Principles for Responsible Investment

PUBLIC RI REPORT

2021 PILOT

Alberta Investment Management Corporation

Generated 2022-11-21

About this report

The PRI Reporting Framework helps to build a common language and industry standard for reporting responsible investment activities. **Public RI Reports** provide accountability and transparency on signatories' responsible investment activities and support dialogue within signatories' organisations, as well as with their clients, beneficiaries and other stakeholders.

This **Public RI Report** is an export of the signatory's responses to the PRI Reporting Framework during the 2021 reporting period. It includes the signatory's responses to mandatory indicators, as well as responses to voluntary indicators that the signatory has agreed to make public.

The information is presented exactly as it was reported. Where an indicator offered a multiple-choice response, all options that were available to select from are included for context. While presenting the information verbatim results in lengthy reports, the approach is informed by signatory feedback that signatories prefer that the PRI does not summarise the information.

Context

In consultation with signatories, between 2018 and 2020 the PRI extensively reviewed the Reporting and Assessment processes and set the ambitious objective of launching in 2021 a completely new investor Reporting Framework, together with a new reporting tool.

We ran the new investor Reporting and Assessment process as a pilot in its first year, and such process included providing additional opportunities for signatories to provide feedback on the Reporting Framework, the online reporting tool and the resulting reports. The feedback from this pilot phase has been, and is continuing to be analysed, in order to identify any improvements that can be included in future reporting cycles.

PRI disclaimer

This document presents information reported directly by signatories in the 2021 reporting cycle. This information has not been audited by the PRI or any other party acting on its behalf. While this information is believed to be reliable, no representations or warranties are made as to the accuracy of the information presented.

The PRI has taken reasonable action to ensure that data submitted by signatories in the reporting tool is reflected in their official PRI reports accurately. However, it is possible that small data inaccuracies and/or gaps remain, and the PRI shall not be responsible or liable for such inaccuracies and gaps.

Table of Contents

Module/Indicator	Page
Senior Leadership Statement (SLS)	4
Organisational Overview (OO)	8
Investment and Stewardship Policy (ISP)	33
Manager Selection, Appointment and Monitoring (SAM)	79
Listed Equity (LE)	111
Fixed Income (FI)	128
Private Equity (PE)	146
Real Estate (RE)	154
Infrastructure (INF)	167
Sustainability Outcomes (SO)	178

Senior Leadership Statement (SLS)

Senior leadership statement

Our commitment

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SLS 1 S1	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Our commitment	GENERAL

• Why does your organisation engage in responsible investment?

• What is your organisation's overall approach to responsible investment?

• What are the main differences between your organisation's approach to responsible investment in its ESG practice and in other practices, across asset classes?

AIMCo's approach to responsible investment (RI) is guided by our fiduciary duty to clients, long-term investment horizon, vision, and core values. AIMCo has been a signatory of PRI since 2010 and we are committed to integrating environmental, social and governance (ESG) factors into our investment processes across asset classes, and into our active ownership strategies, including proxy voting, advocacy, and engagements. Participating in the PRI's reporting and assessment process promotes signatory accountability to the PRI principles, allowing us to evaluate our year-over-year progress, performance over benchmark and receive ongoing feedback. The resulting PRI Assessment Report is a valuable tool for informing our responsible investment strategy as we strive to become a world-class responsible investor.

Today, there is widespread recognition that material, industry specific ESG factors may impact investment returns, with sustainability factors featuring prominently in financial regulators' agendas and policy frameworks. AIMCo believes businesses that appropriately address ESG issues are better positioned to offer superior risk-adjusted returns and long-term value for our clients. AIMCo upholds a strategy of voice over exit – we prefer to positively influence firms' ESG practices through engagement, advocacy and proxy voting activities rather than through divestment.

AIMCo's approach to RI begins with governance. The RI Policy is board-approved and the RI committee, comprising executives, approves the RI strategy, ESG focus areas and guidelines- proxy voting, exclusions, engagement and asset class specific sustainability guidelines. The RI team is dedicated to RI activities, such as conducting ESG due diligence, analytics, monitoring, proxy voting and engagements, and regularly meets with sustainability committees across asset classes to monitor ESG progress and deliver briefings. Our Taskforce on Climate-related Financial Disclosure (TCFD) working group is cross functional and informs our carbon footprint philosophy, methodology and work on climate scenarios and risk analysis. Investment teams also conduct their own ESG research, integration, monitoring and reporting to varying degrees. For instance, fixed income includes ESG factors in their notional credit ratings system.

During the pre-investment stage, AIMCo conducts ESG due diligence for investments under consideration. Our proxy voting guidelines and research informs our voting stance at public issuers, while ESG monitoring serves to inform portfolio managers in their investment processes. AIMCo engages with firms in our ESG focus areas individually and in collaboration with peers and we track engagement outcomes.

AIMCo's clients are our priority, and we trust that our record on RI, will serve to inspire client confidence in our ability to identify and manage material ESG risks and opportunities across portfolios.

Annual overview

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SLS 1 S2	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Annual overview	GENERAL

- Discuss your organisation's progress during the reporting year on the responsible investment issue you consider most relevant or material to your organisation or its assets.
- Reflect on your performance with respect to your organisation's responsible investment objectives and targets during the reporting year. This might involve e.g. outlining your single most important achievement, or describing your general progress, on topics such as the following:
 - refinement of ESG analysis and incorporation
 - stewardship activities with investees and/or with policy makers
 - collaborative engagements
 - attainment of responsible investment certifications and/or awards

The COVID-19 pandemic pushed us into uncharted territory as the world around us, along with traditional business fundamentals, is being re-shaped. As countries focus on protecting citizens and rebuilding economies there is an opportunity to promote sustainable, inclusive growth. AIMCo recognizes the need to address systemic risk to enable a more sustainable future for all.

As Alberta's investment manager, AIMCo is focused on maximizing net investment returns for our clients — Albertans. When we make crucial investment decisions, environmental, social and governance (ESG) metrics serve as key differentiators, revealing valuable insights into a company's culture, values and priorities. All things being equal, we expect that companies exhibiting robust financial and ESG performance are better-positioned to deliver sustainable, risk-adjusted returns over the long term.

During the pandemic, AIMCo continued to integrate ESG factors into investment processes — from investment research, due diligence, and ownership activities such as monitoring our external investment managers to exercising our voting rights and engaging with companies on how they are faring in the pandemic and on their human capital management, diversity and broader ESG practices.

Our ESG due diligence deal flow increased significantly-from 2019 to 2020, investment teams in collaboration with Responsible Investment (RI) completed 19 comprehensive ESG due diligences worth approximately \$3.1 billion across asset classes.

AIMCo is preparing for the transition to the low-carbon economy. We increased our investments in renewable energy and are committed to measuring and analysing climate risk, including our carbon footprint, conducting scenario analyses and engaging with companies on their climate risk strategies. In our 2019-2020 Responsible Investment Report you will find our second Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) report, the result of a collaborative effort across our organization.

In 2020, AIMCo voted on 33,000+ ballot items at meetings in 56 countries and conducted engagements with 78 issuers on ESG topics ranging from how companies are faring during COVID-19 to cyber-security and climate change preparedness. We led or participated in several collaborative engagements with Climate Action 100+, the PRI Plastics Working Group and 30% Club Canada Investor Group, and contributed to consultations, notably for the Ontario Capital Markets Modernization Taskforce and the International Financial Reporting Standards. We released a joint statement with "Maple 8" CEOs calling for strengthened corporate ESG disclosure. AIMCo was a founding signatory to the Canadian Investor Statement on Diversity and Inclusion, facilitated by the Responsible Investment Association (RIA), for which institutional investors publicly set out expectations for investees and likewise committed to advancing diversity and inclusion both across their portfolios and within their respective institutions. AIMCo facilitated its second annual International Women's Day event with 23 local business leaders attending the CEO Roundtable and 225 participants attending a public panel event.

AIMCo achieved its best performance yet in the 2020 PRI Survey earning A+ in 12 out of 14 categories and A in the remaining two categories. AIMCo Real Estate maintained its four-star GRESB rating while participating Infrastructure assets improved their year-over-year scores and achieved their highest GRESB ratings to date.

Next steps

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SLS 1 S3	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Next steps	GENERAL

What specific steps has your organisation outlined to advance your commitment to responsible investment in the next two years?

AIMCo adopted three responsible investment strategic priorities for 2020-2022:

1) Aligning ESG integration across AIMCo: fostering inter-departmental collaboration, developing analytical tools to track ESG performance and engaging with clients on ESG matters.

2) Navigating the Transition to the Low-Carbon Economy: Expanding measurement of carbon footprint assessment and advancing our understanding of climate related risks and opportunities in alignment with TCFD, while delivering on client expectations for climate reporting.

3) Engaging in Stewardship and Advocacy: Continue to advocate for improved ESG disclosure at investee companies and contribute to global ESG initiatives to promote best ESG practice and standards.

Endorsement

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SLS 1 S4	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Endorsement	GENERAL

The Senior Leadership Statement has been prepared and/or reviewed by the undersigned and reflects our organisation-wide commitment and approach to responsible investment.

Name	Amit Prakash		
Position	Chief Investment Strategy Officer		
Organisation's name	Alberta Investment Management Corporation		

• This endorsement is for the Senior Leadership Statement only and is not an endorsement of the information reported by Alberta Investment Management Corporation in the various modules of the Reporting Framework. The Senior Leadership Statement is simply provided as a general overview of Alberta Investment Management Corporation's responsible investment approach. The Senior Leadership Statement does not constitute advice and should not be relied upon as such, and is not a substitute for the skill, judgement and experience of any third parties, their management, employees, advisors and/or clients when making investment and other business decisions.

Organisational Overview (OO)

Organisational information

Categorisation

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 1	CORE	Signatory category	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Categorisation	GENERAL

Select the type that best describes your organisation or the services you provide.

(O) Fund management	(1) This is our only (or primary)
(O) I und management	type

Subsidiary information

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 2	CORE	N/A	OO 2.1	PUBLIC	Subsidiary information	GENERAL

Does your organisation have subsidiaries that are also PRI signatories in their own right?

◦ (A) Yes ● (B) No

Reporting year

OO 3 CORE N/A N/A PUBLIC Reporting year GENERAL	Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
	OO 3	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Reporting year	GENERAL

Indicate the year-end date for your reporting year.

	Month	Day	Year	
Reporting year end date:	December	31	2020	

Assets under management

All asset classes

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 4	CORE	00 4.1, 00 4.2	N/A	PUBLIC	All asset classes	GENERAL

What were your total assets under management (AUM) at the end of the indicated reporting year? Provide the amount in USD.

(A) AUM of your organisation, including subsidiaries	US\$ 93,123,787,148.00
(B) AUM of subsidiaries that are PRI signatories in their own right and excluded from this submission	US\$ 0.00
(C) AUM subject to execution, advisory, custody, or research advisory only	US\$ 0.00

Asset breakdown

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 5	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Asset breakdown	GENERAL

Provide a percentage breakdown of your total assets under management at the end of your indicated reporting year.

	Percentage of AUM
(A) Listed equity – internal	10-50%
(B) Listed equity – external	10-50%
(C) Fixed income – internal	10-50%
(D) Fixed income – external	0-10%
(E) Private equity – internal	0-10%
(F) Private equity – external	0-10%
(G) Real estate – internal	10-50%
(H) Real estate – external	0-10%
(I) Infrastructure – internal	0-10%
(J) Infrastructure – external	0-10%
(K) Hedge funds – internal	0.0%
(L) Hedge funds – external	0.0%
(M) Forestry – internal	0-10%
(N) Forestry – external	0-10%
(O) Farmland – internal	0-10%

Percentage of AUM

(P) Farmland – external	0-10%
 (Q) Other – internal, please specify: Money market instruments & overlays 	0-10%
(R) Other – external, please specify:	0.0%
(S) Off-balance sheet – internal	0.0%
(T) Off-balance sheet – external	0.0%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 5.1	CORE	OO 5	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Asset breakdown	GENERAL

Provide a breakdown of your organisation's externally managed assets between segregated mandates and pooled funds or investments.

	(1) Listed equity	(2) Fixed income	(3) Private equity	(4) Real estate
(A) Segregated mandate(s)	10-50%	0-10%	0.0%	0.0%
(B) Pooled fund(s) or pooled investment(s)	50-75%	>75%	>75%	>75%
	(5) Infrastructure	(7) Forestry		(8) Farmland
(A) Segregated mandate(s)	0.0%	0.0%		0.0%
(B) Pooled fund(s) or pooled investment(s)	>75%	>75%		>75%

ESG strategies

Listed equity

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 6 LE	CORE	OO 5.2 LE	OO 6.1 LE, LE 13	PUBLIC	Listed equity	1

Which ESG incorporation strategy and/or combination of strategies do you apply to your internally managed active listed equity?

		Percentage out of	total internally m	anaged active li	sted equity:	
(A) Screening	; alone	0-25%				
(B) Thematic	alone	0.0%				
(C) Integratio	n alone	0.0%				
(D) Screening and	integration	>75%				
(E) Thematic and	integration	0.0%				
(F) Screening an	d thematic	0.0%				
(G) All three strates	ies combined	0.0%				
(H) Non	e	0.0%				
Indicator Typ	e of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 6.1 LE	CORE	OO 6 LE	LE 8	PUBLIC	Listed equity	1

What type of screening is applied to your internally managed active listed equity assets?

Percentage coverage out of your total listed equities where screening strategy is applied

(A) Positive/best-in-class screening only	0.0%
(B) Negative screening only	>75%
(C) A combination of positive/best-in-class and negative screening	0.0%

Fixed income

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 6 FI	CORE	OO 5.2 FI	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Fixed income	1

Which ESG incorporation strategy and/or combination of strategies do you apply to your internally managed active fixed income?

	(1) Fixed income – SSA	(2) Fixed income – corporate	(3) Fixed income – securitised
(A) Screening alone	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
(B) Thematic alone	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
(C) Integration alone	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
(D) Screening and integration	>75%	>75%	>75%
(E) Thematic and integration	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
(F) Screening and thematic	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
(G) All three strategies combined	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
(H) None	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 6.1 FI	CORE	OO 6 FI	N/A	PUBLIC	Fixed income	1

What type of screening is applied to your internally managed active fixed income?

	(1) Fixed income – SSA	(2) Fixed income – corporate	(3) Fixed income – securitised
(A) Positive/best-in-class screening only	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
(B) Negative screening only	>75%	>75%	>75%
(C) A combination of positive/best-in-class and negative screening	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Externally managed assets

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 6 SAM	CORE	OO 5.2 LE, OO 5.2 FI	OO 6.1 SAM	PUBLIC	Externally managed assets	1

Which ESG incorporation strategy and/or combination of strategies apply to your externally managed active listed equity and fixed income?

	(1) Listed equity - external	(3) Fixed income – corporate - external	(4) Fixed income – securitised - external
(A) Screening alone	50-75%	0.0%	0.0%
(B) Thematic alone	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
(C) Integration alone	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
(D) Screening and integration	25-50%	0.0%	0.0%

(E) Themat	tic and integration	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%	
(F) Screen	ning and thematic	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%	
(G) All three	strategies combined	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%	
(1	H) None	0.0%		>75%	>75%	
Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 6.1 SAM	CORE	OO 6 SAM	N/A	PUBLIC	Externally managed assets	1

What type of screening is applied to your externally managed active listed equity and fixed income?

	(1) Listed equity - external
(A) Positive/best-in-class screening only	0.0%
(B) Negative screening only	$>\!75\%$
(C) A combination of positive/best-in-class and negative screening	0.0%

Externally managed assets

Captive relationships

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 7	CORE	OO 5	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Captive relationships	GENERAL

Does your organisation have a captive relationship with some or all of its external investment managers?

 \circ (A) Yes \odot (B) No

Investment consultants

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 8	CORE	OO 5	SAM 1	PUBLIC	Investment consultants	GENERAL

Does your organisation engage investment consultants in the selection, appointment or monitoring of your external investment managers?

◦ (A) Yes **● (B) No**

Stewardship

Listed equity

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 9 LE	CORE	OO 5, OO 5.2 LE	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Listed equity	2

Does your organisation conduct stewardship activities for your listed equity assets?

	(1) Engagement on listed equity – active	(3) (Proxy) voting on listed equity – active
(A) Through service providers		
(B) Through external managers		
(C) Through internal staff		
(D) Collaboratively		
(E) We did not conduct this stewardship activity		

Fixed income

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 9 FI	CORE	OO 5, OO 5.2 FI	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Fixed income	2

Does your organisation conduct stewardship activities for your fixed income assets?

	(4) Active – SSA	(5) Active – corporate	(6) Active – securitised	(7) Private debt
(A) Through service providers		$\overline{\checkmark}$		

(B) Through external managers		$\overline{\checkmark}$
(C) Through internal staff		
(D) Collaboratively		
(E) We did not conduct this stewardship activity for this strategy/asset type		

Private equity, real estate and infrastructure

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 9 ALT	CORE	OO 5	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Private equity, real estate and infrastructure	2

Does your organisation conduct stewardship activities in the following asset classes?

	(1) Private equity	(2) Real estate	(3) Infrastructure
(A) Through service providers			
(B) Through external managers			
(C) Through internal staff			
(D) Collaboratively			
(E) We did not conduct stewardship activities for this asset class			

ESG incorporation

Internally managed assets

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 10	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Internally managed assets	1

For each internally managed asset class, select whether or not you incorporate ESG into your investment decisions.

	(1) ESG incorporated into investment decisions	(2) ESG not incorporated into investment decisions
(B) Listed equity – active – quantitative	۲	0
(C) Listed equity – active – fundamental	۲	0
(F) Fixed income – SSA	۲	0
(G) Fixed income – corporate	۲	0
(H) Fixed income – securitised	۲	0
(I) Fixed income – private debt	۲	0
(J) Private equity	۲	0
(K) Real estate	۲	0
(L) Infrastructure	۲	0
(U) Forestry	۲	0
(V) Farmland	۲	0

0

External manager selection

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 11	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	External manager selection	1

For each externally managed asset class, select whether or not you incorporate ESG into external manager selection. Your response should refer to the selection of the external managers who managed the relevant asset classes during the reporting year, regardless of when such selection took place.

	(1) ESG incorporated into external manager selection	(2) ESG not incorporated into external manager selection
(B) Listed equity – active	۲	0
(D) Fixed income – active	۲	0
(E) Private equity	۲	0
(F) Real estate	۲	0
(G) Infrastructure	۲	0
(I) Forestry	۲	0
(J) Farmland	۲	0

External manager appointment

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 12	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	External manager appointment	1

For each externally managed asset class, select whether or not you incorporate ESG into external manager appointment. Your response should refer to the appointment of the external managers who managed the relevant asset classes during the reporting year, regardless of when their appointment took place.

	(1) ESG incorporated into external manager appointment	(2) ESG not incorporated into external manager appointment
(B) Listed equity – active	۲	0
(D) Fixed income – active	0	۲

The following externally managed asset classes are reported in OO 5.1 as 100% pooled funds or pooled investments and, therefore, ESG incorporation into external manager appointment is not applicable.

(3) ESG incorporation into external manager appointment is not applicable as we only invest in pooled funds

(E) Private equity	۲
(F) Real estate	۲
(G) Infrastructure	۲
(I) Forestry	۲
(J) Farmland	۲

External manager monitoring

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 13	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	External manager monitoring	1

For each externally managed asset class, select whether or not you incorporated ESG into external manager monitoring during the reporting year.

	(1) ESG incorporated into external manager monitoring	(2) ESG not incorporated into external manager monitoring
(B) Listed equity – active	۲	0
(D) Fixed income – active	۲	0
(E) Private equity	۲	0
(F) Real estate	۲	0
(G) Infrastructure	۲	0
(I) Forestry	۲	0
(J) Farmland	۲	0

Voluntary reporting

Voluntary modules

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	pendent on Gateway to		Subsection	PRI Principle			
OO 14	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Voluntary modules	GENERAL			
	The following modules are voluntary to report on in the separate PRI asset class modules as they account for less than 10% of your total AUM and are under USD 10 billion. Please select if you wish to voluntarily report on the module.								
		(1) Yes, re	eport on the module	(2) No	o, opt out of repo module	orting on the			
(F)	Private equity		۲		0				
(H)	(H) Infrastructure		۲		0				
appointm	(K) External manager selection, appointment and monitoring (SAM) – fixed income		۲		0				
appointm	(L) External manager selection, appointment and monitoring (SAM) – private equity		۲	O					
appointm	(M) External manager selection, appointment and monitoring (SAM) – real estate		۲	O					
appointm	nal manager selection nent and monitoring) – infrastructure		۲		o				

The following modules are mandatory to report on as they account for 10% or more of your total AUM or are over USD 10 billion. The ISP (Investment and Stewardship Policy) module is always applicable for reporting.

(1) Yes, report on the module

۲	
۲	
۲	
۲	
۲	
۲	
۲	
۲	

Pooled funds governance: Appointment

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 15	CORE	OO 5.1	SAM 12	PUBLIC	Pooled funds governance: Appointment	GENERAL

Would you like to voluntarily report on ESG incorporation in the appointment of your external managers for pooled funds?

● (A) Yes ◦ (B) No

ESG/sustainability funds and products

Labelling and marketing

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 16	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Labelling and marketing	GENERAL

What percentage of your assets under management in each asset class are ESG/sustainability marketed funds or products, and/or ESG/RI certified or labelled assets? Percentage figures can be rounded to the nearest 5% and should combine internally and externally managed assets.

	Percentage
(B) Listed equity – active	0.0%
(D) Fixed income – active	0.0%
(E) Private equity	0.0%
(F) Real estate	0.0%
(G) Infrastructure	0.0%
(I) Forestry	0.0%
(J) Farmland	0.0%
(J) Farmland	0.0%

Climate investments

Asset breakdown

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 17	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Asset breakdown	GENERAL

What percentage of your assets under management is in targeted low-carbon or climate-resilient investments?

0-25%

Other asset breakdowns

Management by PRI signatories

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 19	CORE	OO 5	N/A	PUBLIC	Management by PRI signatories	GENERAL

What approximate percentage (+/-5%) of your externally managed assets are managed by PRI signatories?

50-75%

Fixed income constraints

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 20	CORE	OO 5.2 FI	OO 20.1	PUBLIC	Fixed income constraints	GENERAL

What percentage of your fixed income assets are subject to constraints? The constraints may be regulatory requirements, credit quality restrictions, currency constraints or similar.

Internal and external fixed income assets subject to constraints

(A) Fixed income – SSA	>75%
(B) Fixed income – corporate	>75%
(C) Fixed income – securitised	${>}75\%$
(D) Fixed income – private debt	${>}75\%$

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 20.1	CORE	OO 20	N/A	PUBLIC	Fixed income constraints	GENERAL

Describe the constraints to your fixed income assets.

	Fixed income constraints				
(A) Fixed income – SSA	Subject to duration constrains, which are varied by pool and strategy				
(B) Fixed income – corporate	Subject to duration, diversification and credit quality constrains For example: maximum weight of corporate bonds				
(C) Fixed income – securitised	Subject to duration, diversification and credit quality constrains For example: duration should be within plus or minus 1 year of RRBP benchmark index				

Private Placement portfolios are permitted to invest in any securities approved for their parent pool. All investments follow the guidance stated in the product description as well as broader AIMCo policies with respect to any constraints.

Mortgages portfolio is governed by the restrictions contained in the product description. There are no regulatory restrictions. Core mortgages must be first ranking charges on income-producing real estate properties in major markets. Loan to value ratio for Core investments cannot exceed 75% at time of funding. (response continued in row below)

Foreign currency principal amounts of debt investments are hedged to Canadian dollars to the extent practical.

The Private Debt & Loan Pool is governed by the restrictions contained in the product description. Private credit opportunities entail investments outside of the public market fixed income securities which often feature customized structures and terms that are more responsive to borrower needs. As a result, the classification of potential debt products is not universally well defined and may be characterized based on their ranking in the capital structure, extent of security, leverage level or other factors.

The Private Debt & Loan Pool is governed by the restrictions contained in the product description. Private credit opportunities entail investments outside of the public market fixed income securities which often feature customized structures and terms that are more responsive to borrower needs. As a result, the classification of potential debt products is not universally well defined and may be characterized based on their ranking in the capital structure, extent of security, leverage level or other factors.

(D) Fixed income – private debt

Context and explanation

Appointment: Pooled funds

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 33	CORE	OO 5.1	N/A	PUBLIC	Appointment: Pooled funds	GENERAL

For your externally managed pooled funds, please describe any other mechanisms in place to set expectations as part of the appointment or commitment process.

All prospective external managers are subject to a comprehensive due diligence process including detailed analysis of the manager's policies and practices, including, but not limited to: evidence of written policies covering potential conflicts of interest, evidence of protocols to deal with issues of material non-public financial information, evidence of the robustness of the firm's compliance function, its risk management processes, and an accounting of its own due diligence processes. The due diligence is led by AIMCo's investment managers who leverage internal subject matter expertise including Compliance, Risk Management, Valuations, Legal and Responsible Investment. Diligence reports inform external manager selection and appointment. Where possible, AIMCo endeavours to include responsible investment reporting obligations into legal agreements with external managers, which feed into our ongoing monitoring process.

ESG in other asset classes

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 34	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG in other asset classes	1

Describe how you incorporate ESG into the following asset classes.

	Description
(A) Forestry – internal	The Renewable Resources portfolio includes timberland and agricultural investments that provide inflation hedging and a long-term duration match with client obligations. ESG issues are considered at the following investment stages:
	- Screening: We employ a country and species screen (natural forest vs. (response continued in row below)

	 plantation), forest certification, and a reasonableness check for sustainability (growth versus harvest schedule versus standing tree inventory) Diligence: We ensure verification of legal land ownership status, compliance with all local laws including environmental reserves and labour laws, environmental due diligence, inventory verification (sustainable harvest), confirmation of forest certification status, governance rights and holding structures Confirmation: of all due diligence materials and internal processes Deal breaker: If investment opportunities are not seen to be sustainable or fail one of the previous three steps. There is an expectation for our external investment professionals to follow industry best-practices, which includes third party certification, and those systems must audit ESG criteria regularly.
(B) Farmland – internal	 The Renewable Resources portfolio includes timberland and agricultural investments that provide inflation hedging and a long-term duration match with client obligations. ESG issues are considered at the following investment stages: Screening: We employ a country and species screen (natural forest vs. (response continued in row below)
	 plantation), forest certification, and a reasonableness check for sustainability (growth versus harvest schedule versus standing tree inventory) Diligence: We ensure verification of legal land ownership status, compliance with all local laws including environmental reserves and labour laws, environmental due diligence, inventory verification (sustainable harvest), confirmation of forest certification status, governance rights and holding structures Confirmation: of all due diligence materials and internal processes Deal breaker: If investment opportunities are not seen to be sustainable or fail one of the previous three steps. There is an expectation for our external investment professionals to follow industry best-practices, which includes third party certification, and those systems must audit ESG criteria regularly.

