under Internal Revenue Service arbitrage regulations. The funds of the City's enterprise systems, which include the Fund, as well as the general fund, are commingled in this pool to gain operational efficiency. Approximately 97.8% and 98.6% of the City's total investable funds are contained in this portfolio as of June 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively.

			June 30, 20	)25	June 30, 2024				
City of Houston Investment	(1)(2) FY2025 & FY2024 Credit Quality Ratings	_	Fair Value WAM* (\$ in millions) (years)			nir Value n millions)	WAM* (years)		
U.S. Treasury Securities	AAA	\$	3,234.58	1.9	\$	3,026.90	2.2		
Govt. Agency Securities (3)	AAA		628.98	0.9		730.42	1.4		
Govt. Agency Securities (3) (4)	Not Rated		111.71	1.2		133.32	0.6		
Govt. Mortgaged Backed Securities (3) (4)	Not Rated		173.82	4.0		221.45	4.9		
MMF - TexSTAR Cash Reserves	AAA Short Term		306.91	_		280.74	_		
Certificates of Deposit	AAA		15.11	0.8		_	_		
Commercial Paper	A-1/P-1 Short Term		990.50	0.2		1,017.25	0.1		
Municipal Securities	AAA Long Term		110.88	1.3		159.42	1.1		
Municipal Securities	AA Long Term		151.67	0.9		191.56	1.1		
Total Investments		\$	5,724.16		\$	5,761.06			

- \* Weighted Average Maturity ("WAM") is computed using average life of mortgage-backed securities and effective maturity of callable securities.
- (1) Fitch Ratings Inc. has assigned an AAAf credit quality rating and S1 volatility rating to the City's General Investment Pool. The AAAf signifies the highest level of credit protection, and the S1 rating signifies volatility consistent with a portfolio of government securities maturing from one to three years.
- (2) All credit ratings shown are either actual Fitch ratings, or if a Fitch credit rating is not available, the equivalent Fitch credit rating is shown to represent the actual Moody's or Standard & Poor's credit rating.
- (3) These are securities issued by government sponsored enterprises, including the Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac), Federal National Mortgage Corporation (Fannie Mae), and Federal Farm Credit Bank.
- (4) These securities were issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank, Freddie Mac, Fannie Mae, and Farmer Mac. While these individual issues were not rated, senior lien debt of these entities is rated AA+.

#### **Risk Disclosures:**

Interest Rate Risk. In order to ensure the ability of the City to meet obligations and to minimize potential fair value losses arising from rising interest rate environments, the Policy limits this investment portfolio's dollar-weighted average maturity to 2.5 years maximum. As of June 30, 2025, and 2024, this investment portfolio's dollar-weighted average maturity was 1.381 years and 1.618 years, respectively. Modified duration was 1.319 and 1.504 years at June 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively. Modified duration can be used as a multiplier to determine the percent change in price of a bond portfolio for every 100 basis point (1%) change in yield. For example, a portfolio with a modified duration of 1.319 years would experience approximately a 1.319% change in market price for every 100 basis point change in yield.

Credit Risk – Investments. The U.S. treasury securities and housing and urban development securities are direct obligations of the United States government. Government agency securities and mortgage-backed securities are issued by government-sponsored enterprises but are not direct obligations of the U.S. Government. The money market mutual funds are rated AAA. Municipal securities are rated at least AA. The Policy limits investments in the Pool to high-quality securities with a maximum maturity of five years for all U.S. treasuries, government agencies, and municipal securities except government mortgaged-backed securities which can have a maximum maturity of 15 years. Certificates of deposit maximum maturity is two years, and commercial paper maximum maturity is 365 days. The Pool's maximum sector exposure is as follows: U.S. treasuries up to 100%; government agency securities up to 85% with maximum exposure to any one agency issuer is 35%; mortgage-backed securities up to 20%; municipal securities up to 20% with a rating not less than A by a nationally recognized rating agency; money market mutual funds up to 25%; Certificates of Deposit up to 15%; and commercial paper up to 20%.

Credit Risk - Securities Lending. Under its securities lending program, the City receives 102% of fair value for its U.S. treasury securities at the time the repurchase agreements are signed, and agreements are limited to 90 days by policy and have been less than 35 days by practice. On June 30, 2025, and 2024, there were no securities lending agreements outstanding.

Custodial Credit Risk. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that in the event of failure of a counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are not registered in the name of the City and are held by either the counterparty, the counterparty's trust department, or an agent. As of June 30, 2025, and 2024, none of the City's investments in the Pool were subject to custodial credit risk.

Foreign Currency Risk. Foreign currency risk is the risk that investments will change value due to changes in exchange rates between the time of purchase and reporting or sale. The investments in the Pool are limited by the Policy to US dollar-denominated investments and are not subject to this risk.

## **Fair Value Measurements**

To the extent available, the City's investments are recorded at fair value as of June 30, 2025, and 2024. GASBS No. 72 — "Fair Value Measurement and Application," defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This statement establishes a hierarchy of valuation inputs based on the extent to which the inputs are observable in the marketplace. Inputs are used in applying the various valuation techniques and take into account the assumptions that market participants use to make valuation decisions. Inputs may include price information, credit data, interest and yield curve data, and other factors specific to the financial instrument. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources. In contrast, unobservable inputs reflect the entity's assumptions about how market participants would value the financial instrument. Valuation techniques should maximize the use of observable inputs to the extent available.

A financial instrument's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The following describes the hierarchy of inputs used to measure fair value and the primary valuation methodologies used for financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

The framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the City has the ability to access at the measurement date.

Level 2: Inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means. If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement determined using model-based techniques that include option pricing models, discounted cash flow models, and similar techniques.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

TexSTAR uses the fair value method to determine the Net Asset Value ("NAV") per unit of the Cash Reserve Fund. Under the fair value method, fixed-income securities are valued each day by independent or affiliated commercial pricing services or third-party broker-dealers. In instances where sufficient market activity exists, the pricing services or broker-dealers may utilize a market-based approach through which quotes from market makers are used to determine fair value. In instances where sufficient market activity may not exist or is limited, the broker-dealers or pricing services also utilize proprietary valuation models which may consider market transactions in comparable securities and the various relationships between securities in determining value and/or market characteristics such as benchmark yield curves, option-adjusted spreads, credit spreads, estimated default rates, coupon-rates, anticipated timing of principal repayments, underlying collateral, and other unique security features to estimate the relevant cash flows, which are then discounted to calculate the fair values.

TexSTAR Cash Reserve Fund has not been classified in the fair value hierarchy table. The fair value amounts presented in this table are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the line items presented in the statements of net position. For additional disclosures and program information, visit texstar.org/ProgramInformation.aspx.

A summary of the Pool's investment under the requirements of the fair value hierarchy follows:

	FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS USING (\$ in millions)											
Investments by Fair Value Level	J	Total lune 30, 2025	Level 1	Level 2	Le	vel 3	J	Total lune 30, 2024	Level 1	Level 2	Lev	el 3
U.S. Treasury Securities	\$	3,234.58	\$3,234.58	\$ -	\$	_	\$	3,026.90	\$3,026.90	\$ -	\$	_
Govt. Agency Securities		740.69	-	740.69		-		863.75	-	863.75		-
Govt. Mortgage Backed Securities		173.82	-	173.82		-		221.44	-	221.44		-
Municipal Securities		262.55	-	262.55		-		350.99	-	350.99		-
Commercial Paper		990.50		990.50		_		1,017.24		1,017.24		_
Total Investment by Fair Value Level		5,402.14	\$3,234.58	\$2,167.56	\$			5,480.32	\$3,026.90	\$2,453.42	\$	
Investments measured at net asset value (NAV)												
Certificates of Deposit		15.11						_				
MMF - TexSTAR Cash Reserves		306.91						280.74				
Total investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) Total investments measured at fair value and		322.02						280.74				
NAV	\$	5,724.16					\$	5,761.06				

# **Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents - Miscellaneous Money Market Accounts**

In addition to the Pool, the City maintains several money market accounts for various purposes. These accounts are considered cash and cash equivalents on the Statements of Cash Flows because they maintain a weighted average maturity of less than three months. The Fund's portion of these is as follows:

	Fair Value June 30, 2025 (\$ in millions)	Credit Quality Ratings	Fair Value June 30, 2024 (\$ in millions)	Credit Quality Ratings	FY2025 & FY2024 Weighted Average Maturity
BlackRock Federal Institutional Fund: Balances held for Consolidated Rental Car Facility operations, improvements, debt service	\$ 68.632	AAA	\$ 60.563	AAA	< 60 days
First American US Treasury Money Market Fund: Balance held for commercial paper debt service	0.171	AAA	0.171	AAA	< 60 days
TOTAL FAIR VALUE - MONEY MARKET ACCOUNTS	\$ 68.803		\$ 60.734		

## **Risk Disclosures:**

Interest Rate Risk. These money market funds maintain an average maturity of less than 60 days and seek to maintain a stable net asset value of \$1.00. These funds are redeemable on a same day notice.

Credit Risk. These funds hold only US dollar denominated securities that present minimal credit risk. They have the highest credit ratings.

Custodial Credit Risk. As of June 30, 2025, none of the City's investments in this pool were subject to custodial credit risk.

Foreign Currency Risk. The City's investments in this pool are all US dollar denominated and not subject to foreign currency risk.

# **Fair Value Measurements – Money Market Accounts**

The money market accounts have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy table. The fair value amounts presented in this table are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the line items presented in the statements of net position.

A summary of investments under the requirements of the fair value hierarchy follows:

#### **FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS USING (\$ in millions)**

	Total			Total			
Investments Measured at NAV	J	une 30, 2025		June 30, 2024			
BlackRock FedFund-Institutional	\$	68.632	\$	60.563			
First American US Treasury MMF		0.171		0.171			
Total Investments Measured at NAV	\$	68.803	\$	60.734			

**Capital Assets** 

Summaries of changes in capital assets for the years ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, are as follows (in thousands):

	 alance 30, 2024	A	dditions	Ret	irements	Tra	nsfers	Balance e 30, 2025
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$ 214,457	\$	_	\$	(382)	\$	2,240	\$ 216,315
Rights & Intangibles - Non-Amortizable	21,728		_		-		_	21,728
Construction work in progress	1,118,951		374,397		-		(585,468)	907,880
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,355,136		374,397		(382)		(583,228)	1,145,923
Depreciable capital assets:								
Buildings	3,259,727		130		_		423,600	3,683,457
Rights & Intangibles - Amortizable	22		_		_		_	22
Improvements and Equipment	2,153,031		8,670		(790)		106,135	2,267,046
Infrastructure	569,774		_		-		53,493	623,267
Lease right-of-use assets:								
Buildings	192		-		(192)		-	_
Equipment	103		-		-		-	103
Subscription right-of-use assets	5,362		_				_	5,362
Total depreciable capital assets	 5,988,211		8,800		(982)		583,228	6,579,257
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for:								
Buildings	(1,938,838)		(93,848)		_		_	(2,032,686)
Rights & Intangibles	(22)		_		-		_	(22)
Improvements and Equipment	(1,571,516)		(76,312)		790		_	(1,647,038)
Infrastructure	(396,953)		(11,639)		_		_	(408,592)
Lease right-of-use assets:								
Buildings	(192)		_		192		_	-
Equipment	(86)		(10)		_		_	(96)
Subscription right-of-use assets	(2,742)		(1,045)		_		_	(3,787)
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization	(3,910,349)		(182,854)		982		_	(4,092,221)
Depreciable capital assets, net	2,077,862		(174,054)		_		583,228	2,487,036
Total capital assets, net	\$ 3,432,998	\$	200,343	\$	(382)	\$	_	\$ 3,632,959

# **Capital Assets**

	Balance ne 30, 2023	Additions	Re	etirements	1	ransfers	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2024
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$ 214,457	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$	214,457
Rights & Intangibles - Non-Amortizable	21,670	_		_		58		21,728
Construction work in progress	869,080	391,191		_		(141,320)		1,118,951
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,105,207	391,191		_		(141,262)		1,355,136
Depreciable capital assets:								
Buildings	3,173,385	3,274		(450)		83,518		3,259,727
Rights & Intangibles - Amortizable	22	_		_		_		22
Improvements and Equipment	2,101,278	11,871		(11,348)		51,230		2,153,031
Infrastructure	563,260	_		_		6,514		569,774
Lease right-of-use assets:								
Buildings	192	_		_		_		192
Equipment	103	_		_		_		103
Subscription right-of-use assets	5,254	108		_		_		5,362
Total depreciable capital assets	5,843,494	15,253		(11,798)		141,262		5,988,211
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for:								
Buildings	(1,851,467)	(87,814)		443		_		(1,938,838)
Rights & Intangibles	(22)	_		_		_		(22)
Improvements and Equipment	(1,511,789)	(70,984)		11,257		_		(1,571,516)
Infrastructure	(386,361)	(10,592)		_		_		(396,953)
Lease right-of-use assets:								
Buildings	(165)	(27)		_		_		(192)
Equipment	(69)	(17)		_		_		(86)
Subscription right-of-use assets	(1,429)	(1,313)		_		_		(2,742)
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization	(3,751,302)	(170,747)		11,700		_		(3,910,349)
Depreciable capital assets, net	2,092,192	(155,494)		(98)		141,262		2,077,862
Total capital assets, net	\$ 3,197,399	\$ 235,697	\$	(98)	\$		\$	3,432,998

#### HAS as a Lessee

HAS' operating leases are primarily for equipment. The terms and conditions for these leases vary by the type of underlying asset. All leases have fixed, periodic, payments over the lease term, which ranges between 36 and 72 months, and do not contain variable payments or guaranteed residual values in the lease agreements. These operating leases are cancellable by the lessors or HAS with an advance notice or non-cancellable.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, no variable or other payments were made by HAS other than the periodic rental payments in accordance with the lease agreements. In addition, there were no commitments under leases prior to the commencement of the lease term, and no impairment-related losses were recognized by the Fund.

Principal and interest requirements to maturity for the lease liability on June 30, 2025, are as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Int	terest To	tal
2026	\$	4 \$	- \$	4
2027		4	- \$	4
Total	\$	8 \$	- \$	8

#### **HAS** as a Lessor

HAS leases terminal space (except for regulated leases), aircraft maintenance and overhaul facilities, cargo facilities, hangars, and other structures to air carriers and other tenants under various operating leases, a majority of which is non-cancellable and terminate no later than July 2058. Certain provisions of the leases provide for fixed and variable rental payments, and all are generally designed to allow HAS to meet its debt service requirements and recover certain operating and maintenance costs. Additionally, certain of the agreements under which HAS receives revenue from the operation of concessions at IAH and HOU provides for the payment of a fee based on the greater of an aggregated percentage of gross receipts or a guaranteed minimum.

For the years ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, the Fund recognized the following balances related to the leases (in thousands):

June 30, 2025	Fixed	Fixed Payments				
Rentals, Building, and Ground Area	\$	21,717	\$	_		
Concessions (Hotel and Auto Rental)	\$	1,608	\$	31,516		
Interest Revenue	\$	11,682	\$	_		
June 30, 2024	Fixed	<b>Payments</b>	Variab	le Payments		
Rentals, Building, and Ground Area	\$	20,763	\$	_		
Concessions (Hotel and Auto Rental)	\$	1,608	\$	31,955		
Interest Revenue	\$	10,721	\$	_		

Expected future payments, which are included in the measurement of the lease receivable, at June 30, 2025, are as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2026	\$ 14,480 \$	11,171 \$	25,651
2027	14,378	10,655	25,033
2028	11,417	10,175	21,592
2029	9,846	9,826	19,672
2030	10,867	9,452	20,319
2031 - 2035	54,000	41,626	95,626
2036 - 2040	72,166	30,757	102,923
2041 - 2045	67,254	17,416	84,670
2046 - 2050	40,302	8,965	49,267
2051 - 2055	25,495	2,288	27,783
2056 - 2060	2,958	125	3,083
Total	\$ 323,163 \$	152,456 \$	475,619

# **Regulated Leases**

The City and United Airlines ("United"), Southwest Airlines ("Southwest"), Delta Air Lines, American Airlines, Spirit Airlines, and Air Canada (collectively, the "Signatory Airlines") entered into Airport Use and Lease agreements ("Regulated Leases"), for the usage of IAH and HOU facilities to conduct business as air transportation businesses. These agreements are non-cancellable and terminate no later than 2053, with options to extend, or month-to-month and cancellable with 30 days' notice. Under the terms of these agreements, Signatory Airlines pays HAS monthly based on the annual rental rate/fee schedule. Rate calculations are based on total estimates of costs and expenses, estimates of passengers and total landed weight and other factors. Final settlements are made each year after the audit of the Fund's Financial Report. Other airlines operating at IAH and HOU are billed at rates established by the City ordinances.

Under the agreements with United, United has exclusive and preferential use of certain spaces and facilities of terminals A, B, C, and E at IAH and preferential use of certain apron areas. Under these agreements, all or part of the concession revenues and related costs generated from terminals B, C, and E of IAH are excluded from the Fund's concession revenues and operating expenses on the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, as United operates, retains revenues, and pay related costs of operations for those concessions in accordance with the agreements. In addition, one of the agreements with Southwest grants Southwest preferential use of West Terminal/West Concourse, boarding gates, and other areas at HOU. Another agreement grants Southwest exclusive and preferential use of certain terminal areas of terminal A at IAH. No other airlines have exclusive or preferential use of more than ten (10) percent of terminal space or other areas of HAS as of June 30, 2025, and 2024. See Note 9 for major customers of HAS. Exclusive and preferential use of space is summarized as follows:

#### IAH

	United	Southwest	Total IAH
Terminal areas - leasable airline space (in thousands)	1,927 sq. ft.	- sq. ft.	3,479 sq. ft.
Apron - leasable airline space (in thousands)	2,345 sq. ft.	- sq. ft.	3,641 sq. ft.
Number of gates and remote stands	90	_	126

#### HOU

	Southwest	Total HOU
Terminal areas - leasable airline space (in thousands)	381 sq. ft.	467 sq. ft.
Apron - leasable airline space (in thousands)	516 sq. ft.	815 sq. ft.
Number of gates and remote stands	19	30

For the year ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, the Fund recognized the following balances related to Regulated Leases (in thousands):

June 30, 2025		ixed Payments	Variable Payments		
United	\$	122,871	\$	45,715	
Southwest	\$	35,685	\$	23,446	
Other Signatory Airlines	\$	19,541	\$	10,153	

June 30, 2024	Fix	red Payments	Variable Payments		
United	\$	132,023	\$	46,402	
Southwest	\$	39,137	\$	21,915	
Other Signatory Airlines	\$	20,328	\$	9,370	

Expected future minimum lease payments from Regulated Leases at June 30, 2025, are as follows (in thousands), projected by management of HAS using the following assumptions: 1) revenues earned from the Signatory Airlines during the year ended June 30, 2025, 2) through the expiration of the agreements with the Signatory Airlines or the next five (5) years, whichever is longer, 3) compounded at three (3) percent per annum, and 4) without considering future expansion and changes in operations by HAS or the Signatory Airlines:

Year Ending Year Ending June 30	Total				
2026	\$	264,961			
2027		272,910			
2028		281,097			
2029		289,530			
2030		298,216			
2031 - 2035		1,455,037			
2036 - 2040		1,686,787			
2041 - 2045		1,436,284			
2046 - 2050		1,665,046			
2051 - 2054		1,272,741			
Total	\$	8,922,609			

HAS' senior lien and subordinate lien revenue refunding bonds are secured by net revenues earned from the airlines. See additional disclosures in <u>Note 5</u>, Security for Airport Debt.

# Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

The Fund has entered into subscription-based information technology arrangements ("SBITA") involving data centers, various desktop and server software, electronic workflows and document management software, public safety radio communication system, public safety detection software, public safety case and records management, airport operations management systems, airport passenger information and public Wi-Fi systems, and airport parking management system. As of June 30, 2025, all SBITA have fixed, periodic, payments over the subscription periods, which range from 1 to 15 years and expire no later than fiscal year 2038. In addition, certain of these agreements are cancellable with a 30 or 60-day notice. There are no commitments or outflows of resources related to SBITA that are not yet effective. See Note 3 for changes in subscription right-of-use assets for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Future subscription payments as of June 30, 2025, are as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending June 30	Pri	ncipal In	terest T	otal
2026	\$	109 \$	40 \$	149
2027		112	36	148
2028		116	33	149
2029		97	29	126
2030		100	26	126
2031 - 2035		552	78	630
2036 - 2040		247	5	252
Total	\$	1,333 \$	247 \$	1,580

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**Long-Term Liabilities** 

Changes in long-term liabilities for the years ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, are summarized as follows (in thousands):

	Balance June 30, 2024	Additions	Reduction	Balance June 30, 2025	Due within One Year
Revenue bonds payable	\$ 2,493,320	- \$	\$ (122,925)	\$ 2,370,395	\$ 126,350
Plus: unamortized premium	217,875	-	(20,323)	197,552	_
Less: unamortized discount		-	_	_	_
Revenue Bonds Payable, Net	2,711,195	i –	(143,248)	2,567,947	126,350
General obligation bonds	_	24,974	(481)	24,493	69
Plus: unamortized premium		2,042	(118)	1,924	_
General Obligation Bonds, Net		27,016	(599)	26,417	69
Special facility bonds payable	43,645	-	(9,630)	34,015	10,445
Commercial paper payable	_	-	_	_	_
Pension obligation bonds	2,006	-	_	2,006	_
Notes payable	13,582	. –	(1,241)	12,341	1,266
Claims for workers compensation	5,740	650	(1,053)	5,337	1,002
Compensated absences (1)	15,735	-	(325)	15,410	4,961
Lease Liabilities	18	-	(10)	8	4
Subscriptions liabilities	2,464	_	(1,131)	1,333	109
Net pension liability	163,240	_	(21,791)	141,449	_
Other post-employment benefits - health	61,379	_	(6,301)	55,078	1,709
Other post-employment benefits - LTD	1,132	. 65	_	1,197	128
Total Long Term Liabilities	\$ 3,020,136	\$ 27,731	\$ (185,329)	\$ 2,862,538	\$ 146,043

	Balance June 30, 2023	Additions	Reduction	Balance June 30, 2024	ue within One Year
Revenue bonds payable	\$ 2,055,965	\$ 756,050	\$ (318,695)	\$ 2,493,320	\$ 122,925
Plus: unamortized premium	177,762	60,436	(20,323)	217,875	_
Less: unamortized discount	(231)	_	231	_	_
Revenue Bonds Payable, Net	2,233,496	816,486	(338,787)	2,711,195	122,925
General obligation bonds	_	_	_	_	_
Plus: unamortized premium	_	_	_	_	_
<b>General Obligation Bonds, Net</b>	_	_	_	_	_
Special facility bonds payable	52,515	_	(8,870)	43,645	9,630
Commercial paper payable	350,000	_	(350,000)	_	_
Pension obligation bonds	2,006	_	_	2,006	_
Notes payable	14,800	_	(1,218)	13,582	1,241
Claims for workers compensation	2,954	3,309	(523)	5,740	1,279
Compensated absences (1)	15,164	571	_	15,735	7,589
Lease Liabilities	63	_	(45)	18	10
Subscriptions liabilities	3,894	108	(1,538)	2,464	1,131
Net pension liability	178,211	_	(14,971)	163,240	_
Other post-employment benefits - health	53,282	8,097	_	61,379	1,929
Other post-employment benefits - LTD	 1,102	30	_	1,132	101
Total Long Term Liabilities	\$ 2,907,487	\$ 828,601	\$ (715,952)	\$ 3,020,136	\$ 145,835

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup> The change in the compensated absences liability is presented as a net change.

**Long-Term Liabilities** 

#### Revenue Bonds

A summary of revenue bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2025, and 2024, are as follows (in thousands):

	Original Maturity Interest Year Rate Range		Face Value Outstanding June 30, 2025	Face Value Outstanding June 30, 2024	
Airport System Subordinate Revenue Bonds					
Series 2000B, \$269,240,000 original principal	2024	5.45% - 5.7%	\$ -	\$ 16,235	
Airport System Subordinate Lien Revenue Refunding Bonds					
Series 2018A, \$130,550,000 original principal	2041	5%	109,120	113,140	
Series 2018B, \$285,220,000 original principal	2048	5%	250,785	252,345	
Series 2018C, \$212,820,000 original principal	2032	5%	141,990	156,525	
Series 2018D, \$356,290,000 original principal	2039	5%	290,690	301,640	
Series 2020A, \$131,620,000 original principal	2047	4% - 5%	129,620	130,620	
Series 2020B, \$71,565,000 original principal	2030	5%	71,565	71,565	
Series 2020C, \$660,490,000 original principal	2032	0.883% - 2.485%	339,565	411,690	
Series 2021A, \$286,010,000 original principal	2048	4% - 5%	281,010	283,510	
Series 2023A, \$647,865,000 original principal	2053	4.5% - 5.25%	647,865	647,865	
Series 2023B, \$108,185,000 original principal,	2053	4.25% - 5%	108,185	108,185	
Total Principal			2,370,395	2,493,320	
Less: Total current maturities			(126,350)	(122,925)	
Unamortized premium			197,552	217,875	
Total Revenue Bonds Payable - Long Term			\$ 2,441,597	\$ 2,588,270	

## **Senior Lien Revenue Bonds**

At June 30, 2025, and 2024, there were no senior lien revenue bonds issued and outstanding.

#### Subordinate Lien Revenue Bonds

On July 19, 2023, the HAS issued \$756.0 million in Airport System Subordinate Lien Revenue and Refunding Bonds Series in two series: 2023A (AMT) in the amount of \$647,865,000 and 2023B (NON-AMT) in the amounts of \$108.2 million ("Series 2023 Bonds"), with interest rate of the bonds ranging from 4.25% to 5.25%. The Series 2023A Bonds mature on July 1, 2053, and the Series 2023B Bonds mature on July 1, 2053. The Series 2023 Bonds were issued for the purpose of providing funds to among other: (a) refund and redeem all the outstanding principal amount of the Refunded Notes and Bonds; and (b) pay certain costs of issuance with respect to the Series 2023 Bonds. By issuing the Series 2023 Bonds, the City obtained an estimated economic gain of approximately \$19.0 million and obtained a net present value of savings of approximately \$12.9 million.

# Arbitrage Rebate

Arbitrage rebate rules, under the Internal Revenue Code Section 148 and related Treasury Regulations, require generally that a tax-exempt bond issuer forward to the federal government any profits made from investing bond proceeds at a yield above the bond yield when investing in a taxable market. Payments based on cumulative profits earned by bonds are due, in general, every five years. As of June 30, 2025, a yield restriction/arbitrage rebate of \$338.0 thousand was accrued.

**Long-Term Liabilities** 

## **Commercial Paper**

During the year ended June 30, 2013, the City authorized up to \$150.0 million in Airport System Commercial Paper Notes ("Commercial Paper"). On November 20, 2013, the City re-authorized and amended the Series A and B Commercial Paper. A new direct pay letter of credit was issued on December 18, 2013, covering \$150 million in face value of Series A and B Commercial Paper, plus \$11.1 million in respect of 270 days accrued interest computed at 10%. This letter of credit expired on December 16, 2016, and was replaced by a letter of credit for the same amount issued by Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation ("SMBC"), which expires on December 15, 2025. Any advances made under the letter of credit and not repaid within 90 days will be converted to term loans payable in twenty quarterly installments, subject to the greater of several options for interest rates. The maximum interest rate permitted under the ordinance is 15%. On April 1, 2020, the agreement with SMBC was expanded to \$350.0 million, plus interest and extended the expiration of the letter of credit to March, 25, 2030.

On June 30, 2025, and 2024, there was no outstanding balance on Commercial Paper. The available limit for additional borrowings was \$350.0 million.

# **Pension Obligation Bonds**

In 2005, the Fund was assigned the responsibility to pay principal and interest on a portion of the City's Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2005 (Taxable), with a par value of \$2,005,656, a coupon rate of 5.31%, and final maturity on March 1, 2035. The annual interest payment for the Pension Obligation Bonds is \$106,500 for the years ended June 30, 2025, and 2024.

# **General Obligation Bonds (Refunded Judgment Bonds)**

On July 18, 2024, the City issued \$612.1 million General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2024A (the "Series 2024A Bonds"), with an average coupon rate 4.92% and a maturity date of March 1, 2051. The Series 2024A Bonds were issued by the City to refund, discharge and extinguish a certain special obligation of the City.

Subsequent to the issuance of the Series 2024A Bonds, the Fund was assigned the responsibility to pay principal and interest on a portion of the Series 2024A Bonds. The Fund recognized a contribution to governmental activities and general obligation bonds of \$27.0 million in the accompanying financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2025. As of June 30, 2025, the balance of the Fund's portion of the Series 2024A Bonds was \$26.4 million.

# **Security for Airport Debt**

To the extent it legally may do so, as described in the Master Bond Ordinance, HAS may charge rates for the use of the airports in order that, for each fiscal year, the net revenues will be not less than 125% of the debt service requirements for Senior Lien Revenue Bonds and 110% of the debt service requirements for Subordinate Lien Revenue Bonds. Generally, the bonds may be redeemed prior to their maturities in accordance with the bond ordinances and at prices which include premiums ranging downward from 1%.

The Fund presently has three outstanding Senior Lien Debt Service Reserve Fund Surety Policies issued by Financial Guaranty Insurance Corporation ("FGIC") and reinsured by National Public Finance Guarantee Corporation for any outstanding Senior Lien Revenue Bonds and Commercial Paper. These policies have an aggregate maximum amount of \$12.4 million and terminate on July 1, 2030, and October 25, 2033.

## **Long-Term Liabilities**

The Fund has also purchased Subordinate Lien Debt Service Reserve Fund Surety Policies that unconditionally guarantee the payment of the current principal and interest on all outstanding subordinate lien issues. The surety policies have termination dates ranging from July 1, 2028, to July 1, 2032. Each of the draws made against the surety policies shall bear interest at the prime rate plus two percent, not to exceed a maximum interest rate of 12%. The repayment provisions require one-twelfth of the policy costs for each draw to be repaid monthly, beginning the first month following the date of each draw. The policies were issued by (1) FGIC in the aggregate maximum amount of \$78.5 million, reinsured by National Public Finance Guarantee Corporation; (2) Build America Mutual in the aggregate maximum amount of \$12.8 million; and (3) Assured Guarantee Municipal Corporation in the aggregate maximum amount of \$31.9 million. The Fund also has a cash reserve of \$121.4 million in the Subordinate Lien Bond Reserve Fund as of June 30, 2025, and 2024.

## **Pledged Revenues**

The Fund has pledged its revenues, net of operation and maintenance expenses, ("Net Revenue") to pay principal and interest on outstanding Commercial Paper, Senior Lien Revenue Bonds, Subordinate Lien Revenue Bonds, and Inferior Lien Revenue Bonds.

Pledged revenues exclude any bond proceeds, replacement proceeds, investment income earned by bond proceeds, fair value adjustments, PFC, grants or gifts for construction or acquisition, insurance proceeds, revenue from special facilities pledged to Special Facility Bonds, taxes collected for others, and proceeds from the sale of properties.

For the years ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, Net Revenues totaled \$318.5 million and \$290.4 million, respectively. In addition to PFC and grants totaling \$82.4 million and \$120.7 million for the years ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively, were available to pay debt service.

## **Special Facility Bonds**

The Airport System Special Facilities Taxable Revenue Bonds, (CRCF Project), Series 2001, original par value \$130.3 million, financed the design and construction of a common car customer service building, a parking structure, maintenance, storage, and administrative facilities for each car rental company lessee, a common bus fleet and maintenance facility, and related infrastructure at Intercontinental. The City holds legal title to the completed CRCF, as it was constructed on airport property, but the facility is operated and maintained by IAH RACS, LLC, a limited liability company formed by various car rental companies. The bonds are payable from CFC collected by the car rental companies from their customers and remitted to a trustee for payment of debt service and other uses allowable by a trust indenture. As of June 30, 2025, and 2024, the daily usage charge per customer is set at \$4.00. The trust indenture determines when and how the City is responsible for changing the rate, which under the Bond covenants must be set to provide a debt service coverage ratio of at least 125%. The bonds are limited special obligations of the City, payable solely from and secured by pledged CFC. There is no pledge of car rental company revenues, or any general revenue of the City.

On June 30, 2025, and 2024, special facilities revenue and refunding bonds (CRCF) outstanding totaled \$34.0 million and \$43.6 million, respectively.

## **Forward Delivery Bond Purchase Agreement**

On October 21, 2015, the City authorized up to \$450.0 million in Airport System Inferior Lien Revenue Bonds, in one or more series. On November 5, 2015, the City authorized the execution of a forward delivery purchase agreement with the Royal Bank of Canada, to expire on February 5, 2027, for the issuance of \$450.0 million in Inferior Lien Revenue Bonds. The City Council must reauthorize this liquidity arrangement annually. For the years ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, no Inferior Lien Revenue Bonds have been issued or outstanding.

**Long-Term Liabilities** 

## **Direct Borrowing Loans**

During the year ended June 30, 2020, HAS began to borrow and incur interest on two loans obtained from the State Energy Conservation Office ("SECO"), a segment within the State of Texas Comptroller. The SECO program affords low-rate 2% loans for borrowers approved to build or acquire energy-efficient equipment or other assets.

HAS entered into two reimbursement loan agreements with SECO, each with a SECO-approved list of projects to be completed within approximately eighteen months, and with the initial repayment to commence shortly thereafter. After HAS has incurred the construction or acquisition costs, it submits the charges to SECO for reimbursement. Upon reimbursement by SECO, interest expense accrues at two percent.

Loan No. 1 has a maximum amount of \$8.0 million to be repaid over approximately ten years, with repayment to commence once all projects are completed. Loan #2 has a maximum amount of \$7.5 million, and similar terms to Loan No. 1. At June 30, 2025, and 2024, HAS has a total of \$12.3 million and \$13.6 million, respectively, loan balance outstanding. The replacement projects have been completed as of June 30, 2022.

There are no unique default provisions, payment provisions, or collateral pledged to either of these loans. In the event of default, such as failing to make timely payments in accordance with the agreements, the outstanding balances, including accrued interest, may become due immediately. As of June 30, 2025, and 2024, HAS is in compliance with the terms and conditions of these loan agreements.

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**Long-Term Liabilities** 

## **Debt Service Requirements to Maturity**

Aggregate future debt service payments to maturity as of June 30, 2025, are as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending June 30	Airport System Total Future Requirements										
		Principal		Interest	Total						
2026	\$	138,130	\$	107,849	\$	245,979					
2027		154,390		102,728		257,118					
2028		160,523		96,645		257,168					
2029		146,772		89,839		236,611					
2030		159,241		82,696		241,937					
2031 - 2035		644,513		307,254		951,768					
2036 - 2040		361,823		207,091		568,914					
2041 - 2045		265,871		131,432		397,302					
2046 - 2050		268,010		67,282		335,292					
2051 - 2054		143,977		15,311		159,288					
Total	\$	2,443,250	\$	1,208,127	\$	3,651,377					

Year Ending Airport Syste  June 30 Lien Reve						Airport Pension 0	-		City of Houston General Obligation Bonds					
		Principal	Interest		Principal		Interest			Principal		Interest		
2026	\$	126,350	\$	103,952	\$	_	\$	107	\$	69	\$	1,213		
2027		141,675		99,578		_		107		108		1,209		
2028		146,800		94,305		_		107		150		1,204		
2029		144,940		88,376		293		107		194		1,197		
2030		157,320		81,287		307		90		242		1,187		
2031 - 2035		636,410		301,039		1,406		210		2,058		5,698		
2036 - 2040		356,845		202,054		_		_		3,869		5,015		
2041 - 2045		259,510		127,618		_		_		6,361		3,814		
2046 - 2050		258,195		65,445		_		_		9,815		1,837		
2051 - 2054		142,350		15,244		_		_		1,627		67		
Total	\$	2,370,395	\$	1,178,898	\$	2,006	\$	728	\$	24,493	\$	22,441		

Year Ending June 30	Airport System Special Facility Bonds - Rental Car Facility					Airport Commerc	-		SECO Direct Borrowing					
	P	rincipal	Interest			Principal	Interest			Principal		Interest		
2026	\$	10,445	\$	2,340	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,266	\$	237		
2027		11,315		1,622		_		-		1,292		212		
2028		12,255		843		-		_		1,318		186		
2029		_		-		-		_		1,345		159		
2030		_		-		-		_		1,372		132		
2031 - 2035		_		-		-		_		4,639		307		
2036 - 2040		_		-		-		_		1,109		22		
2041 - 2045		_		-		-		_				_		
2046 - 2050		_		-		-		_				_		
2051 - 2054		-		_		_				_		_		
Total	\$	34,015	\$	4,805	\$		\$	_	\$	12,341	\$	1,255		

As a department of the City, HAS participates in the Houston Municipal Employees' Pension System ("HMEPS" or the "Plan"), which publishes its separate financial statements and is a fiduciary component unit of the City. A complete copy of the summary plan description and the stand-alone financial reports can be obtained from HMEPS at 1201 Louisiana St., Suite 900, Houston, Texas 77002-5608 or via <a href="http://www.hmeps.org">http://www.hmeps.org</a>.

## **General Information**

## **Plan Description**

HMEPS is a single employer, defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible municipal employees of the City, including all employees of HAS. HMEPS was created under Chapter 358, Acts of the 48th Texas Legislature, Regular Session, 1943 (Article 6243g, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes) and reenacted and continued under HB1573, 77th Texas Legislature, Article 6243h, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes, (the "Pension Statute") as amended. An independent Board of Trustees administers the Plan. The fiscal year of HMEPS ends June 30. In this Financial Report, the Fund reports separately from the City and is required to report as a cost-sharing plan since the Fund is allocated a proportionate share of the net pension liability ("NPL"). The schedules of Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows, and Deferred Inflows of Resources show the Fund's proportionate share of the Plan.

#### **Benefits Provided**

HMEPS includes three contributory groups, groups A, B, and D, and provides for service-connected disability and death benefits to eligible members and surviving spouses and/or dependents, with no age or service eligibility requirements. Pension benefits are based on a participant's average monthly salary and years of credited service, as defined in the Pension Statute. Pension benefits are adjusted annually for a fixed cost of living adjustment of between 0% and 2% depending on investment returns. The maximum pension benefit is 90% of the participant's average monthly salary. A Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) is available to eligible members.

#### **Contributions**

For HMEPS, employer and employee obligations to contribute, as well as employee contribution rates, are included in the Pension Statute, and some requirements are delineated in an amended and restated meet and confer agreement, effective July 1, 2011. Additionally, these laws provide that employer funding be based on periodic actuarial valuations, statutorily approved amounts, or amounts agreed to in meet and confer agreements.

All active participants are required to contribute to the Plan. Effective July 2017, group A participants contribute 7% of salary, group B participants contribute 2% of salary, and group D participants contribute 2% of salary. Effective July 2018, group A and group B participants contributed 8% and 4%, respectively. Beginning in January 2018, group D participants contributed an additional 1% of their salary.

As a result of Senate Bill 2190 of the 85th Texas Legislature ("SB 2190"), beginning in fiscal year 2018, the City is required to contribute the "Total City Contribution" to the Plan, which consists of the sum of (a) an actuarially determined percentage of payroll ("City Contribution Rate") multiplied by actual payroll and a fixed dollar amount ("City Contribution Amount") which is based on the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability as of July 1, 2016 ("Legacy Liability"). The Legacy Liability payment is amortized over 30 years, beginning on July 1, 2017, and grows at 2.75% per year regardless of the actual payroll growth rate.

The City as a whole and for the years ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, the City Contribution Rate was 8.51% and 8.48% of payroll, respectively, and the City Contribution Amount was \$150.0 million and \$146.0 million, respectively.

Also, SB 2190 required a one-time payment of \$250 million to the Plan in Pension Obligation Bond proceeds during the year ended June 30, 2018.

As of the most recent measurement date, June 30, 2025, of the net pension liability, membership data for the Plan are as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	12,204
Former members entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them	9,398
Active members	11,883
Total participants	33,485

## **Net Pension Liability**

The Fund's proportionate share of NPL in the Plan was allocated and reported on the accompanying statements of net position.

The Net Pension Liability ("NPL") is the difference between the Total Pension Liability ("TPL") and the Plan's Fiduciary Net Position ("FNP"). TPL is the present value of pension benefits that are allocated to current members due to past service by entry age normal actuarial cost method. TPL includes benefits related to projected salary and service, and automatic cost of living adjustments ("COLA"). In addition, ad hoc COLAs are also included in TPL to the extent they are substantively automatic. FNP is determined on the same basis used by the Plan. NPL and certain sensitivity information are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2024, and 2023. TPL was rolled forward from that valuation date to the measurement date of June 30, 2025, and 2024 using generally accepted actuarial principles. A Schedule of Net Pension Liability, including multiyear trend information (beginning with the year ended June 30, 2015), is presented in the Required Supplementary Information section of this ACFR.

The City's and the Fund's net pension liability as of June 30, 2025, and 2024, are summarized as follows (in thousands):

		June 3	25		024			
	Municipal Employees' Pension			The Fund's roportionate hare of NPL	Municipal Employees' Pension			The Fund's proportionate share of NPL
Total pension liability	\$	5,932,875	\$	693,626	\$	5,812,828	\$	653,209
Less: Fiduciary net position		(4,723,001)		(552,177)		(4,360,172)		(489,969)
Net pension liability	\$	1,209,874	\$	141,449	\$	1,452,656	\$	163,240

The Fund's proportionate percentage of NPL is 11.69% and 11.24% for the years ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively.

