

19 July 2022

Athlene Kyle
The Trustee for Huntingwood Property Trust
Via email: AthleneKyle@logosproperty.com

Acid Sulfate Soils Management– Augusta Street, Blacktown NSW

Dear Athlene,

JBS&G Australia Pty Ltd (JBS&G) was engaged by the Trustee for Huntingwood Property Trust (Logos, the client) to provide advice regarding management of acid sulfate soils (ASS) for the land parcel identified as 'Huntingwood East' located at Augusta Street, Blacktown NSW (the site). The site comprises multiple lots¹ and shown on **Figure 2**.

The central and eastern portion of the site comprises a vacant land parcel and a Telstra exchange. The western portion of the site comprises abandoned residential houses, truck depot, car scrap yard/mechanic and storage yard. The site is situated to the north of the M4 Western Motorway, to the west of Prospect Highway and south of the Great Western Highway, with a total area of approximately 26.6 hectares (ha).

It is understood that the client proposes to redevelop the site for commercial purposes that will comprise the construction of a large multi-level commercial / industrial building with associated roads and carparks. All structures are constructed at grade (i.e. no basements or underground levels) and there are minimal landscaped areas as part of the proposed development. As such, the disturbance of in-situ materials during future construction works is expected to mainly occur during future piling works as well as excavations for the installation of underground services rather than any largescale excavation activities.

DLWC (1998²), states that acid sulfate soils (ASS) are likely to be located in coastal lowlands up to approximately 10 m AHD. No risk map for the area encompassing the site was provided as part of the acid sulfate soil risk map series, DLWC (1998), typically indicating that such conditions have not been identified based on regional mapping of geology and soil.

Review of the Section 10.7 planning certificate (**Attachment 3**) notes that there is no risk of acid sulfate soils on the site.

Review of accessible data using the eSpade tool, hosted by NSW OEH (2022³) indicates the area occupied by the site has not been required to be assessed for the presence of ASS based on the outcomes of a preliminary evaluation. Such sites are by default characterised as “no known occurrence”, being defined as areas where land management activities are not likely to be affected by ASS materials.

¹ Lot 1 DP 835264, Lot 163, Lot 164, Lot 168 to Lot 188, Lot 216 DP 8716, Lot 6 to Lot 10 DP 801210, Lot 218 and Lot 219 DP 457024, Lot 2 DP 516449, Lot 2151 DP 135859, Lot 4 DP 585492, Lot 4 DP 583442, Lot 1 DP 119616, Lot 2 DP 1263824, Lot 4 to Lot 6 DP 226294, Lot 50 to Lot 52 DP1144623 and Lot 7 DP 803359, see **Figure 2**

² *Guidelines for the Use of Acid Sulfate Soil Risk Maps*. Acid Sulfate Soil Management Advisory Committee August 1998, ASSMAC 1998.

³ eSpade Soil Information NSW, NSW Environment and Planning, <https://environment.nsw.gov.au/eSpade2Webapp> accessed 12 April 2022.

Based on the information herein and subject to the limitations in **Attachment 1**, it is considered that management of ASS will not be required for the site.

Should you have any queries or require further clarification, please feel free to contact the undersigned or by email jnicholson@jbsg.com.au.

Yours sincerely:



Marika Darley
Environmental Consultant
JBS&G Australia Pty Ltd

Reviewed by:



Julia Nicholson
Senior Project Manager
JBS&G Australia Pty Ltd

Approved by:



Dr Greg Dasey
Senior Principal (CEnvP SC)
JBS&G Australia Pty Ltd

Attachments:

- (1) Limitations
- (2) Figures
- (3) Section 10.7 Certificate

Attachment 1 – Limitations

This report has been prepared for use by the client who has commissioned the works in accordance with the project brief only, and has been based in part on information obtained from the client and other parties.

The advice herein relates only to this project and all results conclusions and recommendations made should be reviewed by a competent person with experience in environmental investigations, before being used for any other purpose.