(D) Forestry – external	 The Renewable Resources portfolio includes timberland and agricultural investments that provide inflation hedging and a long-term duration match with client obligations. ESG issues are considered at the following investment stages: Screening: We employ a country and species screen (natural forest vs. (response continued in row below)
	 plantation), forest certification, and a reasonableness check for sustainability (growth versus harvest schedule versus standing tree inventory) Diligence: We ensure verification of legal land ownership status, compliance with all local laws including environmental reserves and labour laws, environmental due diligence, inventory verification (sustainable harvest), confirmation of forest certification status, governance rights and holding structures Confirmation: of all due diligence materials and internal processes Deal breaker: If investment opportunities are not seen to be sustainable or fail one of the previous three steps. There is an expectation for our external investment professionals to follow industry best-practices, which includes third party certification, and those systems must audit ESG criteria regularly.
(E) Farmland – external	 The Renewable Resources portfolio includes timberland and agricultural investments that provide inflation hedging and a long-term duration match with client obligations. ESG issues are considered at the following investment stages: Screening: We employ a country and species screen (natural forest vs. (response continued in row below)

plantation), forest certification, and a reasonableness check for sustainability (growth versus harvest schedule versus standing tree inventory) - Diligence: We ensure verification of legal land ownership status, compliance with all local laws including environmental reserves and labour laws, environmental due diligence, inventory verification (sustainable harvest), confirmation of forest certification status, governance rights and holding structures - Confirmation: of all due diligence materials and internal processes - Deal breaker: If investment opportunities are not seen to be sustainable or fail one of the previous three steps. There is an expectation for our external investment professionals to follow industry best-practices, which includes third party certification, and those systems must

audit ESG criteria regularly.

ESG not incorporated

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 35	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG not incorporated	1, 2

Describe why you currently do not incorporate ESG into your assets and/or why you currently do not conduct stewardship.

	Description
(M) Internally managed: Other	AIMCo's overlay strategy utilizes derivatives to earn excess returns realized from typically long/short, market neutral, income generating anomalies or opportunistic dislocations.
(Q) Externally managed: Fixed income – active	AIMCo's externally managed fixed income - corporate are legacy investments made prior to the existence of any formal Responsible Investment policies.

Investment and Stewardship Policy (ISP) Responsible investment policy & governance

Responsible investment policy

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 1	CORE	N/A	ISP 1.1, ISP 1.2	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy	1

Does your organisation have a formal policy or policies covering your approach to responsible investment? Your approach to responsible investment may be set out in a standalone guideline, covered in multiple standalone guidelines or be part of a broader investment policy. Your policy may cover various responsible investment elements such as stewardship, ESG guidelines, sustainability outcomes, specific climate-related guidelines, RI governance and similar.

(A) Yes, we do have a policy covering our approach to responsible investment

 \circ (B) No, we do not have a policy covering our approach to responsible investment

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 1.1	CORE	ISP 1	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy	1

What elements does your responsible investment policy cover? The responsible investment elements may be set out in one or multiple standalone guidelines, or they may be part of a broader investment policy.

- \square (A) Overall approach to responsible investment
- ☑ (B) Guidelines on environmental factors
- \square (C) Guidelines on social factors
- \square (D) Guidelines on governance factors
- ☑ (E) Approach to stewardship
- (F) Approach to sustainability outcomes
- \square (G) Approach to exclusions
- I (H) Asset class-specific guidelines that describe how ESG incorporation is implemented
- ☑ (I) Definition of responsible investment and how it relates to our fiduciary duty
- ☑ (J) Definition of responsible investment and how it relates to our investment objectives
- (K) Responsible investment governance structure

 \Box (L) Internal reporting and verification related to responsible investment

- (M) External reporting related to responsible investment
- \Box (N) Managing conflicts of interest related to responsible investment
- (O) Other responsible investment aspects not listed here, please specify:

Approach to collaboration and advocacy for the advancement of the Principles for Responsible Investment

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 1.2	PLUS	ISP 1	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy	1

What mechanisms do you have in place to ensure that your policies are implemented in an aligned and consistent way across the organisation?

The Responsible Investment Policy (the "Policy") describes how AIMCo implements the United Nations-backed Principles for Responsible Investment (PRI) while satisfying AIMCo's obligations under applicable law and Investment Management Agreements with clients. AIMCo's Board of Directors reviews and approves the Policy. The Responsible Investment Committee, chaired by the Chief Executive Officer and comprised of senior executives representing all investment functions, approves AIMCo's environmental, social and governance (ESG) strategy, ESG focus areas and all Responsible Investment related guidance documents, such as proxy voting, exclusions and engagement guidelines and asset class specific sustainability guidelines.

Over the past 10 years, AIMCo has built a robust governance framework to structure our ESG integration activities. We continue to refresh key policies and guidelines to remain at the forefront of the evolving Responsible Investment (RI) space. Reflecting AIMCo's core value of transparency, our RI-related policies, guidelines and statements are available on the AIMCo website.

The Responsible Investment department has regular meetings with all asset classes and investment departments. Moreover, Real Estate, Infrastructure & Renewable Resources and Private Equity have each adopted bespoke sustainability guidelines and committees to address customized approaches to ESG integration.

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 2	CORE	ISP 1.1	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy	6

Indicate which of your responsible investment policy elements are publicly available and provide links.

 \square (A) Overall approach to responsible investment. Add link(s):

https://assets.ctfassets.net/lyt4cjmefjno/2Hez31YxVr2yXEZphCmHUO/b08875c7ab303a5749f5cbbac70408d3/AIMCo_-_Responsible_Investment_Policy_-_January_2020.pdf

 \square (B) Guidelines on environmental factors. Add link(s):

 $\label{eq:https://assets.ctfassets.net/lyt4cjmefjno/2Hez31YxVr2yXEZphCmHUO/b08875c7ab303a5749f5cbbac70408d3/AIMCo_-Responsible_Investment_Policy_-_January_2020.pdf$

☑ (C) Guidelines on social factors. Add link(s):

 $\label{eq:https://assets.ctfassets.net/lyt4cjmefjno/2Hez31YxVr2yXEZphCmHUO/b08875c7ab303a5749f5cbbac70408d3/AIMCo_-Responsible_Investment_Policy_-January_2020.pdf$

 \square (D) Guidelines on governance factors. Add link(s):

 $\label{eq:https://assets.ctfassets.net/lyt4cjmefjno/2Hez31YxVr2yXEZphCmHUO/b08875c7ab303a5749f5cbbac70408d3/AIMCo_-Responsible_Investment_Policy_-_January_2020.pdf$

 \square (E) Approach to stewardship. Add link(s):

 $https://assets.ctfassets.net/lyt4cjmefjno/2Hez31YxVr2yXEZphCmHUO/b08875c7ab303a5749f5cbbac70408d3/AIMCo_-Responsible_Investment_Policy_-_January_2020.pdf$

- ☑ (F) Approach to sustainability outcomes. Add link(s):
 https://assets.ctfassets.net/lyt4cjmefjno/75aeFZ9V6TfdNEUYyhvrn7/4bf4579dcb549fb1653b9bdcf27d921c/AIMCo_s_Strategic_Response_to_Climate_Change_2020.pdf
- ☑ (G) Approach to exclusions. Add link(s): https://assets.ctfassets.net/lyt4cjmefjno/2Hez31YxVr2yXEZphCmHUO/b08875c7ab303a5749f5cbbac70408d3/AIMCo_-_Responsible_Investment_Policy_-_January_2020.pdf
- □ (H) Asset class-specific guidelines that describe how ESG incorporation is implemented. Add link(s):
- ☑ (I) Definition of responsible investment and how it relates to our fiduciary duty. Add link(s):
 https://assets.ctfassets.net/lyt4cjmefjno/2Hez31YxVr2yXEZphCmHUO/b08875c7ab303a5749f5cbbac70408d3/AIMCo_-Responsible_Investment_Policy_-_January_2020.pdf
- ☑ (J) Definition of responsible investment and how it relates to our investment objectives. Add link(s):
 https://assets.ctfassets.net/lyt4cjmefjno/2Hez31YxVr2yXEZphCmHUO/b08875c7ab303a5749f5cbbac70408d3/AIMCo_-Responsible_Investment_Policy_-_January_2020.pdf
- (K) Responsible investment governance structure. Add link(s):
 https://assets.ctfassets.net/lyt4cjmefjno/2Hez31YxVr2yXEZphCmHUO/b08875c7ab303a5749f5cbbac70408d3/AIMCo_ _Responsible_Investment_Policy_-_January_2020.pdf
- (M) External reporting related to responsible investment. Add link(s): https://assets.ctfassets.net/lyt4cjmefjno/2Hez31YxVr2yXEZphCmHUO/b08875c7ab303a5749f5cbbac70408d3/AIMCo_-_Responsible_Investment_Policy_-_January_2020.pdf
- \square (O) Other responsible investment aspects [as specified] Add link(s):

 $\label{eq:https://assets.ctfassets.net/lyt4cjmefjno/2Hez31YxVr2yXEZphCmHUO/b08875c7ab303a5749f5cbbac70408d3/AIMCo_-Responsible_Investment_Policy_-January_2020.pdf$

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 3	CORE	ISP 1.1	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy	1

What percentage of your total assets under management are covered by your policy elements on overall approach to responsible investment and/or guidelines on environmental, social and governance factors?

- \circ (A) Overall approach to responsible investment
- \circ (B) Guidelines on environmental factors
- \circ (C) Guidelines on social factors

 \circ (D) Guidelines on governance factors

AUM coverage of all policy elements in total:

> 75%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 4	CORE	ISP 1.1	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy	1

Which elements does your exclusion policy include?

☑ (A) Legally required exclusions (e.g. those required by domestic/international law, bans, treaties or embargoes)

 \square (B) Exclusions based on our organisation's values or beliefs (e.g. regarding weapons, alcohol, tobacco and/or avoiding other particular sectors, products, services or regions)

 \square (C) Exclusions based on screening against minimum standards of business practice based on international norms (e.g. OECD guidelines, the UN Human Rights Declaration, Security Council sanctions or the UN Global Compact)

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 5	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy	1

What percentage of your total assets under management are covered by your asset class-specific guidelines that describe how ESG incorporation is implemented?

	AUM Coverage:
(A) Listed Equity	>75%
(B) Fixed Income	25-50%
(C) Private Equity	>75%
(D) Real Estate	$>\!75\%$
(E) Infrastructure	>75%

Governance

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 6	CORE	N/A	ISP 8	PUBLIC	Governance	1

Do your organisation's board, chief-level staff, investment committee and/or head of department have formal oversight and accountability for responsible investment?

 \square (A) Board and/or trustees

☑ (B) Chief-level staff (e.g. Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Chief Investment Officer (CIO) or Chief Operating Officer (COO))

 \square (C) Investment committee

 \square (D) Other chief-level staff, please specify:

Chief Investment Strategy Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Corporate & Human Resources Officer, Chief Legal Officer, Chief Risk Officer, Chief Client & Stakeholder Relations Officer

☑ (E) Head of department, please specify department:

Executive Vice President, Public Equities; Executive Vice President, Fixed Income; Senior Vice President, Private Equity & Relationship Investing; Senior Vice President, Infrastructure & Renewable Resources; Senior Vice President, Real Estate; Vice President, Responsible Investment; Vice President, Corporate Communications & Public Affairs
\Box (F) None of the above roles have oversight and accountability for responsible investment

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 7	CORE	N/A	ISP 8	PUBLIC	Governance	1

In your organisation, which internal or external roles have responsibility for implementing responsible investment?

- \square (A) Board and/or trustees
- (B) Chief-level staff (e.g. Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Chief Investment Officer (CIO) or Chief Operating Officer (COO))
- \Box (C) Investment committee
- \square (D) Other chief-level staff [as specified]
- ☑ (E) Head of department [as specified]
- ☑ (F) Portfolio managers
- \square (G) Investment analysts
- ☑ (H) Dedicated responsible investment staff
- \Box (I) Investor relations
- \square (J) External managers or service providers
- \square (K) Other role, please specify:
- Compliance

✓ (L) Other role, please specify:
 Client & Stakeholder Relations

 \Box (M) We do not have roles with responsibility for implementing responsible investment.

People and capabilities

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 8	CORE	ISP 6, ISP 7	ISP 8.1, ISP 8.2	PUBLIC	People and capabilities	General

What formal objectives for responsible investment do the roles in your organisation have?

	(1) Board and/or trustees (1)	(2) Chief-level staff	(3) Investment committee	(4) Other chief-level staff [as specified]
(A) Objective for ESG incorporation in investment activities				

(B) Objective for contributing to the development of the organisation's ESG incorporation approach				
(C) Objective for contributing to the organisation's stewardship activities (e.g. through sharing findings from continuous ESG research or investment decisions)				
(D) Objective for ESG performance				
(E) Other objective related to responsible investment [as specified]	7			
(F) Other objective related to responsible investment [as specified]				
(G) No formal objectives for responsible investment exist for this role				
	(5) Head of department [as specified]	(6) Portfolio managers	(7) Investment analysts	(8) Dedicated responsible investment staff
(A) Objective for ESG incorporation in investment activities				
(B) Objective for contributing to the development of the organisation's ESG incorporation approach				Z
(C) Objective for contributing to the organisation's stewardship activities (e.g. through sharing findings from continuous ESG research or investment decisions)				

(E) Other objective related to responsible investment [as specified]				
(F) Other objective related to responsible investment [as specified]				
(G) No formal objectives for responsible investment exist for this role				
	(10) External managers or service providers	(11) Othe	er role	(12) Other role
(A) Objective for ESG incorporation in investment activities	V			
(B) Objective for contributing to the development of the organisation's ESG incorporation approach				
(C) Objective for contributing to the organisation's stewardship activities (e.g. through sharing findings from continuous ESG research or investment decisions)				
(D) Objective for ESG performance				
(E) Other objective related to responsible investment [as specified]				
(F) Other objective related to responsible investment [as specified]				
(G) No formal objectives for responsible investment exist for this role				

Please specify for "(E) Other objective related to responsible investment".

AIMCo Board of Directors & Investment Committee: Objective for ensuring AIMCo's compliance with its Responsible Investment Policy Chief-level/Other chief-level staff: Objective for fulfillment of RI signatory member obligations, including timely completion of any relevant reporting and/or surveys Heads of Departments & RI Department: Objective for meeting client responsible investment expectations Compliance: Objective for effective enforcement of AIMCo's Exclusion Guidelines

Please specify for "(F) Other objective related to responsible investment".

Chief-level/Other chief-level staff & Heads of Department, RI & Client & Stakeholder Relations Departments: Objective for enhancing AIMCo's Reputation as a Global, World-Class Institutional Investor

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 8.1	PLUS	ISP 8	N/A	PUBLIC	People and capabilities	General

Describe the key responsible investment performance indicators (KPIs) or benchmarks that your organisation uses to compare and assess the performance of your professionals in relation to their responsible investment objectives.

Globally, UN-backed Principles for Responsible Investment survey (PRI) is the primary tool to assess the effectiveness of RI programs across the investment management universe. PRI is a global benchmarking tool that includes over 3,300 signatories with USD 110 trillion in AUM. AIMCo is a PRI signatory since 2010 & reports on its responsible investment activities annually. Our recent Responsible Investment report highlights our performance, and AIMCo scored an A+ in 12 out of 14 categories and is above peers in all categories.

https://www.aimco.ca/what-we-do/responsible-investing/highlights.

For Real Estate and Infrastructure assets we benchmark sustainability performance through the annual GRESB Survey, a sustainability benchmarking tool for real assets.

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 8.2	CORE	ISP 8	N/A	PUBLIC	People and capabilities	General

Which responsible investment objectives are linked to variable compensation for roles in your organisation?

RI objectives linked to variable compensation for roles in your organisation:

(1) Board and/or trustees	
(E) Other objective related to responsible investment (as specified in ISP 8 option E)	

(A) Objective for ESG incorporation in investment activities	
(B) Objective for contributing to the development of the organisation's ESG incorporation approach	
(C) Objective for contributing to the organisation's stewardship activities (e.g. through sharing findings from continuous ESG research or investment decisions)	
(E) Other objective related to responsible investment (as specified in ISP 8 option E)	
(F) Other objective related to responsible investment (as specified in ISP 8 option F)	
(3) Investment committee	
(E) Other objective related to responsible investment (as specified in ISP 8 option E)	
(4) Other chief-level staff	
(A) Objective for ESG incorporation in investment activities	
(B) Objective for contributing to the development of the organisation's ESG incorporation approach	
(C) Objective for contributing to the organisation's stewardship activities (e.g. through sharing findings from continuous ESG research or investment decisions)	
(E) Other objective related to responsible investment (as specified in ISP 8 option E)	
(F) Other objective related to responsible investment (as specified in ISP 8 option F)	

(2) Chief-level staff (e.g. Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Chief Investment Officer (CIO) or Chief Operating Officer (COO))

(5) Head of department

(A) Objective for ESG incorporation in investment activities	
(B) Objective for contributing to the development of the organisation's ESG incorporation approach	
(C) Objective for contributing to the organisation's stewardship activities (e.g. through sharing findings from continuous ESG research or investment decisions)	
(D) Objective for ESG performance	
(E) Other objective related to responsible investment (as specified in ISP 8 option E)	
(F) Other objective related to responsible investment (as specified in ISP 8 option F)	
(6) Portfolio managers	
(A) Objective on ESG incorporation in investment activities	
(B) Objective for contributing to the development of the organisation's ESG incorporation approach	
(C) Objective for contributing to the organisation's stewardship activities (e.g. through sharing findings from continuous ESG research or investment decisions)	
(7) Investment analysts	
(B) Objective for contributing to the development of the organisation's ESG incorporation approach	
(C) Objective for contributing to the organisation's stewardship activities (e.g. through sharing findings from continuous ESG research or investment decisions)	

(8) Dedicated responsible investment staff

(A) Objective for ESG incorporation in investment activities	
(B) Objective for contributing to the development of the organisation's ESG incorporation approach	
(C) Objective for contributing to the organisation's stewardship activities (e.g. through sharing findings from continuous ESG research or investment decisions)	
(D) Objective for ESG performance	
(E) Other objective related to responsible investment (as specified in ISP 8 option E)	
(F) Other objective related to responsible investment (as specified in ISP 8 option F)	
(10) External managers or service providers	
(A) Objective for ESG incorporation in investment activities	
(D) Objective for ESG performance	
(11) Other role	
(E) Other objective related to responsible investment (as specified in ISP 8 option E)	
(12) Other role	
(F) Other objective related to responsible investment (as specified in ISP 8 option F)	
(G) We have not linked any RI objectives to variable compensation	

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 9	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	People and capabilities	General

How frequently does your organisation assess the responsible investment capabilities and training needs among your investment professionals?

• (A) Quarterly or more frequently

 \circ (B) Bi-annually

(C) Annually

 \circ (D) Less frequently than annually

 \circ (E) On an ad hoc basis

 \circ (F) We do not have a process for assessing the responsible investment capabilities and training needs among our investment professionals

Strategic asset allocation

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 10	CORE	N/A	ISP 10.1	PUBLIC	Strategic asset allocation	1

Does your organisation incorporate ESG factors into your strategic asset allocation?

 \Box (A) We incorporate ESG factors into calculations for expected risks and returns of asset classes

 \Box (B) We specifically incorporate physical, transition and regulatory changes related to climate change into calculations for expected risks and returns of asset classes

IC) No, we do not incorporate ESG considerations into our strategic asset allocation

 \Box (D) Not applicable, we do not have a strategic asset allocation process

Stewardship

Stewardship policy

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 11	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship policy	2

What percentage of your assets under management does your stewardship policy cover?

(A) Listed equity	>75%
(B) Fixed income	>75%
(C) Private equity	>75%
(D) Real estate	>75%
(E) Infrastructure	>75%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 12	CORE	ISP 1.1	ISP 12.1	PUBLIC	Stewardship policy	2

Which elements does your organisation's stewardship policy cover? The policy may be a standalone guideline or part of a wider RI policy.

- ☑ (A) Key stewardship objectives
- (B) Prioritisation approach of ESG factors and their link to engagement issues and targets
- (C) Prioritisation approach depending on entity (e.g. company or government)
- ☑ (D) Specific approach to climate-related risks and opportunities
- \Box (E) Stewardship tool usage across the organisation, including which, if any, tools are out of scope and when and how different tools are used and by whom (e.g. specialist teams, investment teams, service providers, external investment managers or similar) \Box (F) Stewardship tool usage for specific internal teams (e.g. specialist teams, investment teams or similar)
- ✓ (G) Stewardship tool usage for specific external teams (e.g. service providers, external investment managers or similar)
- (H) Approach to collaboration on stewardship
- \square (I) Escalation strategies

\square (J) Conflicts of interest

 \square (K) Details on how the stewardship policy is implemented and which elements are mandatory, including how and when the policy can be overruled

 \square (L) How stewardship efforts and results should be communicated across the organisation to feed into investment decisionmaking and vice versa

 \Box (M) None of the above elements are captured in our stewardship policy

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 12.1	PLUS	ISP 12	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship policy	2

Describe any additional details related to your stewardship policy elements or your overall stewardship approach.

AIMCo champions a "voice over exit" approach, preferring to conduct meaningful engagement with the firm to effect positive change where possible, rather than divest so as not to reduce the investible universe. AIMCo is committed to encouraging investee firms ("Investees") to adopt policies and practices that contribute to long-term performance. We may, when deemed material and appropriate, engage with Investees directly in order to encourage best ESG practices (e.g., policies and protocols) or to address perceived gaps. AIMCo encourages all Investees to practice good governance, to address any potential negative environmental and community impacts of their operations and to uphold best labour practices, including occupational health and safety procedures.

AIMCo is committed to effective engagement with Investees. AIMCo proactively considers opportunities to add value to Investees, such as by promoting improved corporate governance and corporate responsibility measures. AIMCo may pursue engagements with Investees independently or in collaboration with other investors. Engagement methods include e-mails, letters, telephone calls and face-to-face meetings with executives or board members.

Proxy voting is an important component of active ownership. Recognizing the importance of good corporate governance in enhancing long-term shareholder value, AIMCo is committed to exercising proxy voting rights on behalf of our clients. AIMCo's bespoke Proxy Voting Guidelines and Corporate Governance Principles describe AIMCo's voting rationale and potential voting stance for interested stakeholders. AIMCo evaluates ballot proposals primarily based on our broad guidelines and principles but takes unique and specific circumstances into account. We fully expect Investees to comply with applicable laws and internationally determined standards of business behaviour and encourage companies to disclose material ESG information.

Stewardship policy implementation

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 13	CORE	ISP 1.1	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship policy implementation	2

How is your stewardship policy primarily applied?

• (A) It requires our organisation to take certain actions

 \circ (B) It describes default actions that can be overridden (e.g. by investment teams for certain portfolios)

- (C) It creates permission for taking certain measures that are otherwise exceptional
- \circ (D) We have not developed a uniform approach to applying our stewardship policy

Stewardship objectives

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 15	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship objectives	2

For the majority of assets within each asset class, which of the following best describes your primary stewardship objective?

	(1) Listed equity	(2) Fixed income	(3) Private equity	(4) Real estate	(5) Infrastructure
(A) Maximise the risk–return profile of individual investments	0	0	0	0	0
(B) Maximise overall returns across the portfolio	0	0	0	o	0
(C) Maximise overall value to beneficiaries/clients	۲	۲	۲	۲	۲
(D) Contribute to shaping specific sustainability outcomes (i.e. deliver impact)	0	o	O	o	ο

Stewardship prioritisation

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 16	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship prioritisation	2

What key criteria does your organisation use to prioritise your engagement targets? For asset classes such as real estate, private equity and infrastructure, you may consider this as key criteria to prioritise actions taken on ESG factors for assets, portfolio companies and/or properties in your portfolio. Select up to 3 options per asset class from the list.

	(1) Listed equity	(2) Fixed income	(3) Private equity	(4) Real estate	(5) Infrastructure
(A) The size of our holdings in the entity or the size of the asset, portfolio company and/or property	Ø				
(B) The materiality of ESG factors on financial and/or operational performance					
(C) Specific ESG factors with systemic influence (e.g. climate or human rights)					
(D) The ESG rating of the entity					
(E) The adequacy of public disclosure on ESG factors/performance					
(F) Specific ESG factors based on input from clients			V		
(G) Specific ESG factors based on input from beneficiaries					
(H) Other criteria to prioritise engagement targets, please specify:					
(I) We do not prioritise our engagement targets					

Please specify for "(H) Other criteria to prioritise engagement targets".

Geographic locale, probability of success or influence, costs of engagement

Stewardship methods

SP 17	PLUS	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship methods	2				
	Please rank the methods that are most important for your organisation in achieving its stewardship objectives. Ranking options: x = most important, $5 = least$ important.									
(A) Internal resources (e.g. stewardship team, investment team, ESG team or staff) 1										
(B) Extern		gers, third-party operato managers (if applicable)	rs and/or externa	al property	4					
. ,	-	nitiatives other than inves property managers (paid b			We do not use	e this method				
	(D) Informal or	unstructured collaboration	ons with peers		3					
(E) Formal collaborative engagements (e.g. PRI-coordinated collaborative engagements, Climate Action 100+, the Initiative Climat International (iCI) or 2 similar)										

Collaborative stewardship

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 18	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	ISP 18.1	PUBLIC	Collaborative stewardship	2

Which of the following best describes your organisation's default position, or the position of the service providers/external managers acting on your behalf, with regards to collaborative stewardship efforts such as collaborative engagements?