## **Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (in thousands)**

			Jui	ne 30, 2025				June 30, 2024				
		Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability		Total Pension Liability		an Fiduciary let Position	Net Pension Liability	
Service cost	\$	91,783	\$	_	\$	91,783	\$	88,999	\$	_	\$	88,999
Interest on the total pension liability		397,122		_		397,122		389,086		_		389,086
Difference between expected and actual experience		(2,239)		_		(2,239)		(5,779)		_		(5,779)
Employer contributions		_		215,355		(215,355)		_		212,959		(212,959)
Employees contributions		_		34,787		(34,787)		_		34,645		(34,645)
Pension plan net investment income		_		485,168		(485,168)		_		403,867		(403,867)
Benefit payments		(365,914)		(365,914)		_		(356,914)		(356,914)		_
Refunds		(705)		(705)		_		(1,341)		(1,341)		_
Administrative expense		_		(6,276)		6,276		_		(6,046)		6,046
Other		_		414		(414)		_		657		(657)
Net change		120,047		362,829		(242,782)		114,051		287,827		(173,776)
Net pension liability beginning	5	,812,828		4,360,172	1	1,452,656		5,698,777		4,072,345	1	,626,432
Net pension liability ending	\$ 5	,932,875	\$	4,723,001	\$1	1,209,874	\$	5,812,828	\$	4,360,172	\$1	,452,656

## **Schedule of Assumptions**

2.25%
3.25% to 5.50%
7.00%
July 1, 2024
Entry Age Normal Cost
Level Percent of Payroll, Open
23 years
5 year smoothed market, direct offset of deferred gains and losses
PUB-2010 table, amount weighted, below-median income, with a 2-year set forward. The rates are then projected on a fully generational basis by the long-term rates of improvement of scale MP-2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The actuary utilized the forward-looking return expectations developed by twelve investment consulting firms that work with pension systems similar to HMEPS. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The Plan's target asset allocation and actual allocation as of June 30, 2025, and 2024, are summarized as follows:

	June 30,	2025	June 30, 2024					
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return				
Cash & Short-term	— %	3.55 %	— %	4.00 %				
International Equity	28.00 %	6.20 %	28.00 %	5.10 %				
Fixed Income	10.00 %	5.95 %	10.00 %	5.88 %				
Inflation Linked	20.00 %	7.60 %	20.00 %	7.00 %				
Private Equity	17.00 %	9.95 %	17.00 %	7.45 %				
Private Debt	12.50 %	8.45 %	12.50 %	8.20 %				
Real Estate	12.50 %	7.35 %	12.50 %	6.00 %				
	100.00 %	_	100.00 %					

## **Pension Expense**

For the years ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, the City recognized pension (benefit) expense as follows (in thousands):

	June	30, 2025	June 30, 2024
Service cost	\$	91,783	88,999
Interest		397,122	389,086
Difference between expected and actual experience		4,884	3,955
Assumption changes		(6,032)	(7,827)
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		(212,763)	(110,197)
Member contributions		(34,787)	(34,645)
Project earnings on plan investments		(300,930)	(281,003)
Administrative expense		6,276	6,046
Other		(414)	(657)
Total pension (benefit) expense	\$	(54,861)	53,757

The Fund's proportionate shares of pension (benefit) expense were \$(6,413.9) thousand and \$6,040.9 thousand for the years ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively.

## Schedule of Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources by source reported by the Fund at June 30, 2025, and 2024 (in thousands):

lune 20 2025

			Ju	ne 30, 2025					Ju	ne 30, 2024		
	Ou	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Total Fund		Deferred outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	Total Fund	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	124	\$	(481)	\$	(357)	\$	923	\$	(466)	\$	457
Change of assumptions		_		_		_		_		(678)		(678)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		_		(21,615)		(21,615)		_		(23,980)		(23,980)
Change in proportion		9,912		_		9,912		9,662		_		9,662
Total	\$	10,036	\$	(22,096)	\$	(12,060)	\$	10,585	\$	(25,124)	\$	(14,539)

lune 20, 2024

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2025, will be recognized in pension expense as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending Year Ending June 30	
2026	\$ 1,550
2027	(3,226)
2028	(6,076)
2029	 (4,308)
Total	\$ (12,060)

## Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents TPL and NPL, calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the Fund's TPL and NPL would have been if they were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percent-point lower and 1-percent-point higher than the current rate (in thousands):

June 30, 2025	1% Decrease		Discount Rate	1% Increase		
	6.00 %	0	7.00 %		8.00 %	
Municipal Employees' Pension	\$ 1,793,747	\$	1,209,874	\$	750,937	
The Fund's proportionate share of NPL	\$ 209,711	\$	141,449	\$	87,794	
June 30, 2024	1% Decrease		Current Discount Rate		1% Increase	
	6.00 %	0	7.00 %		8.00 %	
Municipal Employees' Pension	\$ 2,032,436	\$	1,452,656	\$	964,646	
The Fund's proportionate share of NPL	\$ 228,392	\$	163,240	\$	108,401	

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## **Other Employee Benefits**

The City's Other Post-Employment Benefit ("OPEB") plans consist of a health benefit plan and a long-term disability plan. As of and for the years ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, the Fund's total balances of OPEB related assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses are as follows (in thousands):

June 30	. 2025
---------	--------

Plan	Total O	PEB Liabilities	Deferred Outflows of Resources	S Deferred Inflows of Resources		Expenses (Benefits)
OPEB-Health	\$	55,078	\$ 8,160	\$	23,443	\$ 453
OPEB-LTD		1,197	173		552	161
Total	\$	56,275	\$ 8,333	\$	23,995	\$ 614

#### June 30, 2024

Plan	Total OF	PEB Liabilities	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			Expenses (Benefits)
OPEB-Health	\$	61,379	\$ 10,516	\$	20,190	\$	(260)
OPEB-LTD		1,132	 203		459		159
Total	\$	62,511	\$ 10,719	\$	20,649	\$	(101)

## **Retiree Health Insurance Benefits (OPEB-Health)**

Pursuant to a City Ordinance, the City provides certain Other Post-employment Health Benefits ("OPEB-Health") for retired employees. Substantially all employees become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the City. The City is not required by law or contractual agreement to provide funding for OPEB-Health other than the pay-as-you-go amounts necessary to provide current benefits to retirees, eligible dependents, and beneficiaries. The cost of retiree health care premiums incurred by the City (employer and subscriber) amounted to approximately \$60.9 million and \$63.6 million for the years ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively. Retiree health care is accounted for in the Health Benefits Fund, an Internal Service Fund for the City. As of June 30, 2024, there were 31,288 retirees including active survivors eligible to receive benefits. Effective August 1, 2011, all Medicare-eligible retirees must enroll in an insured Medicare Advantage Program Plan.

The City's OPEB-Health plan is a single-employer plan, and calculations are based on the OPEB-Health benefits provided under the terms of the plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. As a department of the City, HAS participates in the OPEB-Health plan of the City. A separate accounting is not done for the Fund's portion. It is allocated its share of expenses on an annual basis. For the years ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, the Fund made "pay-as-you-go" payments totaling approximately \$1.9 million and \$2.0 million, respectively, for the OPEB-Health plan.

#### Membership

As of the most recent actuarial valuation of the net OPEB-Health liability, membership data is as follows:

	City
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	9,893
Active members	21,395
Total participants	31,288

## **Schedule of Assumptions**

The total OPEB-Health liability is based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2024, using the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Experience Study	June 30, 2022
Inflation	2.25%
Salary Increases	3.25% to 33.25%, varies by job classification, service and age
Discount Rate	3.93% and 3.65% for June 30, 2025 and 2024 reporting, respectively
Measurement Date	June 30, 2024
Healthcare Costs Trend Rates:	
Medicare	7.00% grading down to 4.50% by 0.25% per annum
Prescription Drug	10.00% grading down to 4.50% by 0.50% per annum
Medicare Advantage	-2.64% in the first year, 6.00% in the second year, then 0.25% down per annum
Administrative Costs	2.00%
Healthy Mortality Rates	Rates that vary by job classification and employee status. The rates are consistent with the pension plans valuation assumptions for the same employees.

## **OPEB-Health Liability**

The total OPEB-Health liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and 2023. The total OPEB-Health liability was determined from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2024, and 2022, respectively, for the years ended June 30, 2025, and 2024. The net OPEB-Health liability is the total OPEB-Health liability less the plan fiduciary net position. The total OPEB-Health liability is the present value of all future benefit payments for current retirees and active employees, considering assumptions about demographics, turnover, mortality, disability, retirement, healthcare trends, and other actuarial assumptions.

#### The Fund's Net OPEB-Health Benefits Liability (in thousands)

 2025	2024
\$ 55,078	\$ 61,379
 _	_
\$ 55,078	\$ 61,379
<del> </del>	 \$ 55,078 \$

The Fund's proportionate share of the net OPEB-Health liability at June 30, 2025, and 2024 was 3.17% and 3.14%, respectively. A schedule of net OPEB-Health liability, in addition to the information above, includes multi- year trend information (beginning with fiscal year 2018) and is presented in the Required Supplementary Information section.

Schedule of Change in Net OPEB-Health Liability (in thousands)	 2025	2024		
Service cost	\$ 96,247 \$	89,215		
Interest	73,664	64,343		
Difference between expected and actual experience	(142,841)	10,771		
Assumptions changes	(180,051)	91,495		
Benefit payments	(60,872)	(63,607)		
Net change	(213,853)	192,217		
Net OPEB-Health liability beginning	 1,952,112	1,759,895		
Net OPEB-Health liability ending	\$ 1,738,259 \$	1,952,112		

## **OPEB-Health Expense**

For the years ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, the City recognized OPEB-Health expense (benefit) of \$14.3 million and \$(8.3) million, respectively. Components of OPEB-Health expense are as follows (in thousands):

	 2025	2024
Service Cost	\$ 96,247 \$	89,215
Interest	73,664	64,343
Expensed portion of current difference in experience	(17,855)	1,346
Expensed Portion of current period changes of assumptions	(22,506)	11,437
Amortization of beginning of year deferred amounts	(115,241)	(174,617)
OPEB-Health expense (benefit)	\$ 14,309 \$	(8,276)

The Fund recognized OPEB-Health expense (benefit) of \$453.4 thousand and \$(260.2) thousand for the years ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively.

#### Schedule of Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to the OPEB-Health plan reported by the Fund at June 30, 2025, and 2024 are as follows (in thousands):

	2025					2024							
	Out	eferred flows of sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		Total Fund		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		To	otal Fund	
Change of assumptions	\$	5,774	\$	(18,782)	\$	(13,008)	\$	7,770	\$	(18,668)	\$	(10,898)	
Differences between expected and actual experience		677		(4,661)		(3,984)		817		(1,522)		(705)	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date and prior to reporting date		1,709		-		1,709		1,929		_		1,929	
Total	\$	8,160	\$	(23,443)	\$	(15,283)	\$	10,516	\$	(20,190)	\$	(9,674)	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to net OPEB-Health liability at June 30, 2025, will be recognized in OPEB-Health expense as follows (in thousands):

\$ (3,467)
(2,641)
(3,828)
(4,030)
(874)
 (2,152)
\$ (16,992)

\$1,709.2 thousand reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2026.

## Sensitivity of the Net OPEB-Health Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Healthcare Trend

The following presents the net OPEB-Health liability, calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the Fund's net OPEB-Health liability would have been if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower and 1 percentage point higher than the current rate (in thousands):

June 30, 2025	1%	Current Discount Rate 3.93%			1% Increase 4.93%		
Net OPEB-Health Liability	\$	62,944	\$	55,078	\$	48,632	
	1%	Decrease		ırrent ount Rate		1% Increase	
June 30, 2024		2.65%	3	.65%		4.65%	
Net OPEB-Health Liability	\$	72,242	\$	61,379	\$	52,798	

The following presents the net OPEB-Health liability calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rate as of June 30, 2024, and 2023, as well as what the net OPEB-Health liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower and 1 percentage point higher than the current rate (in thousands):

June 30, 2025	Current Healthcare Cost 1% Decrease Trend Rate					1% Increase			
Net OPEB-Health Liability	\$	47,302	\$	55,078	\$	64,956			
June 30, 2024	1%	Decrease	Healti	urrent ncare Cost nd Rate		1% Increase			
Net OPEB-Health Liability	\$	51,218	\$	61,379	\$	74,680			

## **Long-Term Disability Plan (OPEB-LTD)**

The long-term disability plan (the "OPEB-LTD"), accounted for as an internal service fund of the City, is a part of the Income Protection Plan implemented on September 1, 1985 (renamed to the Compensable Sick Leave Plan ("CSL") in October 1996) and is provided at no cost to City employees who are CSL members. The OPEB-LTD plan is a single-employer plan. Coverage is effective upon completion of one year of continuous service. When an employee cannot work because of injury or illness, the plan provides income equal to 50% of base pay plus longevity, or 70% of base pay plus longevity when combined with income benefits available from other sources. The OPEB-LTD benefits may be payable after all CSL scheduled sick leave benefits, including frozen sick leave days, have been used, however, not before six months of absence from work. The OPEB-LTD is administered by Reed Group, which is reimbursed by the internal service fund as claims are paid, plus an administrative services fee. As a department of the City, HAS participates in the OPEB-LTD.

## Actuarially Determined Contribution and Total Claim Liability

For the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, there were a decrease of \$727.0 thousand and a decrease of \$641.0 thousand, respectively, in the amount of disabled life reserves.

Schedule of Change in Net Disabled Life Reserves (in thousands)	June	30, 2025	June 30, 2024		
Changes for the year:				_	
Changes due to assumption changes	\$	(66)	\$	(34)	
Increase attributable to additions		327		236	
Decrease attributable to terminations		(281)		(20)	
Change attributable to passage of time and adjustments		(707)		(823)	
Net change		(727)		(641)	
Net disabled life reserves beginning		5,275		5,916	
Net disabled life reserves ending	\$	4,548	\$	5,275	
Schedule of Change in Net OPEB-LTD Liability (in thousands)  Changes for the year:	June	30, 2025	June	30, 2024	
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	\$	,	\$	1,558	
Interest		638		628	
Experience		(1,328)		(1,644)	
Assumptions changes		(262)		(95)	
Benefit payments		(850)		(870)	
Net change		(213)		(423)	
Net OPEB-LTD liability beginning		13,648		14,071	
Net OPEB-LTD liability ending	\$	13,435	\$	13,648	

The Fund's proportionate share of the total OPEB-LTD liability at June 30, 2025, and 2024, was \$1,196.6 thousand and \$1,131.8 thousand, respectively.

## **OPEB-LTD Expense Components**

	June	30, 2025	June 30, 2024		
Service Cost	\$	1,590	\$	1,558	
Interest		638		628	
Differences between expected and actual experience		(636)		(504)	
Changes in assumptions		211		237	
OPEB-LTD expense	\$	1,803	\$	1,919	

For the years ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, the Fund recognized expense of \$160.6 thousand and \$159.3 thousand, respectively, related to the OPEB-LTD.

## **Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources**

At June 30, 2025, and 2024, the Fund reports deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB-LTD from the following sources:

		June 30, 2025						June 30, 2024					
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		1	Total Fund		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Total Fund	
Change of assumptions	\$	136	\$	(91)	\$	45	\$	157	\$	(76)	\$	81	
Differences between expected and actual experience		37		(461)		(424)		46		(383)		(337)	
Total	\$	173	\$	(552)	\$	(379)	\$	203	\$	(459)	\$	(256)	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB-LTD will be recognized in OPEB-LTD expense by the Fund as follows:

Year Ending Year Ending June 30	
2026	\$ (38)
2027	(38)
2028	(37)
2029	(49)
2030	(68)
Thereafter	 (149)
Total	\$ (379)

## Sensitivity of the Net OPEB-LTD Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB-LTD liability, calculated using the discount rate of 4.81% and 4.31%, at June 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively, as well as what the total OPEB-LTD liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate (in thousands):

	Current							
	1% De	crease	Discou	int Rate		1% Increase		
June 30, 2025	3.81% 4.81%			31%	5.81%			
Net OPEB-LTD Liability	\$	1,243	\$	1,197	\$	1,150		
			Cur	rent				
	1% De	crease	Discou	int Rate		1% Increase		
June 30, 2024	3.3	31%	4.31%			5.31%		
Net OPEB-LTD Liability	\$	1,176	\$	1,132	\$	1,089		

## **Other Employee Benefit Plans**

## **Deferred Compensation Plan**

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan (the "DCP"), created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457 as a separately administered trust. The DCP, available to all City employees, permits employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The City does not make any matching or discretionary contributions to the DCP. The DCP is considered as an other employee benefit plan in accordance with paragraph 6 of GASBS No. 97. And the DCP is not considered a fiduciary activity of the City under the provisions of GASBS No. 84. The deferred compensation funds are not available until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. However, the Plan now offers loans to participant employees. The maximum loan amount is the lesser of \$50,000 or 50% of the total account balance, less any outstanding loans. The minimum loan amount is \$1,000. The DCP's assets are not subject to the City's general creditors and are not included in the accompanying financial statements.

## **Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Plan**

The City has established a Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Plan (the "WCSP"), accounted for within the various operating funds. The WCSP is administered by Tristar Insurance Group, Inc. Funds are wire-transferred to Tristar as needed to pay claims.

On June 30, 2025, and 2024, the City has an accumulated liability of approximately \$152.1 million and \$143.2 million, respectively, covering estimates for approved but unpaid claims and incurred but not reported claims recorded in the City's government-wide statements of net position. The amount of liability is based on an actuarial study each year. The Fund's share of the liability totaled approximately \$5.3 million and \$5.7 million on June 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively.

Schedule of Change in Liability (in thousands)	June	June 30, 2024		
Beginning actuarial estimate of claims liability, July 1	\$	143,238	\$ 146,202	
Incurred claims for fiscal year		27,007	20,726	
Payments on claims		(26,265)	(25,889)	
Actuarial adjustment		8,169	2,199	
Ending actuarial estimate of claims liability, June 30	\$	152,149	\$ 143,238	

**Transactions with City of Houston** 

## **Due to and Due from the City of Houston**

Amounts due to and due from other funds of the City at June 30, 2025, and 2024, are as follows (in thousands):

	June 30, 2025					June 30, 2024			
		Due to		Due from		Due to		Due from	
General Fund	\$	1,942	\$	38	\$	1,156	\$	1,032	
Debt Service Fund		1,248		_		_		_	
Total	\$	3,190	\$	38	\$	1,156	\$	1,034	

As of June 30, 2025, and 2024, the amounts due to the General Fund mainly consisted of payments for services provided to the Fund by the firefighter department. In additions, payments were due to the general fund for administrative, information technology, and fleet management services. The amount due to the Debt Service Fund at June 30, 2025, consisted of principal and interest payment for the General Obligation Bonds Series 2024A.

The amount due from the General Fund at June 30, 2024, primarily consisted of amounts due from the City's police department and fleet management department for over-payments made by the Fund during the year.

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#### **Concentration of Financial Resource Provider**

## **Major Customers**

The Fund accounts for the City's airport operations and reports approximately \$2.37 billion and \$2.49 billion of revenue bonds outstanding on June 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively. The bond indentures state that the revenue generated by airport operations is pledged as the sole source of repayment for the bonds. A loss of revenue from major customers could adversely affect the Fund.

For the years ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, the Fund earned approximately 36.6% and 40.8%, respectively, of its operating revenues from two major customers, United and Southwest. No other companies or customers individually represent more than 5% of total operating revenues. The two major companies and their respective percentage of revenue and outstanding receivable (billed receivable) as of and for the years ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, are as follows:

	Percentage of Operating Revenue					
	2025	2024				
United	27.8 %	31.1 %				
Southwest	8.8 %	9.7 %				
	Percentage of Acc	ounts Receivable				
	2025	2024				
United	0.9 %	35.8 %				
Southwest	0.3 %	9.4 %				

See Note 10 to the financial statements for conduit debt obligations.

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**Conduit Debt Obligations** 

The City has authorized various issues of Special Facilities Bonds to enable United (formerly known as Continental Airlines, Inc.), a publicly traded company, to construct facilities at the Intercontinental Airport ("Special Facilities") that were deemed to be in the public interest. These bonds are limited special obligations of the City, payable solely from and secured by a pledge of revenues generated from lease agreements with United. Collected pledged revenues are remitted directly to a trustee by United. In addition, no commitments beyond the payments from United and maintenance of the tax-exempt status of the conduit debt obligation were extended by the City. On June 30, 2025, the bonds had an aggregate outstanding principal amount payable of approximately \$2.1 billion.

Under the terms of the related lease agreements, United operates, maintains, and insures the terminals, and manages and retains revenues from all concessions operated in the Terminal B and E Special Facilities. The City operates, maintains, insures, manages and retains revenues from all concessions operated in all other terminal facilities.

The City holds legal title to the completed facilities, as they are constructed on airport property, but the constructed facilities are operated and controlled by United through long-term leases, and the Airport System will enjoy no direct financial benefit from these facilities for the term of the lease agreements. Accordingly, the Airport System accounts for the Special Facilities Bonds shown in the following table as conduit debt, and neither the debt nor the related assets have been recorded in the accompanying financial statements of the Fund.