JBS&G accepts no liability for use or interpretation by any person or body other than the client who commissioned the works. This report should not be reproduced without prior approval by the client, or amended in any way without prior approval by JBS&G, and should not be relied upon by other parties, who should make their own enquiries.

Sampling and chemical analysis of environmental media is based on appropriate guidance documents made and approved by the relevant regulatory authorities. Conclusions arising from the review and assessment of environmental data are based on the sampling and analysis considered appropriate based on the regulatory requirements.

Limited sampling and laboratory analyses were undertaken as part of the investigations undertaken, as described herein. Ground conditions between sampling locations and media may vary, and this should be considered when extrapolating between sampling points. Chemical analytes are based on the information detailed in the site history. Further chemicals or categories of chemicals may exist at the site, which were not identified in the site history and which may not be expected at the site.

Changes to the subsurface conditions may occur subsequent to the investigations described herein, through natural processes or through the intentional or accidental addition of contaminants. The conclusions and recommendations reached in this report are based on the information obtained at the time of the investigations.

This report does not provide a complete assessment of the environmental status of the site, and it is limited to the scope defined herein. Should information become available regarding conditions at the site including previously unknown sources of contamination, JBS&G reserves the right to review the report in the context of the additional information

Attachment 2 – Figures



Legend
 Approximate Site Boundary

Job No: 62742
 Client: Logos Australia
 Version: R01_Rev A Date 18/07/2022
 Drawn By: YY Checked By: JN
 Scale 1:50,000

0 500 1,000

 metres

 Coord. Sys. GDA 1994 MGA Zone 56
**Huntington East
Augusta Street
Blacktown, NSW**
SITE LOCATION

FIGURE 1



Attachment 3 – Section 10.7 Certificate

Applicant Details

Your reference 61653

E JBS&G
286 KIERA STREET
WOLLONGONG NSW 2500

Certificate Details

Certificate no.	PL2021/14252	Fee: \$133.00
Date issued	31 August 2021	Urgency fee: N/A
Receipt no.	ePay Ref 164976	

Property information

Property ID	305965	Land ID	356218
Legal description	LOT 51 DP 1144623		
Address	PROSPECT HIGHWAY PROSPECT NSW 2148		
County	CUMBERLAND	Parish	PROSPECT

PLANNING CERTIFICATE (Section 10.7(2 & 5))

Blacktown City Council prepared this Planning Certificate under Section 10.7 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. The form and content of the Certificate is consistent with *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000*.

Disclaimer

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Section 10.7(2)

The following information is provided under Section 10.7(2) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. The information relates to the subject land at the date of this Certificate.

1. Names of relevant planning instruments and development control plans

1.1 Environmental Planning Instrument

As at the date of this certificate the abovementioned land is not affected by Blacktown Local Environmental Plan 2015.

The land is affected by the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Employment Area) 2009*.

1.2 Proposed Local Environmental Plans

On 16 August 2021, Council placed a housekeeping amendment Planning Proposal to amend Blacktown Local Environmental Plan 2015.

The proposal amends:

- Clause 4.1AA Minimum subdivision lot size for community title schemes, and Clause 4.1A Minimum subdivision lot size for strata plan schemes, to remove inconsistency with Clause 4.1(4) Minimum subdivision lot size,
- Clause 4.1 C relating to the subdivision of a lawfully erected dual occupancy development on a corner lot, by including an objective and clarifying what is defined as a corner lot, and
- Schedule 1 – Additional permitted uses to update the legal description of No 22 John Hines Avenue, Minchinbury

A copy of the Planning Proposal is available on the NSW Planning Portal:

<https://pp.planningportal.nsw.gov.au/ppr/pre-exhibition/housekeeping-amendment-no2-blacktown-local-environmental-plan-2015>

1.3 Other Applicable State Environmental Planning Policies

Attachment 1 contains a list of State Environmental Planning Policies that may apply to the carrying out of development on the subject land.