 \odot (A) We recognise that stewardship suffers from a collective action problem, and, as a result, we actively prefer collaborative efforts

 \circ (B) We collaborate when our individual stewardship efforts have been unsuccessful or are likely to be unsuccessful, i.e. as an escalation tool

• (C) We collaborate in situations where doing so would minimise resource cost to our organisation

 \circ (D) We do not have a default position but collaborate on a case-by-case basis

 \circ (E) We generally do not join collaborative stewardship efforts

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 18.1	PLUS	ISP 18	N/A	PUBLIC	Collaborative stewardship	2

Describe your position on collaborating for stewardship.

AIMCo participates in broader dialogue with other institutional investors in order to contribute to the evolving field of Responsible Investment. AIMCo is a signatory member of several organizations and collaborative initiatives committed to Responsible Investment, including: • Canadian Coalition for Good Governance • CDP (formerly Carbon Disclosure Project) • GRESB (formerly Global Real Estate Sustainability Benchmark) • G7 Investor Leadership Network • International Corporate Governance Network • Pension Investment Association of Canada • REALPAC (Real Estate Property Association of Canada) • Responsible Investment Association • United Nations-backed Principles for Responsible Investment • The 30% Club These organizations often advocate on behalf of their members and may invite AIMCo to play a role in collaborative engagement with investee firms or with regulators. We support the principle of collaborative engagement with institutional investor peers within membership organization as collaboration is an effective way to encourage transparency and improved ESG performance across AIMCo's portfolio.

Escalation strategies

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 19	PLUS	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Escalation strategies	2

Which of these measures did your organisation, or the service providers/external managers acting on your behalf, use most frequently when escalating initial stewardship approaches that were deemed unsuccessful?

	(1) Listed equity	(2) Fixed income
(A) Collaboratively engaging the entity with other investors		
(B) Filing/co-filing/submitting a shareholder resolution or proposal		
(C) Publicly engaging the entity (e.g. open letter)		
(D) Voting against the re- election of one or more board directors		

(E) Voting against the chair of the board of directors	
(F) Voting against the annual financial report	
(G) Divesting or implementing an exit strategy	
(H) We did not use any escalation measures during the reporting year. Please explain why below	

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 20	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Escalation strategies	2

If initial stewardship approaches were deemed unsuccessful, which of the following measures are excluded from the potential escalation actions of your organisation or those of the service providers/external managers acting on your behalf?

	(1) Listed equity	(2) Fixed income
(A) Collaboratively engaging the entity with other investors		
(B) Filing/co-filing/submitting a shareholder resolution or proposal		
(C) Publicly engaging the entity (e.g. open letter)		
(D) Voting against the re- election of one or more board directors		
(E) Voting against the chair of the board of directors		
(F) Voting against the annual financial report		

(G) Divesting or implementing an exit strategy	
(H) We do not have any restrictions on the escalation measures we can use	

Alignment and effectiveness

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 21	PLUS	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Alignment and effectiveness	2

Describe how you coordinate stewardship across your organisation to ensure that stewardship progress and results feed into investment decision-making and vice versa.

AIMCo has developed a dashboard to track engagement activities and outcomes along with internal reporting protocols. Meeting minutes from Responsible Investment-led engagements are recorded and shared with relevant portfolio managers when egregious issues are unresolved. Information from AIMCo's engagement dashboard is provided to the Responsible Investment Committee (quarterly), clients (quarterly) and select PMs/staff (monthly or as needed). Insights from engagements are used to inform proxy voting, monitor developing trends for internal and external reporting purposes and identify potential emerging risks/opportunities in portfolio companies.

Stewardship examples

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 22	PLUS	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship examples	2

Describe stewardship activities that you participated in during the reporting year that led to desired changes in the entity you interacted with. Include what ESG factor(s) you engaged on and whether your stewardship activities were primarily focused on managing ESG risks and opportunities or delivering sustainability outcomes.

	(1) Engagement type	(2) Primary goal of stewardship activity
(A) Example 1	b) Collaborative	c) Both managing ESG risks and delivering outcomes

(B) Example 2	a) Internally (or service provider) led	c) Both managing ESG risks and delivering outcomes
	(3) The ESG factors you focused on in the stewardship activity	(4) Description of stewardship activity and the desired change(s) you achieved
(A) Example 1	Carbon Emissions	An energy company that we engage with through Climate Action 100+ made a net zero by 2050 commitment in November 2020, after several years of dicussions with the investors on the CA100 group around setting targets.
(B) Example 2	Corporate Governance	On behalf of its Members, CCGG aims to engage with boards of approximately 35 public companies every year on governance matters of interest to its Members. Members are provided access to written post- meeting summaries and an annual update on the board engagement program. CCGG regularly assess the impact of its ESG program and shares key findings with its Members.

Engaging policymakers

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 23	CORE	N/A	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Engaging policymakers	2

How does your organisation, or the external investment managers or service providers acting on your behalf, engage with policymakers for a more sustainable financial system?

 \square (A) We engage with policymakers directly

 \square (B) We provide financial support, are members of and/or are in another way affiliated with third-party organisations, including trade associations and non-profit organisations, that engage with policymakers

 \Box (C) We do not engage with policymakers directly or indirectly

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 23.1	CORE	ISP 23	N/A	PUBLIC	Engaging policymakers	2

What methods do you, or the external investment managers or service providers acting on your behalf, use to engage with policymakers for a more sustainable financial system?

- (A) We participate in "sign-on" letters on ESG policy topics. Describe:
 AIMCo endorses written submissions to governments, regulators or public policy-makers developed by ourselves, peers or in collaboration as part of our PRI signatory commitments.
- (B) We respond to policy consultations on ESG policy topics. Describe:
 AIMCo may draft written submissions to governments, regulators or public-policy makers on responsible investment topics.
- (C) We provide technical input on ESG policy change. Describe:
 - AIMCo may draft written submissions to governments, regulators or public-policy makers on responsible investment topics.
- \square (D) We proactively engage financial regulators on financial regulatory topics regarding ESG integration, stewardship, disclosure or similar. Describe:

AIMCo participates in broader dialogue with other institutional investors in order to contribute to the evolving field of Responsible Investment.

(E) We proactively engage regulators and policymakers on other policy topics. Describe:

AIMCo participates in broader dialogue with other institutional investors in order to contribute to the evolving field of Responsible Investment.

 \square (F) Other methods used to engage with policymakers. Describe:

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 23.2	CORE	ISP 23	N/A	PUBLIC	Engaging policymakers	2

Do you have governance processes in place (e.g. board accountability and oversight, regular monitoring and review of relationships) that ensure your policy activities, including those through third parties, are aligned with your position on sustainable finance and your commitment to the 6 Principles of the PRI?

• (A) Yes, we have governance processes in place to ensure that our policy activities are aligned with our position on sustainable finance and our commitment to the 6 Principles of the PRI. Describe your governance processes:

AIMCo's Board of Directors approves the Responsible Investment Policy which is refreshed on a bi-annual basis. AIMCo's Responsible Investment Committee (RIC) approves AIMCo's responsible investment strategy and all responsible investment-related guidelines such as the exclusions guidelines, proxy voting guidelines, engagement guidelines and all asset class sustainability guidelines. The purpose of RIC is to oversee and align organizational efforts to integrate environmental, social and governance considerations into AIMCo's investments and to implement the PRI principles, while satisfying our obligation to clients to maximize investment returns without undue risk of loss. The RIC provides direct approvals of AIMCo as a signatory to responsible investment-related investor initiatives.

• (B) No, we do not have these governance processes in place. Please explain why not:

Engaging policymakers - Policies

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 24	CORE	ISP 23	ISP 24.1	PUBLIC	Engaging policymakers – Policies	2

Do you have policies in place that ensure that your political influence as an organisation is aligned with your position on sustainable finance and your commitment to the 6 Principles of the PRI?

\odot (A) Yes, we have a policy(ies) in place. Describe your policy(ies):

Alberta Investment Management Corporation ("AIMCo") was established in 2008 as a Crown Corporation to provide investment management services in accordance with the Alberta Investment Management Corporation Act ("The Act"). AIMCo operates at arms length from the Government of Alberta and as such does not garner political influence. In providing investment management services to designated entities ("our clients"), AIMCo acts in the best interest of our clients as AIMCo is, for all purposes, an agent of the Crown in right of Alberta. AIMCo provides investment services to our clients only and is restricted from providing investment management services to any other person or entity or in respect of any fund not designated in The Act.

• (B) No, we do not a policy(ies) in place. Please explain why not:

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 24.1	CORE	ISP 24	N/A	PUBLIC	Engaging policymakers – Policies	2

Is your policy that ensures alignment between your political influence and your position on sustainable finance publicly disclosed?

\bigcirc (A) Yes. Add link(s):

Link:

 $https://assets.ctfassets.net/lyt4cjmefjno/1UPvqagXEdS09ZGIz4ACaz/5b4ac5714255c13089cda1fc6c0ccc93/AIMCo_Mandate_and_Roles_Document_-_September_2017.pdf$

• (B) No, we do not publicly disclose this policy(ies)

Engaging policymakers – Transparency

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 25	CORE	ISP 23	N/A	PUBLIC	Engaging policymakers – Transparency	2

During the reporting year, did your organisation publicly disclose your policy engagement activities or those conducted on your behalf by external investment managers/service providers?

☑ (A) We publicly disclosed details of our policy engagement activities. Add link(s): https://www.aimco.ca/insights/tags/responsible-investment

(B) We publicly disclosed a list of our third-party memberships in or support for trade associations, think-tanks or similar that conduct policy engagement activities with our support or endorsement. Add link(s):
 https://www.aimco.ca/what-we-do/responsible-investing

 \Box (C) No, we did not publicly disclose our policy engagements activities during the reporting year. Explain why:

 \square (D) Not applicable, we did not conduct policy engagement activities

Climate change

Public support

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 26	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Public support	General

Does your organisation publicly support the Paris Agreement?

• (A) Yes, we publicly support the Paris Agreement Add link(s) to webpage or other public document/text expressing support for the Paris Agreement:

https://www.aimco.ca/insights/global-investor-letter-to-g7-g20-governments/plobal-investor-letter-to-g7-governments/plobal-investor-letter-to-g7-governments/plobal-investor-letter-to-g7-governments/plobal-investor-letter-to-g7-g20-governments/plobal-investor-letter-to-g7-governments/plobal-investor-letter-to-g7-governments/plobal-investor-letter-to-g7-governments/plobal-investor-letter-to-g7-governments/plobal-investor-letter-to-g7-governments/plobal-investor-letter-to-g7-governments/plobal-investor-letter-to-grad-governments/plobal-investor-letter-to-grad-governments/plobal-investor-letter-to-grad-governments/plobal-investor-letter-to-grad-governments/plobal-investor-letter-to-governments/plobal-investor-letter-to-governments/pl

 \circ (B) No, we currently do not publicly support the Paris Agreement

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 27	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Public support	General

Does your organisation publicly support the Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)?

• (A) Yes, we publicly support the TCFD Add link(s) to webpage or other public document/text expressing support for the TCFD:

https://www.aimco.ca/insights/statement-supporting-tcfd-final-recommendations-recommendations-recommendations-recommendations-recommendations-recommendations-recommendations-recommendations-recommendations-recommendations-recommendations-recommendations-recommendations-recommendations-recommendations-rec

• (B) No, we currently do not publicly support the TCFD

Governance

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 28	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Governance	General

How does the board or the equivalent function exercise oversight over climate-related risks and opportunities?

 \square (A) By establishing internal processes through which the board or the equivalent function are informed about climate-related risks and opportunities. Specify:

AIMCo's Board oversees the governance of responsible investment at AIMCo and approves the Responsible Investment (RI) Policy.

 \Box (B) By articulating internal/external roles and responsibilities related to climate. Specify:

 \Box (C) By engaging with beneficiaries to understand how their preferences are evolving with regard to climate change. Specify:

 \Box (D) By incorporating climate change into investment beliefs and policies. Specify:

(E) By monitoring progress on climate-related metrics and targets. Specify:

The Board is regularly briefed on AIMCo's ESG performance, strategy and ESG trends related to climate change.

 \Box (F) By defining the link between fiduciary duty and climate risks and opportunities. Specify:

 \square (G) Other measures to exercise oversight, please specify:

From time-to-time, AIMCo's Audit Committee may assign a review of AIMCo's Responsible Investment program to evaluate the design and operating effectiveness of the governance and control environment framework, adequacy of technology, capability and sufficiency of resources, and adherence and alignment to RI principles and the extent they are taken into consideration in the investment analysis and decision-making process.

□ (H) The board or the equivalent function does not exercise oversight over climate-related risks and opportunities

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 29	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Governance	General

What is the role of management in assessing and managing climate-related risks and opportunities?

\square (A) Management is responsible for identifying climate-related risks/opportunities and reporting them back to the board or the equivalent function. Specify:

AIMCo's Responsible Investment Committee (RIC) comprised of senior management approves overarching RI strategies, including with respect to climate change. AIMCo's Board is regularly briefed on AIMCo's ESG performance, strategy and ESG trends related to climate change.

(B) Management implements the agreed-upon risk management measures. Specify:

AIMCo's Responsible Investment Committee (RIC) comprised of senior management approves overarching RI strategies, including with respect to climate change. Over the past two years, an internal crossfunctional working group has focused on implementing the TCFD recommendations at AIMCo. The effort is led by the RI team, with representation from the CFO office, Economics & Fund Strategy, Public Equities, Risk Management and Valuations teams.

☑ (C) Management monitors and reports on climate-related risks and opportunities. Specify:

AIMCo's Responsible Investment Committee (RIC) comprised of senior management approves overarching RI strategies, including with respect to climate change. In 2020, AIMCo's TCFD working group focused on expanding carbon footprinting across asset classes, and on addressing qualitative, narrative-based climate scenario analysis.

\square (D) Management ensures adequate resources, including staff, training and budget, are available to assess, implement and monitor climate-related risks/opportunities and measures. Specify:

AIMCo's Responsible Investment Committee (RIC) comprised of senior management approves overarching RI strategies, including with respect to climate change. At AIMCo we have regular touchpoints on sustainability-related matters across all asset classes and investment functions. Our Infrastructure, Private Equity and Real Estate asset classes have all established sustainability guidelines and committees, while regularly scheduled meetings are held between RI and Client Relations, Fixed Income, Public Equities and Risk Management.

□ (E) Other roles management takes on to assess and manage climate-related risks/opportunities, please specify:

□ (F) Our management does not have responsibility for assessing and managing climate-related risks and opportunities

Strategy

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 30	CORE	N/A	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Strategy	General

Which climate-related risks and opportunities has your organisation identified within its investment time horizon(s)?

☑ (A) Specific financial risks in different asset classes. Specify:

AIMCo employed qualitative, narrative-based scenario analysis to identify risks related to climate change and opportunities that could potentially arise in the medium term (10 years) and over the long term (20 years). The goal was to understand potential impacts and investment implications for our portfolios. This first iteration of AIMCo's scenario analysis focused on transition risks and is based on a widely used, off-the-shelf framework recommended by the TCFD — the International Energy Agency (IEA)'s World Energy Model. Risks identified include stranded assets and/or business models for fossil fuel-reliant holdings, valuation impacts as high carbon prices result in increased operational costs, supply chain disruptions affecting input prices, reputational risk of owning high carbon emitting assets, and opportunity cost of not investing in climate-focused solutions.

(B) Specific sectors and/or assets that are at risk of being stranded. Specify:

AIMCo employed qualitative, narrative-based scenario analysis to identify risks related to climate change and opportunities that could potentially arise in the medium term (10 years) and over the long term (20 years). The goal was to understand potential impacts and investment implications for our portfolios. This first iteration of AIMCo's scenario analysis focused on transition risks and is based on a widely used, off-the-shelf framework recommended by the TCFD — the International Energy Agency (IEA)'s World Energy Model. Risks identified include stranded assets and/or business models for fossil fuel-reliant holdings, valuation impacts as high carbon prices result in increased operational costs, supply chain disruptions affecting input prices, reputational risk of owning high carbon emitting assets, and opportunity cost of not investing in climate-focused solutions.

- \Box (C) Assets with exposure to direct physical climate risk. Specify:
- \Box (D) Assets with exposure to indirect physical climate risk. Specify:
- (E) Specific sectors and/or assets that are likely to benefit under a range of climate scenarios. Specify:

AIMCo is a founding partner of the Investor Leadership Network (ILN), a collaborative network of leading investors taking action on key sustainability themes. In September 2020, the ILN published "Climate Change Mitigation and your portfolio: Practical Tools for Investors". The report provides detailed guidance for investors on strengthening climate-related disclosures, focused on decarbonization scenarios in line with the Paris Agreement. This guidance provides a sector-level 1.5°C scenarios across ten sectors including Oil & Gas, Mining, Food and Agriculture, and Transportation. In the Power Generation sector for example, we see the deployment of renewables, hydrogen and carbon capture, utilization & storage technologies as oppoerunities for sector decarbonisation.

(F) Specific sectors and/or assets that contribute significantly to achieving our climate goals. Specify:

AIMCo is a founding partner of the Investor Leadership Network (ILN), a collaborative network of leading investors taking action on key sustainability themes. In September 2020, the ILN published "Climate Change Mitigation and your portfolio: Practical Tools for Investors". The report provides detailed guidance for investors on strengthening climate-related disclosures, focused on decarbonization scenarios in line with the Paris Agreement. This guidance provides a sector-level 1.5°C scenarios across ten sectors including Oil & Gas, Mining, Food and Agriculture, and Transportation. We see three core elements in informative, mature Paris-aligned scenario analysis by corporations and issuers: Scenario transparency and credibility; Translation to sector impact; and Financial and strategic implications. Investors may then review these disclosures and engage with issuers across each of these elements.

- \Box (G) Other climate-related risks and opportunities identified. Specify:
- □ (H) We have not identified specific climate-related risks and opportunities within our organisation's investment time horizon

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 30.1	CORE	ISP 30	N/A	PUBLIC	Strategy	General

For each of the identified climate-related risks and opportunities, indicate within which investment time-horizon they were identified.

(1) $3-5$ months	(2) 6 months to 2 years	(3) 2–4 years	(4) 5–10 years
(5) 11–20 years	(6) 21–3	0 years	(7) >30 years
Ø	Z		
Ø			
		(1) 3-5 months 2 years </td <td>(1) 3-5 months 2 years (3) 2-4 years </td>	(1) 3-5 months 2 years (3) 2-4 years

that contril achieving o	sectors and/or assets bute significantly to ur climate goals [as specified]					
Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle

N/A

PUBLIC

Strategy

General

Which climate-related risks and opportunities has your organisation identified beyond its investment time horizon(s)?

\square (A) Specific financial risks in different asset classes. Specify:

CORE

ISP 31

AIMCo employed qualitative, narrative-based scenario analysis to identify risks related to climate change and opportunities that could potentially arise in the medium term (10 years) and over the long term (20 years). The goal was to understand potential impacts and investment implications for our portfolios. This first iteration of AIMCo's scenario analysis focused on transition risks and is based on a widely used, off-the-shelf framework recommended by the TCFD — the International Energy Agency (IEA)'s World Energy Model. Risks identified include stranded assets and/or business models for fossil fuel-reliant holdings, valuation impacts as high carbon prices result in increased operational costs, supply chain disruptions affecting input prices, reputational risk of owning high carbon emitting assets, and opportunity cost of not investing in climate-focused solutions.

\square (B) Specific sectors and/or assets that are at risk of being stranded. Specify:

N/A

AIMCo employed qualitative, narrative-based scenario analysis to identify risks related to climate change and opportunities that could potentially arise in the medium term (10 years) and over the long term (20 years). The goal was to understand potential impacts and investment implications for our portfolios. This first iteration of AIMCo's scenario analysis focused on transition risks and is based on a widely used, off-the-shelf framework recommended by the TCFD — the International Energy Agency (IEA)'s World Energy Model. Risks identified include stranded assets and/or business models for fossil fuel-reliant holdings, valuation impacts as high carbon prices result in increased operational costs, supply chain disruptions affecting input prices, reputational risk of owning high carbon emitting assets, and opportunity cost of not investing in climate-focused solutions.

- \Box (C) Assets with exposure to direct physical climate risk. Specify:
- \Box (D) Assets with exposure to indirect physical climate risk. Specify:
- (E) Specific sectors and/or assets that are likely to benefit under a range of climate scenarios. Specify:

AIMCo is a founding partner of the Investor Leadership Network (ILN), a collaborative network of leading investors taking action on key sustainability themes. In September 2020, the ILN published "Climate Change Mitigation and your portfolio: Practical Tools for Investors". The report provides detailed guidance for investors on strengthening climate-related disclosures, focused on decarbonization scenarios in line with the Paris Agreement. This guidance provides a sector-level 1.5°C scenarios across ten sectors including Oil & Gas, Mining, Food and Agriculture, and Transportation. In the Power Generation sector for example, we see the deployment of renewables, hydrogen and carbon capture, utilization & storage technologies as opportunities for sector decarbonization.

(F) Specific sectors and/or assets that contribute significantly to achieving our climate goals. Specify:

AIMCo is a founding partner of the Investor Leadership Network (ILN), a collaborative network of leading investors taking action on key sustainability themes. In September 2020, the ILN published "Climate Change Mitigation and your portfolio: Practical Tools for Investors". The report provides detailed guidance for investors on strengthening climate-related disclosures, focused on decarbonization scenarios in line with the Paris Agreement. This guidance provides a sector-level 1.5°C scenarios across ten sectors including Oil & Gas, Mining, Food and Agriculture, and Transportation. We see three core elements in informative, mature Paris-aligned scenario analysis by corporations and issuers: Scenario transparency and credibility; Translation to sector impact; and Financial and strategic implications. Investors may then review these disclosures and engage with issuers across each of these elements.

- \Box (G) Other climate-related risks and opportunities identified, please specify:
- □ (H) We have not identified specific climate-related risks and opportunities beyond our organisation's investment time horizon

Indicator	Type of indicator					PRI Principle
ISP 32	PLUS	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Strategy	General

Describe the impact of climate-related risks and opportunities on your organization's investment strategy, products (where relevant) and financial planning.

Developing an in-depth understanding of the two International Energy Agency World Energy Model Scenarios — the Stated Policies Scenario (STEPS), which effectively functions as the "business-as-usual" scenario, and a contrasting Sustainable Development Scenario (SDS) — allowed us to compare two distinct, plausible futures by examining the impact of associated market and regulatory forces, and learning what tools, or levers, are available to investors, companies and countries to promote economy-wide decarbonization.

Strategy: Scenario analysis

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 33	CORE	N/A	ISP 33.1	PUBLIC	Strategy: Scenario analysis	General

Does your organisation use scenario analysis to assess climate-related investment risks and opportunities? Select the range of scenarios used.

- \square (A) An orderly transition to a 2°C or lower scenario
- \square (B) An abrupt transition consistent with the Inevitable Policy Response
- ☑ (C) A failure to transition, based on a 4°C or higher scenario
- \square (D) Other climate scenario, specify:

AIMCo is a founding partner of the Investor Leadership Network (ILN), a collaborative network of leading investors taking action on key sustainability themes. In September 2020, the ILN published "Climate Change Mitigation and your portfolio: Practical Tools for Investors". The report provides detailed guidance for investors on strengthening climate-related disclosures, focused on decarbonization scenarios in line with the Paris Agreement. This guidance provides a sector-level 1.5°C scenarios across ten sectors including Oil & Gas, Mining, Food and Agriculture, and Transportation.

 \Box (E) We do not use scenario analysis to assess climate-related investment risks and opportunities

Indicator						PRI Principle
ISP 33.1	PLUS	ISP 33	N/A	PUBLIC	Strategy: Scenario analysis	General

Describe how climate scenario analysis is used to test the resilience of your organisation's investment strategy and inform investments in specific asset classes.

☑ (A) An orderly transition to a 2°C or lower scenario

The International Energy Agency's Sustainable Development Scenario (SDS), represents a significant transformation of the energy system to align with the Paris Agreement to keep temperature increase well below 2°C by 2100. In this scenario, decarbonization policies and levers are far more stringent, enabling rapid transformation. In SDS, assets and companies' ability to adapt is imperative across all industries as the world itself transforms. Opportunities identified include investment in growth & scale of renewables, financing alternative fuels like biomethane & hydrogen, promotion of carbon management & development of negative emissions technologies, advancing electrification infrastructure, and participating in the development of eco-efficiency technologies. Risks identified include stranded assets and/or business models for fossil fuel-reliant holdings, valuation impacts as high carbon prices result in increased operational costs, supply chain disruptions affecting input prices, reputational risk of owning high carbon emitting assets, and opportunity cost of not investing in climate-focused solutions.

Navigating the transition to a low-carbon economy will be complex and will require a concerted effort from investors, policymakers, the market and society at large. Monitoring factors such as the trajectory of carbon pricing, volume of electric vehicle sales or adoption of charging infrastructure offers valuable insights to inform our understanding of the direction and pace of the transition, and which decarbonization pathway is more likely to occur.

☑ (C) A failure to transition, based on a 4°C or higher scenario

The International Energy Agency's Stated Policies Scenario (STEPS), projects that the global energy mix in 2040 changes only marginally compared to today. In this scenario, the world looks to technology to increase energy efficiency and encourage lower emissions across carbon-intensive sectors. Carbon pricing is implemented in parts of the world, but increases modestly. This "business-as-usual" scenario reduces emissions slightly through increased energy efficiency, technology and targets, and results in fewer risks and opportunities overall for AIMCo, compared to SDS. Opportunities include investing in technologies to retrofit older assets, as well as in renewables which comprise an ever-higher share of the electrical grid. Risks include the impact of carbon pricing on investee firms' costs, operations and customer demand, potentially resulting in lower valuations of existing assets.

Navigating the transition to a low-carbon economy will be complex and will require a concerted effort from investors, policymakers, the market and society at large. Monitoring factors such as the trajectory of carbon pricing, volume of electric vehicle sales or adoption of charging infrastructure offers valuable insights to inform our understanding of the direction and pace of the transition, and which decarbonization pathway is more likely to occur.

\square (D) Other climate scenario

AIMCo is a founding partner of the Investor Leadership Network (ILN), a collaborative network of leading investors taking action on key sustainability themes. In September 2020, the ILN published "Climate Change Mitigation and your portfolio: Practical Tools for Investors". The report provides detailed guidance for investors on strengthening climate-related disclosures, focused on decarbonization scenarios in line with the Paris Agreement. This guidance provides a sector-level 1.5°C scenarios across ten sectors including Oil & Gas, Mining, Food and Agriculture, and Transportation. We see three core elements in informative, mature Paris-aligned scenario analysis by corporations and issuers: Scenario transparency and credibility; Translation to sector impact; and Financial and strategic implications. Investors may then review these disclosures and engage with issuers across each of these elements.