Conduit Debt Outstanding at June 30, 2025 and 2024 (in thousands)	Jun	e 30, 2025	June	e 30, 2024
Airport System Special Facilities Revenue Bonds (Continental Airlines, Inc. Terminal Improvement Projects), Series 2011 (AMT), \$113,305,000 original principal, matures in 2038	\$	113,305	\$	113,305
Airport System Special Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds (United Airlines, Inc. Terminal E Project), Series 2014 (AMT), \$308,660,000 original principal, matures in 2029		169,965		199,355
Airport System Special Facilities Revenue Bonds (United Airlines, Inc. Terminal Improvement Projects), Series 2015B-1 (AMT), \$176,650,000 principal, matures in 2035		176,650		176,650
Airport System Special Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds (United Airlines, Inc. Technical Operations Center), Series 2018 (AMT), 90,650,000 original principal, matures in 2028		90,650		90,650
Airport System Special Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds (United Airlines, Inc. Airport Improvement Projects), Series 2018C (AMT), \$46,425,000 original principal, matures in 2028		46,425		46,425
Airport System Special Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds (United Airlines, Inc. Terminal Improvement Projects), Series 2020A (AMT), \$34,165,000 original principal, matures in 2027)		34,165		34,165
Airport System Special Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds (United Airlines, Inc. Terminal Improvement Projects), Series 2020B-2 (AMT), \$47,470,000 original principal, matures in 2027		47,470		47,470
Airport System Special Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds (United Airlines, Inc. Airport Improvement Projects), Series 2020C (AMT), \$66,890,000 principal, matures in 2027		66,890		66,890
Airport System Special Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds (United Airlines, Inc. Airport Improvement Projects), Series 2021A (AMT), \$70,175,000 original principal, matures in 2041		70,175		70,175
Airport System Special Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds (United Airlines, Inc. Airport Improvement Projects), Series 2021B-1 (AMT), \$219,320,000 original principal, matures in 2041		219,320		219,320
Airport System Special Facilities Revenue Bonds (United Airlines, Inc. Airport Improvement Projects), Series 2024B (AMT), \$1,100,000 original principal, matures in 2039		1,100,000		
Total Conduit Debt Outstanding	\$	2,135,015	\$	1,064,405

## **Conduit Debt Obligations**

On December 2, 2024, the City issued \$1.1 billion in Airport System Special Facilities Revenue Bonds (United Airlines, Inc. Terminal Improvement Projects), Series 2024B (the "United 2024B Series Bonds"), on behalf of United, for the purpose of 1) financing the costs of design, construction, improvement and installation of certain facilities in terminal B at IAH and 2) paying related costs of issuance. Interest rates range from 5.250% to 5.500%, with yields range from 4.480% to 4.660%. The final maturity date for the United 2024B Series Bonds is July 15, 2039.

On August 25, 2021, the City issued \$70.2 million and \$219.3 million in Airport System Special Facilities Revenue Bonds (United Airlines, Inc. Terminal E Project and Terminal Improvement Projects), Series 2021A and 2021B-1, respectively, on behalf of United, for the purpose of 1) financing the costs of development, construction, and acquisition of a new multi-terminal baggage handling system and other infrastructure improvements at IAH and 2) paying related costs of issuance. Interest rate for both series is 4% per annum. Maturity dates are July 1, 2041 and July 15, 2041 for Series 2021A and 2021B-1, respectively.

On June 29, 2020, the City issued \$34.2 million in Airport System Special Facilities Revenue Bonds (United Airlines, Inc. Airport Improvement Projects), Series 2020A (AMT) on behalf of United, to refund certain outstanding Special Facilities Revenue Bonds, and to pay the Series 2020A costs of issuance. The bonds were issued as a 5% Term Bond due July 1, 2027, with a yield of 4.375%.

On June 29, 2020, the City issued \$47.5 million in Airport System Special Facilities Revenue Bonds (United Airlines, Inc. Airport Improvement Projects), Series 2020B-2 (AMT) on behalf of United, to refund certain outstanding Special Facilities Revenue Bonds, and to pay the Series 2020B-2 costs of issuance. The bonds were issued as a 5% Term Bond due July 15, 2027, with a yield of 4.375%.

On June 29, 2020, the City issued \$66.9 million in Airport System Special Facilities Revenue Bonds (United Airlines, Inc. Airport Improvement Projects), Series 2020C (AMT) on behalf of United, to refund certain outstanding Special Facilities Revenue Bonds, and to pay the Series 2020C costs of issuance. The bonds were issued as a 5% Term Bond due July 15, 2027, with a yield of 4.625%.

On February 20, 2018, the City issued \$90.7 million in Airport System Special Facilities Revenue Bonds (United Airlines, Inc. Technical Operations Center Project), Series 2018 (AMT) on behalf of United, to finance the construction of a technical operations center and related facilities at IAH. The bonds were issued as a 5% Term Bond due July 15, 2028, with a yield of 3.60%.

On February 20, 2018, the City issued \$46.4 million in Airport System Special Facilities Revenue Bonds (United Airlines, Inc. Airport Improvement Projects), Series 2018C (AMT) on behalf of United, to finance the improvement, renovation, expansion and repair of certain special facilities at IAH, including improvements to an existing aircraft maintenance hangar facility, construction of an aircraft shops facility, and renovation of a maintenance and parts storage facility. The bonds were issued as a 5% Term Bond due July 15, 2028, with a yield of 3.60%.

On March 16, 2015, the City issued \$176.7 million in Airport System Special Facilities Revenue Bonds (United Airlines, Inc. Terminal Improvement Projects), Series 2015B-1 (AMT) on behalf of United, to finance the construction of a new North Concourse building at Terminal B with jet bridge loading, and to make improvements to related facilities. The bonds were issued with a coupon rate of 5.00%, and a yield of 4.75%, to mature in varying amounts from 2026 to 2035.

On May 8, 2014, the City issued \$308.7 million in Airport System Special Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds (United Airlines, Inc. Terminal E Project) Series 2014 on behalf of United, at coupon rates ranging from 4.50% to 5.00%. The bonds mature in varying amounts from 2020 to 2029. Proceeds of the bonds were used to refund a portion of the City's outstanding Airport System Special Facilities Revenue Bonds (Continental Airlines, Inc. Terminal E project) Series 2001 and to pay costs of issuance.

On November 17, 2011, the City issued \$113.3 million in Airport System Special Facilities Revenue Bonds (Continental Airlines, Inc. Terminal Improvement Projects), Series 2011 (AMT), at coupon rates ranging from 6.50% to 6.625%, to finance the replacement of two flight stations at Terminal B, with a new South Concourse building to serve United Airlines' regional jet operations.

**Commitments and Contingencies** 

## **Environmental Liabilities**

Management of HAS is aware of sites polluted by asbestos, mold, and soil contamination. The assessment and remediation of asbestos, mold, and groundwater contamination are ongoing and included in the costs of the capital project at the time it becomes an obligating event under GASBS No. 49. Management has determined the costs of this additional remediation for which the Fund is ultimately liable would not be material in these financial statements.

## **Federal Grants**

HAS has received federal grants for specific purposes under Airport Improvement Program that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agency. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. In the opinion of management of HAS, disallowed costs, if any, would not be material.

## **Commitments for Capital Facilities**

At June 30, 2025, and 2024, the Fund had contracted for, but not spent, approximately \$1,046.6 million and \$1,158.8 million, respectively, for capital projects.

## **Litigation and Claims**

The City is the defendant in various lawsuits and is aware of pending claims arising in the ordinary course of its municipal and enterprise activities, certain of which seek substantial damages. These matters affecting the Fund are primarily contract and real property disputes. The status of such litigation ranges from early discovery to various levels of appeal, against which the City will continue to vigorously defend itself. Additionally, there are also various personal injury claims filed against HAS which will also be vigorously defended. The amount of damages is limited in certain cases under the Texas Torts Claim Act and is subject to appeal. Management has determined the amounts of loss, if any, would not be material in these financial statements.

## Risk Management

The City purchases fidelity coverage to comply with City ordinance, boiler and machinery insurance with a per occurrence loss limit of \$125.0 million and commercial property insurance with a per occurrence loss limit of \$200.0 million. The commercial property insurance sub-limit for flood is \$200.0 million. The commercial property insurance provides deductibles as follows: \$2.0 million per occurrence for all perils, except (1) 3% of the damaged insured value for windstorm or hail from a named storm, subject to a \$2.5 million minimum and a \$20.0 million maximum deductible and (2) 3% of the damaged insured value for flood, subject to a \$2.5 million minimum and a \$20.0 million maximum deductible. Should a named storm event occur that involves both perils of windstorm and flood, the maximum deductible is \$20.0 million. The City's property insurance retention is 10% of the \$50.0 million primary limits, not to exceed the \$5.0 million retention limit.

The City has a separate terrorism policy which covers insured property value. The policy insures up to \$250.0 million aggregate loss limit (including \$25.0 million sub-limit for nuclear, chemical, biological, and biochemical coverage) with a \$500,000 deductible on all claims except a 48-hour waiting period deductible on business interruption.

**Commitments and Contingencies** 

## **Electricity Futures Contracts**

On July 1, 2020, the City entered into an electricity supply agreement with Reliant Energy Retail Services, Inc. for a 5-year term with two 1-year renewal options. The total committed price is approximately \$640.1 million for the expected duration of the 7-year contract term. As of June 30, 2025, the remaining commitment is approximately \$232 million.

On November 14, 2015, the City entered into a 20-year power purchase agreement with ENGIE. The 50MW solar power plant is in Alpine, Texas and provides solar power to City of Houston operations. The solar power purchase agreement started in April 2017 with a total contract value of approximately \$124.7 million. As of June 30, 2025, the remaining commitment is approximately \$80.5 million.

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**Subsequent Events** 

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, December 12, 2025, and determined that the following items require disclosure. No events occurring after this date have been evaluated for inclusion in these financial statements.

## **OPEB Trust Fund**

On August 6, 2025, City Council approved the establishment of a qualifying Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) trust. Contributions from all departments are anticipated to begin in fiscal year 2026. The trust is intended to reduce the City and the Fund's total OPEB liability over time and improve long-term financial sustainability.

## **Subordinate Lien Revenue Bonds**

On August 13, 2025, HAS issued \$699.8 million in Airport System Subordinate Lien Bonds in two series: 2025A (AMT) in the amount of \$677.8 million and 2025B (Non-AMT) in the amount of \$22.0 million (the "Series 2025 Bonds") with interest rates on bonds ranging from 5.00% to 5.50%. The Series 2025A Bonds mature on July 1, 2055, and the Series 2025B Bonds mature on July 1, 2055. The Series 2025 Bonds were issued for the purpose of providing funds to among others: (a) refunding \$34.2 million of Commercial Paper Notes and (b) pay certain costs of issuance with respect to the Series 2025 Bonds, and (c) provide financing for the Terminal B project at IAH as well as terminal expansion at HOU. No deferred gain or loss was recognized for this transaction.

## **Special Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds**

On December 2, 2025, the City issued \$277.4 million in Airport System Special Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds (United Airlines, Inc. Terminal Improvement Projects) Series 2025B (the "Series 2025B United Bonds"), with interest rates ranging from 5.25% to 5.50%. These bonds are limited special obligations of the City. The Series 2025B United Bonds mature in varying amounts from 2026 to 2038. The Series 2025B United Bonds were issued for the purpose of: (a) defeasing and refunding the Airport System Special Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2011 (AMT) and Series 2015B-1 (AMT) and (b) paying costs of issuance of the Series 2025B United Bonds.

## **Commercial Paper**

Between July 1, 2025 and December 12, 2025, the Fund issued a total of \$112.0 million in Commercial Paper with interest rates ranging from 2.43% to 3.05%. The outstanding balance of Commercial Paper was \$77.8 million as of December 12, 2025.

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## **Houston Municipal Pension System**

## Schedule of the Fund's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For Fiscal Years Ended June 30

(in thousands)

				,			
	The Fund's proportionate percentage	Total pension liability (TPL)	Plan fiduciary net position	Net pension liability (NPL)	Covered Payroll	The Fund's proportionate share of NPL as a percentage of covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of TPL
2016	10.74%	\$540,464	\$(257,653)	\$282,811	\$67,704	417.72%	47.67%
2017	10.79%	\$535,376	\$(280,956)	\$254,420	\$61,881	411.14%	52.48%
2018	10.87%	\$555,982	\$(324,983)	\$230,999	\$61,638	374.77%	58.45%
2019	10.76%	\$563,449	\$(333,692)	\$229,757	\$61,076	376.18%	59.22%
2020	10.54%	\$561,822	\$(303,599)	\$258,223	\$65,881	391.95%	54.04%
2021	10.27%	\$558,694	\$(397,149)	\$161,545	\$66,028	244.66%	71.09%
2022	10.28%	\$571,532	\$(406,119)	\$165,413	\$69,703	237.31%	71.06%
2023	10.96%	\$624,425	\$(446,214)	\$178,211	\$77,847	228.92%	71.46%
2024	11.24%	\$653,209	\$(489,969)	\$163,240	\$84,114	194.07%	75.01%
2025	11.69%	\$693,626	\$(552,177)	\$141,449	\$91,871	153.96%	79.61%

## Schedule of the Fund's Contributions for Municipal Pension Plans For Fiscal Years Ended June 30

(in thousands)

			(in thousands)		
	Actuarially determined contribution	Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	Covered payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll
2016	\$17,148	\$16,908	\$240	\$67,704	25.0%
2017	\$18,898	\$18,676	\$222	\$61,881	30.2%
2018	\$42,738	\$42,493	\$245	\$61,638	68.9%
2019	\$17,719	\$17,520	\$199	\$61,076	28.7%
2020	\$19,283	\$18,596	\$687	\$65,881	28.2%
2021	\$19,338	\$18,975	\$363	\$66,028	28.7%
2022	\$20,067	\$20,278	(\$211)	\$69,703	29.1%
2023	\$22,141	\$22,456	(\$315)	\$77,847	28.8%
2024	\$23,540	\$23,937	(\$397)	\$84,114	28.5%
2025	\$25,349	\$25,175	\$174	\$91,871	27.4%

## Schedule of the Fund's Investment Returns For Fiscal Years Ended June 30

(in thousands)

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Annual	44.770/	0.750/	0.000/	F 000/	00.040/	(0.70)0/	0.000/	0.700/	40.400/	0.000/
Return	11.77%	9.75%	6.06%	5.03%	38.61%	(3.72)%	6.20%	8.72%	12.18%	0.90%

## **Houston Municipal Pension System**

## **Notes to Required Pension Supplementary Information**

**Valuation Date:** July 1, 2024 and 2023

Notes: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of July 1, which is 12 months

prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which they are contributed. The assumptions shown below apply to the Actuarially Determined Employer Contribution for fiscal year 2025 and 2024 which was determined by the July 1, 2023 and 2022 actuarial valuation. These assumptions are the same as those used to determine the Net Pension Liability as

of June 30, 2025 and 2024.

## **Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:**

Actuarial cost method: Entry Age Normal

**Amortization method:** Level Percentage of Payroll, Open

**Remaining amortization period:** 23 years

**Assets valuation method:** 5 year smoothed market, direct offset of deferred gains and losses

Inflation: 2.25%

**Salary increases:** 3.25% to 5.50% including inflation

**Investment rate of return:** 7.00%

**Mortality:** 

**Retirement age:** Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2021 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2015–2020.

PUB-2010 Mortality Table, amount weighted, Below-Median Income, with a 2-year set

forward. The rates are then projected on a fully generational basis by the long-term rates of improvement of MP-2020.

Other information:

1. The actuarially determined contribution includes the Legacy Liability payment as

specified by the January 1, 2016 Risk Sharing Valuation Study and a calculated employer rate equal to the normal cost and the amortization of any new unfunded liabilities over a

closed 30 year period from the valuation date the liability base was created.

2. Investment rate of return was lowered from 8.50% to 8.00% as of July 1, 2015 and

subsequently lowered to 7.00% as of July 1, 2017.

3. Salary increases were changed as of July 1, 2016 from 3.25% - 6.00%, including

inflation, to 3.25% - 5.50%, including inflation.

**Other Post Employment** 

## Schedule of the Fund's Proportionate Share of OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

(in thousands)

#### **Health Benefits**

	2025		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Total OPEB liability	\$ 55,078	\$	61,379	\$	53,282	\$	69,874	\$	82,344	\$	70,738	\$	73,286	\$	89,450
Plan fiduciary net position	-		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Net OPEB liability	\$ 55,078	\$	61,379	\$	53,282	\$	69,874	\$	82,344	\$	70,738	\$	70,738	\$	89,450
Fund's proportion of TOPEBL	 3.17 %	6	3.14 %	6	3.03 %	6	2.99 %	6	3.15 %	6	3.19 %	6	3.25 %	6	3.67 %
Fund's covered-employee payroll  Total OPEB liability as a	\$ 84,114	\$	77,847	\$	69,703	\$	66,028	\$	65,881	\$	61,076	\$	61,638	\$	61,881
percentage of the Fund's covered-employee payroll	65.48 %	6	78.85 %	6	76.44 %	6	105.82 %	6	124.99 %	6	115.82 %	6	118.90 %	6	144.55 %

The schedule is intended to show information for ten years. The additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

## Schedule of the Fund's Proportionate Share of OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

(in thousands)

**Long Term Disability** 

								_		_						
		2025		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Total OPEB liability	\$	1,197	\$	1,132	\$	1,102	\$	1,048	\$	1,150	\$	774	\$	586	\$	457
Plan fiduciary net position		-		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Net OPEB liability	\$	1,197	\$	1,132	\$	1,102	\$	1,048	\$	1,150	\$	774	\$	457	\$	457
Fund's proportion of TOPEBL	_	8.91 %	/6	8.30 %	6	7.83 %	%	7.40 %	6	8.12 %	6	4.97 %	6	6.94 %	0	4.14 %
Fund's covered-employee payroll	\$	97,339	\$	83,818	\$	74,706	\$	66,275	\$	58,830	\$	54,880	\$	41,439	\$	35,841
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of the Fund's covered-employee payroll		1.23 %	<b>%</b>	1.35 %	6	1.48 %	<b>%</b>	1.58 %	6	1.95 %	6	1.41 %	<b>%</b>	1.41 %	Ď	1.28 %

The schedule is intended to show information for ten years. The additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

#### **Other Post Employment Benefits**

## **Notes to Required Other Post-Employment Supplementary Information**

#### **Retiree Health Insurance Benefits**

Note:

There are no assets in a trust compliant with GASB codification P22.101 or P52.101 to pay

related benefits.

**Measurement Date:** 

June 30, 2024 for reporting date as of June 30, 2025.

**Benefit Changes:** 

Reflected June 30, 2024 and 2023

No changes.

Reflected June 30, 2022

 Effective July 1, 2022, the OOP maximum for all non-Medicare Advantage plans increased from \$8,150 to \$8,700 for the purposes of this valuation. The impact of this change was considered negligible.

#### Reflected June 30, 2021

• Texas Plus, Cigna Health Spring, and UHC Plan F plans have all been terminated as of 12/31/2020 and a new plan, Aetna PO1 PPO Basic, was added as of 1/1/2021.

Reflected June 30, 2020

No changes.

#### Reflected June 30, 2019

#### Effective May 1, 2019:

For Cigna Limited Network Plan:

- Deductible increased from \$150 / \$450 (individual / family) to \$200 / \$600.
- OOP maximum increased from \$4,500 / \$9,000 to \$7,900 / \$15,800.
- Prescription Drug deductible increased from \$100 /\$300 to \$150 /\$450.

For Cigna Open Access Plan:

- Deductible increased from \$750 / \$1,500 (individual / family) to \$850 / \$1,700
- OOP maximum increased from \$6,840 / \$13,700 to \$7,900 / \$15,800.

For Consumer Driven Plan:

• OOP maximum increased from \$6,840 / \$13,700 to \$7,900 / \$15,800.

Retirees of Texas plan has been discontinued.

#### Effective May 1, 2020:

For Cigna Limited Network Plan:

• OOP Maximum increased from \$7,900 to \$15,800 to \$8,150/\$16,300.

For Cigna Open Access Plan:

• OOP Maximum increased from \$7,900 to \$15,800 to \$8,150/\$16,300.

For Consumer Driven Health Plan:

- OOP Maximum increased from \$7,900 to \$15,800 to \$8,150/\$16,300 in network and \$12,000/\$24,000 to \$16,000/\$32,000 out of network.
- Prescription coinsurance increased from 40% to 60%.

#### For Kelsey Care Advantage:

· Specialist copay increased from \$15 to \$20.

For Cigna Health Spring

- Emergency Room Copay increased from \$100 to \$120.
- Non-preferred generic pharmacy copay increased from \$10 to \$45.
- Mail order prescription drugs moved to two times retail for all tiers.