1.4 Proposed State Environmental Planning Policies

The following draft State Environmental Planning Policies (SEPPs) or Explanation of Intended Effects (EIE) are currently on exhibition or have been exhibited. For further information refer to <https://www.planningportal.nsw.gov.au/draftplans>

- The NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment has placed on exhibition the draft State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021 (SEPP). The draft SEPP proposes to consolidate five existing housing-related SEPPs:
 - State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009 (ARHSEPP);
 - State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors and People with a Disability) 2004 (Seniors SEPP);
 - State Environmental Planning Policy No 70 – Affordable Housing (Revised Schemes) (SEPP 70);
 - State Environmental Planning Policy No 21—Caravan Parks; and
 - State Environmental Planning Policy No 36—Manufactured Home Estates.

The draft State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021 is on exhibition from 31 July to 29 August 2021. For more information visit:

<https://www.planningportal.nsw.gov.au/housing-sepp>

- The NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment exhibited an Explanation of Intended Effect from 31 March to 9 May 2021 to amend State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 (Building Business Back Better).
- The NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment exhibited an Explanation of Intended Effect between 26 February and 28 April 2021 for the Design and Place SEPP.
- The NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment exhibited an Explanation of Intended Effect between 31 March and 12 May 2021 to review Clause 4.6 of the Standard Instrument Local Environmental Plan
- The NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment exhibited an Explanation of Intended Effect from 2 March to 16 March 2020 to amend State Environmental Planning Policy (State and Regional Development) 2011 to facilitate the efficient delivery of upgrades to existing water treatment facilities in NSW
- The NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment exhibited and Explanation of Intended Effect from 20 November to 17 December 2020 to amend the Infrastructure SEPP related to health services facilities.
- The NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment exhibited and Explanation of Intended Effect from 20 November to 17 December 2020 to amend the State Environmental Planning Policy (Educational Establishments and Child Care Facilities) 2017

- The NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment exhibited an Explanation of Intended Effect from 26 August to 2 November 2020 to recommend the creation of a new State Environmental Planning Policy for strategic conservation planning
- The NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment exhibited a Flood Prone Land Package from the 30 April to 25 June 2020
- The NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment exhibited an Explanation of Intended Effect from 7 September to 28 September 2018 to amend State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006
- The NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment exhibited an Explanation of Intended Effect between 31 October 2017 and 31 January 2018 for the proposed Environment SEPP.

1.5 Development control plans

The *Huntingwood Precinct Development Control Plan 2011* outlines the provisions relating to development within the Huntingwood Precinct under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Employment Area) 2009* (WSEA SEPP). The DCP was adopted by Blacktown City Council under delegation from the Director-General of the Department of Planning and Infrastructure on 10 August 2011 and came into force on 23 August 2011.

2. Zoning and land use under relevant environmental planning instruments

The following information will assist in determining how the subject land may be developed. It is recommended that you read this section in conjunction with a full copy of any relevant environmental planning instrument as there may be additional provisions that affect how the land may be developed.

2.1 Zoning

Under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Employment Area) 2009*, the land is zoned:

IN1 General Industrial

For information about the types of development that may or may not be carried out on the land, please refer to a full copy of the Environmental Planning Instrument identified above.

2.2 Minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house

Not applicable

2.3 Critical habitat

The land does not include or comprise a critical habitat.

Note: Critical habitat registers are kept by the National Parks and Wildlife Service under the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* and the Department of Fisheries under the *Fisheries Management Act 1994*.

2.4 Conservation areas

The land is not within a conservation area.

2.5 Environmental Heritage

The land does not contain an item of environmental heritage under the protection of State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Employment Area) 2009

3. Complying development

Complying development may or may not be carried out on the subject land under an Environmental Planning Policy. Council does not have sufficient information to determine the extent to which specific complying development may or may not be carried out.

4. Coastal protection

The subject land is not affected by the operation of Sections 38 or 39 of the *Coastal Protection Act, 1979*.