Risk management

Indicator						PRI Principle
ISP 34	PLUS	ISP 30	N/A	PUBLIC	Risk management	General

Which risk management processes do you have in place to identify and assess climate-related risks?

- \Box (A) Internal carbon pricing. Describe:
- \Box (B) Hot spot analysis. Describe:
- \Box (C) Sensitivity analysis. Describe:
- \Box (D) TCFD reporting requirements on external investment managers where we have externally managed assets. Describe:
- \Box (E) TCFD reporting requirements on companies. Describe:
- ☑ (F) Other risk management processes in place, please describe:

Navigating the transition to the low-carbon economy is a strategic priority for AIMCo. We recognize the business imperative of integrating climate change into our investment strategies and view the physical, regulatory and reputational risks of climate change as material to our clients' objectives, especially over the medium and long-term investment horizons. Considering the current climate-related disclosure landscape, we are committed to the following four active management strategies in alignment with our commitments as a PRI signatory: 1. To exercise shareholder voice by voting to promote climate-related disclosure 2. To engage with investee companies and promote climate-related disclosure 3. To advocate with policymakers, regulators and stock exchanges to encourage climate-related disclosure guidance 4. To take an active role in collaborative research regarding appropriate management of key elements such as carbon, plastics, methane and water, promote best practices and benchmark firms' performance on these metrics over time

 \Box (G) We do not have any risk management processes in place to identify and assess climate-related risks

Indicator						PRI Principle
ISP 35	PLUS	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Risk management	General

In which investment processes do you track and manage climate-related risks?

\square (A) In our engagements with investee entities, and/or in engagements conducted on our behalf by service providers and/or external managers. Describe:

Engagement is a stewardship activity which gives us the opportunity to influence investee companies to adopt better ESG practices which we believe will produce long-term sustainable value for our clients. We engage with companies individually or collaboratively to identify and advocate for ESG best practices and/or seek clarification on ESG matters. Between July 1, 2019, and June 30, 2020, AIMCo conducted 109 engagements with 94 unique issuers to discuss significant and topical matters such as the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic, climate change strategy, cybersecurity and supply chain management protocols.

(B) In (proxy) voting conducted by us, and/or on our behalf by service providers and/or external managers. Describe:

Every year we vote on ballot items for thousands of companies in our global public equity portfolio. Increasingly, shareholder proposals are requesting firms' disclosure of material ESG metrics, especially with respect to diversity, human capital management and carbon emissions. We believe that disclosure is a common good — what gets measured gets managed. From July 1, 2019, through June 30, 2020, we voted on 33,506 ballot items at shareholder meetings. As per our proxy voting guidelines, we generally support shareholder proposals requesting disclosure of ESG-related policies and procedures, such as requests for TCFD disclosure. We do not support shareholder proposals with no clear enhancement to shareholder value, or proposals that appear duplicative which request changes to issuers' policies, practices and disclosure that we are satisfied already exist.

☑ (C) In our external investment manager selection process. Describe:

From 2017-2020, AIMCo conducted ESG due diligence on more than \$12 billion of potential investment opportunities. The RI due diligence questionnaire includes a review of how potential investments integrate ESG considerations into their policies and protocols across operations, and how they report on their ESG performance - including, with respect to, climate change. Identifying how companies are performing on material ESG factors relative to best and normative industry practices provides added value to the investment decision-making process.

☑ (D) In our external investment manager monitoring process. Describe:

In 2019, AIMCo developed monitoring tools to view external partnerships through an ESG lens. Two tools were developed, a fund-level heatmap that allows us to compare the managers' ESG policies and practices with each other, and a portfolio-level dashboard, that compares the portfolio holdings with its investment benchmark on ESG performance. The external investment manager's policies, investment process and active management with respect to climate-related risks and opportunities is a factor that informs our overall assessment.

 \Box (E) In the asset class benchmark selection process. Describe:

\square (F) In our financial analysis process. Describe:

From 2017-2020, AIMCo conducted ESG due diligence on more than \$12 billion of potential investment opportunities. The RI due diligence questionnaire includes a review of how potential investments integrate ESG considerations into their policies and protocols across operations, and how they report on their ESG performance - including, with respect to, climate change. Identifying how companies are performing on material ESG factors relative to best and normative industry practices provides added value to the investment decision-making process.

 \Box (G) Other investment process(es). Describe:

□ (H) We are not tracking and managing climate-related risks in specific investment processes

Indicator						PRI Principle
ISP 36	PLUS	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Risk management	General

How are the processes for identifying, assessing and managing climate-related risks incorporated into your organisation's overall risk management?

\square (A) The risk committee or the equivalent function is formally responsible for identifying, assessing and managing climate risks. Describe:

AIMCo's Responsible Investment Committee (RIC) comprised of senior management approves overarching RI strategies, including with respect to climate change. Over the past two years, an internal cross functional working group has focused on implementing the TCFD recommendations at AIMCo. The effort is led by the RI team, with representation from the CFO office, Economics & Fund Strategy, Public Equities, Risk Management and Valuations teams. This year, the TCFD working group focused on expanding carbon footprinting across asset classes, and on addressing qualitative, narrative-based climate scenario analysis.

☑ (B) Climate risks are incorporated into traditional risks (e.g. credit risk, market risk, liquidity risk or operational risk). Describe:

AIMCo's risk management framework guides us in monitoring and managing all risks that could adversely affect our clients, business, reputation or execution of our mandate and strategies, and achievement of our objectives or significant opportunities. Risk assessments help us identify our priority risks and minimize the number of surprises, review what controls we have in place to mitigate these risks and check that our controls are working as intended. Our approach is pro-active, holistic and mindful of our client's needs and requirements.

 \square (C) Climate risks are prioritised based on their relative materiality, as defined by our organisation's materiality analysis. Describe:

One of the primary goals of AIMCo's risk management program is to ensure that, for each main type of risk, we take the amount of risk that we need to take in pursuit of our objectives, but not more than we are willing and able to tolerate. This requires not only the identification of the risks we face and an assessment of our exposure to those risks, but a determination of how much risk we are willing to take (risk appetite) and the maximum deviation from risk appetite that we are willing to accept (risk tolerance).

- \Box (D) Executive remuneration is linked to climate-related KPIs. Describe:
- \square (E) Management remuneration is linked to climate-related KPIs. Describe:

(F) Climate risks are included in the enterprise risk management system. Describe:

Our risk management framework requires involvement from all levels in the organization, we are committed to conducting both topdown and bottom-up risk assessments. This approach enables AIMCo to better understand and manage risks as well as create long-term added value for clients. Utilizing a risk management system and risk register, AIMCo's Risk Management team will assist the various business departments in determining appropriate risk responses and control activities as well as track and manage our identified priority risks within the risk appetite and tolerances established by our Board of Directors and Executive Committee. At a minimum, annual reviews will be performed for both top-down and bottom-up risks and the risks registers updated.

 \Box (G) Other methods for incorporating climate risks into overall risk management, please describe:

🗆 (H) Processes for identifying, assessing and managing climate-related risks are not integrated into our overall risk management

Metrics and targets

Indicator						PRI Principle
ISP 37	PLUS	N/A	ISP 37.1	PUBLIC	Metrics and targets	General

Have you set any organisation-wide targets on climate change?

 \Box (A) Reducing carbon intensity of portfolios

- \square (B) Reducing exposure to assets with significant climate transition risks
- \Box (C) Investing in low-carbon, energy-efficient climate adaptation opportunities in different asset classes
- \Box (D) Aligning entire group-wide portfolio with net zero
- \Box (E) Other target, please specify:
- \square (F) No, we have not set any climate-related targets

Metrics and targets: Transition risk

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 38	PLUS	N/A	ISP 38.1	PUBLIC	Metrics and targets: Transition risk	General

What climate-related metric(s) has your organisation identified for transition risk monitoring and management?

 \square (A) Total carbon emissions

☑ (B) Carbon footprint

 \square (C) Carbon intensity

 \blacksquare (D) Weighted average carbon intensity

 \Box (E) Implied temperature warming

 \Box (F) Percentage of assets aligned with the EU Taxonomy (or similar taxonomy)

- \Box (G) Avoided emissions metrics (real assets)
- \Box (H) Other metrics, please specify:

 \Box (I) No, we have not identified any climate-related metrics for transition risk monitoring

Indicator						PRI Principle
ISP 38.1	PLUS	ISP 38	N/A	PUBLIC	Metrics and targets: Transition risk	General

Provide details about the metric(s) you have identified for transition risk monitoring and management.

	(1) Coverage of AUM	(2) Purpose
(A) Total carbon emissions	(2) for the majority of our assets	Our processes for identifying climate- related risks and opportunities across asset classes continues to evolve. Measuring key environmental metrics helps us advance our understanding, management and reporting of climate-related financial risks and opportunities in our portfolios, in alignment with the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) recommendations. (response continued in row below)

AIMCo continues to expand the scope of our climate assessment. Our objective is to include as much of the total portfolio as possible in our analysis. We track portfolio emissions over time, relative to appropriate financial and sustainable development benchmarks, and we identify top contributors to the portfolio's emissions profile.

Our processes for identifying climaterelated risks and opportunities across asset classes continues to evolve. Measuring key environmental metrics helps us advance our understanding, management and reporting of climate-related financial risks and opportunities in our portfolios, in alignment with the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) recommendations. (response continued in row below)

AIMCo continues to expand the scope of our climate assessment. Our objective is to include as much of the total portfolio as possible in our analysis. We track portfolio emissions over time, relative to appropriate financial and sustainable development benchmarks, and we identify top contributors to the portfolio's emissions profile.

Our processes for identifying climaterelated risks and opportunities across asset classes continues to evolve. Measuring key environmental metrics helps us advance our understanding, management and reporting of climate-related financial risks and opportunities in our portfolios, in alignment with the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) recommendations. (response continued in row below)

(B) Carbon footprint

(2) for the majority of our assets

(C) Carbon intensity

(2) for the majority of our assets

AIMCo continues to expand the scope of our climate assessment. Our objective is to include as much of the total portfolio as possible in our analysis. We track portfolio emissions over time, relative to appropriate financial and sustainable development benchmarks, and we identify top contributors to the portfolio's emissions profile.

Our processes for identifying climaterelated risks and opportunities across asset classes continues to evolve. Measuring key environmental metrics helps us advance our understanding, management and reporting of climate-related financial risks and opportunities in our portfolios, in alignment with the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) recommendations. (response continued in row below)

AIMCo continues to expand the scope of our climate assessment. Our objective is to include as much of the total portfolio as possible in our analysis. We track portfolio emissions over time, relative to appropriate financial and sustainable development benchmarks, and we identify top contributors to the portfolio's emissions profile.

(3) Metric unit (4) Methodology Calculations consider scope 1 and scope 2 emissions as defined by GHG Protocol. We do not take into account emissions that emanate from the use of companies' products, also Tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent (A) Total carbon emissions known as scope 3 emissions, as data (tCO2e)is limited, and invites double counting. For Public Equities and Fixed Income Corporate Bond holdings MSCI data was used. (response continued in row below)

(D) Weighted average carbon intensity

(2) for the majority of our assets

		Many issuers publish their emissions annually in conjunction with annual financial reports, and for those that do not disclose their emissions, MSCI uses a proprietary method to estimate and assign emissions. The Real Estate carbon footprint includes only standing domestic assets with self-reported emissions. The Infrastructure carbon footprint includes direct and co-investments where holdings are valued over \$100 million as of December 31, 2019, and which have self-reported their emissions (excludes fund investments).
(B) Carbon footprint	Absolute Finance Emissions in tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent (tCO2e).	We follow the Financed Emissions method which attributes emissions to the investor proportionate to the investor's equity and debt holdings.
(C) Carbon intensity	Absolute Financed Emissions Intensity in tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent per million dollar invested (tCO2e/\$m invested)	We follow the Financed Emissions method which attributes emissions to the investor proportionate to the investor's equity and debt holdings.
(D) Weighted average carbon intensity	Weighted Average Carbon Intensity in tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent per million dollar revenues (tCO2e/\$m revenues)	The Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (WACI) method which attributes emissions to the investor based on the portfolio's relative exposure to carbon intensive industries
	(5) Disclosed value	e
(A) Total carbon emis	ssions	4,187,933
(B) Carbon footpr	int	4,187,933

(D) Weighted average carbon intensity

(C) Carbon intensity

70

59

239

Metrics and targets: Physical risk

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 39	PLUS	N/A	ISP 39.1	PUBLIC	Metrics and targets: Physical risk	General

What climate-related metric(s) has your organisation identified for physical risk monitoring and management?

 \Box (A) Weather-related operational losses for real assets or the insurance business unit

 \square (B) Proportion of our property, infrastructure or other alternative asset portfolios in an area subject to flooding, heat stress or water stress

 \Box (C) Other metrics, please specify:

 \Box (D) Other metrics, please specify:

(E) We have not identified any metrics for physical risk monitoring

Sustainability outcomes

Set policies on sustainability outcomes

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 40	CORE	ISP 1.1	N/A	PUBLIC	Set policies on sustainability outcomes	1, 2

Where is your approach to sustainability outcomes set out? Your policy/guideline may be a standalone document or part of a wider responsible investment policy.

☑ (A) Our approach to sustainability outcomes is set out in our responsible investment policy

(B) Our approach to sustainability outcomes is set out in our exclusion policy

☑ (C) Our approach to sustainability outcomes is set out in our stewardship policy

☑ (D) Our approach to sustainability outcomes is set out in asset class-specific investment guidelines

 \Box (E) Our approach to sustainability outcomes is set out in separate guidelines on specific outcomes (e.g. the SDGs, climate or human rights)

Indicator	Type of indicator	${ m Dependent}$ on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 41	CORE	ISP 1.1	N/A	PUBLIC	Set policies on sustainability outcomes	1, 2

Which global or regionally recognised frameworks do your policies and guidelines on sustainability outcomes refer to?

 \square (A) The SDG goals and targets

☑ (B) The Paris Agreement

☑ (C) The UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights

- \square (D) The OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, including guidance on Responsible Business Conduct for Institutional Investors
- \square (E) Other frameworks, please specify:
 - the International Labour Organization Conventions

 \square (F) Other frameworks, please specify:

UN Convention on Corruption

Indicator						PRI Principle
ISP 42	PLUS	ISP 1.1	N/A	PUBLIC	Set policies on sustainability outcomes	1, 2

What are the main reasons that your organisation has established policies or guidelines on sustainability outcomes? Select a maximum of three options.

 \Box (A) Because we understand which potential financial risks and opportunities are likely to exist in (and during the transition to) an SDG-aligned world

 \Box (B) Because we see it as a way to identify opportunities, such as through changes to business models, across supply chains and through new and expanded products and services

 \square (C) Because we want to prepare for and respond to legal and regulatory developments, including those that may lead to stranded assets

 \square (D) Because we want to protect our reputation and licence-to-operate (i.e. the trust of beneficiaries, clients and other stakeholders), particularly in the event of negative sustainability outcomes from investments

 \square (E) Because we want to meet institutional commitments on global goals (including those based on client or beneficiaries' preferences), and communicate on progress towards meeting those objectives

 \Box (F) Because we consider materiality over longer time horizons to include transition risks, tail risks, financial system risks and similar

 \square (G) Because we want to minimise negative sustainability outcomes and increase positive sustainability outcomes of investments
Identify sustainability outcomes

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 43	CORE	N/A	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Identify sustainability outcomes	1

Has your organisation identified the intended and unintended sustainability outcomes from any of its activities?

- (A) No, we have not identified the sustainability outcomes from our activities
- (B) Yes, we have identified one or more sustainability outcomes from some or all of our activities

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 44	CORE	ISP 43	ISP 44.1	PUBLIC	Identify sustainability outcomes	1

What frameworks/tools did your organisation use to identify the sustainability outcomes from its activities? Indicate the tools or frameworks you have used to identify and map some or all of your sustainability outcomes.

- ☑ (A) The UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and targets
- ☑ (B) The Paris Agreement
- ☑ (C) The UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights (UNGPs)
- 🗹 (D) The OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, including guidance on Responsible Business Conduct for

Institutional Investors

- \Box (E) The EU Taxonomy
- \Box (F) Other taxonomies (e.g. similar to the EU Taxonomy), please specify:
- \square (G) Other framework/tool, please specify:
- Relevant Corporate Governance Frameworks (e.g., UK Corporate Governance Code)
- ☑ (H) Other framework/tool, please specify:
 the International Labour Organization Conventions
- ☑ (I) Other framework/tool, please specify:
 UN Convention on Corruption

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 44.1	CORE	ISP 44	N/A	PUBLIC	Identify sustainability outcomes	1

At what level(s) did your organisation identify the sustainability outcomes from its activities?

- \square (A) At the asset level
- \square (B) At the economic activity level
- \square (C) At the company level
- \square (D) At the sector level
- \square (E) At the country/region level
- \square (F) At the global level
- \Box (G) Other level(s), please specify:

 \Box (H) We do not track at what level(s) our sustainability outcomes were identified

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 45	CORE	ISP 43	SO 1	PUBLIC	Identify sustainability outcomes	1

How has your organisation determined your most important sustainability outcome objectives?

 \blacksquare (A) Identifying sustainability outcomes that are closely linked to our core investment activities

 \square (B) Consulting with key clients and/or beneficiaries to align with their priorities

🗹 (C) Assessing the potential severity (e.g. probability and amplitude) of specific negative outcomes over different timeframes

(D) Focusing on the potential for systemic impacts (e.g. due to high level of interconnectedness with other global challenges)

 \square (E) Evaluating the potential for certain outcome objectives to act as a catalyst/enabler to achieve a broad range of goals (e.g. gender or education)

 \Box (F) Analysing the input from different stakeholders (e.g. affected communities, civil society or similar)

 \Box (G) Understanding the geographical relevance of specific sustainability outcome objectives

 \Box (H) Other method, please specify:

 \Box (I) We have not yet determined our most important sustainability outcome objectives

Transparency & Confidence-Building Measures

Information disclosed - All assets

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 49	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Information disclosed – All assets	6

For the majority of your total assets under management, what information about your ESG approach do you (or the external managers/service providers acting on your behalf) include in material shared with clients, beneficiaries and/or the public? The material may be marketing material, information targeted towards existing or prospective clients or information for beneficiaries.

(A) A commitment to responsible investment (e.g. that we are a PRI signatory)

 \square (B) Industry-specific and asset class-specific standards that we align with (e.g. TCFD, or GRESB for property and infrastructure)

☑ (C) Our responsible investment policy (at minimum a summary of our high-level approach)

☑ (D) A description of our investment process and how ESG is considered

 \Box (E) ESG objectives of individual funds

 \Box (F) Information about the ESG benchmark(s) that we use to measure fund performance

G (G) Our stewardship approach

☑ (H) A description of the ESG criteria applied (e.g. sectors, products, activities, ratings and similar)

☑ (I) The thresholds for the ESG criteria applied in our investment decisions or universe construction

 \Box (J) A list of our main investments and holdings

 \square (K) ESG case study/example from existing fund(s)

 \Box (L) We do not include our approach to ESG in material shared with clients/beneficiaries/the public for the majority of our assets under management

Client reporting – All assets

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 50	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Client reporting – All assets	6

What ESG information is included in your client reporting for the majority of your assets under management?

- ☑ (A) Qualitative ESG analysis, descriptive examples or case studies
- ☑ (B) Quantitative analysis or key performance indicators (KPIs) related to ESG performance
- ☑ (C) Progress on our sustainability outcome objectives
- \square (D) Stewardship results
- \Box (E) Information on ESG incidents where applicable
- \Box (F) Analysis of ESG contribution to portfolio financial performance
- (G) We do not include ESG information in client reporting for the majority of our assets under management

Frequency of client reporting - All assets

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 51	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Frequency of client reporting – All assets	6

For the majority of each asset class, how frequently do you report ESG-related information to your clients?

(A) Listed equity	(1) Quarterly
(B) Fixed income	(1) Quarterly
(C) Private equity	(1) Quarterly
(D) Real estate	(1) Quarterly
(E) Infrastructure	(1) Quarterly

Confidence-building measures

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 52	CORE	OO 16.1	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Confidence-building measures	6

What verification has your organisation had regarding the information you have provided in your PRI Transparency Report this year?

 \Box (A) We received third-party independent assurance of selected processes and/or data related to our responsible investment processes, which resulted in a formal assurance conclusion

 \square (B) We conducted a third-party readiness review and are making changes to our internal controls/governance or processes to be able to conduct an external assurance next year

 \Box (C) The internal audit function team performed an independent audit of selected processes/and or data related to our responsible investment processes reported in this PRI report

🗹 (D) Our board, CEO, other C-level equivalent and/or investment committee has signed off on our PRI report

 \Box (F) We conducted an external ESG audit of our ESG/sustainability marketed funds or products (excluding ESG/RI certified or labelled assets)

 \Box (G) We conducted an external ESG audit of our holdings to check that our funds comply with our RI policy (e.g. exclusion list or investee companies in portfolio above certain ESG rating)

 \Box (H) We conducted an external ESG audit of our holdings as part of risk management, engagement identification or investment decision-making

 \square (I) Responses related to our RI practices documented in this report have been internally reviewed before submission to the PRI

 \Box (J) None of the above

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 58	CORE	ISP 52	N/A	PUBLIC	Confidence-building measures	6

Who has reviewed/verified the entirety of or selected data from your PRI report?

(A) Board and/or trustees	(4) report not reviewed
(B) Chief-level staff (e.g. Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Chief Investment Officer (CIO) or Chief Operating Officer (COO))	(3) parts of the report
(C) Investment committee	(4) report not reviewed

I	(D) Other chief-level staff, please specify: Chief Compliance Officer	(3) parts of the report
I	(E) Head of department, please specify:Vice President, Responsible Investment	(1) the entire report
	(F) Compliance/risk management team	(1) the entire report
	(G) Legal team	(4) report not reviewed
	(H) RI/ ESG team	(1) the entire report
	(I) Investment teams	(3) parts of the report

Manager Selection, Appointment and Monitoring (SAM)

Selection

Responsible investment policy

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 2	CORE	00 11	SAM 2.1	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy	1, 4

During the reporting year, did your organisation include compliance with your responsible investment policy as a pre-requisite when selecting external managers? (If you did not select any external managers during the reporting year, refer to the last reporting year in which you did select external managers.)

	(1) Yes, only when selecting external managers of ESG/sustainability funds	(2) Yes, when selecting external managers of ESG/sustainability funds and mainstream funds (This option also applies to signatories who may not hold ESG/sustainability funds)	(3) We did not include compliance with our responsible investment policy as a pre-requisite when selecting external managers
(A) Listed equity (active)	0	۲	0
(C) Fixed income (active)	0	۲	o
(E) Private equity	0	۲	o
(F) Real estate	0	۲	0
(G) Infrastructure	0	۲	0

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 2.1	CORE	SAM 2	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy	1,4

In what proportion of cases did your organisation include compliance with your responsible investment policy as a pre-requisite when selecting external managers?

(1) Listed equity (active)

(B) When selecting external managers of ESG/sustainability funds and mainstream funds	(1) in all cases
(3) Fixed income (active)	
(B) When selecting external managers of ESG/sustainability funds and mainstream funds	(1) in all cases
(5) Private equity	
(B) When selecting external managers of ESG/sustainability funds and mainstream funds	(1) in all cases

(6) Real estate (B) When selecting external managers of ESG/sustainability funds and mainstream funds (1) in all cases (7) Infrastructure (B) When selecting external managers of ESG/sustainability funds and mainstream funds (1) in all cases

Research and screening

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 3	CORE	OO 11	N/A	PUBLIC	Research and screening	1

When selecting external managers, which aspects of their organisation do you, or the investment consultant acting on your behalf, assess against responsible investment criteria? (Per asset class, indicate the proportion of your AUM to which each of these selection practices applies, regardless of when you selected your different external managers.)

	(1) Listed equity (active)	(3) Fixed income (active)
(A) Firm culture	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(B) Investment approach, objectives and philosophy	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(C) Investment policy or guidelines	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(D) Governance structure and management oversight, including diversity	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(E) Investment strategy and fund structure	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM

(F) Investment team competencies	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM		
(G) Other, please	NA	NA		
specify:	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM		
	(5) Private equity	(6) Real estate		
(A) Firm culture	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM		
(B) Investment approach, objectives and philosophy	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM		
(C) Investment policy or guidelines	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM		
(D) Governance structure and management oversight, including diversity	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM		
(E) Investment strategy and fund structure	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM		
(F) Investment team competencies	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM		
(G) Other, please	NA	NA		
specify:	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM		
	(7) Infrastructure			
(A) Firm culture	(1) for all of our exte	ernally managed AUM		
(B) Investment approach, objectives and philosophy	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM			

(C) Investment policy or guidelines	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(D) Governance structure and management oversight, including diversity	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(E) Investment strategy and fund structure	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(F) Investment team competencies	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(G) Other, please specify:	NA (4) for none of our externally managed AUM

Investment practices

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 4	CORE	00 11	N/A	PUBLIC	Investment practices	1

Which responsible investment practices does your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, require as part of your external manager selection criteria? (Per asset class, indicate the proportion of your AUM to which each of these selection practices applies, regardless of when you selected your different external managers.) As part of the selection criteria, we require that external managers:

	(1) Listed equity (active)	(3) Fixed income (active)
(A) Incorporate material ESG factors in all of their investment analyses and decisions	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM

 (B) Incorporate their own responsible investment policy into their asset allocation decisions 	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(C) Have adequate resources and processes to analyse ESG factors	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(D) Incorporate material ESG factors throughout their portfolio construction	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(E) Engage with underlying portfolio assets to address ESG risks and opportunities	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(F) Comply with their own exclusions policy	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(G) Embed ESG considerations in contractual documentation	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(H) Implement adequate disclosure and accountability mechanisms	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
 (I) Are willing to work in partnership with our organisation to develop their responsible investment approach 	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(J) Track the positive and negative sustainability	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM

(K) Other, please specify:	No requirements, but considerations during ESG due diligence (1) for all of our externally managed AUM	NA (4) for none of our externally managed AUM
	(5) Private equity	(6) Real estate
(A) Incorporate material ESG factors in all of their investment analyses and decisions	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
 (B) Incorporate their own responsible investment policy into their asset allocation decisions 	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(C) Have adequate resources and processes to analyse ESG factors	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(D) Incorporate material ESG factors throughout their portfolio construction	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(E) Engage with underlying portfolio assets to address ESG risks and opportunities	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(F) Comply with their own exclusions policy	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(G) Embed ESG considerations in contractual documentation	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM

(H) Implement adequate disclosure and accountability mechanisms	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM		
 (I) Are willing to work in partnership with our organisation to develop their responsible investment approach 	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM		
(J) Track the positive and negative sustainability outcomes of their activities	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM		
(K) Other, please specify:	NA (4) for none of our externally managed AUM	NA (4) for none of our externally managed AU		
	(7) Infrastructure			
(A) Incorporate material ESG factors in all of their investment analyses and decisions	(2) for the majority of ou	ur externally managed AUM		
 (B) Incorporate their own responsible investment policy into their asset allocation decisions 	(2) for the majority of ou	r externally managed AUM		
(C) Have adequate resources and processes to analyse ESG factors	(2) for the majority of ou	r externally managed AUM		
(D) Incorporate material ESG factors throughout their portfolio	(2) for the majority of ou	r externally managed AUM		

(E) Engage with underlying portfolio assets to address ESG risks and opportunities	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(F) Comply with their own exclusions policy	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(G) Embed ESG considerations in contractual documentation	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(H) Implement adequate disclosure and accountability mechanisms	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
 (I) Are willing to work in partnership with our organisation to develop their responsible investment approach 	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(J) Track the positive and negative sustainability outcomes of their activities	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(K) Other, please specify:	NA (4) for none of our externally managed AUM

Stewardship

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 6	CORE	00	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship	2

How does your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, assess the stewardship policies of investment managers during the selection process? (Per asset class, indicate the proportion of your AUM to which each of these selection practices applies, regardless of when you selected your different external managers.)