#### Aetna PPO:

- Inpatient copay increased from \$80 to \$250 for in network and from \$80 to 20% per stay for out of network.
- Non-preferred generic pharmacy copay increased from \$20 to \$40 for out of network.
- Preferred brand name pharmacy copay increased from \$40 to \$80 for out of network.

# Notes to Required Other Post-Employment Benefits Supplementary Information, continued:

#### Reflected June 30, 2018

- KelseyCare Advantage HMO Specialty Drug copay increased to \$75
- Texas Plus Inpatient copay increased to \$325, emergency room copay rates to \$100, prescription drug copays increased to \$10/\$15/\$40/\$55/\$75.
- Cigna HealthSpring Emergency room copay increased to \$100, mail order prescription drugs move to two times retail for all tiers.

#### **Changes of Assumptions:**

#### Effective June 30, 2024

• The basis for the discount rate remained the same (20-year, general obligation, municipal bond index), resulting in a change in discount rate to 3.93% compared to 3.65% in prior year.

#### Effective June 30, 2023

- The basis for the discount rate remained the same (20-year, general obligation, municipal bond index), resulting in a change in discount rate to 3.65% compared to 3.54% in prior year.
- The trend rates associated with the starting healthcare claims and contribution were updated to reflect recent experience and expected impacts due to the Inflation Reduction Act (IRA) legislation effective in 2025.

#### Effective June 30, 2022

- The basis for the discount rate remained the same (20-year, general obligation, municipal bond index), resulting in a change in discount rate to 3.54% compared to 2.16% in prior year.
- Medicare and prescription drug claims costs and trend rates were updated to reflect recent experience.
- The actuarial factors used to estimate individual retiree and spouse costs by age and by gender were updated. The new factors are based on a review of historical claims experience by age, gender, and status (active vs retired) from Segal's claims data warehouse.

#### Effective June 30, 2021

- The basis for the discount rate remained the same (20-year, general obligation, municipal bond index), resulting in a change in discount rate to 2.16% compared to 2.21% in prior year.
- The demographic assumptions (mortality, turnover, disability and retirement) for the Fire department were updated to be consistent with the Houston Firefighter's Relief and Retirement Fund Actuarial Certification as of July 1, 2020, dated September 16, 2021, completed by Buck Consulting.

#### Effective June 30, 2020

- Medical and prescription drug claims costs and trend rates were updated to reflect recent experience.
- The basis for the discount rate remained the same (20-year, general obligation, municipal bond index), resulting in a change in discount rate to 2.21 compared to 3.50% in prior year.
- · Active participation rates upon retirement were updated to reflect recent experience.
- Life insurance to be fully retiree paid and is no longer being valued.

#### Effective June 30, 2019

- The excise tax regulation was repealed by Congress in December 2019.
- The basis for the discount rate remained the same (20-year, general obligation, municipal bond index), resulting in a change in the discount rate to 3.50% compared to 3.87% in the prior year.
- Post-Medicare starting costs were adjusted for the actual premiums charged. Similar adjustments were made for contribution rates.
- Prescription drug trend rates were changed to reflect future expectations by extending the number of years until the ultimate trend is reached.

Other Post Employment

## **Notes to Required Other Post-Employment Benefits Supplementary Information**, continued:

Reflected June 30, 2018

- · Medical, prescription drug, Medicare Plan, and administrative expected claims and payments were changed, based on experience through June 30, 2018.
- · Medical, prescription drug, Medicare Plan, and administrative trend rates were changed to reflect future expectations.
- Demographic changes included mortality changes for all participants, changes to the salary scale for
- · Municipal and Police participants, and changes to the retirement rates for Police and Fire participants.
- The basis for the discount rate remained the same (20-year, general obligation, municipal bond index), resulting in a change in the discount rate to 3.87% compared to 3.58% in the prior year.

## **Long Term Disability**

Note: There are no assets in a trust compliant with GASB codification P22.101 or P52.101 to pay

related benefits.

**Measurement Date:** June 30, 2025 for reporting date as of June 30, 2025.

**Changes of Assumptions:** Discount rate - FY2025: 4.81%; FY2024: 4.31%; FY2023: 4.13%; FY2022: 3.54%; FY2021:

2.16%; FY2020: 3.50%; FY2019: 3.50%; FY2018: 3.87%.

**Employees Covered:** Houston Fire Department is covered by this LTD Plan in addition to all municipal employees.

Houston Police Department is not covered by this LTD Plan.

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## STATISTICAL SECTION

This section contains statistical information and differs from the financial statements because it usually covers more than one fiscal year and may present non-accounting data.

## This information is presented in five categories:

**FINANCIAL TREND** – intended to assist users in understanding and assessing how the Houston Airport System's financial position has changed over time.

**REVENUE CAPACITY** – intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the factors affecting the Houston Airport System's ability to generate its own sources of revenues.

**DEBT CAPACITY** – intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the Houston Airport System's debt burden and its ability to cover and issue additional debt.

**OPERATIONAL INFORMATION** – intended to provide contextual information about the Houston Airport System's operations and resources to assist readers in using financial statement information to understand and assess the Houston Airport System economic condition.

**DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC** – intended to assist users in understanding the socioeconomic environment within which the Houston Airport System operates and to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial statement information over time and among similar entities.

## **TOTAL ANNUAL REVENUES AND EXPENSES (in thousands)**





SOURCE: Houston Airport System

# **TOTAL ANNUAL REVENUES & EXPENSES (in thousands)**

CHANGE IN NET POSITION	2025	2024	2023
Operating Revenues			
Landing area fees	\$ 101,145	\$ 98,556	\$ 92,601
Building and ground area fees	271,795	250,353	234,751
Concession, parking, and other revenues	265,212	246,654	232,895
Total Operating Revenues	638,152	595,563	560,247
Nonoperating Revenues			
Investment income (loss)	87,606	91,803	38,706
Passenger Facility Charges	116,533	117,407	108,754
Customer Facility Charges	18,223	17,946	16,075
Other nonoperating revenues	12,377	57,883	60,546
Total Nonoperating Revenues	234,739	285,039	224,081
TOTAL REVENUES	872,891	880,602	784,328
Operating Expenses			
Maintenance and operating			
Personnel costs	126,642	129,866	116,009
Supplies	10,821	9,279	8,236
Services	368,971	296,000	274,798
Non-capital outlay	1,936	2,033	1,913
Total M & O expenses	508,370	437,178	400,956
Depreciation expense	182,854	170,747	170,922
Total Operating Expenses	691,224	607,925	571,878
Nonoperating Expenses			
Interest expense and others	91,993	99,966	78,938
Total Nonoperating Expenses	91,993	99,966	78,938
TOTAL EXPENSES	783,217	707,891	650,816
Contributions to governmental activities	(27,017	) –	
Capital contributions	47,581	6,508	37,087
TOTAL CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ 110,238	\$ 179,219	\$ 170,599

SOURCE: Houston Airport System

# **TOTAL ANNUAL REVENUES AND EXPENSES (in thousands), continued**

2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
\$ 94,253	\$ 70,578	\$ 95,863	\$ 87,767	\$ 95,779	\$ 88,046	\$ 86,870
192,029	155,598	223,301	211,323	220,214	221,181	216,018
 194,892	92,379	152,748	199,374	194,871	184,814	186,009
481,174	318,555	471,912	498,464	510,864	494,041	488,897
(47,109)	1,523	43,701	45,067	8,591	3,403	13,260
98,446	62,541	78,418	111,155	109,021	101,539	104,230
13,723	8,769	13,320	17,439	17,374	14,200	16,417
145,281	198,447	18,877	340	(1,420)	5,596	124
210,341	271,280	154,316	174,001	133,566	124,738	134,031
691,515	589,835	626,228	672,465	644,430	618,779	622,928
70 515	94.652	110 404	110.041	422.252	FG 704	102 070
79,515 7,089	84,652 7,020	119,481 8,223	119,841 8,390	133,253 8,219	56,721 7,794	123,872 8,140
227,656	225,405	204,811	196,608	184,826		
1,741	1,491	37,915	12,638	8,806	184,032 5,912	177,677
 316,001	318,568	37,913	337,477	335,104	254,459	5,730 315,419
166,792	170,820	175,573	174,266	176,053	184,203	179,398
482,793	489,388	546,003	511,743	511,157	438,662	494,817
. ,	,		, ,	, -	,	, , ,
 85,427	95,803	85,426	84,578	94,061	87,574	86,259
85,427	95,803	85,426	84,578	94,061	87,574	86,259
568,220	585,191	631,429	596,321	605,218	526,236	581,076
 _	_	_	_	_	_	_
41,047	24,757	10,927	16,599	13,784	35,513	22,542
\$ 164,342	\$ 29,401	\$ 5,726	\$ 92,743	\$ 52,996	\$ 128,056	\$ 64,394

# **CHANGES IN NET POSITION (in thousands)**

NET POSITION AT YEAR END		2025		2024	2023		2022	2021
Net investment in capital assets	\$	935,102	\$	728,106	\$ 591,494	\$	507,167	\$ 495,497
Restricted net position								
Restricted for debt service		528,582		492,900	472,782	2	412,293	384,267
Restricted for maintenance and operations		63,914		63,032	55,457	·	55,332	54,232
Restricted for special facility		70,128		62,152	55,143		50,953	52,362
Restricted for renewal and replacement		10,000		10,000	10,000		10,000	10,000
Restricted for capital improvement		714,921		763,782	851,491		681,093	627,464
Unrestricted surplus (deficit)		(64,866)	L	27,571	(68,043	5)	80,887	9,561
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 2	,257,781	\$	2,147,543	\$ 1,968,324	\$	1,797,725	\$ 1,633,383

NET POSITION AT YEAR END	2020	2	2019		2018	2017	2016
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 514,164	\$	542,125	\$	531,232	\$ 542,363	\$ 537,172
Restricted net position							
Restricted for debt service	464,280		428,856		357,588	287,858	333,635
Restricted for maintenance and operations	54,807		60,525		56,891	54,805	54,942
Restricted for special facility	55,105		43,442		36,049	29,369	26,944
Restricted for renewal and replacement	10,000		10,000		10,000	10,000	10,000
Restricted for capital improvement	619,884		651,664		657,050	676,360	561,071
Unrestricted surplus (deficit)	 (114,258)	(	138,356)		(143,297)	(126,938)	(178,003)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 1,603,982	\$ 1,	598,256	\$ 1	1,505,513	\$ 1,473,817	\$ 1,345,761

## **PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE COLLECTIONS (in thousands)**

	 2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
Intercontinental	\$ 92,723	\$ 91,738	\$ 84,629	\$ 76,422	\$ 46,994
Hobby	 23,810	25,669	24,125	22,024	15,547
Total	\$ 116,533	\$ 117,407	\$ 108,754	\$ 98,446	\$ 62,541
Year-over-Year Change	(0.74)%	7.96%	10.47%	57.41%	(20.25)%
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Intercontinental	\$ 61,120	\$ 85,167	\$ 83,220	\$ 77,351	\$ 80,574
Hobby	 17,298	25,988	25,801	24,188	23,656
Total	\$ 78,418	\$ 111,155	\$ 109,021	\$ 101,539	\$ 104,230
Year-over-Year Change	(29.45)%	1.96%	7.37%	(2.58)%	22.06%

## **PLEDGED REVENUES (in thousands)**

OPERATING REVENUES	2025	2024	2023
Landing area fees			
Landing fees	\$ 96,313	\$ 93,726	\$ 87,329
Aviation fuel	1,441	1,535	1,593
Aircraft parking	 3,391	3,295	3,679
Subtotal	101,145	98,556	92,601
Building and ground area revenues			
Terminal space rentals	238,849	221,613	208,854
Cargo building rentals	2,060	2,015	2,009
Other rentals	5,174	5,230	5,901
Hangar rental	6,788	6,455	5,879
Ground rental	 18,924	15,040	12,108
Subtotal	 271,795	250,353	234,751
Parking, concession, and other revenues			
Retail concessions	55,106	52,151	48,962
Auto parking	133,301	122,588	117,460
Auto rental concession	39,051	38,849	37,301
Ground transportation	27,341	25,332	21,428
Other operating revenues	10,413	7,734	7,744
Subtotal	265,212	246,654	232,895
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	\$ 638,152	\$ 595,563	\$ 560,247

Gross revenues include all operating revenue of the Airport Fund, and all nonoperating revenue except for revenue with legal spending restrictions. Maintenance and operating expenses include all operating expenses of the system except for depreciation and capital expenses. Net revenues in each fiscal year are required to be at least equal to the larger of either: (1) the debt service and reserve transfer requirements of each fiscal year or; (2) 125%, 110% and 100% of the debt service requirements for such fiscal year of the Senior Lien Bonds (or Commercial Paper assumed to be refinanced as Senior Lien Revenue Bonds), Subordinate Lien Revenue Bonds and Inferior Lien debt, respectively.

# PLEDGED REVENUES (in thousands), continued

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
\$	88,757	\$ 65,550	\$ 91,271	\$ 83,318	\$ 91,258	\$ 84,036	\$ 82,703
	1,705	1,302	1,249	1,554	1,679	1,350	1,527
	3,791	3,726	3,343	2,895	2,842	2,660	2,640
	94,253	70,578	95,863	87,767	95,779	88,046	86,870
	166,444	129,527	196,844	185,943	195,198	196,162	191,321
	2,078	2,164	2,378	2,391	2,390	2,448	2,484
	6,332	6,256	6,574	6,454	6,460	6,453	6,808
	5,921	6,339	6,821	6,530	6,691	6,813	6,577
	11,254	11,312	10,684	10,005	9,475	9,305	8,828
	192,029	155,598	223,301	211,323	220,214	221,181	216,018
	39,570	14,584	32,265	41,521	41,245	39,999	35,215
	98,418	43,815	81,172	110,136	103,961	99,752	101,650
	34,055	20,596	23,400	28,949	28,767	28,735	30,737
	15,192	6,913	10,072	12,645	11,062	10,402	10,083
	7,657	6,471	5,839	6,123	9,836	5,926	8,324
	194,892	92,379	152,748	199,374	194,871	184,814	186,009
-							
\$	481,174	\$ 318,555	\$ 471,912	\$ 498,464	\$ 510,864	\$ 494,041	\$ 488,897

### **PLEDGED REVENUES (in thousands)**

	2025	2024	2023
NET REVENUE			
Operating revenue	\$ 638,152	\$ 595,563	\$ 560,247
Interest on investments - revenue fund	41,796	38,756	21,820
Other nonoperating revenues	 726	424	165
Gross revenues	680,674	634,743	582,232
Less: Maintenance and operating expenses	(362,131)	(344,346)	(315,487)
Net pledged revenue	\$ 318,543	\$ 290,397	\$ 266,745
DEBT SERVICE			
Principal	\$ 126,831	\$ 122,925	\$ 119,710
Interest	 103,081	106,160	88,441
	229,912	229,085	208,151
Less PFC revenue available for debt service	(82,439)	(73,926)	(68,743)
Less grant revenue available for debt service	 _	(46,736)	(50,000)
Total debt service	\$ 147,473	\$ 108,423	\$ 89,408
COVERAGE OF DEBT SERVICE	 2.16	\$ 2.68	2.98
Net Required revenue per bond rate covenant	\$ 161,821	\$ 119,500	\$ 99,688
RATIO OF REQUIRED REVENUE	 1.97	\$ 2.43	2.68

<sup>(1)</sup> Calculations not performed for the year ended 6/30/21 and 6/30/22 as HAS paid all debt service in fiscal year 2021 and 2022 from PFC's along with CARES, CCRSA, and ARPA Act proceeds.

Debt service requirements is equal to interest expense (excluding amortization of bond discount and amounts provided for payment of interest by bond proceeds and other sources and deposited into a restricted fund for that purpose) for each respective fiscal year ended June 30, plus principal payment payable on the next July 1. Certain grant revenue and passenger facility charge revenue is available to cover net required revenue and required debt service. In Fiscal Year 2016, \$6,250,000 in remaining series 2009A proceeds were used to pay senior lien bond debt service.

Net revenues in each fiscal year are required to be at least equal to the larger of either: (1) the debt service and reserve transfer requirements of each fiscal year or; (2) 125%, 110% and 100% of the debt service requirements for such fiscal year of the Senior Lien Bonds (or Commercial Paper assumed to be refinanced as Senior Lien Revenue Bonds), Subordinate Lien Revenue Bonds and Inferior Lien debt, respectively.

Revenues and expenses cannot be included in net pledged revenue if they are accounted for outside of the Airport Revenue Fund, and do not affect amounts available for transfer to debt service funds.

# PLEDGED REVENUES (in thousands), continued

2022	202	21	20	20	2019	2018	2017	2016
\$ 481,174	\$	318,555	\$	471,912	\$ 498,464	\$ 510,864	\$ 494,041	\$ 488,897
7,556		10,403		19,503	19,681	13,349	9,306	6,986
76		152		122	47	(1,805)	7,177	(52)
488,806		329,110		491,537	518,192	522,408	510,524	495,831
(255,377)	(	251,939)		(313,925)	(315,153)	(326,889)	(254,506)	(314,715)
\$ 233,429	\$	77,171	\$	177,612	\$ 203,039	\$ 195,519	\$ 256,018	\$ 181,116
\$ 77,700	\$	75,580	\$	89,090	\$ 80,110	\$ 81,137	\$ 82,707	\$ 79,093
 85,803		69,769		91,641	96,202	93,319	92,315	84,812
163,503		145,349		180,731	176,312	174,456	175,022	163,905
(59,819)		(56,365)		(55,040)	(60,646)	(50,642)	(54,673)	(42,320)
(103,684)		(88,984)		(14,169)	_	_	_	(13,888)
\$ _	\$	_	\$	111,522	\$ 115,666	\$ 123,814	\$ 120,349	\$ 107,697
(1)		(1)		1.59	1.76	1.58	2.13	1.68
\$ 355	\$	310	\$	122,935	\$ 127,430	\$ 137,474	\$ 134,348	\$ 120,125
(1)		(1)		1.44	1.59	1.42	1.91	1.51

## **RECONCILIATION OF HISTORICAL FINANCIAL RESULTS (in thousands)**

		2025	2024	2023
Net Revenues under Bond Resolution		2023	2024	2023
	Φ.	000 074 Ф	004.740 \$	500,000
Revenues  Operation and Maintenance Expenses	\$	680,674 \$	634,743 \$	582,232
Operation and Maintenance Expenses	_	(362,131)	(344,346)	(315,487)
Net Revenues under Bond Resolution	\$	318,543 \$	290,397 \$	266,745
Reconciliation of Change in Net Assets to Bond Resolution Net Revenues				
Change in Net Position	\$	110,238 \$	179,219 \$	170,599
Exclusion:				
Passenger Facility Charge Revenues Collected		116,533	117,407	108,754
Interest Income - Total		87,606	91,803	38,706
Interest Expenses		(90,365)	(92,476)	(78,655)
Gain/(Loss) on Disposal of Assets		(30)	(415)	405
Customer Facility Charges		18,223	17,946	16,075
Specialist Facility Cost		(30)	(206)	(283)
Cost of Issuance for Debt		(1,568)	(6,869)	_
Other Revenue (Expenses)		12,377	11,147	9,911
CARES Act/CRRSAA/ARPA		_	46,736	50,230
Non-cash contributions to governmental activities		(27,017)	_	_
Capital Contributions		47,581	6,508	37,087
Total Exclusion		163,310	191,581	182,230
Inclusion:				
Net Expense Adjustment under Bond Resolution				
Operating Expenses Exc. Depreciation & Amortization in other funds				
Fund 8000 HAS Grants		3,109	_	(89)
Fund 8010 Renewal & Replacement Fund		28,656	31,041	27,962
Fund 8011 Airport Improvement Fund		68,093	58,914	53,869
Fund 8012 HAS-AIF Capital Outlay		_	(29)	(73)
Fund 8037 HAS - O&M Grants		_	_	_
Fund 8044 HAS Disaster Recovery O&M		-	_	_
Fund 8045 CARES Act		_	_	(49)
Fund 8051 HAS State Energy Conservation Loan CL311		-	-	_
Fund 8052 HAS State Energy Conservation Loan CL312		-	-	_
Fund 8059 CRRSAA grant fund		_	_	57
Fund 8062 ARPA grant fund		_	_	173
Fund 8064 ATP fund		4,899	1,269	_
Fund 8065 AIG fund		3,168	_	_
Fund 8206 HAS-Consolidated2011 Construction		40,182	2,028	4,034
Fund 8207 HAS Consolidated ITRP AMT Construction		11	_	_
SECO loan interest and Pension bond interest expense		(367)	(391)	(415)
Yield restriction/arbitrage rebate expense		(1,509)	_	_
Miscellaneous		(3)	_	
Total Inclusion		146,239	92,832	85,469
Changes in Net Position less Exclusion plus Inclusion		93,167	80,470	73,838
Depreciation & Amortization		182,854	170,747	170,922
Interest on investments - Eligible per Bond Resolution		41,796	38,756	21,820
Other revenues - Eligible per Bond Resolution		726	424	165
Net Revenues Per Bond Resolution	\$	318,543 \$	290,397 \$	266,745