5. Mine subsidence

The subject land has not been proclaimed to be a mine subsidence district within the meaning of Section 15 of the *Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 1961*.

6. Road widening and road realignment

The subject land is not affected by road widening or road realignment under an environmental planning instrument.

7. Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

7.1 Contaminated Lands Policy and Asbestos Policy Schedule 6

Council has adopted a Contaminated Lands Policy and an Asbestos Policy which may restrict development on the subject land.

The Land Contamination Policy applies when zoning or land use changes are proposed on land which has previously been used for certain purposes or has the potential to be affected by such purposes undertaken on nearby lands. The Asbestos Policy applies where land contains, or is likely to have contained in the past, buildings or structures that were erected prior to the banning of asbestos. Both policies should be considered in the context of relevant State legislation and guidelines.

Council's records may not be sufficient to determine all previous uses on the land, or determine activities that may have taken place on this land.

7.2 Other policies on hazard risk restrictions

Council has not adopted any other policies to restrict the development of the subject land by reason of the likelihood of landslip, bushfire, tidal inundation, subsidence or the occurrence of acid sulphate soils.

Note: Although Council has not adopted a specific policy to restrict development bushfire prone land, it is bound by state-wide bushfire legislation that may restrict development on the subject land. Additional information relating to bushfire prone land is provided at point 11 below.

7a. Flood related development controls information

The Flood Inundation maps prepared by Council are based on results of Engineering flood studies commissioned by Government authorities or Council. The information provided in this section is general advice based on Council's current adopted flood mapping. For more detailed flood information, please contact Council's Flooding Section and/or email Floodadvice@blacktown.nsw.gov.au

8. Land reserved for acquisition

State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Employment Area) 2009 makes provision for land included on the Land Reservation Acquisition Map to be acquired by a public authority.

9. Contributions plans

Council currently levies contributions under Section 7.11 of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979* for facilities and services. The further development of the subject land may incur such contributions.

9a. Biodiversity certified land

The land is not biodiversity certified land as defined by Part 7AA of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*.

10. Biobanking agreements

The land is not subject to any biobanking agreement under Part 7A of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*.

11. Bushfire prone land

The Rural Fires and Environmental Assessment Legislation Amendment Act 2002, which came into force on 1 August 2002, introduced development provisions for bush fire prone land as shown on a Bush Fire Prone Land Map. "Bush fire prone land" is land that has been designated by the Commissioner of the NSW Rural Fire Service as being bush fire prone due to characteristics of vegetation and topography. The land the subject of this certificate has been identified on Council's Bush Fire Prone Land Map as being:

Clear of any bush fire prone land

On land that is bush fire prone, certain development may require further consideration under Section 4.14 or Section 4.46 of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979* and under Section 100B of the *Rural Fires Act 1997*.

12. Property vegetation plans

The subject land is not affected by a property vegetation plan under the *Native Vegetation Act 2003*. The Blacktown local government area is excluded from the operation of the *Native Vegetation Act 2003* (refer Schedule 1 Part 3 of that Act).

13. Orders under *Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006*

No. Council has not been notified of any order made under the *Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006* in relation to the subject land.

14. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for seniors housing

Land to which this Certificate applies is not subject to the above.

15. Site compatibility certificates for infrastructure

Land to which this Certificate applies is not subject to the above.

16. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for affordable rental housing

Land to which this Certificate applies is not subject to the above.

17. Paper subdivision information

Not applicable

18. Site verification certificates

Council is not aware of any site verification certificate applying to the subject land.

Under the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997* and *Contaminated Land Management Amendment Act 2008*

- (a) The land to which this certificate relates has not been declared to be significantly contaminated land at the date when the certificate was issued
- (b) The land to which the certificate relates is not subject to a management order at the date when the certificate was issued
- (c) The land to which this certificate relates is not the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal at the date when the certificate was issued
- (d) The land to which this certificate relates is not subject to an ongoing maintenance order as at the date when the certificate was issued
- (e) The land to which this certificate relates is not the subject of a site audit statement provided to the Council.

19. Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

19.1 Affected building notices

Council is not aware of any affected building notice in force for the subject land.

19.2 Building product rectification orders

- (a) Council is not aware of any building product rectification order in force for the subject land.
- (b) Council is not aware of any notice of intention to make a building product rectification order being given for the subject land.

Section 10.7(5)

The following information is provided under Section 10.7(5) of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979*. As per section 10.7(6) of the Act, Council shall not incur any liability in respect of any advice provided in good faith under section 10.7(5). The absence of any reference to any matter affecting the land shall not imply that the land is not affected by any matter not referred to in this Certificate.

Planning Instruments and Covenants

The provisions of any covenant, agreement or instrument applying to this land that restrict or prohibit certain development may be inconsistent with the provisions of an environmental planning instrument. In such cases, the provisions of any such covenant, agreement or instrument may be overridden.

Loose-filled Asbestos Insulation

Some residential homes located in the Blacktown Local Government Area may potentially contain loose-fill asbestos insulation, for example in the roof space. NSW Fair Trading maintains a Register of homes that are affected by loose-fill asbestos insulation.

You should make your own enquiries as to the age of the buildings on the land to which this certificate relates and, if it contains a building constructed prior to 1980, the council strongly recommends that any potential purchaser obtain advice from a licensed asbestos assessor to determine whether loose-fill asbestos is present in any building on the land and, if so, the health risks (if any) this may pose for the building's occupants.

Contact NSW Fair Trading for further information

Biodiversity and Threatened Species Conservation

The land is affected by a tree preservation control under Clause 5.9 of the Blacktown Local Environmental Plan 2015. A person shall not ringbark, cut down, lop, top, remove, injure or wilfully destroy any tree, or cause any tree to be ringbarked, cut down, topped, lopped, injured or wilfully destroyed, except with the consent of the Council.

The provisions of any covenant, agreement or instrument applying to this land purporting to restrict or prohibit certain development may be inconsistent with the provisions of a Regional Environmental Plan, State Environmental Planning Policy or Blacktown Local Environmental Plan 2015, in which case the provisions of any such covenant, agreement or instrument may be overridden.

The *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* provides for the conservation of threatened species, populations and ecological communities of animals and plants.

The *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* amended the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* to require, amongst other things, that:

- (a) A critical habitat (as defined in the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*) be identified in environmental planning instruments, and
- (b) Consent authorities and determining authorities must, when considering proposed development or an activity, assess whether it is likely to significantly affect threatened species, populations and ecological communities, or their habitats, and, if a significant effect is likely, to require the preparation of a species impact statement in accordance with the requirements of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*, and
- (c) Consent authorities and determining authorities must, when considering proposed development or an activity, have regard to the relevant recovery plans and threat abatement plans.

The *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999* provides protection for items of national significance. Items of national environmental significance include nationally threatened animal and plant species and ecological communities.

The Act requires a separate Commonwealth approval to be obtained where an action is likely to have significant impacts on items of national environmental significance.

For further information on this matter, please contact the Australian Government's Department of the Environment.

Attachment 1 – State Environmental Planning Policies

In addition to the principal environmental planning instrument identified in section 2.1 of this Certificate, the following State Environmental Planning Policies may also affect development on the subject land.

SEPP (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009

This policy aims to facilitate the increased supply and diversity of affordable rental and social housing in NSW and covers housing types including in-fill affordable housing, along with secondary dwellings (granny flats), boarding houses, group homes, social housing and supportive accommodation. Part 3 of the policy provides for the retention of existing affordable rental housing stock. Development applications to demolish, alter or add, change the use of, or strata subdivide existing low cost rental dwellings may require a contribution towards the provision of alternative affordable housing.

SEPP (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004

This policy aims to ensure consistency in the implementation of the BASIX scheme throughout the State by overriding provisions of other environmental planning instruments and development control plans that would otherwise add to, subtract from or modify any obligations arising under the BASIX scheme.

SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008

This policy is also known as the Codes SEPP and includes a number of Codes that allow for certain types of development to be undertaken without the need for council approval as either Exempt Development or approved under a fast track system known as Complying Development, if the relevant standards are met.

SEPP (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006

This policy provides for the coordinated release of land for residential, employment and other urban development in the North West Growth Centre, the South West Growth Centre and the Wilton Growth Area. It provides development controls to enable the establishment of vibrant, sustainable and liveable neighbourhoods that provide for community well-being and high quality local amenity.

SEPP (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004

This policy is also known as Seniors Housing SEPP and encourages the development of high quality and well-designed housing for older people and people with disabilities, while ensuring that it is in keeping with neighbourhood character. In October 2018, an amendment was made to change some

rules for site compatibility certificates and to make the relevant planning panel the determining authority for site compatibility certificates issued under the Seniors Housing SEPP.

SEPP (Infrastructure) 2007

This policy assists the NSW Government, private infrastructure providers, local councils and the communities they support by simplifying the process for providing infrastructure like hospitals, roads, railways, emergency services, water supply and electricity delivery, while ensuring appropriate levels of environmental assessment and consultation are undertaken. Recent changes introduce new provisions for correctional services, emergency and police services facilities and bushfire hazard reduction, ports and roads infrastructure, including facilities for electric vehicles, and other operational and housekeeping improvements.

SEPP (Miscellaneous Consent Provisions) 2007

This policy contains provisions for the erection of temporary structures, subdivision, the demolition of a building or work, certain change of use and fire alarm communication links.

SEPP (State Significant Precincts) 2005

The purpose of this Policy is to facilitate the development, redevelopment or protection of important urban, coastal and regional sites of economic, environmental or social significance to the State so as to facilitate the orderly use, development or conservation of those State significant precincts for the benefit of the State. It also aims to facilitate service delivery outcomes for a range of public services and to provide for the development of major sites for a public purpose or redevelopment of major sites no longer appropriate or suitable for public purposes.

SEPP (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007

This policy is also known as the Mining SEPP and governs the way that mining, petroleum production and extractive material resource proposals are assessed and developed in NSW.

SEPP No 1 - Development Standards

This policy provides flexibility in the application of development standards and allows Council to approve a development that does not comply with a development standard where it can be shown that the development standard is unreasonable or unnecessary.

SEPP No 19 - Bushland in Urban Areas

This policy protects and preserves bushland within urban areas because of its natural heritage, its aesthetic value and its value for recreational, educational or scientific purposes. The policy aims to protect bushland areas in public open space zones and reservations and ensures that bushland

preservation is given priority when local environmental plans are prepared.

SEPP No 21 - Caravan Parks

This policy applies to development for the purpose of caravan parks and camping grounds. The policy ensures that development consent is required for new caravan parks and camping grounds and for additional long term sites in existing caravan parks. It also requires that development consent be obtained from Council for the subdivision of land for lease purposes under the Local Government Act.

SEPP No. 30 - Intensive Agriculture

Requires development consent for cattle feedlots having a capacity of 50 or more cattle or piggeries having a capacity of 200 or more pigs. The policy sets out information and public notification requirements to ensure there are effective planning control over this export-driven rural industry. The policy does not alter if, and where, such development is permitted, or the functions of the consent authority.

SEPP No. 32 - Urban Consolidation

States the Government's intention to ensure that urban consolidation objectives are met in all urban areas throughout the State. The policy focuses on the redevelopment of urban land that is no longer required for the purpose it is currently zoned or used, and encourages local councils to pursue their own urban consolidation strategies to help implement the aims and objectives of the policy. Councils will continue to be responsible for the majority of rezonings. The policy sets out guidelines for the Minister to follow when considering whether to initiate a regional environmental plan (REP) to make particular sites available for consolidated urban redevelopment. Where a site is rezoned by an REP, the Minister will be the consent authority.