	(1) Listed equity (active)	(3) Fixed income (active)
(A) We assess the degree to which their stewardship policy aligns with ours	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(B) We require that their stewardship policy prioritises systemic issues	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
 (C) We require that their stewardship policy prioritises ESG factors beyond corporate governance 	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(D) We require that their stewardship policy allows for and encourages the use of a variety of stewardship tools	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(E) We require that their stewardship policy allows for and encourages participation in collaborative initiatives	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM

(F) We require that their stewardship policy includes adequate escalation strategies for instances where initial efforts are unsuccessful	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(G) Other, please specify:	 AIMCo retains the right to vote in our listed equity (active) external managers to vote proxies in accordance with our proxy voting guidelines. Even so, our public equity external manager ESG monitoring tools review a manager's policies and guidelines, including proxy voting and engagement, as part of an overall assessment of the ESG integration practices of a current or potential manager. (1) for all of our externally managed AUM 	NA (4) for none of our externally managed AUM
	(5) Private equity	(6) Real estate
(A) We assess the degree to which their stewardship policy aligns with ours	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(B) We require that their stewardship policy prioritises systemic issues	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
 (C) We require that their stewardship policy prioritises ESG factors beyond corporate governance 	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(D) We require that their stewardship policy allows for and encourages the use of a variety of stewardship tools	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM

(E) We require that their stewardship policy allows for and encourages participation in collaborative initiatives	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM		
(F) We require that their stewardship policy includes adequate escalation strategies for instances where initial efforts are unsuccessful	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM		
(G) Other, please	NA	NA		
specify:	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM		
	(7) Infrastructure			
(A) We assess the degree to which their stewardship policy aligns with ours	(1) for all of our extended	ernally managed AUM		
(B) We require that their stewardship policy prioritises systemic issues	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM			
 (C) We require that their stewardship policy prioritises ESG factors beyond corporate governance 	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM			
(D) We require that their stewardship policy allows for and encourages the use of a variety of stewardship tools	(1) for all of our extended	ernally managed AUM		

policy allo and encou participat collabora initiati	rages ion in tive	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM					
(F) We requ their stewa policy inc adequate es strategie instances initial effor unsucce	rdship ludes calation s for where ets are	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM					
(G) Other, specif		NA (4) for none of our externally managed AUM					
licator	Type of	indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
.M 7	CORE		00	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship	2
ow does your			stment consultants : s? (Per asset class, i	ndicate the propo	rtion of your Al		
anagers as pa		s of when you	selected your difference of the selected your difference of th	ent external mana	agers.) (3) Fixed inc	ome (active)	
anagers as pa	ssess they ficient s to	(1) Listed e			(3) Fixed inc	ome (active) of our externally m	anaged AUM

(C) We assess the degree of implementation of their stewardship policy	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(D) We assess whether their investment team is involved in stewardship activities	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
 (E) We assess whether stewardship actions and results are fed back into the investment process and decisions 	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(F) We assess whether they make full use of a variety of tools to advance their stewardship priorities	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(G) We assess whether they deploy their escalation process to advance their stewardship priorities where initial efforts are unsuccessful	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(H) We assess whether they participate in collaborative stewardship initiatives	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(I) We assess whether they take an active role in their participation in collaborative stewardship initiatives	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM

(J) Other, please	NA	NA
specify:	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
	(5) Private equity	(6) Real estate
(A) We assess whether they allocate sufficient resources to stewardship overall	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
 (B) We assess whether they allocate sufficient resources for systemic stewardship 	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(C) We assess the degree of implementation of their stewardship policy	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(D) We assess whether their investment team is involved in stewardship activities	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
 (E) We assess whether stewardship actions and results are fed back into the investment process and decisions 	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
 (F) We assess whether they make full use of a variety of tools to advance their stewardship priorities 	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM

(G) We assess whether they deploy their escalation process to advance their stewardship priorities where initial efforts are unsuccessful	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM		
(H) We assess whether they participate in collaborative stewardship initiatives	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM		
(I) We assess whether they take an active role in their participation in collaborative stewardship initiatives	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM		
(J) Other, please specify:	NA (4) for none of our externally managed AUM	NA (4) for none of our externally managed AUM		
	(7) Infrastructure			
 (A) We assess whether they allocate sufficient resources to stewardship overall 	(2) for the majority of ou	r externally managed AUM		
(B) We assess whether they allocate sufficient resources for systemic stewardship	(2) for the majority of ou	r externally managed AUM		
(C) We assess the degree of implementation of their stewardship policy	(2) for the majority of ou	r externally managed AUM		

 (D) We assess whether their investment team is involved in stewardship activities 	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(E) We assess whetherstewardship actionsand results are fed back into theinvestment process and decisions	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(F) We assess whether they make full use of a variety of tools to advance their stewardship priorities	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(G) We assess whether they deploy their escalation process to advance their stewardship priorities where initial efforts are unsuccessful	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(H) We assess whether they participate in collaborative stewardship initiatives	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(I) We assess whether they take an active role in their participation in collaborative stewardship initiatives	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(J) Other, please specify:	NA (4) for none of our externally managed AUM

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 9	CORE	OO 11 and OO 9 FI	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship	2

Which stewardship practices does your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, assess when selecting external managers that invest in fixed income? (Per strategy, indicate the proportion of your AUM to which each of these selection practices applies, regardless of when you selected your different external managers.)

(1) Fixed income (active)

(A) We assess whether they	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
engage with issuers	
in the context of	
refinancing	
operations to	
advance ESG	
factors beyond	
governance	
(B) We assess	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
whether they	(-)
engage with issuers	
in the context of	
refinancing	
operations to	
advance systemic	
issues	
(C) We assess	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
whether they	(-)
prioritise ESG	
factors beyond	
governance in case	
of credit events	
(D) We assess	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
	(-) -or an or our onormany managed rout
whether they	
whether they prioritise systemic	
whether they prioritise systemic issues in case of	

Documentation and track record

ndicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
5AM 11	CORE	OO 11	N/A	PUBLIC	Documentation and track record	1
review to gain	confidence in extern	nal managers' respo	onsible investm	ent practices? (e investment consultants acting (Indicate the proportion of you rent external managers.)	
(A) Stan	dard client reportin	ng, responsible inves	stment reports	s or impact repo	orts (1) for all of our managed	
(B) Resp	oonsible investment	methodology and i decisions	ts influence or	n past investme	nt (1) for all of our managed	
	(C) Historical votin	ng and engagement	activities with	investees	(1) for all of our managed	
(D) Historical engagement activities with policymakers				(1) for all of our managed		
(E) Compliance manuals and portfolios to ensure universal construction rules are applied (e.g. exclusions, thematic, best-in-class definitions and thresholds)						
	(F) Con	troversies and incid	lence reports		(1) for all of our managed	-
	(G) Coo	de of conduct or co	des of ethics		(1) for all of our managed	-
1	(H) Other, please sp NA	oecify:		(4) for none of or managed	-

Appointment

Pooled funds

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 12	CORE	OO 12, OO 5.1, OO 15	N/A	PUBLIC	Pooled funds	4

How did your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, include responsible investment requirements for pooled funds in your current contracts with external managers? (Indicate the proportion of your AUM invested in pooled funds to which each of these requirements applies, regardless of when you appointed your different external managers.)

(A) We amended or instituted side letters or equivalent legal documentation to	(3) for a minority of our AUM
include responsible investment requirements	invested in pooled funds
(B) We encouraged the external manager to include responsible investment requirements into the investment mandate, the investment management agreement or equivalent legal documentation	(3) for a minority of our AUM invested in pooled funds

Segregated mandates

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 13	CORE	OO 12, OO 5.1	N/A	PUBLIC	Segregated mandates	4

When setting up segregated mandates with external managers, which responsible investment clauses did your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, include in your current contractual agreements? (Indicate the proportion of your AUM invested in segregated funds to which each of these requirements applies, regardless of when you appointed your different external managers.)

(A) The manager's commitment to follow our responsible investment strategy in the management of our assets	(2) for the majority of our AUM invested in segregated mandates
(B) The manager's commitment to incorporate material ESG factors into its investment and stewardship activities	(4) for none of our AUM invested in segregated mandates
(C) Exclusion list(s)	(1) for all of our AUM invested in segregated mandates

(D) Responsible investment communication and reporting obligations, including on stewardship activities and results	(4) for none of our AUM invested in segregated mandates
(E) Stewardship commitments in line with the PRI's guidance and focused on seeking sustainability outcomes and prioritising common goals and collaborative action	(4) for none of our AUM invested in segregated mandates
(F) Where applicable, commitment to fulfil a clear policy on security lending aligned with our own security lending policy or with the ICGN Securities Lending Code of Best Practice	(2) for the majority of our AUM invested in segregated mandates
(G) Incentives and controls to ensure alignment of interests	(4) for none of our AUM invested in segregated mandates
(H) Commitments on climate-related disclosure in line with internationally recognised frameworks such as the TCFD	(4) for none of our AUM invested in segregated mandates
(I) If applicable, commitment to disclose against the EU Taxonomy	(4) for none of our AUM invested in segregated mandates
(J) Commitment to respect human rights as defined in the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights	(4) for none of our AUM invested in segregated mandates
(K) The manager's acknowledgement that their appointment was conditional on their fulfilment of their responsible investment obligations	(4) for none of our AUM invested in segregated mandates
(L) Other, please specify: NA	(4) for none of our AUM invested in segregated mandates

Monitoring

Investment practices

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 14	CORE	00 13	N/A	PUBLIC	Investment practices	1

During the reporting year, which aspects of your external manager's responsible investment practices did you, or your investment consultant acting on your behalf, monitor?

	(1) Listed equity (active)	(3) Fixed income (active)
 (A) We monitored their alignment with our organisation's responsible investment strategy 	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(B) We monitored any changes in their responsible investment-related policies, resourcing, oversight and responsibilities or investment processes	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(C) We monitored their use of ESG data, benchmarks, tools and certifications	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(D) We monitored how ESG incorporation affected investment decisions	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(E) We monitored how ESG incorporation affected the fund's financial and ESG	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM

(F) We monitored any changes in ESG risk management processes	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM		
(G) We monitored their response to material ESG incidents	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM		
(H) Other, please	NA	NA		
specify:	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM		
	(5) Private equity	(6) Real estate		
 (A) We monitored their alignment with our organisation's responsible investment strategy 	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM		
(B) We monitored any changes in their responsible investment–related policies, resourcing, oversight and responsibilities or investment processes	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM		
(C) We monitored their use of ESG data, benchmarks, tools and certifications	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM		
(D) We monitored how ESG incorporation affected investment decisions	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM		
(E) We monitored how ESG incorporation affected the fund's financial and ESG	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM		

(F) We monitored any changes in ESG risk management processes	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	
(G) We monitored their response to material ESG incidents	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	
(H) Other, please	NA	NA	
specify:	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	
	(7) Infrastructure		
 (A) We monitored their alignment with our organisation's responsible investment strategy 	(2) for the majority of ou	r externally managed AUM	
(B) We monitored any changes in their responsible investment-related policies, resourcing, oversight and responsibilities or investment processes	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM		
(C) We monitored their use of ESG data, benchmarks, tools and certifications	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM		
(D) We monitored how ESG incorporation affected investment decisions	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM		
(E) We monitored how ESG incorporation affected the fund's financial and ESG	(2) for the majority of ou	r externally managed AUM	

(F) We monitored any changes in ESG risk management processes	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(G) We monitored their response to material ESG incidents	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(H) Other, please specify:	NA (4) for none of our externally managed AUM

Stewardship

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 17	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship	1, 2

During the reporting year, how did your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, monitor your external managers' stewardship activities?

	(1) Listed equity (active)	(3) Fixed income (active)
(A) We monitored any changes in stewardship policies and processes	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(B) We monitored the degree of implementation of their stewardship policy	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(C) We monitored their prioritisation of systemic issues	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(D) We monitored their prioritisation of ESG factors beyond corporate governance	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM

(E) We monitored their investment team's level of involvement in stewardship activities	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
 (F) We monitored whether stewardship actions and results were fed back into the investment process and investment decisions 	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(G) We monitored whether they had made full use of a variety of stewardship tools to advance their stewardship priorities	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
 (H) We monitored the deployment of their escalation process in cases where initial stewardship efforts were unsuccessful 	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(I) We monitored whether they had participated in collaborative stewardship initiatives	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(J) We monitored the degree to which they had taken an active role in their participation in collaborative stewardship initiatives	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(K) Other, please specify:	NA (4) for none of our externally managed AUM	NA (4) for none of our externally managed AUM

	(5) Private equity	(6) Real estate
(A) We monitored any changes in stewardship policies and processes	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(B) We monitored the degree of implementation of their stewardship policy	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(C) We monitored their prioritisation of systemic issues	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(D) We monitored their prioritisation of ESG factors beyond corporate governance	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(E) We monitored their investment team's level of involvement in stewardship activities	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
 (F) We monitored whether stewardship actions and results were fed back into the investment process and investment decisions 	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(G) We monitored whether they had made full use of a variety of stewardship tools to advance their stewardship priorities	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(H) We monitored the deployment of their escalation	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM

(I) We monitored whether they had participated in collaborative stewardship initiatives	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(J) We monitored the degree to which they had taken an active role in their participation in collaborative stewardship initiatives	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(K) Other, please	NA	NA
specify:	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
	(7) Infrastructure	
(A) We monitored any changes in stewardship policies and processes	(2) for the majority of o	ur externally managed AUM
(B) We monitored the degree of implementation of their stewardship policy	(2) for the majority of o	ur externally managed AUM
(C) We monitored their prioritisation of systemic issues	(4) for none of our e	xternally managed AUM
 (D) We monitored their prioritisation of ESG factors beyond corporate governance 	(2) for the majority of o	ur externally managed AUM
(E) We monitored their investment team's level of involvement in stewardship activities	(2) for the majority of o	ur externally managed AUM

 (F) We monitored whether stewardship actions and results were fed back into the investment process and investment decisions 	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(G) We monitored whether they had made full use of a variety of stewardship tools to advance their stewardship priorities	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
 (H) We monitored the deployment of their escalation process in cases where initial stewardship efforts were unsuccessful 	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(I) We monitored whether they had participated in collaborative stewardship initiatives	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(J) We monitored the degree to which they had taken an active role in their participation in collaborative stewardship initiatives	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(K) Other, please specify:	NA (4) for none of our externally managed AUM

Review

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 20	CORE	OO 13	N/A	PUBLIC	Review	1

During the reporting year, how often did your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, require your external managers to report to you on their responsible investment practices?

	(1) Listed equity (active)	(3) Fixed income (active)
(A) Quarterly or more often	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(B) Every six months	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(C) Annually	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(D) Less than once a year	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(E) On an ad hoc basis (e.g. whenever significant changes, incidents or ESG- linked events occur)	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
	(5) Private equity	(6) Real estate
(A) Quarterly or more often	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(B) Every six months	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(C) Annually	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(D) Less than once a year	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM

(E) On an ad hoc basis (e.g. whenever significant changes, incidents or ESGlinked events occur) (4) for none of our externally managed AUM

(4) for none of our externally managed AUM

(7) Infra	structure
(A) Quarterly or more often	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(B) Every six months	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(C) Annually	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(D) Less than once a year	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(E) On an ad hoc basis (e.g. whenever significant changes, incidents or ESG- linked events occur)	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM

Engagement and escalation

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 22	CORE	OO 13	N/A	PUBLIC	Engagement and escalation	1

Which actions does your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, include in its formal escalation process to address concerns raised during monitoring?

	(1) Listed equity (active)	(3) Fixed income (active)	(5) Private equity	(6) Real estate	(7) Infrastructure
(A) We notify the external manager about their placement on a watch list					
(B) We engage the external manager's board or investment committee			V		
--	--	---	---		
(C) We reduce exposure with the external manager until any non- conformances have been rectified		V			
(D) We terminate the contract with the external manager if failings persist over a (notified) period of time and explain the reasons for the termination		V			
(E) Other, please specify					
(F) Our organisation does not have a formal escalation process to address concerns raised by monitoring					

Please specify for "(E) Other" above.

LE: The external partnerships team, alongside the AIMCo compliance team, monitors the trading of our managers to ensure that securities on our exclusion lists aren't being held. While most of our managers feed the exclusion lists into their OMS systems to prevent holding excluded securities, our compliance team will notify us if a manager does not comply. Our team will then contact the manager to have the holding removed from the portfolio.

FI: Consult with internal/external legal counsel

Listed Equity (LE)

Pre-investment phase

Materiality analysis

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 1	CORE	OO 10	LE 1.1	PUBLIC	Materiality analysis	1
Does your org	anisation have a formal i	nvestment process	to identify mate	rial ESG factor	s across listed equities?	
		(2) Acti	ve – quantitative	•	(3) Active – fund	amental
process to	, we have a formal identify material ESG for all of our assets		0		۲	
process to	, we have a formal identify material ESG r the majority of our assets		o		O	
process to	, we have a formal identify material ESG or a minority of our assets	O		0		
process	D) No, we do not have a formal process. Our investment professionals identify material o ESG factors at their own discretion		Ο		O	
	e do not have a formal identify material ESG factors		۲		O	

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 1.1	CORE	LE 1	N/A	PUBLIC	Materiality analysis	1
How does your current investment process incorporate material ESG factors?						
			(3) Active - Fun	damental	
	investment process s material governance factors					
incorp	investment process orates material atal and social factors					
incorpora factors beyo	investment process ates material ESG and our organisation's estment time horizon					
incorpor material ES	investment process rates the effect of G factors on revenues siness operations					

Long-term ESG trend analysis

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 2	CORE	OO 10	N/A	PUBLIC	Long-term ESG trend analysis	1

Do you continuously monitor a list of identified long-term ESG trends related to your listed equity assets?

	(2) Active – quantitative	(3) Active – fundamental
(A) We monitor long-term ESG trends for all assets	۲	۲

(B) We monitor long-term ESG trends for the majority of assets	0	0
(C) We monitor long-term ESG trends for a minority of assets	0	0
(D) We do not continuously monitor long-term ESG trends in our investment process	0	0

ESG incorporation

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 3	CORE	OO 10	LE 3.1	PUBLIC	ESG incorporation	1

How does your financial modelling and equity valuation process incorporate material ESG risks?

	(2) Active – quantitative	(3) Active – fundamental
(A) We incorporate governance- related risks into financial modelling and equity valuations		
(B) We incorporate environmental and social risks into financial modelling and equity valuations		V
(C) We incorporate environmental and social risks related to companies' supply chains into financial modelling and equity valuations		
(D) ESG risk is incorporated into financial modelling and equity valuations at the discretion of individual investment decision-makers, and we do not track this process		

risks into o	o not incorporate ESG our financial modelling equity valuations					
Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 3.1	CORE	LE 3	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG incorporation	1
valuation pro	ortion of cases do you inc cess?	-	ctive - Fundamer			- ogereg
(A) We incorporate governance-related risks into financial modelling and equity valuations (1) in all cases					cases	
(B) We incorporate environmental and social risks into financial modelling and equity valuations				(1) in all c	cases	

Assessing ESG performance

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 4	CORE	OO 10	LE 4.1	PUBLIC	Assessing ESG performance	1

What information do you incorporate when you assess the ESG performance of companies in your financial modelling and equity valuation process?

	(2) Active – quantitative	(3) Active – fundamental
(A) We incorporate information on current performance across a range of ESG metrics		
(B) We incorporate information on historical performance across a range of ESG metrics		

(C) We incorporate information enabling performance comparison within a selected peer group across a range of ESG metrics	
(D) We incorporate information on ESG metrics that may impact or influence future corporate revenues and/or profitability	
(E) We do not incorporate ESG factors when assessing the ESG performance of companies in our financial modelling or equity valuation	

Indicator	Type of indicator	${f Dependent}$ on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 4.1	CORE	LE 4	N/A	PUBLIC	Assessing ESG performance	1

In what proportion of cases do you incorporate the following information when assessing the ESG performance of companies in your financial modelling and equity valuation process?

(3) Active – fundamental

(A) We incorporate information on current performance across a range of ESG metrics	(2) in the majority of cases
(C) We incorporate information enabling performance comparison within a selected peer group across a range of ESG metrics	(2) in the majority of cases
(D) We incorporate information on ESG metrics that may impact or influence future corporate revenues and/or profitability	(2) in the majority of cases

ESG incorporation in portfolio construction

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 6	CORE	OO 10	LE 6.1	PUBLIC	ESG incorporation in portfolio construction	1

How do ESG factors influence your portfolio construction?

	(2) Active – quantitative	(3) Active – fundamental
(A) The selection of individual assets within our portfolio is influenced by ESG factors		
(B) The holding period of individual assets within our portfolio is influenced by ESG factors		
(C) The portfolio weighting of individual assets within our portfolio or benchmark is influenced by ESG factors		
(D) The allocation of assets across multi-asset portfolios is influenced by ESG factors through the strategic asset allocation process		
(E) Other expressions of conviction (please specify below)		
(F) The portfolio construction or benchmark selection does not explicitly include the incorporation of ESG factors		

Please specify for "(E) Other expressions of conviction".

AIMCo's exclusionary screening applies to internally managed portfolios, as a result of client mandates and to comply with federal legislations. Exclusionary screening is applied to securities involved in the production of tobacco, cluster munitions, anti-personal mines, dedicated weapons systems integration services, nuclear weapons and other weapons of mass destruction, as well as companies prescribed by the Special Economic Measures Act and the United Nations Act with respect to the Suppression of Terrorism.

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle		
LE 6.1	CORE	LE 6	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG incorporation in portfolio construction	1		
In what propo	In what proportion of cases did ESG factors influence your portfolio construction?							
			(2) Active	– quantitative				
(A) The s	(A) The selection of individual assets within our portfolio is influenced by ESG (1) in all cases factors							
	(E) Other expressions of conviction (1) in all cases							
	(3) Active – fundamental							
(A) The s	(A) The selection of individual assets within our portfolio is influenced by ESG (1) in all cases factors							
(E) Other expressions of conviction (1) in all cases						S		

ESG risk management

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 8	CORE	OO 6.1 LE	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG risk management	1

What compliance processes do you have in place to ensure that your listed equity assets subject to negative exclusionary screens meet the screening criteria?

 \Box (A) We have an independent committee that oversees the screening implementation process, but only for our

ESG/sustainability labelled funds that are subject to negative exclusionary screening

 \square (B) We have an independent committee that oversees the screening implementation process for all of our listed equity assets that are subject to negative exclusionary screening

 \square (C) We have an independent committee that verifies that we have correctly implemented pre-trade checks in our internal

systems to ensure no execution is possible without their pre-clearance

 \square (D) Other, please specify:

AIMCo's Compliance department acts as an internal independent team in the screening of exclusion lists, which are confirmed by the Responsible Investment department. Compliance implements pre-trade checks that include negative exclusion list monitoring in internal trading systems for all listed equity assets. Compliance also reconciles that exclusion lists match between our systems and the negative screening lists on a quarterly basis.

 \square (E) We do not have compliance processes in place to ensure that we meet our stated negative exclusionary screens

Post-investment phase

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 9	CORE	OO 10	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG risk management	1
Do your regular	reviews incorporate ES	SG risks?				
		(2) Act	ive – quantitativ	7e	(3) Active – funda	amental
quantitativ material ES	ular reviews include re information on G risks specific to al listed equities					
aggregate information	llar reviews include ed quantitative on material ESG t a fund level					
highlight fu	gular reviews only nd holdings where gs have changed					
reviews. Ris factors are discretion of	ot conduct regular sk reviews of ESG conducted at the the individual fund d vary in frequency					
(E) We do n	ot conduct reviews					

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 10	CORE	OO 10	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG risk management	1
Do you regul	arly identify and incorpora	ate ESG incidents	into the investn	nent process fo	or your listed equity assets?	
		(2) Act	ive – quantitativ	re	(3) Active – funda	amental
process i identifyin ESG inc	s, we have a formal in place for regularly ng and incorporating idents into all of our estment decisions		0		O	
process i identifyin ESG incid	s, we have a formal in place for regularly ng and incorporating ents into the majority investment decisions		۲		۲	
process i identifyin ESG incide	s, we have a formal in place for regularly ng and incorporating ents into a minority of westment decisions		0		o	
process in	, we have an ad hoc n place for identifying porating ESG incidents		0		o	
	(E) Other		0		0	
process i identifyin ESG	irrently do not have a in place for regularly ng and incorporating incidents into our nent decision-making		o		o	

Reporting/Disclosure

Sharing ESG information with stakeholders

Indicator	Type of indicator	$\begin{array}{c} { m Dependent} \\ { m on} \end{array}$	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 13	CORE	OO 6 LE	N/A	PUBLIC	Sharing ESG information with stakeholders	6

How do you ensure that clients and/or beneficiaries understand ESG screens and their implications?