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

# RECONCILIATION OF HISTORICAL FINANCIAL RESULTS (in thousands), continued

	2022	2021	2020	2019
\$	488,806 \$	329,110 \$	491,537 \$	518,192
Φ.	(255,377)	(251,939)	(313,925)	(315,153)
\$	233,429 \$	77,171 \$	177,612 \$	203,039
\$	164,342 \$	29,401 \$	5,726 \$	92,743
Ψ	101,012 \$	20,101 ψ	σ,720 φ	02,7 10
	98,446	62,541	78,418	111,155
	(47,109)	1,523	43,701	45,067
	(76,705)	(62,107)	(74,533)	(81,575)
	(8,594)	(27,601)	(10,856)	119
	13,723	8,769	13,320	17,439
	(128)	(75)	(37)	(43)
	_	(6,020)	_	(2,960)
	10,660	11,078	10,820	221
	134,621	187,369	8,057	_
	_	_	_	_
	41,047	24,757	10,927	16,599
	165,961	200,234	79,817	106,022
	_	12	_	994
	18,877	31,697	19,310	10,189
	9,940	5,044	56	9,437
	(39)	(58)	425	636
	_	_	_	_
	_	_	-	15
	_	29,981	_	_
	_	_	214	_
	_	_	110	_
	-	_	_	_
	30,671	_	_	_
	_	_	_	_
	4 505	_	_	_
	1,585	-	20.500	4 405
	(410)	250	36,500	1,165
	(410)	(297) 109	(110)	(107)
	_	-	(109)	(5)
	60,624	66,738	56,396	22,324
	59,005	(104,095)	(17,695)	9,045
	166,792	170,820	175,573	174,266
	7,556	10,403	19,503	19,681
	76	152	122	47
\$	233,429 \$	77,280 \$	177,503 \$	203,039

## **RECONCILIATION OF HISTORICAL FINANCIAL RESULTS (in thousands)**

	2025	2024	2023
Operations and Maintenance Expense Reconciliation			
Operations and Maintenance Expense per Financial Statement	\$ 691,224 \$	607,925 \$	571,878
Exclusion:			
Depreciation & Amortization	(182,854)	(170,747)	(170,922)
Allowable Exclusions per Bond Resolution			
Fund 8000 HAS Grants	(3,109)	_	89
Fund 8010 Renewal & Replacement Fund	(28,656)	(31,041)	(27,962)
Fund 8011 Airport Improvement Fund	(68,093)	(58,914)	(53,869)
Fund 8037 HAS - O&M Grants	_	_	73
Fund 8012 AIF Capital Outlay	_	29	_
Fund 8044 HAS Disaster Recovery O&M	_	_	_
Fund 8045 CARES Act	_	_	49
Fund 8051 HAS State Energy Conservation Loan CL311	_	_	_
Fund 8052 HAS State Energy Conservation Loan CL312	_	_	_
Fund 8059 CRRSAA grant fund	_	_	(57)
Fund 8062 ARPA grant fund	_	_	(173)
Fund 8064 ATP fund	(4,899)	(1,269)	_
Fund 8065 AIG fund	(3,168)	_	_
Fund 8206 HAS-Consolidated2011 Construction	(40,182)	(2,028)	(4,034)
Fund 8207 HAS Consolidated ITRP AMT Construction	(11)	_	_
Miscellaneous (SECO Int, POB Interest, and Arbitrage Rebate)	1,879	391	415
Total Operation and Maintenance Expense per Bond Resolution	\$ 362,131 \$	344,346 \$	315,487

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

The Airport System's operation and maintenance expense per our Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Position (financial statement) and our Master Bond Ordinance (bond resolution) differ due to allowable exclusions in the definition of operation and maintenance expense in the Master Bond Ordinance. The Operations and Maintenance Expense Reconciliation above provides a listing of allowable exclusions by fund.

# RECONCILIATION OF HISTORICAL FINANCIAL RESULTS (in thousands), continued

2022	2021	2020	2019
\$ 482,793 \$	489,388 \$	546,003 \$	511,743
(166,792)	(170,820)	(175,573)	(174,266)
- (18,877) (9,940) 39 - - - - - (30,671) -	(12) (31,697) (5,044) 58 - (29,981)	- (19,310) (56) (425) - - - (214) (110) - - -	(994) (10,189) (9,437) (636)  - (15)
(1,585) –	– (250)	– (36,500)	– (1,165)
410	297	110	112
\$ 255,377 \$	251,939 \$	313,925 \$	315,153

### PLEDGED REVENUES FOR CONSOLIDATED RENTAL CAR FACILITY

(not rounded to the nearest thousand)	For Years Ended December 31:						
Resources Available for Debt Service		2024		2023		2022	
Customer facility charge collections	\$	18,579,336	\$	16,932,707	\$	14,634,186	
Interest income		481,185		442,445		127,345	
Transfers from Facility Improvement Fund		225,000		3,000,000		6,000,000	
Transfers from Coverage Account		3,169,143		3,169,143		3,169,143	
Total Resources Available for Debt Service	\$	22,454,664	\$	23,544,295	\$	23,930,674	
Annual Debt Service							
Special Facility Revenue Bonds, Series 2001:							
Principal	\$	9,630,000	\$	8,870,000	\$	8,165,000	
Interest		3,002,776		3,613,032		4,174,784	
Subtotal Series 2001		12,632,776		12,483,032		12,339,784	
Special Facility Refunding Bonds, Series 2014:							
Principal		_		_		_	
Interest		_		_	L	_	
Subtotal Series 2014		_		_	L	_	
Total Annual Debt Service	\$	12,632,776	\$	12,483,032	\$	12,339,784	
DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE RATIO		1.78		1.89		1.94	

Customer Facility Charges are used first to pay debt service on the Airport System Special Facilities Taxable Revenue Bonds (Consolidated Rental Car Facility Project), Series 2001 and on the Airport System Special Facilities Taxable Revenue Refunding Bonds (Consolidated Rental Car Facility Project), Series 2014. Additional collections are used to pay administrative costs for the special facility agreement, and then for capital improvements and major repairs on the special facility. Customer facility charges are kept and invested separately by BNY Mellon Bank as trustee and cannot be used for any other City or Airport Fund purpose as long as any Special Facility Revenue Bonds (CRCF) remain outstanding.

No other City or Airport Fund revenues are pledged toward the payment of Special Facility Revenue Bonds (CRCF).

The Special Facilities Revenue Bond (CRCF) covenants require the Airport Fund to maintain a debt service coverage ratio of at least 125%

The City imposed a \$3.00 Customer Facility Charge as of April 1, 2001, which was increased to \$3.50 effective July 1, 2003, reduced to \$3.25 effective April 1, 2005, reduced to \$3.00 effective July 1, 2006, increased to \$3.75 effective November 1, 2009, increased to \$4.25 effective April 1, 2011, reduced to \$4.00 effective April 1, 2013, and reduced again to \$3.00 effective April 1, 2016, and increased to \$4.00 effective April 1, 2017.

For purposes of coverage calculation, collections are considered available for debt service when they are received by the trustee.

For purposes of coverage calculation, interest and principal is calculated on the accrual basis, for instance, in 2008, funding is accumulated for payments due on 7/1/2008 and 1/1/2009.

For more information on the Consolidated Rental Car Facility assets and debt, see Notes 1 and 5.

## PLEDGED REVENUES FOR CONSOLIDATED RENTAL CAR FACILITY, continued

	2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
\$	11,360,307	\$	8,761,929	\$	17,615,108	\$	17,311,972	\$	15,669,757	\$	14,822,377	\$	17,359,920
	2,139		36,807		167,666		131,162		56,976		29,003	\$	3,840
	8,500,000		11,250,000		_		_		_		_		_
	3,169,143		3,169,143		3,169,143		3,169,143		3,169,143		3,169,143	L	3,169,143
\$	23,031,589	\$	23,217,879	\$	20,951,917	\$	20,612,277	\$	18,895,876	\$	18,020,523	\$	20,532,903
\$	7,505,000	\$		\$		\$		¢		\$		¢	
Ф	4,691,128	φ	4,691,128	φ	4,691,128	φ	4,691,128	φ	4,691,128	Φ	4,691,128	Φ	- 4,691,128
	12,196,128	$\vdash$		$\vdash$	4,691,128			_		⊢		⊢	
	12,190,120	$\vdash$	4,691,128	$\vdash$	4,091,120		4,691,128	_	4,691,128	⊢	4,691,128	⊢	4,691,128
	-		6,240,000 186,389		5,960,000 346,534		5,715,000 478,893		5,490,000 584,082		5,305,000 652,835		5,160,000 691,019
	_		6,426,389		6,306,534		6,193,893		6,074,082	Г	5,957,835	Г	5,851,019
\$	12,196,128	\$	11,117,517	\$	10,997,662	\$	10,885,021	\$	10,765,210	\$	10,648,963	\$	10,542,147
	1.89		2.09		1.91		1.89		1.76		1.69		1.95

## **OUTSTANDING DEBT (in thousands)**

	2025	2024	2023
OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE (1)			
Senior lien revenue bonds, fixed rate	\$ -	\$ -	\$ _
Subordinate lien revenue bonds, fixed rate	2,370,395	2,493,320	2,055,965
Subordinate lien revenue bonds, periodic auction rate	_	_	_
Subordinate lien revenue bonds, variable rate	_	_	
Subtotal, revenue bonds	2,370,395	2,493,320	2,055,965
Unamortized discount	_	_	(231)
Unamortized premium	197,552	217,875	177,762
Revenue bonds, net	2,567,947	2,711,195	2,233,496
Senior lien commercial paper	_	-	350,000
Inferior lien contract	_	_	_
Pension obligation bonds (2)	2,006	2,006	2,006
General obligation bonds (3)	26,417	_	_
Note payable (4)	_	_	_
Direct borrowing loans (5)	12,341	13,582	14,800
Special facilities revenue bonds, rental car (6)	34,015	43,645	52,515
Lease liabilities	8	18	63
Subscriptions liabilities	1,333	2,464	3,894
TOTAL OUTSTANDING DEBT PAYABLE	\$ 2,644,067	\$ 2,772,910	\$ 2,656,774
Total enplaned passengers	31,140,135	31,012,572	28,945,018
Outstanding debt per enplaned passenger	\$ 84.91	\$ 89.41	\$ 91.79
OUTSTANDING CONDUIT DEBT			
Special facilities revenue bonds (7)	\$ 2,135,015	\$ 1,064,405	\$ 1,092,420

- (1) Includes both current and long-term liabilities.
- (2) A portion of the City of Houston Taxable General Obligation Pension Bonds, Series 2005 and Series 2017, have been allocated to the Airport Fund for payment. Series 2017 was paid on March 1, 2019.
- (3) A portion of the City of Houston General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2024A, have been allocated to the Airport Fund for payment.
- (4) A Note payable to Southwest Airlines for the construction of the Hobby International Terminal project was paid with Revenue and Refunding Bond Series 2018A proceeds on March 20, 2018.
- Two flex loans were executed in 2019 with the Texas State Energy Conservation Office (SECO). These 2% loans are capped at \$8.2 (5) and \$7.8 million including interest during the construction period, payable over 14.6 and 10 years with the first payments to be made on August 31, 2022.
- The Special Facilities Revenue and Refunding Bonds (Consolidated Rental Car Facility), Series 2001 and Series 2014, are included in the Airport Fund financial statements (See Note 5).
- (7) These Special Facilities Revenue Bonds are conduit debt secured solely by lease payments from United Airlines. No revenues of the Airport System Fund are pledged to pay these bonds.

# **OUTSTANDING DEBT (in thousands), continued**

2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017		2016
\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 420,420	\$ 430,645	\$	440,385
2,133,665	2,209,245	1,763,235	1,843,145	1,331,795	1,232,585		1,284,860
_	_	_	_	242,275	254,475		266,925
_	_	92,105	92,305	92,505	92,705		92,905
2,133,665	2,209,245	1,855,340	1,935,450	2,086,995	2,010,410		2,085,075
(434)	(502)	(599)	(675)	(2,422)	(2,717)		(3,016)
198,181	213,263	162,949	179,927	112,362	61,302	L	68,118
2,331,412	2,422,006	2,017,690	2,114,702	2,196,935	2,068,995		2,150,177
185,000	20,000	132,973	48,473	21,473	87,000		87,000
_	_	_	_	_	6,240		12,155
2,006	2,006	2,006	2,006	29,616	2,006		2,006
_	_	_	_	_	_		_
_	_	_	_	_	115,421		120,439
15,993	14,421	324	_	_	_		_
60,680	68,185	74,425	80,385	86,100	91,590		96,895
111	239	_	_	_	_		_
_	_	_	_	_	_		
\$ 2,595,202	\$ 2,526,857	\$ 2,227,418	\$ 2,245,566	\$ 2,334,124	\$ 2,371,252	\$	2,468,672
26,080,017	14,969,110	21,828,781	29,807,598	27,712,789	27,390,398		27,815,032
\$ 99.51	\$ 168.80	\$ 102.04	\$ 75.34	\$ 84.23	\$ 86.57	\$	88.75
\$ 1,103,940	\$ 850,035	\$ 850,035	\$ 848,865	\$ 848,865	\$ 711,790	\$	711,790

### **SUMMARY OF CERTAIN FEES AND CHARGES**

Landing Rates (1) (3) \$2.277 \$2.431 \$2.557  Terminal Space Rentals (2) (3) \$20.44 - \$94.82 \$22.04 - \$78.75 \$20.16 - \$76.05  Apron Rentals (2) (3) \$2.54 - \$3.23 \$2.25 - \$2.46 \$2.08 - \$2.25  Aircraft Parking (per day) \$100.00 - \$400.00 \$100.00 - \$400.00 \$200.00 - \$600.00  Cargo (per day) \$200.00 - \$600.00 \$200.00 - \$600.00
Terminal Space Rentals (2) (3)       \$20.44 - \$94.82       \$22.04 - \$78.75       \$20.16 - \$76.05         Apron Rentals (2) (3)       \$2.54 - \$3.23       \$2.25 - \$2.46       \$2.08 - \$2.25         Aircraft Parking (per day)       \$100.00 - \$400.00       \$100.00 - \$400.00       \$100.00 - \$400.00         Cargo (per day)       \$200.00 - \$600.00       \$200.00 - \$600.00       \$200.00 - \$600.00
Apron Rentals (2) (3)       \$2.54 - \$3.23       \$2.25 - \$2.46       \$2.08 - \$2.25         Aircraft Parking (per day)       \$100.00 - \$400.00       \$100.00 - \$400.00       \$100.00 - \$400.00         Cargo (per day)       \$200.00 - \$600.00       \$200.00 - \$600.00       \$200.00 - \$600.00
Aircraft Parking (per day) \$100.00 - \$400.00 \$100.00 - \$400.00 \$100.00 - \$400.00 \$100.00 - \$400.00 \$200.00 - \$600.00
Cargo (per day) \$200.00 - \$600.00 \$200.00 - \$600.00 \$200.00 - \$600.00
3. (1
D 11 D ( /4)
Parking Rates (4)
Economy (ecopark) Uncovered <b>(8) (11) (12)</b> \$9.00 \$8.00 \$7.00
Economy (ecopark) Covered (8) (11) (12) \$11.00 \$10.00
Economy (ecopark2) Covered (8) (11) (12) \$10.00 \$9.00 \$8.00
Structured (7) (10) \$25.00 \$25.00
Sure Park <b>(6)</b> \$- \$-
Valet (5) (9) (10) \$30.00 \$30.00
HOU 2025 2024 2023
Landing Rates (1) (3) \$2.930 \$2.566 \$2.684
Terminal Space Rentals (2) (3) \$77.10 - \$97.48 \$72.70 - \$89.43 \$63.10 - \$80.83
Apron Rentals (2) (3) \$3.080 \$2.690 \$2.618
Aircraft Parking (per day) \$100.00 - \$400.00 \$100.00 - \$400.00 \$100.00 - \$400.00
Cargo (per day) \$200.00 - \$600.00 \$200.00 - \$600.00 \$200.00 - \$600.00
Parking Rates (4)
Economy (Ecopark2) \$10.00 \$10.00
Structured (7) (12) \$25.00 \$24.00 \$24.00

\$29.00

\$28.00

\$28.00

- (1) Per 1,000 pounds of landing weight.
- (2) Range per square foot.
- (3) 2015-2024 actual rates provided; 2025 budgeted rates provided.
- (4) Maximum per day.

Valet (5) (12)

- (5) New rates for Valet effective February 4, 2019.
- (6) Sure Park ceased as an offered product in March 2021.
- (7) New rates for Garages effective on July 29, 2021.
- (8) New rates ecopark JFK & ecopark2 effective January 15, 2022.
- (9) New rates for Terminal C effective May 1, 2022.
- (10) New rates for IAH Garages & Valet effective February 1, 2023.
- (11) New rates for ecopark JFK & ecopark2 effective April 1, 2024.
- (12) New rates ecopark JFK & ecopark2 effective February 3, 2025.

# **SUMMARY OF CERTAIN FEES AND CHARGES, continued**

2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
\$2.437	\$2.821	\$3.108	\$2.561	\$2.763	\$2.571	\$2.635
\$18.19 - \$64.53	\$20.37 - \$41.67	\$24.63 - \$68.98	\$24.02 - \$69.27	\$24.26 - \$72.69	\$22.95 - \$72.46	\$22.88 - \$76.08
\$1.89 - \$2.05	\$2.28 - \$2.44	\$2.45 - \$2.68	\$2.70 - \$2.98	\$2.45 - \$2.78	\$2.24 - \$2.65	\$2.16 - \$2.70
\$100.00 - \$400.00	\$100.00 - \$400.00	\$100.00 - \$400.00	\$100.00 - \$400.00	\$100.00 - \$400.00	\$100.00 - \$400.00	\$100.00 - \$400.00
\$200.00 - \$600.00	\$200.00 - \$600.00	\$200.00 - \$600.00	\$200.00 - \$600.00	\$200.00 - \$600.00	\$200.00 - \$600.00	\$200.00 - \$600.00
\$7.00	\$6.00	\$6.00	\$6.00	\$6.00	\$6.00	\$6.00
\$9.00	\$8.00	\$8.00	\$8.00	\$8.00	\$8.00	\$8.00
\$8.00	\$7.00	\$7.00	\$7.00	\$6.00	\$6.00	\$5.00
\$24.00	\$15.00	\$10.00	\$24.00	\$22.00	\$22.00	\$20.00
\$-	\$-	\$26.00	\$26.00	\$24.00	\$24.00	\$24.00
\$28.00 - \$30.00	\$28.00	\$28.00	\$28.00	\$26.00	\$26.00	\$26.00
2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
\$3.025	\$2.914	\$2.722	\$2.000	\$2.013	\$1.982	\$1.835
\$59.04 - \$77.31	\$40.94 - \$48.15	\$55.04 - \$66.46	\$54.33 - \$73.42	\$48.10 - \$68.15	\$64.79 - \$67.29	\$87.62 - \$90.12
\$2.655	\$2.08 - \$2.11	\$2.14 - \$2.15	\$1.87 - \$1.92	\$1.79-\$1.85	\$1.65-\$1.85	\$1.765
\$100.00 - \$400.00	\$100.00 - \$400.00	\$100.00 - \$400.00	\$100.00 - \$400.00	\$100.00 - \$400.00	\$100.00 - \$400.00	\$100.00 - \$400.00
\$200.00 - \$600.00	\$200.00 - \$600.00	\$200.00 - \$600.00	\$200.00 - \$600.00	\$200.00 - \$600.00	\$200.00 - \$600.00	\$200.00 - \$600.00
\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
\$10.00	\$10.00	\$10.00	\$10.00	\$10.00	\$10.00	\$10.00
\$24.00	\$15.00	\$10.00	\$24.00	\$22.00	\$22.00	\$20.00
\$28.00	\$28.00	\$28.00	\$28.00	\$26.00	\$26.00	\$26.00

# **PASSENGER STATISTICS (in thousands)**

### **DOMESTIC PASSENGERS**

	2025	2024	2023
IAH			
Enplanements & Deplanements	36,028	35,384	33,449
Percentage Change <b>HOU</b>	1.8 %	5.8 %	7.7 %
Enplanements & Deplanements	13,103	13,620	12,656
Percentage Change  DOMESTIC TOTAL	(3.8)%	7.6 %	8.6 %
Enplanements & Deplanements	49,131	49,004	46,106
Percentage Change	0.3 %	6.3 %	8.0 %

#### **INTERNATIONAL PASSENGERS**

	2025	2024	2023
IAH			_
Enplanements & Deplanements	12,217	12,012	10,688
Percentage Change	1.7 %	12.4 %	26.7 %
HOU			
Enplanements & Deplanements	904	995	976
Percentage Change	(9.1)%	1.9 %	15.8 %
INTERNATIONAL TOTAL			
Enplanements & Deplanements	13,121	13,007	11,664
Percentage Change	0.9 %	11.5 %	25.7 %

#### **TOTAL PASSENGERS**

	2025	2024	2023
HAS PASSENGERS GRAND TOTAL			_
Enplanements & Deplanements	62,252	62,011	57,769
Percentage Change	0.4 %	7.3 %	11.1 %

Information presented is based on the most current statistical data available; numbers from prior years are subject to change.