SEPP No 33 - Hazardous and Offensive Development

This policy applies to development defined as 'potentially hazardous industry' or 'potentially offensive industry'. The policy ensures that in determining whether a development is a hazardous or offensive industry, any measures proposed to be employed to reduce the impact of the development are taken into account.

SEPP No 55 - Remediation of Land

This policy promotes the remediation of contaminated land for the purpose of reducing risk of harm to human health. The policy includes considerations that are relevant in rezoning land and in determining development applications where remediation of land is required.

SEPP No. 62 - Sustainable Aquaculture

Encourages the sustainable expansion of the industry in NSW. The policy implements the regional strategies already developed by creating a simple approach to identify and categorise aquaculture development on the basis of its potential environmental impact. The SEPP also identifies aquaculture development as a designated development only where there are potential environmental risks.

SEPP No 64 - Advertising and Signage

This policy sets out planning controls for advertising and signage in NSW and requires signage to be compatible with the future character of an area, provide effective communication in suitable locations and be of high quality design and finish. The policy also bans advertisements on parked trailers on roads, road shoulders, footpaths and nature strips, excluding advertising associated with the primary use of the trailer.

SEPP No 65 - Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development

This policy aims to improve the design quality of residential apartment development through the application of 9 design quality principles. The policy also provides requirements for a constituted design review panel to provide independent expert advice to council on the merit of residential flat developments. A design review panel is not mandatory.

Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No 30 - St Marys

This plan provides the planning framework for the planning and development of land known as Australian Defence Industries (ADI) site at St Marys.

SEPP (Western Sydney Employment Area) 2009

This policy aims to protect and enhance land in the Western Sydney Employment Area for employment purposes and to promote economic development and the creation of employment opportunities in Western Sydney. The policy provides for a coordinated approach to the planning, development and rezoning of land within the Western Sydney Employment Area and includes controls to ensure that development occurs in a logical, environmentally sensitive and cost-effective manner.

SEPP (Western Sydney Parklands) 2009

This policy provides the framework to enable the Western Sydney Parklands Trust to develop the Western Parklands into a multi-use urban parkland to meet a range of community needs and interests, including those that promote health and well-being in the community for Western Sydney.

SEPP (Western Sydney Recreation Area)

This policy enables development to be carried out for recreational, sporting and cultural purposes within the Western Sydney Recreation Area, including the development of a recreation area of state significance.

Authorised by Blacktown City Council
Proforma ID: 1012930

End of Certificate

Applicant Details

Your reference P0036077

URBIS PTY LTD
123 ANGEL PLACE
SYDNEY NSW 2000

Certificate Details

Certificate no.	PL2022/01173	Fee: \$133.00
Date issued	31 January 2022	Urgency fee: N/A
Receipt no.	ePay Ref 192972	

Property information

Property ID	316157	Land ID	316157
Legal description	LOT 1 DP 835264		
Address	3 AUGUSTA STREET BLACKTOWN NSW 2148		
County	CUMBERLAND	Parish	PROSPECT

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- The draft State Environmental Planning Policy (Design and Place) 2021 and supporting guides were placed on exhibition on 10 December 2021. The draft State Environmental Planning Policy (Design and Place) 2021 will supersede the existing State Environmental Planning Policy No 65 – Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development, and State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004, with relevant provisions transferred across.
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- The amendment proposes to support hospitality, events and arts industries through the use of exempt and complying development. For more information visit <https://www.planningportal.nsw.gov.au/the-fun-SEPP>
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- The NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment exhibited an Explanation of Intended Effect from 2 March to 16 March 2020 to amend State Environmental Planning Policy (State and Regional Development) 2011 to facilitate the efficient delivery of upgrades to existing water treatment facilities in NSW
- The NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment exhibited an Explanation of Intended Effect from 20 November to 17 December 2020 to amend the Infrastructure SEPP related to health services facilities.
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- The NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment exhibited an Explanation of Intended Effect from 26 August to 2 November 2020 to recommend the creation of a new State Environmental Planning Policy for strategic conservation planning
- The NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment exhibited a Flood Prone Land Package from the 30 April to 25 June 2020