	(1) for all of our listed equity assets subject to ESG screens	(2) for the majority of our listed equity assets subject to ESG screens	(3) for a minority of our listed equity assets subject to ESG screens	(4) for none of our assets subject to ESG screens
(A) We publish a list of ESG screens and share it on a publicly accessible platform such as a website or through fund documentation	۲	O	0	o
(B) We publish any changes in ESG screens and share them on a publicly accessible platform such as a website or through fund documentation	o	o	o	۲
(C) We outline any implications of ESG screens, such as deviation from a benchmark or impact on sector weightings, to clients and/or beneficiaries	o	o	O	۲

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 14	CORE	OO 10	N/A	PUBLIC	Sharing ESG information with stakeholders	6

What ESG information is covered in your regular reporting to stakeholders such as clients or beneficiaries?

(2) Active – quantitative

(A) Our regular stakeholder reporting includes qualitative examples of engagement and/or ESG incorporation	1) In all of our regular stakeholder reporting
(B) Our regular stakeholder reporting includes quantitative ESG engagement data	1) In all of our regular stakeholder reporting
(C) Our regular stakeholder reporting includes quantitative ESG incorporation data	1) In all of our regular stakeholder reporting
(3) Active – fundamental	
(A) Our regular stakeholder reporting includes qualitative examples of engagement and/or ESG incorporation	1) In all of our regular stakeholder reporting
(B) Our regular stakeholder reporting includes quantitative ESG engagement data	1) In all of our regular stakeholder reporting
(C) Our regular stakeholder reporting includes quantitative ESG incorporation data	1) In all of our regular stakeholder reporting

Stewardship

Voting policy

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 15	CORE	OO 9 LE	LE 15.1, LE 16	PUBLIC	Voting policy	2

Does your organisation have a publicly available (proxy) voting policy? (The policy may be a standalone policy, part of a stewardship policy or incorporated into a wider RI policy.)

• (A) Yes, we have a publicly available (proxy) voting policy Add link(s):

https://assets.ctfassets.net/lyt4cjmefjno/1Xc2BDu3jejmzIBKVjXh82/316ecc27d1ae98a25343d88d3e2e19d9/AIMCo_-Proxy Voting Guidelines - January 2020.pdf

• (B) Yes, we have a (proxy) voting policy, but it is not publicly available

• (C) No, we do not have a (proxy) voting policy

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 15.1	CORE	OO 9 LE, LE 15	N/A	PUBLIC	Voting policy	2

What percentage of your listed equity assets does your (proxy) voting policy cover?

	(A) Actively managed liste	(12) 100%				
Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 16	CORE	LE 15	N/A	PUBLIC	Voting policy	2

Does your organisation's policy on (proxy) voting cover specific ESG factors?

☑ (A) Our policy includes voting guidelines on specific governance factors Describe:

AIMCo's proxy voting guidelines describe the corporate governance principles AIMCo adheres to and share AIMCo's voting rationale and potential voting stance to interested stakeholders. Good corporate governance enhances long term shareholder value. Our guidelines cover governance issues such as board independence, diversity, size, Say-on-Pay and other shareholder right attributes such as unequal voting rights, majority vote standard and proxy access.

(B) Our policy includes voting guidelines on specific environmental factors Describe:

Proxy voting guidelines on environmental factors are covered through the shareholder proposal guidance in our Shareholder Rights section and our ESG Reporting and Disclosure section. Our Climate Change section provides voting guidance and delineates AIMCo's expectations from investee companies to demonstrate transparency and accountability for climate change through the adoption of industry-specific environmental protocols such as the Recommendations of the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosure.

☑ (C) Our policy includes voting guidelines on specific social factors Describe:

Proxy voting guidelines on social factors are covered in our Shareholder Rights and ESG Reporting and Disclosure sections. Proposals that request disclosure on relevant ESG risk are generally supported, where current reporting is not considered to be sufficient. This includes taking voting action where very severe controversies are not being properly addressed, such as ongoing human rights controversies. Proposals that do not align with shareholder value, are not supported.

 \Box (D) Our policy is high-level and does not cover specific ESG factors Describe:

Security lending policy

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 18	CORE	OO 9 LE	LE 18.1, LE 18.2	PUBLIC	Security lending policy	2

Does your organisation have a public policy that states how voting is addressed in your securities lending programme? (The policy may be a standalone guideline or part of a wider RI or stewardship policy.)

• (A) We have a public policy to address voting in our securities lending programme. Add link(s):

(B) We have a policy to address voting in our securities lending programme, but it is not publicly available

 \circ (C) We rely on the policy of our service provider(s)

 \circ (D) We do not have a policy to address voting in our securities lending programme

• (E) Not applicable, we do not have a securities lending programme

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 18.1	CORE	LE 18	N/A	PUBLIC	Security lending policy	2

How is voting addressed in your securities lending programme?

 \circ (A) We recall all securities for voting on all ballot items

• (B) We always recall all holdings in a company for voting on ballot items deemed important (e.g. in line with specific criteria)

• (C) We always recall some securities so that we can vote on their ballot items (e.g. in line with specific criteria)

 \circ (D) We maintain some holdings so that we can vote at any time

 \circ (E) We recall some securities on an ad hoc basis so that we can vote on their ballot items

• (F) We empower our securities lending agent to decide when to recall securities for voting purposes

• (G) Other, please specify:

AIMCo's custodian recalls all North American securities on loan through an automated process and AIMCo determines recalls needed for Global securities (non-North American) that are on loan for the purposes of voting. These securities shall be made available for lending after the record date. Any securities that cannot be successfully recalled will be reported to AIMCo and/or their proxy service provider on a timely basis.

 \circ (H) We do not recall our securities for voting purposes

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 18.2	CORE	LE 18	N/A	PUBLIC	Security lending policy	2

What exclusions do you apply to your organisation's securities lending programme?

 \Box (A) We do not lend out shares of companies that we are engaging with either individually or as a lead or support investor in collaborative engagements

 \Box (B) We do not lend out shares of companies if we own more than a certain percentage of them

 \square (C) We do not lend out shares of companies in jurisdictions that do not ban naked short selling

 \Box (D) We never lend out all our shares of a company to ensure that we always keep voting rights in-house

 \square (E) Other, please specify:

Restrictions to our securities lending program are at the discretion of portfolio managers.

 \Box (F) We do not exclude any particular companies from our securities lending programme

Shareholder resolutions

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 19	CORE	OO 9 LE	N/A	PUBLIC	Shareholder resolutions	2

Which of the following best describes your decision-making approach regarding shareholder resolutions, or that of your service provider(s) if decision-making is delegated to them?

 \circ (A) In the majority of cases, we support resolutions that, if passed, are expected to advance progress on the underlying ESG factors or on our stewardship priorities

• (B) In the majority of cases, we support resolutions that, if passed, are expected to advance progress on the underlying ESG factors but only if the investee company has not already committed publicly to the action requested in the proposal

 \circ (C) In the majority of cases, we only support shareholder resolutions as an escalation tactic when other avenues for engagement with the investee company have not achieved sufficient progress

 \circ (D) In the majority of cases, we support the recommendations of investee company management by default

 \circ (E) In the majority of cases, we do not vote on shareholder resolutions

Pre-declaration of votes

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 20	CORE	OO 9 LE	N/A	PUBLIC	Pre-declaration of votes	2

How did your organisation or your service provider(s) pre-declare votes prior to AGMs/EGMs?

- \Box (A) We pre-declared our voting intentions publicly through the PRI's vote declaration system
- □ (B) We pre-declared our voting intentions publicly (e.g. through our own website) Link to public disclosure:
- \Box (C) We pre-declared our voting intentions publicly through the PRI's vote declaration system, including the rationale for our (proxy) voting decisions where we planned to vote against management proposals or abstain
- \square (D) We pre-declared our voting intentions publicly, including the rationale for our (proxy) voting decisions where we planned to vote against management proposals or abstain Link to public disclosure:
- (E) Prior to the AGM/EGM, we privately communicated our voting decision to investee companies in cases where we planned
- to vote against management proposals or abstain
- \Box (F) We did not privately or publicly communicate our voting intentions
- \Box (G) We did not cast any (proxy) votes during the reporting year

Voting disclosure post AGM/EGM

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 21	CORE	OO 9 LE	LE 21.1	PUBLIC	Voting disclosure post AGM/EGM	2

Do you publicly report your (proxy) voting decisions, or those made on your behalf by your service provider(s), in a central source?

\bigcirc (A) Yes, for >95% of (proxy) votes Link:

https://viewpoint.glasslewis.com/WD/?siteId=AIMCo

 \circ (B) Yes, for the majority of (proxy) votes Link:

 \circ (C) Yes, for a minority of (proxy) votes 1) Add link and 2) Explain why you only publicly disclose a minority of (proxy) voting decisions:

 \circ (D) No, we do not publicly report our (proxy) voting decisions Explain why you do not publicly report your (proxy) voting decisions:

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 21.1	CORE	LE 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Voting disclosure post AGM/EGM	2

In the majority of cases, how soon after an investee's AGM/EGM do you publish your voting decisions?

\bigodot (A) Within one month of the AGM/EGM

- \circ (B) Within three months of the AGM/EGM
- (C) Within six months of the AGM/EGM
- \circ (D) Within one year of the AGM/EGM
- \circ (E) More than one year after the AGM/EGM

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 22	CORE	OO 9 LE	LE 22.1	PUBLIC	Voting disclosure post AGM/EGM	2

Did your organisation and/or the service provider(s) acting on your behalf communicate the rationale for your voting decisions?

 \Box (A) In cases where we voted against management recommendations or abstained, the rationale was provided privately to the company

🗹 (B) In cases where we voted against management recommendations or abstained, the rationale was disclosed publicly

 \Box (C) In cases where we voted against management recommendations or abstained, we did not communicate the rationale

 \square (D) We did not vote against management or abstain

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 22.1	CORE	LE 22	N/A	PUBLIC	Voting disclosure post AGM/EGM	2

Indicate the proportion of votes where you and/or the service provider(s) acting on your behalf communicated the rationale for your voting decisions.

(B) In cases where we voted against management recommendations or abstained, the rationale was disclosed publicly (5) > 95%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 23	CORE	OO $9 LE$	LE 23.1	PUBLIC	Voting disclosure post AGM/EGM	2, 5

Did your organisation and/or the service provider(s) acting on your behalf communicate the rationale for your voting decisions when voting against a shareholder resolution proposed/filed by a PRI signatory?

 \square (A) In cases where we voted against a shareholder resolution proposed/filed by a PRI signatory, the rationale was disclosed publicly

 \square (B) In cases where we voted against a shareholder resolution proposed/filed by a PRI signatory, the rationale was not disclosed publicly

 \Box (C) We did not vote against any shareholder resolution proposed/filed by a PRI signatory

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 23.1	CORE	LE 23	N/A	PUBLIC	Voting disclosure post AGM/EGM	2, 5

Indicate the proportion of votes where you and/or the service provider(s) acting on your behalf communicated the rationale for your voting decisions.

(A) In cases where we voted against a shareholder resolution proposed/filed by a PRI signatory, the rationale was disclosed publicly (5) > 95%

Fixed Income (FI)

Pre-investment phase

Materiality analysis

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 1	CORE	OO 10	FI 1.1	PUBLIC	Materiality ana	lysis 1
Does your org	ganisation have a formal i	nvestment process	to identify mate	ial ESG factor	rs for its fixed inco	me assets?
		(1) SSA	(2) Cor	porate	(3) Securitised	(4) Private debt
to identify	e have a formal process material ESG factors all of our assets	۲	ē		۲	۲
to identify	e have a formal process 7 material ESG factors najority of our assets	0	o		o	0
to identify	e have a formal process v material ESG factors inority of our assets	0	o		o	o
proces	e do not have a formal s. Our investment nals identify material actors at their own discretion	0	o		o	o
	e do not have a formal identify material ESG factors	O	0		o	o

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 1.1	CORE	FI 1	N/A	PUBLIC	Materiality analysis	1
How does your o	current investment pro-	cess incorporate ma	aterial ESG facto	rs?		
		(1) SSA	(2) Cor	porate	(3) Securitised	(4) Private debt
incorporates	avestment process material governance factors	V				V
incorpo	avestment process prates material al and social factors		Z			Ø
incorporates to beyond our o	nvestment process material ESG factors rganisation's typical ent time horizon					
incorporates ESG factor	ivestment process the effect of material s on revenues and ess operations					

ESG risk management

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 2	CORE	OO 10	FI 2.1	PUBLIC	ESG risk management	1

How are material ESG factors incorporated into your portfolio risk management process?

	(1) SSA	(2) Corporate	(3) Securitised	(4) Private debt
(A) Investment committee members, or the equivalent function/group, have a qualitative ESG veto		Ø		Ø

(B) Companies, sectors, countries and currency are monitored for changes in ESG exposure and for breaches of risk limits	V		
(C) Overall exposure to specific ESG factors is measured for our portfolio construction, and sizing or hedging adjustments are made depending on individual issuers' sensitivity to these factors			
(D) Other method of incorporating ESG factors into risk management process, please specify below:			
(E) We do not have a process to incorporate ESG factors into our portfolio risk management			

Please specify for "(D) Other method of incorporating ESG factors into risk management process".

SSA/Corporate/Securitised: Fixed Income Risk Management representatives attend the quarterly credit updates to observe credit developments, including ESG factors. Quarterly updates are our risk management mechanism for monitoring sectors, countries and issuers for breaches in risk limits as the result of ESG factors. During the meeting, our Credit Research team engages in productive dialogue to update the risk department on various issues, including ESG, across all sectors, countries and issuers. We similarly provide overviews for all other areas during our credit meetings, including SSA & securitized. Our Credit Research group has industry-leading processes to ensure that we incorporate all relevant ESG factors into analysis of issuers countries, sectors and use this for input for portfolio construction activities. We have extensive internal processes to identify, analyze and integrate material ESG factors into its fixed income assets. The process includes top-down formal policies such as Exclusions & other RI policies, as well as bottom-up policies & procedures such as the internal credit analysis as evidenced by our corporate credit methodology. We document our analysis using our quarterly reviews as well as various memos as well as within the AIMCo Responsible Investment Report. We supplement our analysis using external sources such as rating agencies.

Private Debt: We integrate ESG factors in our underwriting standards and portfolio management/documentation. For Mortgage investments, we take appropriate measures to manage risks, such as instituting monitoring protocols or purchasing addition insurance, when remedial action is required for any property sites. We use external rating providers as guidance for our own internal rating assessment.

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 2.1	CORE	FI 2	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG risk management	1

For what proportion of your fixed income assets are material ESG factors incorporated into your portfolio risk management process?

(1) SSA	
(A) Investment committee members, or the equivalent function/group, have a qualitative ESG veto	(1) for all of our assets
(B) Companies, sectors, countries and currency are monitored for changes in ESG exposure and for breaches of risk limits	(1) for all of our assets
(C) Overall exposure to specific ESG factors is measured for our portfolio construction, and sizing or hedging adjustments are made depending on individual issuers' sensitivity to these factors	(1) for all of our assets
(D) Other method of incorporating ESG factors into risk management process	(1) for all of our assets
(2) Corporate	
(A) Investment committee members, or the equivalent function/group, have a qualitative ESG veto	(1) for all of our assets
(B) Companies, sectors, countries and currency are monitored for changes in ESG exposure and for breaches of risk limits	(1) for all of our assets
(C) Overall exposure to specific ESG factors is measured for our portfolio construction, and sizing or hedging adjustments are made depending on individual issuers' sensitivity to these factors	(1) for all of our assets
(D) Other method of incorporating ESG factors into risk management process	(1) for all of our assets
(3) Securitised	
(A) Investment committee members, or the equivalent function/group, have a qualitative ESG veto	(1) for all of our assets
(B) Companies, sectors, countries and currency are monitored for changes in ESG exposure and for breaches of risk limits	(1) for all of our assets

(C) Overall exposure to specific ESG factors is measured for our portfolio construction, and sizing or hedging adjustments are made depending on individual issuers' sensitivity to these factors	(1) for all of our assets
(D) Other method of incorporating ESG factors into risk management process	(1) for all of our assets
(4) Private debt	
(A) Investment committee members, or the equivalent function/group, have a qualitative ESG veto	(2) for the majority of our assets
(B) Companies, sectors, countries and currency are monitored for changes in ESG exposure and for breaches of risk limits	(3) for a minority of our assets
(D) Other method of incorporating ESG factors into risk management process	(1) for all of our assets

ESG incorporation in asset valuation

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 3	CORE	OO 10	FI 3.1	PUBLIC	ESG incorporation in asset valuation	1

How do you incorporate the evolution of ESG factors into your fixed income asset valuation process?

	(1) SSA	(2) Corporate	(3) Securitised	(4) Private debt
(A) We incorporate it into the forecast of cash flow, revenues and profitability			Ø	
(B) We anticipate how the evolution of ESG factors may change the ESG profile of the debt issuer				
(C) We do not incorporate the evolution of ESG factors into our fixed income asset valuation process				

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle		
FI 3.1	CORE	FI 3	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG incorporation in asset valuation	1		
In what prop	ortion of cases do ye	ou incorporate the	evolution of E	SG factors int	o your fixed income asset valuatio	n process?		
			(1) S	SA				
(A) We	e incorporate it into	the forecast of cas	h flow, revenue	es and profitab	pility (1) in all ca	ases		
(B) We an	ticipate how the eve	olution of ESG fac the debt issue	-	ge the ESG pro	ofile of (1) in all c	ases		
			(2) Cor	porate				
(A) We	e incorporate it into	the forecast of cas	h flow, revenu	es and profitab	pility (1) in all c	ases		
(B) We an	nticipate how the even	olution of ESG fac the debt issue	-	ge the ESG pro	ofile of (1) in all c	ases		
			(3) Secu	ritised				
(A) We	e incorporate it into	the forecast of cas	h flow, revenu	es and profitab	pility (1) in all c	ases		
(B) We an	nticipate how the even	olution of ESG fac the debt issue		ge the ESG pro	ofile of (1) in all c	ases		
	(4) Private debt							
(A) We	e incorporate it into	the forecast of cas	h flow, revenu	es and profitab	oility (2) in the majori	ty of cases		
(B) We an	nticipate how the eve	olution of ESG fac the debt issue	-	ge the ESG pro	ofile of (2) in the majori	ty of cases		

ESG incorporation in portfolio construction

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 5	CORE	OO 10	FI 5.1	PUBLIC	ESG incorporation in portfolio construction	1

How do ESG factors influence your portfolio construction?

	(1) SSA	(2) Corporate	(3) Securitised	(4) Private debt
(A) The selection of individual assets within our portfolio is influenced by ESG factors				
(B) The holding period of individual assets within our portfolio is influenced by ESG factors				
(C) The portfolio weighting of individual assets within our portfolio or benchmark is influenced by ESG factors			V	
(D) The allocation of assets across multi-asset portfolios is influenced by ESG factors through the strategic asset allocation process				
(E) Other expressions of conviction, please specify below:				
(F) The portfolio construction or benchmark selection does not explicitly include the incorporation of ESG factors				

Please specify "(E) Other expressions of conviction".

We follow AIMCo guidelines during investment selection process and avoid certain industry / product for ESG reasons.

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection		PRI Principle
FI 5.1	CORE	FI 5	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG incorporation i construction	n portfolio	1
In what prop	ortion of cases do E	SG factors influe	nce your por	tfolio construct	ion?		
			(1) SSA			
(A) The	e selection of individ	ual assets within factors	our portfolio	is influenced b	ey ESG	(1) in all cases	
(B) The ho	olding period of indi	ividual assets with factors	hin our portf	olio is influence	d by ESG	(1) in all cases	
(C) The po	ortfolio weighting of i	f individual assets influenced by ESC		portfolio or ber	chmark is	(1) in all cases	
(D) The	e allocation of asset factors throug	s across multi-ass gh the strategic as	-		y ESG	(1) in all cases	
			(2) C	Corporate			
(A) The	e selection of individ	ual assets within factors	our portfolio	is influenced b	by ESG	(1) in all cases	
(B) The ho	olding period of ind	ividual assets with factors	hin our portf	olio is influence	d by ESG	(1) in all cases	
(C) The po	ortfolio weighting of i	f individual assets influenced by ESC		portfolio or ber	ichmark is	(1) in all cases	
(D) The	e allocation of asset factors throug	s across multi-ass gh the strategic as	-		y ESG	(1) in all cases	
			(3) Se	ecuritised			
(A) The	e selection of individ	ual assets within factors	our portfolio	is influenced b	y ESG	(1) in all cases	

(B) The holding period of individual assets within our portfolio is influenced by ESG factors	(1) in all cases
(C) The portfolio weighting of individual assets within our portfolio or benchmark is influenced by ESG factors	(1) in all cases
(D) The allocation of assets across multi-asset portfolios is influenced by ESG factors through the strategic asset allocation process	(1) in all cases
(4) Private debt	
(A) The selection of individual assets within our portfolio is influenced by ESG factors	(1) in all cases
(B) The holding period of individual assets within our portfolio is influenced by ESG factors	(3) in a minority of cases
(C) The portfolio weighting of individual assets within our portfolio or benchmark is influenced by ESG factors	(2) in the majority of cases
(D) The allocation of assets across multi-asset portfolios is influenced by ESG factors through the strategic asset allocation process	(2) in the majority of cases
(E) Other expressions of conviction	(1) in all cases

ESG incorporation in assessment of issuers

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 7	CORE	OO 10	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG incorporation in assessment of issuers	1

When assessing issuers'/borrowers' credit quality, how does your organisation incorporate material ESG risks in the majority of cases?

	(1) SSA	(2) Corporate	(3) Securitised	(4) Private debt
(A) In the majority of cases, we incorporate material governance- related risks	۲	۲	۲	۲

(B) In addition to incorporating governance-related risks, in the majority of cases we also incorporate material environmental and social risks	0	0	0	0
(C) We do not incorporate material ESG risks for the majority of our credit quality assessments of issuers/borrowers	O	0	o	0

ESG performance

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 8	CORE	OO 10	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG performance	1

In the majority of cases, how do you assess the relative ESG performance of a borrower within a peer group as part of your investment process?

	(1) SSA	(2) Corporate	(3) Securitised
(A) We use the relative ESG performance of a borrower to adjust the internal credit assessments of borrowers by modifying forecasted financials and future cash flow estimates			
(B) We use the relative ESG performance of a borrower to make relative sizing decisions in portfolio construction			
 (C) We use the relative ESG performance of a borrower to screen for outliers when comparing credit spreads to ESG relative performance within a similar peer group 			

(D) We consider the ESG performance of a borrower only on a standalone basis and do not compare it within peer groups of other benchmarks		
(E) We do not have an internal ESG performance assessment methodology		

ESG risk management

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 9	CORE	OO 10	FI 9.1	PUBLIC	ESG risk management	1

For your corporate fixed income, does your organisation have a framework that differentiates ESG risks by issuer country and sector?

(A) Yes, it differentiates ESG risks by country/region (for example, local governance and labour practices)

☑ (B) Yes, it differentiates ESG risks by sector

 \square (C) No, we do not have a framework that differentiates ESG risks by issuer country/region and sector

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 9.1	CORE	FI 9	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG risk management	1

For what proportion of your corporate fixed income assets do you apply your framework for differentiating ESG risks by issuer country/sector?

	(1) for all of our corporate fixed income assets	(2) for the majority of our corporate fixed income assets	(3) for a minority of our corporate fixed income assets
(A) We differentiate ESG risks by country/region (for example, local governance and labour practices)	۲	0	ο
(B) We differentiate ESG risks by sector	۲	0	0

Private debt

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 10	CORE	OO 10	FI 10.1	PUBLIC	Private debt	1

Indicate how your organisation incorporates ESG factors when selecting private debt investments during the due diligence phase.

 \square (A) We use a qualitative ESG checklist

(B) We assess quantitative ESG data, such as energy consumption, carbon footprint and gender diversity

 \square (C) We require that the investment has its own ESG policy

 \square (D) We hire specialised third parties for additional ESG assessments

 \square (E) We require the review and sign-off of our ESG due diligence process by our investment committee or the equivalent function

(F) Other method of incorporating ESG into the selection of private debt during due diligence (please specify below):

 \square (G) We do not incorporate ESG factors when selecting private debt during the due diligence phase

Please specify "(F) Other method of incorporating ESG into selection of private debt during due diligence".

We review the ESG due diligence conducted by our investment partners

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 10.1	CORE	FI 10	N/A	PUBLIC	Private debt	1

In what proportion of cases do you incorporate ESG factors when selecting private debt investments during the due diligence phase?

	(1) in all cases	(2) in the majority of cases	(3) in a minority of cases
(A) We use a qualitative ESG checklist	0	۲	0
(B) We assess quantitative ESG data, such as energy consumption, carbon footprint and gender diversity	0	0	۲
(C) We require that the investment has its own ESG policy	0	0	۲

(D) We hire specialised third parties for additional ESG assessments	0	۲	0
(E) We require the review and sign off of our ESG due diligence process by our investment committee, or the equivalent function	o	۲	ο
(F) Other method of incorporating ESG into the selection of private debt during due diligence	o	O	۲

Securitised products

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 11	CORE	OO 10	N/A	PUBLIC	Securitised products	1

How do you incorporate ESG factors into the financial analysis of securitised products?

(A) We analyse ESG risks and returns for both the issuer or debtor and the underlying collateral or asset pool

 \circ (B) We perform ESG analysis that covers the issuer or debtor only

 \circ (C) We perform ESG analysis that covers the underlying collateral or asset pool only

 \circ (D) We do not incorporate ESG factors into the financial analysis of securitised products

Post-investment phase

ESG risk management

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 12	CORE	OO 10	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG risk managemen	t 1
Do your regul	lar reviews incorporate ES	SG risks?				
		(1) SSA	(2) Co	rporate	(3) Securitised	(4) Private debt
quantita material	egular reviews include ative information on ESG risks specific to al fixed income assets		I	7	V	
aggreg	egular reviews include gated quantitative ion on material ESG s at a fund level		l	7	V	
highlight	regular reviews only fund holdings where atings have changed		I			
reviews. factors a discretion	o not conduct regular Risk reviews of ESG are conducted at the of the individual fund and vary in frequency					
	o not conduct reviews corporate ESG risks		I			

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 13	CORE	OO 10	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG risk management	1

Do you regularly identify and incorporate ESG incidents into the investment process for your fixed income assets?