# **PASSENGER STATISTICS (in thousands), continued**

 2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
31,045	17,645	25,068	33,972	31,102	30,809	31,959
75.9 %	(29.6)%	(26.2)%	9.2 %	1.0 %	(3.6)%	- %
11,656	7,738	9,998	13,629	12,864	12,423	12,209
50.6 %	(22.6)%	(26.6)%	5.9 %	3.5 %	1.8 %	3.1 %
42,702	25,383	35,066	47,601	43,967	43,232	44,168
68.2 %	(27.6)%	(26.3)%	8.3 %	1.7 %	(2.1)%	0.8 %

 2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
8,436	3,892	7,969	10,939	10,404	10,662	10,904
116.8 %	(51.2)%	(27.2)%	5.1 %	(2.4)%	(2.2)%	8.8 %
843	421	591	965	957	860	519
100.2 %	(28.8)%	(38.8)%	0.8 %	11.3 %	65.7 %	12875.0 %
9,279	4,313	8,560	11,904	11,361	11,522	11,423
115.1 %	(49.6)%	(28.1)%	4.8 %	(1.4)%	0.9 %	14.0 %

2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
51,981	29,696	43,626	59,505	55,327	54,754	55,591
75.0 %	(31.9)%	(26.7)%	7.6 %	1.0 %	(1.5)%	3.3 %

### **PASSENGER STATISTICS BY CARRIER**

#### **MAJOR AIRLINE MARKET SHARE**

CARRIER	FY2025	%	FY2024	%	FY2023	%	FY2022	%	FY2021	%
<b>United Airlines</b>	35,238,260	56.6 %	34,152,771	55.1 %	31,959,131	55.3 %	29,357,278	56.5 %	15,894,776	53.5 %
Southwest	13,289,529	21.3 %	14,865,524	24.0 %	13,915,118	24.1 %	12,787,950	24.6 %	7,829,259	26.4 %
<b>Spirit Airlines</b>	3,224,340	5.2 %	3,027,549	4.9 %	2,948,481	5.1 %	2,477,109	4.8 %	1,869,558	6.3 %
American										
Airlines	2,567,181	4.1 %	2,549,058	4.1 %	2,388,344	4.1 %	2,392,419	4.6 %	1,511,037	5.1 %
<b>Delta Airlines</b>	2,310,231	3.7 %	2,334,257	3.8 %	2,196,412	3.8 %	1,993,556	3.8 %	1,050,260	3.5 %
<b>Frontier Airlines</b>	1,292,107	2.1 %	813,109	1.3 %	654,869	1.1 %	347,903	0.7 %	314,269	1.1 %
VivaAerobus	444,581	0.7 %	397,795	0.6 %	347,772	0.6 %	355,339	0.7 %	299,239	1.0 %
Air Canada	342,743	0.6 %	355,192	0.6 %	250,713	0.4 %	134,785	0.3 %	12,833	- %
<b>Alaska Airlines</b>	279,064	0.4 %	266,587	0.4 %	223,960	0.4 %	181,477	0.3 %	99,388	0.3 %
<b>Turkish Airlines</b>	268,507	0.4 %	245,895	0.4 %	223,379	0.4 %	169,837	0.3 %	82,496	0.3 %
Other Airlines	2,995,538	4.9 %	3,002,838	4.8 %	2,661,102	4.7 %	1,783,080	3.4 %	732,478	2.5 %
	62,252,081	100.0 %	62,010,575	100.0 %	57,769,281	100.0 %	51,980,733	100.0 %	29,695,593	100.0 %

CARRIER	FY2020	%	FY2019	%	FY2018	%	FY2017	%	FY2016	%
<b>United Airlines</b>	25,081,324	57.5 %	34,793,301	58.5 %	32,094,388	58.0 %	32,130,930	58.7 %	33,251,479	59.8 %
Southwest	9,994,165	22.9 %	13,674,536	23.0 %	12,893,987	23.3 %	12,344,834	22.5 %	11,791,308	21.2 %
<b>Spirit Airlines</b>	1,948,341	4.5 %	2,426,727	4.1 %	2,144,740	3.9 %	1,889,818	3.5 %	1,896,577	3.4 %
American										
Airlines	2,090,353	4.8 %	2,774,961	4.7 %	2,592,345	4.7 %	2,542,485	4.6 %	2,951,244	5.3 %
<b>Delta Airlines</b>	1,567,170	3.6 %	2,024,867	3.4 %	1,963,878	3.5 %	1,922,778	3.5 %	1,889,715	3.4 %
<b>Frontier Airlines</b>	297,303	0.7 %	192,057	0.3 %	285,337	0.5 %	421,754	0.8 %	494,804	0.9 %
VivaAerobus	88,184	0.2 %	81,766	0.1 %	38,072	0.1 %	40,879	0.1 %	63,103	0.1 %
Air Canada	231,407	0.5 %	329,540	0.6 %	349,571	0.6 %	353,721	0.6 %	293,193	0.5 %
Alaska Airlines	163,808	0.4 %	188,351	0.3 %	185,838	0.3 %	185,191	0.3 %	137,433	0.2 %
<b>Turkish Airlines</b>	148,092	0.3 %	197,000	0.3 %	189,048	0.3 %	167,402	0.3 %	193,892	0.3 %
Other Airlines	2,016,193	4.6 %	2,821,987	4.7 %	2,590,126	4.8 %	2,754,206	5.1 %	2,628,248	4.9 %
	43,626,340	100.0 %	59,505,093	100.0 %	55,327,330	100.0 %	54,753,998	100.0 %	55,590,996	100.0 %

Information presented is based on the most current statistical data available; numbers from prior years are subject to change.

## **CARRIERS BY AIRPORT AS OF JUNE 30, 2025**

	IAH		HOU					
Mainline	Regional		Mainline	Regional				
<b>Carriers</b>	Carriers	Cargo Carriers	Carriers	Carriers	Cargo Carriers			
AeroMéxico	Commute Air	Air Transport International	Allegiant Air	Envoy Air				
Air Canada	Envoy Air	Atlas Air	Avelo Airlines	PSA Airlines				
Air France	Mesa Airlines	C.A.L Cargo/ Challenge Airlines	American Airlines	SkyWest Airlines				
Air New Zealand	PSA Airlines	Cargolux	Delta Air Lines					
Alaska Airlines	Republic Airlines	Cathay Cargo	Southwest Airlines					
All Nippon Airways	SkyWest Airlines	DHL	Sun Country Airlines					
American Airlines		Emirates SkyCargo						
Avianca S.A.		Federal Express						
British Airways		Lufthansa Cargo						
Delta Air Lines		Qatar Airways Cargo						
Emirates		Silk Way West Airlines						
EVA Air		Turkish Cargo						
Frontier Airlines		UPS						
JetBlue Airways								
KLM Royal Dutch Airlines								
Lufthansa								
Qatar Airways								
Spirit Airlines								
Turkish Airlines								
United Airlines								
VivaAerobus								
Volaris								
Volaris El Salvador								
WestJet								
ZIPAIR								

### **ORIGINATING PASSENGER ENPLANEMENTS**

IAH	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
Originating Enplanements	14,867,365	14,702,201	13,595,791	11,510,410	6,416,622
Connecting Enplanements	9,269,957	9,015,897	8,525,018	8,301,901	4,444,726
Total Enplaned Passengers	24,137,322	23,718,098	22,120,809	19,812,311	10,861,348
Originating Enplanement Percentage	61.6%	62.0%	61.5%	58.1%	59.1%
HOU					
Originating Enplanements	4,562,504	4,528,428	4,246,684	3,834,198	2,579,889
Connecting Enplanements	2,440,307	2,766,044	2,577,525	2,433,507	1,527,872
Total Enplaned Passengers	7,002,811	7,294,472	6,824,209	6,267,705	4,107,761
Originating Enplanement Percentage	65.2%	62.1%	62.2%	61.2%	62.8%
HOUSTON AIRPORT SYSTEM					
Originating Enplanements	19,429,869	19,230,629	17,842,475	15,344,608	8,996,511
Connecting Enplanements	11,710,264	11,781,941	11,102,543	10,735,408	5,972,598
Total Enplaned Passengers	31,140,133	31,012,570	28,945,018	26,080,016	14,969,109
Originating Enplanement Percentage	62.4%	62.0%	61.6%	58.8%	60.1%

IAH	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Originating Enplanements	9,274,821	12,410,800	11,332,305	11,127,432	11,130,370
Connecting Enplanements	7,252,407	10,067,653	9,443,423	9,602,708	10,301,326
Total Enplaned Passengers	16,527,228	22,478,453	20,775,728	20,730,140	21,431,696
Originating Enplanement Percentage	56.1%	55.2%	54.5%	53.7%	51.9%
HOU					
Originating Enplanements	3,656,831	4,996,510	4,829,823	4,852,811	4,695,633
Connecting Enplanements	1,644,721	2,332,635	2,107,238	1,807,446	1,687,702
Total Enplaned Passengers	5,301,552	7,329,145	6,937,061	6,660,257	6,383,335
Originating Enplanement Percentage	69.0%	68.2%	69.6%	72.9%	73.6%
HOUSTON AIRPORT SYSTEM					
Originating Enplanements	12,931,652	17,407,310	16,162,128	15,980,243	15,826,003
Connecting Enplanements	8,897,128	12,400,288	11,550,661	11,410,154	11,989,028
Total Enplaned Passengers	21,828,780	29,807,598	27,712,789	27,390,397	27,815,031
Originating Enplanement Percentage	59.2%	58.4%	58.3%	58.3%	56.9%

Information presented is based on the most current statistical data available; numbers from prior years are subject to change.

# AIRCRAFT OPERATIONS, LANDING WEIGHT AND CARGO ACTIVITY

### **AIRCRAFT OPERATIONS**

(in thousands)

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Total	730	734	690	691	512	624	752	735	760	787
Increase (Decrease)	(4)	44	(1)	179	(112)	(128)	17	(25)	(27)	(29)
Percentage Change	(0.54)%	6.38 %	(0.14)%	34.96 %	(17.95)%	(17.02)%	2.31 %	(3.29)%	(3.43)%	(3.55)%

#### **AIRCRAFT LANDED WEIGHT**

(in million pounds)

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Total	39,005	38,762	35,885	33,863	23,464	30,346	37,339	34,828	34,648	35,519
Increase (Decrease)	243	2,877	2,022	10,399	(6,882)	(6,993)	2,511	180	(871)	550
Percentage Change	0.63 %	8.02 %	5.97 %	44.32 %	(22.68)%	(18.73)%	7.21 %	0.52 %	(2.45)%	1.57 %

### **CARGO ACTIVITY**

(in metric tons)

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Domestic Freight	320,988	341,892	328,285	321,056	309,270	285,135	267,630	231,670	209,345	195,644
International Freight	210,189	197,790	191,233	212,883	153,552	199,241	243,594	234,384	224,226	205,361
Mail	26,955	7,896	19,446	26,760	21,197	19,857	23,413	23,790	24,983	25,713
Total Cargo	558,132	547,578	538,964	560,699	484,019	504,233	534,637	489,844	458,554	426,718
Year-over-Year Change	1.9 %	1.6 %	(3.9)%	15.8 %	(4.0)%	(5.7)%	9.1 %	6.8 %	7.5 %	(10.2)%

Information presented is based on the most current statistical data available; numbers from prior years are subject to change.

### PERFORMANCE MEASURES

PERFORMANCE MEASURES	2025	2024	2023
Revenue per Enplaned Passenger	\$ 28.03	\$ 28.40	\$ 27.10
Maintenance and Operations Expenses per Enplaned Passenger	16.33	14.10	13.85
Debt Service per Enplaned Passenger	7.74	7.76	7.66
Outstanding Debt per Enplaned Passenger (1)	78.46	82.31	85.52
Intercontinental Budgeted Airline Cost per Est. Enplaned Passenger (2)	11.25	11.49	10.06
Intercontinental Actual Airline Cost per Enplaned Passenger (2)	10.95	10.36	10.71
Hobby Budgeted Airline Cost per Est. Enplaned Passenger (2)	8.59	8.75	8.39
Hobby Actual Airline Cost per Enplaned Passenger (2)	8.92	8.38	8.09

<sup>(1)</sup> The calculation of outstanding debt per enplaned passenger does not include unamortized discount and premium.

<sup>(2)</sup> Airline Costs include terminal building charges, aircraft parking apron charges, and landing fees only for passenger carriers. The costs are calculated during the rates and charges process based on budget and estimate of passengers. They are then recalculated, after the annual audit, during the rates and charges reconciliation process. The estimated costs utilized are based on projected results and are subjected to change.

# PERFORMANCE MEASURES, continued

 2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
\$ 26.52	\$ 39.40	\$ 28.69	\$ 22.56	\$ 23.25	\$ 22.59	\$ 22.40
12.12	21.28	16.97	11.32	12.09	9.29	11.34
6.73	11.28	8.79	6.30	7.07	7.49	7.09
91.92	154.58	94.60	69.32	80.26	84.21	85.98
15.70	19.28	10.48	11.57	11.38	11.31	10.94
10.47	14.50	14.19	10.48	11.39	11.08	10.62
10.16	13.92	6.44	6.52	6.22	6.48	6.76
8.72	9.58	9.21	6.64	6.40	6.15	7.15

## **CASH AVAILABLE BY DAYS FUNDED (in thousands)**

	2025	2024	2023
Airport System Revenue Fund (1) (2)	\$ 138,931	\$ 194,282	\$ 107,903
CARES Act/CRRSAA/ARPA Grants	2	18,630	5,592
Operating & Maintenance Reserve	65,566	65,566	58,821
Renewal & Replacement Fund (3)	11,320	9,747	14,765
Airport Improvement Fund (3)	 189,516	201,066	271,805
Total cash available for operations	\$ 405,335	\$ 489,291	\$ 458,886
Maintenance and operating expense (4) (5)	\$ 362,131	\$ 344,346	\$ 315,487
Days in fiscal year	 365	366	365
Daily cash requirement	\$ 992	\$ 941	\$ 864
Days funded	409	520	531
TOTAL AIRPORT SYSTEM CASH AND INVESTMENTS	\$ 1,651,262	\$ 1,897,971	\$ 1,925,547

- (1) The funds are listed in order of availability; each fund must be fully depleted before the next can be used.
- (2) Available funding in the Airport System Revenue Fund on June 30th is transferred to the Airports Improvement Fund to comply with airport bond ordinances.
- (3) Available funding in the Airport System Revenue Fund on June 30th is transferred to the Airports Improvement Fund to comply with airport bond ordinances.
- (4) Excludes capital asset impairments and retirements, and expense incurred on cancelled capital projects. Includes interest expense for the Series 2005 pension obligation bonds and the debt service on the note payable to Southwest Airlines.
- (5) Maintenance and operating expense funded by cash available for operations decreased by \$60.2 million between Fiscal Year 2017 and Fiscal Year 2016, primarily due to a \$67.4 million decrease in pension expense associated with pension reform enacted in 2017. Without the reform, it is estimated that days funded at June 30, 2017 would be 557.
- \* Fiscal Year 2019 maintenance and operating expenses is updated due to allowable exclusions in the definition of maintenance and operating expense in the Master Bond Ordinance
- \*\* Fiscal Year 2019 daily cash requirement and days funded are updated accordingly.

# **CASH AVAILABLE BY DAYS FUNDED (in thousands), continued**

 2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
\$ 105,775	\$ 20,070	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
17,257	54,314	_	_	_	_	-
58,820	55,845	55,845	55,845	52,686	51,807	51,615
(601)	15,628	(15,378)	18,770	11,483	10,514	10,001
304,805	330,419	384,169	410,795	444,464	417,930	449,768
\$ 486,056	\$ 476,276	\$ 424,636	\$ 485,410	\$ 508,633	\$ 480,251	\$ 511,384
\$ 255,377	\$ 251,939	\$ 313,925	\$ 315,153	\$ 326,889	\$ 254,506	\$ 314,715
365	365	366	365	365	365	365
\$ 700	\$ 690	\$ 858	\$ 863	\$ 896	\$ 697	\$ 862
694	690	495	562	568	689	593
\$ 1,907,143	\$ 1,727,514	\$ 1,454,903	\$ 1,456,679	\$ 1,362,459	\$ 1,259,622	\$ 1,248,346

## **AIRPORT INFORMATION**

	IAH		ноц	J	<b>EFD</b> (1)		
LOCATION	15 miles N of dow	15 miles N of downtown Houston		8 miles SE of downtown Houston		of downtown uston	
AREA	10.	11	1.50		1.94		
ELEVATION	96 M	ISL	46 MSL		33	MSL	
AIRPORT CODE	IAI	+	HOL	ı	E	FD	
	8R-26L	9,402x150 ft	13L-31R	5,148x100 ft	17L-35R	4,609x75 ft	
	9-27	10,000x150 ft	13R-31L	7,602x150 ft	17R-35L	9,001x150 ft	
RUNWAYS	15L-33R	12,001x150 ft	4-22	7,602x150 ft	4-22	8,001x150 ft	
	15R-33L	10,000x150 ft					
	8L-26R	9,000x150 ft					
	Airlines	3,378,205 sf	Airlines	530,043 sf			
	Tenants	238,898 sf	Tenants	63,672 sf			
TERMINAL SPACE	Public/Commor	746,748 sf	Public/Common	152,648 sf	,	n/a	
	Mechanical	346,808 sf	Mechanical	115,815 sf	'	na .	
	Other	220,317 sf	Other	47,615 sf			
	Total	4,930,976 sf	Total	909,793 sf			
NUMBER OF GATES/HARDSTAND POSITIONS	126/	10	30/5		n/a		
COMMERCIAL AIRLINES APRON	4,241,3	300 sf	815,239 sf		n/a		
RENTAL CAR FACILITY	11 Rental Car Agencies		12 Rental Car Agencies		1 Rental Car Agency		
	S-T Hourly	13,693	S-T Hourly	5,248	S-T Hourly	_	
PARKING SPACES	L-T ECO	8,612	L-T ECO	958	L-T ECO	_	
	Employee	7,098	Employee	1,879	Employee	23	
	Total	29,403	Total	8,085	Total	23	

<sup>(1)</sup> No scheduled commercial flights

### **PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS**

### **PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS**

### Last Ten Years (1)

(Listed alphabetically)

2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
Baker Hughes	AT&T	Amazon	CHI St. Luke's Health	ExxonMobil
ConocoPhillips	Baker Hughes	CHI St. Luke's Health	ExxonMobil	HEB
Enterprise Product Partners	CenterPoint Energy	ExxonMobil	HCA Houston Healthcare	HCA Houston Healthcare
Exxon Mobil	ConocoPhillips	HCA Houston Healthcare	HEB	Houston Methodist
Hewlett Packard Enterprise	Enterprise Products Partners	HEB	Houston Methodist	Kroger
LyondellBasell Industries	EOG Resources	Houston Methodist	Kroger	Memorial Hermann Health System
Occidental Petroleum	ExxonMobil	Kroger	Memorial Hermann Health System	Schlumberger
Phillips 66	Group 1 Automotive	Memorial Hermann Health System	UT MD Anderson Cancer Center	United Airlines
Plains All American Pipeline	Halliburton	Schlumberger	Schlumberger	UT MD Anderson Cancer Center
Sysco	Kinder Morgan	Walmart	Walmart	Walmart
0000				
2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
<b>ZUZU</b> ExxonMobil	2019 HEB	2018 Exxon Mobil	<b>2017</b>	2016 ExxonMobil
ExxonMobil	HEB	Exxon Mobil	HEB	ExxonMobil
ExxonMobil HEB	HEB Houston Methodist	Exxon Mobil HEB	HEB Houston Methodist	ExxonMobil HEB
ExxonMobil HEB HCA Houston Healthcare	HEB Houston Methodist Kroger	Exxon Mobil HEB Houston Methodist	HEB Houston Methodist Kroger Company	ExxonMobil HEB Houston Methodist
ExxonMobil HEB HCA Houston Healthcare Houston Methodist	HEB Houston Methodist Kroger McDonald's Corp Memorial Hermann Health	Exxon Mobil HEB Houston Methodist Kroger Company	HEB Houston Methodist Kroger Company McDonald's Corp Memorial Hermann Health	ExxonMobil HEB Houston Methodist Kroger
ExxonMobil HEB HCA Houston Healthcare Houston Methodist Kroger Memorial Hermann Health	HEB Houston Methodist Kroger McDonald's Corp Memorial Hermann Health System	Exxon Mobil HEB Houston Methodist Kroger Company McDonald's Corp	HEB Houston Methodist Kroger Company McDonald's Corp Memorial Hermann Health System	ExxonMobil HEB Houston Methodist Kroger McDonald's Corp
ExxonMobil HEB HCA Houston Healthcare Houston Methodist Kroger Memorial Hermann Health System	HEB Houston Methodist Kroger McDonald's Corp Memorial Hermann Health System Schlumberger	Exxon Mobil HEB Houston Methodist Kroger Company McDonald's Corp UT MD Anderson Cancer Center	HEB Houston Methodist Kroger Company McDonald's Corp Memorial Hermann Health System UT MD Anderson Cancer Center	ExxonMobil HEB Houston Methodist Kroger McDonald's Corp Schlumberger Memorial Hermann Health
ExxonMobil HEB HCA Houston Healthcare Houston Methodist Kroger Memorial Hermann Health System Shell Oil Company	HEB Houston Methodist Kroger McDonald's Corp Memorial Hermann Health System Schlumberger Shell Oil Company	Exxon Mobil HEB Houston Methodist Kroger Company McDonald's Corp UT MD Anderson Cancer Center United Airlines	HEB Houston Methodist Kroger Company McDonald's Corp Memorial Hermann Health System UT MD Anderson Cancer Center United Airlines	ExxonMobil HEB Houston Methodist Kroger McDonald's Corp Schlumberger Memorial Hermann Health System

SOURCE: Greater Houston Partnership

<sup>(1)</sup> Starting fiscal year 2022, information such as the number of employees or the employers' percentage of total employment is not available for disclosure.