	(1) SSA	(2) Corporate	(3) Securitised	(4) Private debt
(A) Yes, we have a formal process in place for regularly identifying and incorporating ESG incidents into all of our investment decisions	۲	۲	۲	۲
(B) Yes, we have a formal process in place for regularly identifying and incorporating ESG incidents into the majority of our investment decisions	O	O	0	O
(C) Yes, we have a formal process in place for regularly identifying and incorporating ESG incidents into a minority of our investment decisions	0	O	0	O
(D) Yes, we have an ad hoc process in place for identifying and incorporating ESG incidents	O	O	O	O
(E) We do not have a process in place for regularly identifying and incorporating ESG incidents into our investment decision-making	0	0	O	0

Time horizons

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 14	CORE	OO 10	N/A	PUBLIC	Time horizons	1

In the majority of cases, how does your investment process account for differing time horizons of holdings and how they may affect ESG factors?

	(1) SSA	(2) Corporate	(3) Securitised
(A) We take into account current risks			
(B) We take into account medium-term risks			
(C) We take into account long- term risks			V
(D) We do not take into account differing time horizons of holdings and how they may affect ESG factors			

Long-term ESG trend analysis

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 15	CORE	OO 10	N/A	PUBLIC	Long-term ESG trend analysis	1

Do you continuously monitor a list of identified long-term ESG trends related to your fixed income assets?

	(1) SSA	(2) Corporate	(3) Securitised	(4) Private debt
(A) We monitor long-term ESG trends for all of our assets	۲	۲	۲	۲

(B) We monitor long-term ESG trends for the majority of our assets	0	0	0	0
(C) We monitor long-term ESG trends for a minority of our assets	0	o	0	o
(D) We do not continuously monitor long-term ESG trends in our investment process	o	o	o	o

Reporting/Disclosure

ESG screens

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle			
FI 21	CORE	OO 6 FI	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG screens	6			
How do you e	How do you ensure that clients and/or beneficiaries understand ESG screens and their implications?								
such as a https://	 (A) We publish a list of ESG screens and share it on a publicly accessible platform such as a website or through fund documentation Voluntary URL link(s) to list of ESG screens: https://assets.ctfassets.net/lyt4cjmefjno/6ppitomNgkkq4iznAgUoCQ/9aa7eb66ea5ccc72 c8091a2f3917ae6a/AIMCo_Exclusions_Guidelines_February_2021.pdf (1) for all of our fixed income assets subject to ESG screens 								
platform s	oublish any changes in ES ouch as a website or throu to ES assets.ctfassets.net/lyt4cjmel c8091a2f3917ae6a/AIMCo	(1) for all of our fixed income assets subject to ESG screens							
(C) We out	tline any implications of E or impact on sector weigh	/		enchmark	(4) for none o subject to E				

Engagement

Engaging with issuers/borrowers

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 22	CORE	OO 9 FI	FI 22.1	PUBLIC	Engaging with issuers/borrowers	2

At which stages does your organisation engage with issuers/borrowers?

	(1) SSA	(2) Corporate	(3) Securitised	(4) Private debt
(A) At the pre-issuance/pre-deal stage				
(B) At the pre-investment stage				
(C) During the holding period				
(D) At the refinancing stage				\checkmark
(E) When issuers/borrowers default				

Sovereign bonds

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 23	CORE	OO 9 FI	N/A	PUBLIC	Sovereign bonds	2

For the majority of your sovereign bond engagements, which non-issuer stakeholders do you engage with to promote your engagement objectives?

- ☑ (A) Non-ruling parties
- ☑ (B) Originators and primary dealers
- \Box (C) Index and ESG data providers
- \square (D) Multinational companies/state-owned enterprises (SOEs)
- \square (E) Supranational organisations
- \Box (F) Credit rating agencies (CRAs)
- \Box (G) Business associations
- \Box (H) Media
- \square (I) NGOs, think tanks and academics
- \Box (J) Other non-issuer stakeholders, please specify:
- \Box (K) We do not engage with any of the above stakeholders for the majority of our sovereign bond engagements

Private Equity (PE)

Policy

Investment guidelines

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 1	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Investment guidelines	1 to 6

What private equity-specific ESG guidelines are currently covered in your organisation's responsible investment policies?

☑ (A) Guidelines on how we adapt our ESG approach for the different sectors and geographies we invest in

 \square (B) Guidelines on how we adapt our ESG approach for the different strategies and company stages we invest in (e.g. venture capital, buy-out, distressed etc.)

 \square (C) Guidelines on screening investments

☑ (D) Guidelines on minimum ESG due diligence requirements

🗹 (E) Guidelines on our approach to ESG integration into 100-day plans (or equivalent) and long-term value creation efforts

☑ (F) Guidelines on our approach to monitoring ESG risks, opportunities and incidents

☑ (G) Guidelines on our approach to ESG reporting

☑ (H) Identification of individuals or a group with ultimate responsibility for ESG

 \Box (I) Our policies do not cover private equity-specific ESG guidelines

Fundraising

Commitments to investors

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 2	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Commitments to investors	1, 4

For all of your funds that you closed during the reporting year, what type of formal responsible investment commitments did you make in Limited Partnership Agreements (LPAs) or side letters? (If you did not close any funds during this reporting year, refer to the last reporting year in which you did close funds.)

 \square (A) We incorporated responsible investment commitments in LPAs as a standard, default procedure

 \square (B) We added responsible investment commitments in LPAs upon client request

 \square (C) We added responsible investment commitments in side letters upon client request

 \square (D) We did not make any formal responsible investment commitments for the relevant reporting year

 \square (E) Not applicable as we have never raised funds

 \square (F) Not applicable as we have not raised funds in the last 5 years

Pre-investment phase

Materiality analysis

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 3	CORE	N/A	PE 3.1	PUBLIC	Materiality analysis	1

During the reporting year, how did you conduct ESG materiality analysis for your potential private equity investments?

(A) We assessed materiality at the portfolio company level, as each case is unique	(1) for all of our potential private equity investments
(B) We performed a mix of industry-level and portfolio company–level materiality analysis	(4) for none of our potential private equity investments
(C) We assessed materiality at the industry level only	(4) for none of our potential private equity investments

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 3.1	CORE	PE 3	N/A	PUBLIC	Materiality analysis	1

During the reporting year, what tools, standards and data did you use in your ESG materiality analysis of potential private equity investments?

 \square (A) We used GRI Standards to inform our private equity materiality analysis

(B) We used SASB to inform our private equity materiality analysis

 \Box (C) We used environmental and social factors detailed in the IFC Performance Standards (or other similar standards) in our private equity materiality analysis

 \square (D) We used climate risk disclosures such as the TCFD recommendations (or other climate risk analysis tools) to inform our private equity materiality analysis

☑ (E) We used geopolitical and macro-economic considerations in our private equity materiality analysis

 \square (F) Other, please specify:

NA

Due diligence

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 4	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Due diligence	1

During the reporting year, how did ESG factors affect the selection of your private equity investments?

(A) ESG factors helped identify risks	(1) for all of our private equity investments selected
(B) ESG factors were discussed by the investment committee (or equivalent)	(1) for all of our private equity investments selected
(C) ESG factors helped identify remedial actions for our 100-day plans (or equivalent)	(4) for none of our private equity investments selected
(D) ESG factors helped identify opportunities for value creation	(2) for the majority of our private equity investments selected
(E) ESG factors led to the abandonment of potential investments	(4) for none of our private equity investments selected

(F) ESG factors impacted investments in terms of price offered and/or paid by	(1) for all of our private equity
having an effect on revenue assumptions	investments selected
(G) ESG factors impacted investments in terms of price offered and/or paid by	(1) for all of our private equity
having an effect on CAPEX assumptions	investments selected
(H) ESG factors impacted investments in terms of price offered and/or paid by having an effect on OPEX assumptions	(1) for all of our private equity investments selected
(I) ESG factors impacted investments in terms of price offered and/or paid by	(1) for all of our private equity
having an effect on the cost of capital or discount rate assumptions	investments selected
(J) Other, please specify:	(4) for none of our private
NA	equity investments selected

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 5	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Due diligence	1

Once material ESG factors have been identified, what processes do you use to conduct due diligence on these factors for potential investments?

(A) We do a high-level/desktop review against an ESG checklist for initial red flags	(1) for all of our potential private equity investments
(B) We send detailed ESG questionnaires to target companies	(1) for all of our potential private equity investments
(C) We hire third-party consultants to do technical due diligence on specific issues	(1) for all of our potential private equity investments
(D) We conduct site visits and in-depth interviews with management and personnel	(1) for all of our potential private equity investments
(E) We incorporate actions based on the risks and opportunities identified in the due diligence process into the 100-day plan (or equivalent)	(4) for none of our potential private equity investments
(F) We incorporate ESG due diligence findings in all of our relevant investment process documentation in the same manner as for other key due diligence (e.g. commercial, accounting and legal)	(1) for all of our potential private equity investments

responsi	nvestment committee (or an equivalent decision-making body) is ultimately ble for ensuring all ESG due diligence is completed in the same manner as for other key due diligence (e.g. commercial, accounting and legal)	(1) for all of our potential private equity investments
	(H) Other, please specify:	(4) for none of our potential
	NA	private equity investments

Post-investment phase

Monitoring

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 6	CORE	N/A	PE 6.1	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1

During the reporting year, did you track one or more core ESG KPIs across all your private equity investments?

☑ (A) Yes, we tracked environmental KPIs

 \square (B) Yes, we tracked social KPIs

 \square (C) Yes, we tracked governance KPIs

 \Box (D) We did not track ESG KPIs across our private equity investments

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 7	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1

For the majority of the core KPIs that you tracked, how did you set targets across your private equity investments?

 \square (A) We set targets to achieve incremental improvements based on past performance

☑ (B) We set targets using industry benchmarks/standards

☑ (C) We set targets against global benchmarks or thresholds (e.g. on climate change and/or the SDGs)

 \Box (D) We did not set targets for the core ESG KPIs that we tracked

 \Box (E) We did not set targets as we don't track core ESG KPIs

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle			
PE 8	CORE	N/A	PE 8.1	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1,2			
What process	ses do you have in place to	support meeting you	ur ESG targets for	r your private e	quity investments	?			
(A) We u	 (A) We use operational-level benchmarks to assess and analyse the performance of portfolio companies against sector performance (1) for all of our private equity investments 								
	We implement internationa Performance Standards to				(1) for all of our investr				
(C) We im	nplement certified environm	· portfolio	(2) for the majority of our private equity investments						
(D) We m	ake sufficient budget availa needed to achieve	able to ensure that t e the target are put		ocedures	(1) for all of our private equity investments				
(E) W	(E) We hire external verification services to audit performance, systems and procedures					private equity nents			
	(F) We develop minimum health and safety standards					private equity nents			
	(G) We conduct ongoing engagement with all key stakeholders at the portfolio company level (e.g. local communities, NGOs, governments and end-users)					f our private estments			
I	(H) Other, please specify: NA					(4) for none of our private equity investments			

ndicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle	
E 10	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1, 2	
Post-investme vour investme	ent, how do you manage n ents?	naterial ESG-related 1	risks and opportu	nities to create	value during the h	olding period of	
(A) W	le develop company-specific research, due dilig	ESG action plans ba ence and materiality	-	ment	(1) for all of our investm		
(B) We a	adjust our ESG action plan	ns regularly based on findings	performance mon	itoring	(1) for all of our investm		
(C) We h	ire external advisors to pro o	ovide support with sp pportunities	pecific ESG value	creation	(1) for all of our investn	1 1 0	
I	(D) Other, please specify: NA					(4) for none of our private equity investments	
ndicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle	
E 12	CORE	N/A	PE 12.1	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1, 2	
How do you e	ensure that adequate ESG-	related competence e	xists at the portfo	olio company le	vel?		
		(1) for all of our private equity investments					
	(A) We assign the boa	ra responsibility for	Log matters		investn		
(B) We ma	(A) We assign the boa			least once	investn (2) for the ma private equity	jority of our	
. ,	andate that material ESG asp	matters are discussed a year	l by the board at t best practices re		(2) for the ma	inents jority of our investments our private	
(C) We pro	andate that material ESG asp	matters are discussed a year ects and managemen any to C-suite execu- ects and managemen	l by the board at t best practices re tives only t best practices re	levant to	(2) for the maprivate equity(4) for none of	inents jority of our investments our private estments our private	

(F) We support portfolio companies by finding external ESG expertise (e.g. consultants or auditors)	(4) for none of our private equity investments		
(G) We share best practices across portfolio companies (e.g. educational sessions or implementation of environmental and social management systems)	(4) for none of our private equity investments		
(H) We include incentives to improve ESG performance in management remuneration schemes	(4) for none of our private equity investments		
(I) Other, please specify:	(4) for none of our private		
NA	equity investments		

\mathbf{Exit}

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 13	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Exit	4, 6

During the reporting year, what responsible investment information has your organisation shared with potential buyers of private equity investments?

(A) We shared our firm's high-level commitment to responsible investment (e.g. that we are a PRI signatory)	(1) for all of our private equity investments		
(B) We shared a description of what industry and asset class standards our firm aligns with (e.g. TCFD or GRESB)	(1) for all of our private equity investments		
(C) We shared our firm's responsible investment policy (at minimum, a summary of key aspects and firm-specific approach)	(1) for all of our private equity investments		
(D) We shared our firm's ESG risk assessment methodology (topics covered, in-house and/or with external support)	(1) for all of our private equity investments		
(E) We shared the outcome of our latest ESG risk assessment on the asset or portfolio company	(1) for all of our private equity investments		
(F) We shared key ESG performance data on the asset or portfolio company being sold	(1) for all of our private equity investments		
(G) Other, please specify:	(4) for none of our private		
NA	equity investments		

Reporting/Disclosure

ESG portfolio information

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 14	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG portfolio information	6

During the reporting year, how did you report on core ESG data and targets to your investors or beneficiaries?

 \blacksquare (A) We reported in aggregate through a publicly disclosed sustainability report

 \blacksquare (B) We reported in aggregate through formal reporting to investors or beneficiaries

 \square (C) We reported on the portfolio company level through formal reporting to investors or beneficiaries

 \square (D) We reported through a limited partners advisory committee

 \blacksquare (E) We reported back at digital or physical events or meetings with investors or beneficiaries

 \square (F) We did ad hoc or informal reporting on serious ESG incidents

 \square (G) Other, please specify:

 \square (H) We did not report on core ESG data and targets to our investors or beneficiaries during the reporting year

Real Estate (RE)

Policy

Investment guidelines

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
RE 1	CORE	OO 24, OO 26	N/A	PUBLIC	Investment guidelines	1 to 6

What real estate-specific ESG guidelines are currently covered in your organisation's responsible investment policies?

☑ (A) Guidelines on our ESG approach to real estate depending on use (e.g. retail, education etc.)

 \square (B) Guidelines on our ESG approach to new construction

 \blacksquare (D) Guidelines on our ESG approach to standing real estate investments

- (E) Guidelines on our engagement approach related to property managers
- (F) Guidelines on our engagement approach related to tenants

☑ (G) Guidelines on our engagement approach related to construction contractors

 \blacksquare (H) Guidelines on excluding certain tenants based on responsible investment considerations

 \Box (I) Our policies do not cover real estate-specific ESG guidelines

Fundraising

Commitments to investors

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
RE 2	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Commitments to investors	1, 4

For all of your funds that you closed during the reporting year, what type of formal responsible investment commitments did you make in Limited Partnership Agreements (LPAs) or side letters? (If you did not close any funds during this reporting year, refer to the last reporting year in which you did close funds.)

 \Box (A) We incorporated responsible investment commitments in LPAs as a standard, default procedure

 \square (B) We added responsible investment commitments in LPAs upon client request

 \Box (C) We added responsible investment commitments in side letters upon client request

 \Box (D) We did not make any formal responsible investment commitments for the relevant reporting year

 \square (E) Not applicable as we have never raised funds

 \Box (F) Not applicable as we have not raised funds in the last 5 years

Pre-investment phase

Materiality analysis

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
RE 3	CORE	N/A	RE 3.1	PUBLIC	Materiality analysis	1

During the reporting year, how did you conduct ESG materiality analysis for your potential real estate investments?

(A) We assessed materiality at the asset level, as each case is unique	(1) for all of our potential real estate investments
(B) We performed a mix of property type and asset-level materiality analysis	(4) for none of our potential real estate investments
(C) We assessed materiality according to property type only	(4) for none of our potential real estate investments

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
RE 3.1	CORE	RE 3	N/A	PUBLIC	Materiality analysis	1

During the reporting year, what tools, standards and data did you use in your ESG materiality analysis of potential real estate investments?

 \square (A) We used GRI Standards to inform our real estate materiality analysis

 \square (B) We used SASB to inform our real estate materiality analysis

 \square (C) We used climate risk disclosures such as the TCFD recommendations (or other climate risk analysis tools) to inform our real estate materiality analysis

☑ (D) We used geopolitical and macro-economic considerations in our real estate materiality analysis

 \square (E) Other, please specify:

AIMCo is a reporting member of GRESB. The firm strives for top quartile rankings and as such, new assets are considered from the perspective of benefiting our GRESB score.

Due diligence

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
RE 4	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Due diligence	1

During the reporting year, how did ESG factors affect the selection of your real estate investments?

(A) ESG factors helped identify risks	(1) for all of our potential real estate investments		
(B) ESG factors were discussed by the investment committee (or equivalent)	(1) for all of our potential real estate investments		
(C) ESG factors helped identify remedial actions for our 100-day plans (or equivalent)	(4) for none of our potential real estate investments		
(D) ESG factors helped identify opportunities for value creation	(1) for all of our potential real estate investments		
(E) ESG factors led to the abandonment of potential investments	(1) for all of our potential real estate investments		
(F) ESG factors impacted investments in terms of price offered and/or paid by having an effect on revenue assumptions	(4) for none of our potential real estate investments		

	G factors impacted investm having an effect	(4) for none of our potential real estate investments				
(H) ESO	G factors impacted investm having an effe	(4) for none of our potential real estate investments				
	G factors impacted investme aving an effect on the cost				(4) for none of ou estate inve	
(J) Other, please specify: NA					(4) for none of our potential real estate investments	
dicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
Е 5	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Due diligence	1
(A) We d	lo a high-level/desktop revi	iew against an ESG	checklist for initia	l red flags	(1) for all of our estate inve	-
(A) We d	lo a high-level/desktop revi (B) We send detailed ES0			l red flags	estate inve (4) for none of ou	stments r potential real
		G questionnaires to	target properties	_	estate inve (4) for none of ou estate inve (1) for all of our	r potential real stments potential real
(C) We h	(B) We send detailed ES	G questionnaires to s to do technical due	target properties e diligence on spec	cific issues	estate inve (4) for none of ou estate inve	r potential real stments potential real stments r potential real
(C) We h (D) We co	(B) We send detailed ESC nire third-party consultants	G questionnaires to s to do technical due epth interviews with on the risks and oppo	target properties e diligence on spec management and ortunities identifie	cific issues l personnel	estate inve (4) for none of ou estate inve (1) for all of our estate inve (4) for none of ou	r potential real stments potential real stments r potential real stments r potential real stments
(C) We f (D) We co (E) We i (F) We	(B) We send detailed ESO nire third-party consultants onduct site visits and in-de ncorporate actions based o due diligence process incorporate ESG due dilige documentation in the sam	G questionnaires to s to do technical due epth interviews with on the risks and opposition our post-inves ence findings in all o	target properties e diligence on spec management and ortunities identific tment plans f our relevant inv er key due diligen	cific issues I personnel ed in the estment	estate inve (4) for none of ou estate inve (1) for all of our estate inve (4) for none of ou estate inve (4) for none of ou	r potential real stments potential real stments r potential real stments r potential real stments r potential real stments r potential real

Selection, appointment and monitoring of third-party property managers

Selection process

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
RE 6	CORE	OO 26	N/A	PUBLIC	Selection process	1, 4

During the reporting year, how did you include ESG factors in all of your selections of external property managers? (If you did not select external property managers during the reporting year, report on the most recent year in which you selected external property managers.)

(A) We requested information from potential managers on their overall approach to ESG

☑ (B) We requested track records and examples from potential managers on how they manage ESG factors

☑ (C) We requested information from potential managers on their engagement process(es) with stakeholders

🗹 (D) We requested documentation from potential managers on their responsible procurement practices (including responsibilities, approach and incentives)

(E) We requested the assessment of current and planned availability and aggregation of metering data from potential managers

 \Box (F) Other, please specify:

 \Box (G) We did not include ESG factors in our selection of external property managers

Appointment process

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
RE 7	CORE	OO 26	N/A	PUBLIC	Appointment process	1, 4

How did you include ESG factors in the appointment of your current external property managers?

(A) We set dedicated ESG procedures in all relevant property management phases	(1) for all of our external property managers		
(B) We set clear ESG reporting requirements	(1) for all of our external property managers		

(C) We set clear ESG performance targets	(1) for all of our external property managers
(D) We set incentives related to ESG targets	(1) for all of our external property managers
(E) We included responsible investment clauses in property management contracts	(4) for none of our external property managers
(F) Other, please specify: NA	(4) for none of our external property managers

Monitoring process

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle		
RE 8	CORE	OO 26	N/A	PUBLIC	Monitoring process	1, 4		
How do you	include ESG factors in the	e monitoring of ext	ernal property m	anagers?				
(A) We m	(A) We monitor performance against quantitative and/or qualitative environmental (1) for all of our external property managers							
(B) We r	nonitor performance again	(1) for all of our external property managers						
(C) We	monitor performance agai	(1) for all of our property ma						
(D) We monitor progress reports on engagement with tenants					(4) for none of ou property ma			
(E) We require formal reporting on an annual basis as a minimum					(1) for all of our external property managers			
(F) We l	have regular discussions a	(1) for all of our external property managers						

	(H) We have internal/external parties conduct site visits at least once a year	(4) for none of our external property managers
	(I) Other, please specify:	(4) for none of our external
l,	NA	property managers

Construction and development

Construction requirements

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
RE 9	CORE	OO 24	N/A	PUBLIC	Construction requirements	1

What sustainability requirements do you currently have in place for all development projects and major renovations?

 \square (A) We require the management of waste by diverting construction and demolition materials from disposal

 \square (B) We require the management of waste by diverting reusable vegetation, rocks and soil from disposal

 \blacksquare (C) We require the minimisation of light pollution to the surrounding community

 \blacksquare (D) We require the minimisation of noise pollution to the surrounding community

 \square (E) We require the performance of an environmental site assessment

 \square (F) We require the protection of the air quality during construction

 \square (G) We require the protection and restoration of the habitat and soils disturbed during construction and/or during previous development

 \square (H) We require the protection of surface and ground water and aquatic ecosystems by controlling and retaining construction pollutants

 \Box (I) We require the constant monitoring of health and safety at the construction site

 \Box (J) Other, please specify:

 \square (K) We do not have sustainability requirements in place for development projects and major renovations

Minimum building requirements

Indicator	Type of indicator	$\begin{array}{c} { m Dependent} \\ { m on} \end{array}$	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle			
RE 10	CORE	OO 24	N/A	PUBLIC	Minimum building requirements	1			
What minimu	What minimum building requirements do you have in place for development projects and major renovations?								
(A) W	e require the implem	nentation of the lat technology	est available m	etering and IoT		our development ajor renovations			
(B) We	 (B) We require that the building be able to obtain a recognised green building certification for new buildings (1) for all development projects and major renovations 								
(C) We	(C) We require the use of certified (or labelled) sustainable building materials (2) for the majority of development projects and renovations								
(D) We	require the installat	tion of renewable er	nergy technolog	gies where feasil		our development ajor renovations			
	quire that developm arbon emitters withi					our development ajor renovations			
	(F) We require water conservation measures (1) for all development project and major renovations								
(G) We require comm	non occupant health	h and well-beir	ag measures		opment projects renovations			
I	((H) Other, please sp NA	pecify:			our development ajor renovations			

Post-investment phase

Monitoring

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle				
RE 11	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1				
During the rep	During the reporting year, what ESG building performance data did you collect for your real estate assets?									
		Thro	ough metering							
(A) Electricity consumption (1) for all of our real estat assets										
	(B) Wa	(1) for all of our real estate assets								
	(C) V	Vaste production		(1) for all of our real estate assets						
		Through	a another method							
(A) Electricity consumption					(4) for none of asse					
	(B) Water consumption				(4) for none of our real estate assets					
	(C) V		(4) for none of asse							

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
RE 12	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1

For the majority of the core KPIs that you tracked, how did you set targets across your real estate investments?

 \Box (A) We set targets to achieve incremental improvements based on past performance

- ☑ (B) We set targets using industry benchmarks/standards
- \square (C) We set targets against global benchmarks or thresholds (e.g. on climate change and/or the SDGs)
- \Box (D) We did not set targets for the core ESG KPIs that we tracked
- \Box (E) We did not set targets as we don't track core ESG KPIs

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
RE 13	CORE	OO 26	RE 13.1	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1, 2

What processes do you have in place to support meeting your ESG targets for your real estate investments?

(A) We use operational-level benchmarks to assess and analyse the performance of assets against sector performance	(1) for all of our real estate investments		
(B) We implement certified environmental and social management systems across our portfolio	(1) for all of our real estate investments		
(C) We make sufficient budget available to ensure that the systems and procedures needed to achieve the target are put in place	(1) for all of our real estate investments		
(D) We hire external verification services to audit performance, systems and procedures	(4) for none of our real estate investments		
(E) We collaborate and engage with our external property managers to develop action plans to achieve targets	(1) for all of our real estate investments		
(F) We develop minimum health and safety standards	(4) for none of our real estate investments		
(G) Other, please specify:	(4) for none of our real estate		
NA	investments		

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle				
RE 14	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1, 2				
Post-investment, how do you manage material ESG-related risks and opportunities to create value during the holding period of your investments?										
(A) We	 (A) We develop property-specific ESG action plans based on pre-investment (1) for all of our real estate investments 									
(B) We a	djust our ESG action plan	as regularly based or findings	n performance mon	itoring	(1) for all of ou investm					
(C) We hi	re external advisors to pro o	ovide support with s pportunities	pecific ESG value	creation	(1) for all of ou investm					
(D) Other, please specify: NA					(4) for none of a investm					
Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle				
RE 15	PLUS	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1, 2				

Describe how your long-term ESG action plans are currently defined, implemented and monitored.

Real Estate has an internal sustainability policy that requires the incorporation of sustainability into AIMCo's real estate portfolio, which takes place over 3 distinct stages: 1. Opportunities / Acquisition Stage: engaging in thorough due diligence on a new acquisition to identify the asset's existing ESG performance and potential impact to AIMCo's overall portfolio performance. Where feasible, implementation of programs to address ESG shortcomings are considered in relation to the business case. 2. Monitoring / Reporting Stage: establishing and monitoring sustainability performance targets on a portfolio basis with regards to energy & water use and waste diversion. Managers are to certify compliance with the Responsible Investment Policy on an annual basis. 3. Results / Program Stage: identifying underperforming assets and ensuring that all neutral and positive NPV opportunities to improve ESG performance are exhausted. All AIMCo Property investments adhere to the AIMCo Exclusion Guidelines and process which covers Excluded Industries and Statutory Investment Restrictions. Additionally, Since first submitting to the GRESB survey in 2015, AIMCo continues to demonstrate world-class sustainability management and performance by improving our GRESB score. As the real estate industry continues to advance ESG best practices, we have achieved results in the top 40% of our peer group. In 2019, we scored above our peer group average and above the GRESB global average.

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
RE 16	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1

What proportion of your real estate assets have obtained an ESG/RI certification or label?

 \circ (A) All of our real estate assets have obtained an ESG/RI certification or label

(B) The majority of our real estate assets have obtained an ESG/RI certification or label

 \circ (C) A minority of our real estate assets have obtained an ESG/RI certification or label

 \circ (D) None of our real estate assets have obtained an ESG/RI certification or label

Stewardship

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
RE 17	CORE	OO 26	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship	1, 2

How does your property manager engage with tenants? (If you are a property manager, please report on your direct tenant engagement.)

Tenants without operational control

(A) We engage with real estate tenants through organising tenant events focused on increasing sustainability awareness, ESG training and guidance	(2) for the majority of our buildings or properties
(B) We engage with real estate tenants on energy and water consumption and/or waste production	(1) for all of our buildings or properties
(C) We engage with real estate tenants by offering green leases	(2) for the majority of our buildings or properties
(D) We engage with real estate tenants through identifying collaboration opportunities that support net-zero targets	(4) for none of our buildings of properties
(E) We engage with real estate tenants by offering shared financial benefits from equipment upgrades	(4) for none of our buildings of properties
(F) Other, please specify:	(4) for none of our buildings of
NA NA	(4) for none of our buildi properties

\mathbf{Exit}

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
RE 18	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Exit	4, 6
During the re estate investr	eporting year, what respons nents?	sible investment info	ormation has your	organisation sh	ared with potent	ial buyers of real
(A) We sh	ared our firm's high-level or we are	ommitment to respo a PRI signatory)	onsible investment	(e.g. that	(1) for all of o invest	
(B) We s	shared a description of wha aligns with	t industry and asse (e.g. TCFD, GRES		our firm	(4) for none of invest	
(C) We sh	ared our firm's responsible key aspects an	investment policy (d firm-specific appre		nmary of	(1) for all of o invest	
(D) We sh	ared our firm's ESG risk as and/or wi	ssessment methodole th external support		l, in-house	(4) for none of invest	
(E) We s	shared the outcome of our l	latest ESG risk asse	ssment on the pro	perty(s)	(1) for all of o invest:	
(F)	We shared key ESG perform	mance data on the _l	property(s) being s	sold	(1) for all of o invest	
1	(G) Oth	her, please specify: NA			(4) for none of invest	

Reporting/Disclosure

ESG portfolio information

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
RE 19	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG portfolio information	6

During the reporting year, how did you report on core ESG data and targets to your investors or beneficiaries?

 \blacksquare (A) We reported in aggregate through a publicly disclosed sustainability report

 \square (B) We reported in aggregate through formal reporting to investors or beneficiaries

 \square (C) We reported at the property level through formal reporting to investors or beneficiaries

 \Box (D) We reported through a limited partners advisory committee (or equivalent)

 \square (E) We reported back at digital or physical events or meetings with investors or beneficiaries

 \Box (F) We did ad hoc or informal reporting on serious ESG incidents

 \Box (G) Other, please specify:

 \square (H) We did not report on core ESG data and targets to our investors or beneficiaries during the reporting year

Infrastructure (INF)

Policy

Investment guidelines

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
INF 1	CORE	OO 31, OO 32	N/A	PUBLIC	Investment guidelines	1 to 6

What infrastructure-specific ESG guidelines are currently covered in your organisation's responsible investment policies?

☑ (A) Guidelines on how we adapt our ESG approach for each infrastructure sector we invest in

 \Box (B) Guidelines on our ESG approach to new construction

 \Box (C) Guidelines on our ESG approach to standing investments or operating assets

 \Box (D) Guidelines on our engagement approach related to workforce

(E) Guidelines on our engagement approach related to third-party operators

(F) Guidelines on our engagement approach related to contractors

 \square (G) Guidelines on our engagement approach related to other external stakeholders (e.g. government, local communities and end-users)

 \square (H) Our policies do not cover infra structure-specific ESG guidelines

Fundraising

Commitments to investors

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
INF 2	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Commitments to investors	1, 4

For all of your funds that you closed during the reporting year, what type of formal responsible investment commitments did you make in Limited Partnership Agreements (LPAs) or side letters? (If you did not close any funds during this reporting year, refer to the last reporting year in which you did close funds.)

 \square (A) We incorporated responsible investment commitments in LPAs as a standard, default procedure

 \Box (B) We added responsible investment commitments in LPAs upon client request

 \Box (C) We added responsible investment commitments in side letters upon client request

 \Box (D) We did not make any formal responsible investment commitments for the relevant reporting year

(E) Not applicable as we have never raised funds

 \Box (F) Not applicable as we have not raised funds in the last 5 years

Pre-investment phase

Materiality analysis

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle				
INF 3	CORE	N/A	INF 3.1	PUBLIC	Materiality analysis	1				
During th	During the reporting year, how did you conduct ESG materiality analysis for your potential infrastructure investments?									
(A) We assessed materiality at the asset level, as each case is unique (1) for all of our potential infrastructure investments										

(B) We performed a mix of industry-level and asset-level materiality analysis (4) for none of our potential infrastructure investments

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
INF 3.1	CORE	INF 3	N/A	PUBLIC	Materiality analysis	1

During the reporting year, what tools, standards and data did you use in your ESG materiality analysis of potential infrastructure investments?

 \square (A) We used GRI Standards to inform our infrastructure materiality analysis

 \square (B) We used SASB to inform our infrastructure materiality analysis

🗹 (C) We used GRESB Materiality Assessment (RC7) or similar in our infrastructure materiality analysis

 \Box (D) We used environmental and social factors detailed in the IFC Performance Standards (or other similar standards) in our infrastructure materiality analysis

 \square (E) We used climate risk disclosures such as the TCFD recommendations (or other climate risk analysis tools) to inform our infrastructure materiality analysis

(F) We used geopolitical and macro-economic considerations in our infrastructure materiality analysis

 \square (G) Other, please specify:

Third-party ESG ratings providers such as MSCI ESG Manager

Due diligence

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
INF 4	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Due diligence	1

During the reporting year, how did ESG factors affect the selection of your infrastructure investments?

(A) ESG factors helped identify risks	(1) for all of our infrastructure investments selected
(B) ESG factors were discussed by the investment committee (or equivalent)	(1) for all of our infrastructure investments selected
(C) ESG factors helped identify remedial actions for our 100-day plans (or equivalent)	(4) for none of our infrastructure investments selected
(D) ESG factors helped identify opportunities for value creation	(1) for all of our infrastructure investments selected

(E) ESG factors led to the	(4) for none of our infrastructure investments selected				
(F) ESC	G factors impacted investm having an effec	(4) for non infrastructure i select	investments			
(G) ESC	G factors impacted investm having an effec	(4) for non infrastructure i select	investments			
(H) ESC	G factors impacted investm having an effe	infrastructure	(4) for none of our infrastructure investments selected			
• •	aving an effect on the cost	-			(4) for non infrastructure i select	investments
I	(J) Other, please specify: NA				(4) for none of our infrastructure investments selected	
ndicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
	CODE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Due diligence	1
F 5	CORE				Due ungenee	
Once materia nvestments?	CORE l ESG factors have been ide o a high-level/desktop revie		sses do you use to		_	ctors for potentia
Once materia nvestments?	l ESG factors have been id	ew against an ESG o	sses do you use t o		iligence on these fa (1) for all of ou	ctors for potential ir potential investments ir potential
(A) We d	l ESG factors have been ide o a high-level/desktop revie	ew against an ESG o SG questionnaires to	sses do you use to checklist for initia o target assets	l red flags	iligence on these fa (1) for all of our infrastructure (1) for all of our	ctors for potential ir potential investments ir potential investments ir potential

(E) We incorporate actions based on the risks and opportunities identified in the due diligence process into the 100-day plan (or equivalent)
 (4) for none of our potential infrastructure investments

(F) We incorporate ESG due diligence findings in all of our relevant investment process documentation in the same manner as for other key due diligence (e.g. commercial, accounting and legal)	(1) for all of our potential infrastructure investments
(G) Our investment committee (or an equivalent decision-making body) is ultimately responsible for ensuring all ESG due diligence is completed in the same manner as for other key due diligence (e.g. commercial, accounting and legal)	(1) for all of our potential infrastructure investments
(H) Other, please specify:	
We work with our investment partners to incorporate actions based on the risks and opportunities identified in the due diligence process into the 100-day plan (or equivalent)	(1) for all of our potential infrastructure investments

Selection, appointment and monitoring of third-party operators

Selection process

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
INF 6	CORE	OO 32	N/A	PUBLIC	Selection process	1, 4

During the reporting year, how did you include ESG factors in all of your selections of external operators? (If you did not select external operators during the reporting year, report on the most recent year in which you selected external/third-party infrastructure operators.)

 \square (A) We requested information from potential operators on their overall approach to ESG

 \square (B) We requested track records and examples from potential operators on how they manage ESG factors

 \Box (C) We requested information from potential operators on their engagement process(es) with stakeholders

 \Box (D) We requested documentation from potential operators on their responsible procurement and/or contractor practices (including responsibilities, approach and incentives)

 \square (E) Other, please specify:

(F) We did not include ESG factors in our selection of external operators

Appointment process

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle				
INF 7	CORE	OO 32	N/A	PUBLIC	Appointment process	1, 4				
How did you i	How did you include ESG factors in the appointment of your current external operators?									
(A) We s	 (A) We set clear and detailed expectations for incorporating ESG factors into all relevant elements of infrastructure asset management (4) for none of our external operators 									
	(B) We set clear	(4) for none of our external operators								
	(C) We set clea	(4) for none of our external operators								
	(D) We set ince	(4) for none of our external operators								
	(E) Other, please specify: NA					ır external 's				

Monitoring process

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle				
INF 8	CORE	OO 32	N/A	PUBLIC	Monitoring process	1, 4				
How do you incl	How do you include ESG factors in the monitoring of external operators?									
(A) We mon	itor performance agains	(2) for the majority of our external operators								
(B) We mor	(B) We monitor performance against quantitative and/or qualitative social targets					rity of our rators				
(C) We mo	(C) We monitor performance against quantitative and/or qualitative governance targets				(2) for the major external oper	v				

(D) We have regular discussions about ESG factors with all relevant stakeholders	(3) for a minority of our external operators
(E) We conduct a performance review of key staff based on ESG alignment linked to	(4) for none of our external
KPIs and a financial incentive structure	operators
(F) We have internal/external parties conduct site visits at least once a year	(4) for none of our external operators
(G) Other, please specify:	(4) for none of our external
NA	operators

Post-investment phase

Monitoring

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
INF 9	CORE	N/A	INF 9.1	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1

During the reporting year, did you track one or more core ESG KPIs across all your infrastructure investments?

☑ (A) Yes, we tracked environmental KPIs

(B) Yes, we tracked social KPIs

 \square (C) Yes, we tracked governance KPIs

 \Box (D) We did not track ESG KPIs across our infrastructure investments

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
INF 9.1	PLUS	INF 9	N/A	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1

Provide examples of the core ESG KPIs you tracked across all of your infrastructure investments.

(A) ESG KPI #1
 GRESB Performance
 (B) ESG KPI #2
 Carbon Emissions
 (C) ESG KPI #3

- □ (D) ESG KPI #4
- \Box (E) ESG KPI #5

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
INF 10	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1

For the majority of the core KPIs that you tracked, how did you set targets across your infrastructure investments?

- \Box (A) We set targets to achieve incremental improvements based on past performance
- \square (B) We set targets using industry benchmarks or standards
- □ (C) We set targets against global benchmarks or thresholds (e.g. on climate change and/or the SDGs)
- \square (D) We did not set targets for the core ESG KPIs that we track
- \Box (E) We did not set targets as we don't track core ESG KPIs

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
INF 11	CORE	OO 32	INF 11.1	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1,2

What processes do you have in place to support meeting your ESG targets for your infrastructure investments?

(A) We use operational-level benchmarks to assess and analyse the performance of assets against sector performance	4/ For none of our infrastructure investments
(B) We implement international best practice standards such as the IFC Performance Standards to guide ongoing assessment and analysis	4/ For none of our infrastructure investments
(C) We implement certified environmental and social management systems across our portfolio	4/ For none of our infrastructure investments
(D) We make sufficient budget available to ensure that the systems and procedures needed to achieve the target are put in place	4/ For none of our infrastructure investments
(E) We hire external verification services to audit performance, systems and procedures	4/ For none of our infrastructure investments
(F) We collaborate and engage with our external operators to develop action plans to achieve targets	4/ For none of our infrastructure investments
(G) We develop minimum health and safety standards	4/ For none of our infrastructure investments

(B) We ma	andate that material ESG i			least once	(4) for non infrastructure	e of our	
How do you e	ensure that adequate ESG- (A) We assign the boa	-		level?	(4) for non		
NF 14	CORE	N/A	INF 14.1	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1, 2	
ndicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle	
I		NA			(4) for non infrastructure		
(C) We h		ovide support with sp pportunities her, please specify:	pecific ESG value	creation	(2) for the ma infrastructure		
	adjust our ESG action plan	findings			(4) for non infrastructure	investments	
	le develop company-specific	ESG action plans be ence and materiality		ment	(4) for non infrastructure		
Post-investme vour investme	ent, how do you manage m ents?	aterial ESG-related	risks and opportu	nities to create v	value during the h	olding period of	
NF 12	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1, 2	
ndicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle	
I	(1) 001	4/ For none of our infrastructure investments					
	(I) Oth	ner, please specify:					
(11)	We conduct ongoing engag communities, NGO	s, governments and e		Jean	4/ For non infrastructure		

(C) We provide training on ESG aspects and management best practices relevant to the asset to C-suite executives only	(4) for none of our infrastructure investments		
(D) We provide training on ESG aspects and management best practices relevant to the asset to employees (excl. C-suite executives)	(4) for none of our infrastructure investments		
(E) We support the asset in developing and implementing its ESG strategy	(2) for the majority of our infrastructure investments		
(F) We support the asset by finding external ESG expertise (e.g. consultants or auditors)	(3) for a minority of our infrastructure investments		
(G) We share best practices across assets (e.g. educational sessions, implementation of environmental and social management systems)	(1) for all of our infrastructure investments		
(H) We include incentives to improve ESG performance in management remuneration schemes	(4) for none of our infrastructure investments		
(I) Other, please specify: NA	(4) for none of our infrastructure investments		

\mathbf{Exit}

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
INF 15	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Exit	4, 6

During the reporting year, what responsible investment information has your organisation shared with potential buyers of infrastructure investments?

(A) We shared our firm's high-level commitment to responsible investment (e.g. that we are a PRI signatory)	(4) for none of our infrastructure investments
(B) We shared a description of what industry and asset class standards our firm aligns with (e.g. TCFD or GRESB)	(4) for none of our infrastructure investments
(C) We shared our firm's responsible investment policy (at minimum, a summary of key aspects and firm-specific approach)	(4) for none of our infrastructure investments
(D) We shared our firm's ESG risk assessment methodology (topics covered, in-house and/or with external support)	(4) for none of our infrastructure investments

(E) We shared the outcome of our latest ESG risk assessment on the asset or portfolio company	(4) for none of our infrastructure investments
(F) We shared key ESG performance data on the asset or portfolio company being sold	(4) for none of our infrastructure investments
(G) Other, please specify:	
We did not share responsible investment information because we did not sell an infrastructure investment during the reporting year	(1) for all of our infrastructure investments

Reporting/Disclosure

ESG portfolio information

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
INF 16	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG portfolio information	6

During the reporting year, how did you report on core ESG data and targets to your investors or beneficiaries?

 \square (A) We reported in aggregate through a publicly disclosed sustainability report

(B) We reported in aggregate through formal reporting to investors or beneficiaries

(C) We reported on the asset level through formal reporting to investors or beneficiaries

 \Box (D) We reported through a limited partners advisory committee (or equivalent)

(E) We reported back at digital or physical events or meetings with investors or beneficiaries

 \square (F) We did adhoc or informal reporting on serious ESG incidents

 \square (G) Other, please specify:

AIMCo website press release

 \Box (H) We did not report on core ESG data and targets to our investors or beneficiaries during the reporting year

Sustainability Outcomes (SO)

Set targets on sustainability outcomes

Outcome objectives

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SO 1	PLUS	ISP 45	SO 1.1, SO 2	PUBLIC	Outcome objectives	1

Has your organisation chosen to shape any specific sustainability outcomes?

● (A) Yes ◦ (B) No

Target-setting process

Indicator						PRI Principle
SO 3	PLUS	SO 2	SO 3.1	PUBLIC	Target-setting process	1

Have you set any targets for your sustainability outcomes? Indicate how many targets you have set for each sustainability outcome.

(A) Sustainability Outcome $\#1$:	(1) No target
(B) Sustainability Outcome $#2$:	(1) No target
(C) Sustainability Outcome $#3$:	(2) One target
(D) Sustainability Outcome $#4:$	(1) No target
(E) Sustainability Outcome $\#5$:	(1) No target
(F) Sustainability Outcome $#6$:	(1) No target

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SO 3.1	PLUS	SO 3	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Target-setting process	1

For each sustainability outcome, name and provide a brief description of up to two of your targets and list the metrics or key performance indicators (KPIs) associated with them, the targets' deadlines and the percentage of your assets under management to which the targets apply.

	Target name	Target description
(C1) Sustainability Outcome #3: (Target 1)	Women on Boards	Support for boards comprised of at least 30% female directors
	KPIs/metrics	Target deadline: Year
(C1) Sustainability Outcome #3: (Target 1)	2022	AIMCo's threshold for board gender diversity is expected to be 30% in 2022 in alignment with our 30% Clul Canada commitments. Since 2018, we have taken a gradual approach to allow boards of directors reasonable time to respond, starting with a 0% threshold in 2018, increasing to 20% in 2019, and 25% in 2020 and 2021. (response continued in row below)
		Since 2020, in general, we support boards comprised of at least 25% female directors, except where there is a market requirement, or acceptance for a higher/lower threshold as exhibited by local country corporate governance code/guidelines or related regulatory requirements. We also generally, vote for shareholder proposals that request companies to comply with applicable local market regulations for board diversity, such as disclosur of the processes to nominate women to their board. (response continued in row below)

AIMCo may, subject to discretion, vote against or withhold our vote from the chair and/or members of the nominating committee or another relevant board director where the issuer exhibits low levels of board gender diversity such as where there are fewer than 25% female directors, and/or where the company has not improved its board gender diversity year-over-year with no stated commitments to do so. This threshold will increase to 30% in 2022.Additionally, AIMCo may seek to engage with issuers to address voting decisions based on diversity, seeking to understand a company's commitment, management and barriers to increase gender diversity on its board.

		Coverage: % of assets under management					
(C1) S	Sustainability Outcome	#3: (Target 1)			40		
Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle	
SO 4	PLUS	SO 3.1	N/A	PUBLIC	Target-setting process	1	

Which global goals (or other references) did your organisation use to determine your sustainability outcomes targets? Explain whether you have derived your target from global goals, e.g. by translating a global goal into a target at the national, regional, sub-national, sectoral or sub-sectoral level. Alternatively, explain why you have set your target independently from global goals.

	Global goals/references
(C1) Sustainability Outcome #3: (Target 1)	AIMCo's board gender diversity target stems from CEO Kevin Uebelein's commitment to the 30% Club Canada, which advocates to have at least 30% of board seats and C-suites to be held by women by 2022 in Canada. We sought to align our voting activities and internal practices to this commitment. AIMCo also recognized that the pursuit of gender balance from the 30% Club Canada, also contributes to SDG#5 Gender Equality.

Tracking progress

SO 5	PLUS	SO 3.1	SO 5.1, SO 5.2	PUBLIC	Tracking progress	1			
Does your organisation track intermediate performance and progress against your sustainability outcomes targets?									
(C1) Sustainability Outcome #3: (Target 1) (1) Yes									
Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle			
SO 5.1	PLUS	SO 5	N/A	PUBLIC	Tracking progress	1			
How does your	r organisation track inter	mediate performan		gainst your sus escribe below:	tainability outcomes t	argets?			
	r organisation track inter Sustainability Outcome		Please d AIMCo to be 3 appr director	escribe below: S threshold for 30% in 2022. Sir coach, as intern rs reasonable ti d in 2018, incr	tainability outcomes tainability outcomes tainability outcomes tain to board gender diversit nee 2018, we have take nediate goals, to allow me to respond, startin reasing to 20% in 2019, 2020 and 2021.	y is expected on a gradual boards of g with a 0%			
			Please d AIMCo to be 3 appr director	escribe below: S threshold for 30% in 2022. Sir coach, as intern rs reasonable ti d in 2018, incr	board gender diversit nce 2018, we have take nediate goals, to allow me to respond, startin reasing to 20% in 2019.	y is expected m a gradual boards of g with a 0%			

(1) Qualitative progress (2) Quantitative progress

(C1) Sustainability Outcome #3: (Target 1)

Hand in hand with our proxy voting activities on gender diversity are our engagement protocols. In more than one occasion, where AIMCo has voted or engaged with a company on gender diversity, we have seen an increase in female directors by the following AGM.

Since AIMCo began implementing a gender diversity voting guideline for female representation on boards, we have seen a year-over-year increase in votes against/abstained/withheld on director elections globally as both our threshold increases over time, and escalation measures are implemented. In 2018, when voting action was first taken on boards that were not sufficiently diverse (0% women on boards threshold), 5% of the adverse votes (against/abstain/withhold) were due to gender diversity concerns. In 2020, with a 25% women on board threshold, 581 votes, or 33% of the votes against/abstain/withheld in global director elections were related to gender diversity concerns.

Investors' individual and collective actions shape outcomes

Investee engagement including voting

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SO 11	PLUS	SO 7	N/A	PUBLIC	Investee engagement including voting	2

During the reporting year, how did your organisation or service providers/external investment managers acting on your behalf engage with investees specifically to make progress on your sustainability outcomes? This indicator refers to the engagement activities dedicated exclusively to shaping sustainability outcomes.

SO 15	PLUS	SO 7	N/A	PUBLIC	Investee engagement including voting	2
Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
(F) Other,	please specify:					
	essary, we resorted itigation					
monitored t actions of s	tiated with and he stewardship uppliers in the nent chain					
investee boa committees	our positions on ards and board to advance our ility outcomes					
shareholder proposals th	led or co-filed resolutions or at advanced our ility outcomes					
voted in favou or proposals t sustainabilit voted agains	older meetings, we r of all resolutions hat advanced our y outcomes and st all those that nined them					

Which of the following best describes your organisation's default position regarding collaborative initiatives to engage with investees in order to make progress on your sustainability outcomes?

 \circ (A) We recognise that progress on sustainability outcomes suffers from a collective action problem, and, as a result, we actively prefer collaborative efforts

• (B) We collaborate when our individual efforts have been unsuccessful or are likely to be unsuccessful, i.e. as an escalation tool

 \circ (C) We collaborate in situations where doing so would minimise resource cost to our organisation

(D) We do not have a default position but collaborate on a case-by-case basis

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SO 16	PLUS	SO 7	SO 16.1	PUBLIC	Investee engagement including voting	2

During the reporting year, how did your organisation or the service providers/external investment managers acting on your behalf contribute to collaborative initiatives to engage with investees in order to make progress on your sustainability outcomes?

(A) By leading coordination efforts	(3) in a minority of cases
(B) By providing financial support	(3) in a minority of cases
(C) By providing pro bono advice	(4) in no cases
(D) By providing pro bono research	(3) in a minority of cases
(E) By providing pro bono training	(4) in no cases
(F) By providing administrative support	(4) in no cases

Systemic stewardship including policy engagement

Indicator						PRI Principle
SO 21	PLUS	SO 7	N/A	PUBLIC	Systemic stewardship including policy engagement	2, 5

Which of the following best describes your organisation's default position regarding collaborative initiatives to engage with policymakers in order to make progress on your sustainability outcomes?

 \circ (A) We recognise that progress on sustainability outcomes suffers from a collective action problem, and, as a result, we actively prefer collaborative efforts

• (B) We collaborate when our individual efforts have been unsuccessful or are likely to be unsuccessful, i.e. as an escalation tool

 \circ (C) We collaborate in situations where doing so would minimise resource cost to our organisation

• (D) We do not have a default position but collaborate on a case-by-case basis

13

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SO 22	PLUS	SO 7	SO 22.1	PUBLIC	Systemic stewardship including policy engagement	2, 5

During the reporting year, how did your organisation or the service providers/external investment managers acting on your behalf contribute to collaborative initiatives to engage with policymakers in order to make progress on your sustainability outcomes?

	(1) in all cases	(2) in the majority of cases	(3) in a minority of cases	(4) in no cases
(A) By leading coordination efforts	O	O	0	۲
(B) By providing financial support	0	o	0	۲
(C) By providing pro bono advice	0	0	0	۲
(D) By providing pro bono research	0	O	0	۲
(E) By providing pro bono training	0	o	O	۲
(F) By providing administrative support	O	o	0	۲
(G) Other, please specify:	o	0	0	0