### SERVICE AREA AND SERVICE AREA POPULATION/CAREER SERVICE EMPLOYEES

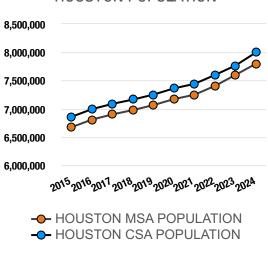
The primary service region for the Houston Airport System, the ten-county Houston-Pasadena-The Woodlands Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA), has a diverse economic base and is recognized as a major national and international energy, financial, medical, transportation, retail, and distribution center. The MSA extends out to four additional counties of Matagorda, Walker, Washington, and Wharton for the broader Houston-Pasadena Combined Statistical Area (CSA). According to the U.S. Bureau of the Census, the population estimate was 7.8 million for the MSA and 8.0 million for the CSA as of July 1, 2024.

Houston, the nation's fourth most populous city, is the largest in the South and Southwest. The Houston MSA ranks fifth in population among the nation's metropolitan areas.

#### SERVICE AREA POPULATION

#### **Houston MSA Houston CSA Population Population** As of July 1, 2015 6.670.803 6.854.564 2016 6.806.315 6.991.576 2017 6,898,912 7,085,197 2018 6,974,948 7,161,568 2019 7,063,400 7,249,052 2020 7.169.728 7,359,974 2021 7,246,956 7,439,319 2022 7.403.068 7.597.264 2023 7.598.011 7.764.140 2024 7,796,182 7,996,140

### HOUSTON POPULATION



In 2023, San Jacinto county was added to the Houston MSA and CSA populations. Additionally, Trinity county was removed from the Houston CSA population.

### **Career Service Employees Last Ten Years**

Fiscal Year	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
<b>Total Employees</b>	1,276	1,299	1,197	1,127	1,147	1,110	1,091	1,113	1,141	1,191

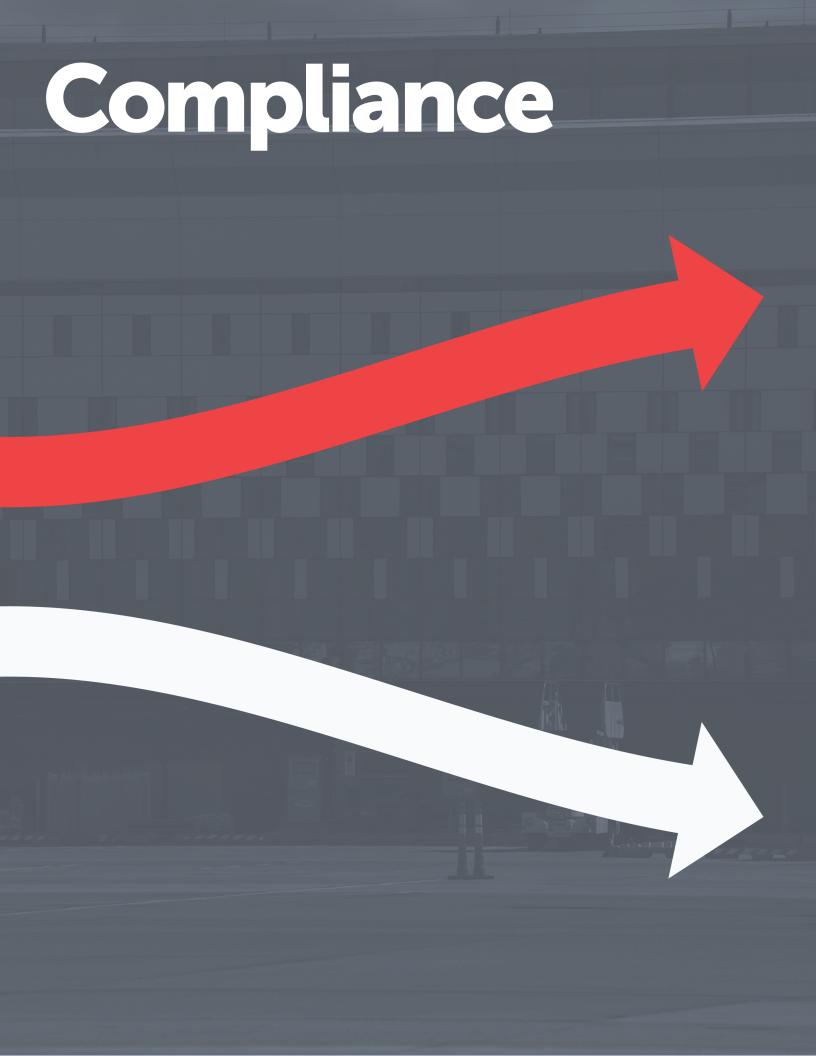
### **DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC**

Fiscal Year	Population (1)(2)	Personal Income (in thousands) (3)	Per Capita Income (3)	Median Age (4)	Education Level in Years of Formal Schooling (4)	School Enrollment (4)	Average Unemployment Rate (percentage) (5)
2016	2,283,616	\$351,012	\$51,572	32.6	1,384,097	1,849,065	5.6
2017	2,306,360	\$377,978	\$54,788	32.6	1,433,072	1,874,344	5.1
2018	2,313,079	\$403,674	\$57,875	32.7	1,490,351	1,893,312	4.6
2019	2,314,478	\$415,920	\$58,884	32.9	1,522,732	1,932,292	4.0
2020	2,315,720	\$428,501	\$59,893	32.9	1,508,624	1,915,864	11.5
2021	2,300,027	\$467,267	\$64,837	33.4	1,675,719	1,920,741	7.0
2022	2,288,250	\$501,653	\$68,344	35.3	1,715,458	1,911,456	4.5
2023	2,302,878	\$542,046	\$72,453	35.4	1,763,563	1,943,808	4.4
2024	2,314,157	Not available	Not available	35.7	1,896,297	2,005,380	4.7
2025	2,390,125	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	2,082,886	4.3

- (1) Source: U.S. Census Bureau QuickFacts: Houston, TX; Population estimates, July 1, 2015 July 1, 2019.
- Source: U.S. Census Bureau - Annual Estimates of the Resident Population for Incorporated Places of 20,000 or More: estimate as of July 1, 2020 - July 1, 2024, for fiscal years 2021 - 2025.
- (3) Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis. Amounts as of year ended December 31, 2023, for the Source: Houston-Pasadena-The Woodlands, TX Metropolitan Statistical Area ("MSA"). Information for the years ended December 31, 2024, and 2025, are not yet available.
- Source: U.S. Census Bureau - American Community Survey, Houston-Pasadena-The Woodlands, TX MSA. Median age and educational attainment for the year ended December 31, 2025, are not yet available.
- U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Information is as of June every year for the Houston-Pasadena-The Woodlands, TX MSA. Source:

Information presented is based on the most current statistical data available; numbers from prior years are subject to change.

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2300 North Field Street, Suite 1000 Dallas, Texas 75201 972-490-1970

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with the Passenger Facility Charge Program; Report on Internal Control over Compliance; and Report on Schedules of Passenger Facility Charge Program Revenues and Disbursements required by the Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council and City Controller of City of Houston, Texas

#### **Report on Compliance**

#### Opinion on the Passenger Facility Charge Program

We have audited the City of Houston, Texas' (the City) compliance with the compliance requirements described in the *Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies* (the Guide) issued by the Federal Aviation Administration that could have a direct and material effect on the Houston Airport Systems' (HAS) Passenger Facility Charge Program (the Program) for the year ended June 30, 2025.

In our opinion, HAS complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its Passenger Facility Charge Program for the year ended June 30, 2025.

#### Basis for Opinion on the Passenger Facility Charge Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*) and the Guide. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Guide are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of HAS and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the Program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the HAS's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibility of Management for Compliance

HAS's Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with federal statutes, regulations, contracts, and the terms and conditions applicable to its Program.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on HAS's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Guide will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about HAS's compliance with the requirements of the Program as a whole.

Weaver and Tidwell, L.L.P.

CPAs AND ADVISORS | WEAVER.COM

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council and City Controller of City of Houston, Texas

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Guide, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding HAS's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of HAS's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of HAS's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on requirements of the Guide. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council and City Controller of City of Houston, Texas

#### Report on Schedules of Passenger Facility Charge Program Revenues and Disbursements

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2025, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements and a reference to other auditors. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedules of Passenger Facility Charge Program Revenues and Disbursements are presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Guide and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedules of Passenger Facility Charge Program Revenues and Disbursements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The cumulative total columns as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, presented in the Schedules of Passenger Facility Charge Program Revenues and Disbursements have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the Schedule and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

Weaver and Siduell L.L.P.

Dallas, Texas December 12, 2025

	FY 2024 Program Total	Quarter 1 Jul-Sept	Quarter 2 Oct-Dec	Quarter 3 Jan-Mar	Quarter 4 Apr-Jun	FY 2025 Total	FY 2025 Program Total
REVENUES							
Collections (Note 3)	\$ 1,010,427,772	\$ 23,920,056	\$ 24,012,874	\$ 21,332,378	\$ 23,691,045	\$ 92,956,353	\$ 1,103,384,125
Other revenue-insurance (Note 3)	2,059,629	-	-	-	-	_	2,059,629
Interest	34,078,007	1,842,525	1,836,776	1,964,724	2,115,682	7,759,707	41,837,714
Total Revenues	1,046,565,408	25,762,581	25,849,650	23,297,102	25,806,727	100,716,060	1,147,281,468
DISBURSEMENTS							
1.01 Automated People Mover System	278,077,361	_	2,299,733	_	14,019,170	16,318,903	294,396,264
1.02 Terminal B Expansion & Improvements	130,921,556	_	569,077	_	1,472,039	2,041,116	132,962,672
1.03 Central FIS Facility	151,978,893	_	1,915,631	_	11,448,576	13,364,207	165,343,100
1.04 North Parallel Runway 8L/26R	47,639,543	-	464,989	-	3,274,203	3,739,192	51,378,735
1.05 Administrative Costs	112,917	-	-	-	-	_	112,917
1.06 Central Plant HVAC Upgrades	20,986,932	-	319,562	-	698,245	1,017,807	22,004,739
1.07 Terminal A/B South Taxiways	20,660,313	-	349,664	-	1,522,567	1,872,231	22,532,544
Total Disbursements	650,377,515	_	5,918,656	_	32,434,800	38,353,456	688,730,971
2.01 Mickey Leland International Terminal (MLIT), Rehabilitation and Expansion	151,801,692	6,925,525	9,995,723	7,708,449	10,292,168	34,921,865	186,723,557
2.02 Federal Inspection Services (FIS) Rehabilitation and Expansion	32,612,725	_	5,850,086	_	7,362,444	13,212,530	45,825,255
2.03 Terminal Facilities Utilities (Enabling Utilities Landside)	998,960	_	582,586	_	595,658	1,178,244	2,177,204
2.04 IAH Terminal Roadway Reconstruction	651,011	-	868,579	_	868,579	1,737,158	2,388,169
2.05 Terminal A Baggage Handling System	1,166,895	-	545,859	-	595,052	1,140,911	2,307,806
2.06 IAH Roadway Signage Replacement	14,781,907	-	40,194	-	40,859	81,053	14,862,960
2.07 Terminal A Restroom Rehabilitation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.08 Terminal D Restroom Rehabilitation	_	-	-	-	-	_	_
Total Disbursements	202,013,190	6,925,525	17,883,027	7,708,449	19,754,760	52,271,761	254,284,951
Net PFC Revenues	194,174,703	18,837,056	2,047,967	15,588,653	(26,382,833)	10,090,843	204,265,546
PFC Account Balance	\$ 194,174,703	\$ 213,011,759	\$ 215,059,726	\$ 230,648,379	\$ 204,265,546	\$ 204,265,546	\$ 204,265,546

	FY 2024 Program Total	Quarter 1 Jul-Sept	Quarter 2 Oct-Dec	Quarter 3 Jan-Mar	Quarter 4 Apr-Jun	FY 2025 Total	FY 2025 Program Total
REVENUES							
Collections (Note 3)	\$ 312,920,547	\$ 6,111,607	\$ 4,025,532	\$ 5,379,199	\$ 6,629,217	\$ 22,145,555	\$ 335,066,102
Other revenue-insurance (Note 3)	755,196	_	_	_	_	_	755,196
Interest	7,815,334	407,948	419,381	450,222	499,256	1,776,807	9,592,141
Total Revenues	321,491,077	6,519,555	4,444,913	5,829,421	7,128,473	23,922,362	345,413,439
DISBURSEMENTS							
1.01 Rehab Runways	4,036,884	_	5,206	_	65,900	71,106	4,107,990
1.02 Rehab & Modification to Taxiways	16,098,825	_	15,390	_	194,814	210,204	16,309,029
1.03 Expand Taxiway Electrical System	3,220,026	_	_	_	_	_	3,220,026
1.04 Arpt Drainage & Stormwater Improvs	6,400,345	_	61,030	_	392,414	453,444	6,853,789
1.05 Acquire Runway 17 Protection Zone	738,083	_	4,442	_	22,675	27,117	765,200
1.06 Airfield Lighting & Control	7,786,161	_	15,701	_	91,881	107,582	7,893,743
1.07 Central Terminal Expansion	34,333,171	_	110,194	_	700,285	810,479	35,143,650
1.08 Conduct Master Plan	393,948	_	_	_	_	_	393,948
1.09 Central Concourse Equipment	14,564,179	_	73,987	_	157,239	231,226	14,795,405
1.10 Apron Reconstruction	4,824,114	_	94,911	_	181,311	276,222	5,100,336
1.11 Taxiway & Taxilane Reconstruction	10,098,739	_	198,686	_	379,555	578,241	10,676,980
1.12 Overlay Runway 12R/30L	5,605,297	_	24,773	_	43,023	67,796	5,673,093
1.13 Perimeter Fencing & Obstruction	1,530,583	-	948	_	1,646	2,594	1,533,177
1.14 Access Controls & Telecom	1,108,601	_	27,914	_	48,480	76,394	1,184,995
1.15 Environmental Impact Statement	356,433	-	2,235	_	21,445	23,680	380,113
1.16 Land Acquisition RW4 RPZ	625,542	_	-	_	_	-	625,542
1.17 Drainage/Stormwater Plan	1,383,883	_	399	_	5,047	5,446	1,389,329
1.18 PFC Consulting, Admin, Audit	97,621	_	-	_	-	-	97,621
Subtotal HOU 1.00 Projects	113,202,435	_	635,816	_	2,305,715	2,941,531	116,143,966
2.01 International Terminal Expansion	39,912,373	_	1,817,588	_	4,629,631	6,447,219	46,359,592
2.02 International Terminal - Apron	6,440,808	_	293,311	_	747,101	1,040,412	7,481,220
2.03 International Terminal - Roadways	7,759,142	_	247,524	_	470,930	718,454	8,477,596
2.04 Elevated passenger walkway	1,909,354	_	81,068	_	153,798	234,866	2,144,220
2.05 Satellite utilities plant - Phase I	7,130,511	_	258,447	_	657,948	916,395	8,046,906
2.06 Passenger walkway canopy	-	_	-	_	_	-	-
2.07 Central concourse expansion	93,820,553	_	1,924,310	_	5,223,107	7,147,417	100,967,970
2.08 Explosive detection baggage equip.	5,295,282	_	-	_	-	-	5,295,282
2.09 Partial reconstruction R/W 4-22	2,718,474	_	34,824	_	175,749	210,573	2,929,047
2.10 Partial reconstruction Taxiway C	689,191	_	8,829	_	44,556	53,385	742,576
2.11 Partial reconstruct NE perimeter rd	421,174	_	5,395	_	27,228	32,623	453,797
2.12 Air units - central concourse		_	-	_	_	-	_
Subtotal HOU 2.00 Projects	166,096,862	-	4,671,296	_	12,130,048	16,801,344	182,898,206
Total Disbursements	279,299,297	-	5,307,112	_	14,435,763	19,742,875	299,042,172
Net PFC Revenues	42,191,780	6,519,555	(862,199)	5,829,421	(7,307,290)	4,179,487	46,371,267
PFC Account Balance	\$ 42,191,780	\$ 48,711,335	\$ 47,849,136	\$ 53,678,557	\$ 46,371,267	\$ 46,371,267	\$ 46,371,267

### **NOTE 1 – Passenger Facility Charge Program**

The Passenger Facility Charge ("PFC") was established by Title 49, United States Code ("U.S.C."), Section 40117, which authorizes the Secretary of Transportation (further delegated to the FAA Administrator) to approve the local imposition of an airport PFC of \$1, \$2, \$3, \$4, or \$4.50 per enplaned passenger for use on certain airport projects. Under Part 158, public agencies (as defined in the statute and regulation) controlling commercial service airports can apply to the FAA for authority to impose a PFC for use on eligible projects.

### **NOTE 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

Basis of Accounting - The accompanying passenger facility charge revenues and disbursements schedules present revenues received on a cash basis, while expenditures are reported based upon the allocation of costs to approved projects.

### **NOTE 3 – Reconciliation to Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position**

Passenger facility charges are reported on an accrual basis in the City of Houston Airport System Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and changes in Net Position in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. Reporting standards adopted by the FAA require for purposes of the PFC Revenues and Disbursements Schedule such charges be reported on a cash basis. A reconciliation between cash collections and revenue reported on the accrual basis is as follows:

Passenger Facility Charges		HOU	IAH	<b>HAS Total</b>	
Amounts per Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - accrual basis	\$	23,809,554 \$	92,723,055 \$	116,532,609	
Add: prior year accrual		2,593,254	15,549,801	18,143,055	
Less: current year accrual		(4,257,253)	(15,316,503)	(19,573,756)	
Collection amounts per Passenger Facility Charge Revenue and Disbursement Schedule - cash basis	\$	22,145,555 \$	92,956,353 \$	115,101,908	

1.	Type of report issued on PFC financial statements.		Unmo	odified
2.	Type of report on PFC compliance.		Unmo	odified
3.	Quarterly Revenues and Disbursements reconcile with submitted quarterly reports and reported un-liquidated revenue matches actual amounts.	X	Yes	No
4.	PFC Revenues and Interest are accurately reported.	X	Yes	No
5.	The Public Agency maintains a separate financial accounting record for each application.	X	Yes	No
6.	Funds disbursed were for PFC-eligible items as identified in the FAA Decision to pay only for the allowable costs of the projects.	X	Yes	No
7.	Monthly carrier receipts were reconciled with quarterly carrier reports.	X	Yes	No
8.	PFC revenues were maintained in a separate interest-bearing capital account or commingled only with other interest-bearing airport capital funds.	X	_Yes	No
9.	Serving carriers were notified of PFC program actions/changes approved by the FAA.	X	Yes	No
10.	Quarterly Reports were transmitted (or available via website) to remitting carriers.	X	Yes	No
11.	The Public Agency is in compliance with Assurances 5, 6, 7 and 8.	X	Yes	No
12.	Project design and implementation are carried out in accordance with Assurance 9.	X	_Yes	No
13.	Program administration is carried out in accordance with Assurance 10.	X	Yes	No
14.	For those public agencies with excess revenue, a plan for the use of this revenue has been submitted to the FAA for review and concurrence.	X	Yes	No

## A. Summary of Auditor's Results

- 1) There were no material weaknesses identified during the audit of the passenger facility charge program.
- 2) There were no significant deficiencies identified during the audit of the passenger facility charge program.
- The auditor's report on compliance for the passenger facility charge program expresses an unmodified opinion.

## **B.** Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.