- The NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment exhibited an Explanation of Intended Effect from 7 September to 28 September 2018 to amend State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006
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1.5 Development control plans

The Huntingwood Precinct Development Control Plan 2011 outlines the provisions relating to development within the Huntingwood Precinct under State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Employment Area) 2009 (WSEA SEPP). The DCP was adopted by Blacktown City Council under delegation from the Director-General of the Department of Planning and Infrastructure on 10 August 2011 and came into force on 23 August 2011.

2. Zoning and land use under relevant environmental planning instruments

The following information will assist in determining how the subject land may be developed. It is recommended that you read this section in conjunction with a full copy of any relevant environmental planning instrument as there may be additional provisions that affect how the land may be developed.

2.1 Zoning

Under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Employment Area) 2009*, the land is zoned:

IN1 General Industrial

For information about the types of development that may or may not be carried out on the land, please refer to a full copy of the Environmental Planning Instrument identified above.

2.2 Minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house

Not applicable

2.3 Critical habitat

The land does not include or comprise a critical habitat.

Note: Critical habitat registers are kept by the National Parks and Wildlife Service under the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* and the Department of Fisheries under the *Fisheries Management Act 1994*.

2.4 Conservation areas

The land is not within a conservation area.

2.5 Environmental Heritage

The land does not contain an item of environmental heritage under the protection of State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Employment Area) 2009

3. Complying development

Complying development may or may not be carried out on the subject land under an Environmental Planning Policy. Council does not have sufficient information to determine the extent to which specific complying development may or may not be carried out.

4. Coastal protection

The subject land is not affected by the operation of Sections 38 or 39 of the *Coastal Protection Act, 1979*.

5. Mine subsidence

The subject land has not been proclaimed to be a mine subsidence district within the meaning of Section 15 of the *Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 1961*.

6. Road widening and road realignment

The subject land is not affected by road widening or road realignment under an environmental planning instrument.

7. Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

7.1 Contaminated Lands Policy and Asbestos Policy Schedule 6

Council has adopted a Contaminated Lands Policy and an Asbestos Policy which may restrict development on the subject land.

The Land Contamination Policy applies when zoning or land use changes are proposed on land which has previously been used for certain purposes or has the potential to be affected by such purposes undertaken on nearby lands. The Asbestos Policy applies where land contains, or is likely to have contained in the past, buildings or structures that were erected prior to the banning of asbestos. Both policies should be considered in the context of relevant State legislation and guidelines.

Council's records may not be sufficient to determine all previous uses on the land, or determine activities that may have taken place on this land.

7.2 Other policies on hazard risk restrictions

Council has not adopted any other policies to restrict the development of the subject land by reason of the likelihood of landslip, bushfire, tidal inundation, subsidence or the occurrence of acid sulphate soils.

Note: Although Council has not adopted a specific policy to restrict development bushfire prone land, it is bound by state-wide bushfire legislation that may restrict development on the subject land. Additional information relating to bushfire prone land is provided at point 11 below.

7a. Flood related development controls information

The Flood Inundation maps prepared by Council are based on results of Engineering flood studies commissioned by Government authorities or Council. The information provided in this section is general advice based on Council's current adopted flood mapping. For more detailed flood information, please contact Council's Flooding Section and/or email Floodadvice@blacktown.nsw.gov.au

8. Land reserved for acquisition

State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Employment Area) 2009 makes provision for land included on the Land Reservation Acquisition Map to be acquired by a public authority.

9. Contributions plans

Council currently levies contributions under Section 7.11 of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979* for facilities and services. The further development of the subject land may incur such contributions.

9a. Biodiversity certified land

The land is not biodiversity certified land as defined by Part 7AA of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*.

10. Biobanking agreements

The land is not subject to any biobanking agreement under Part 7A of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*.

11. Bushfire prone land

The Rural Fires and Environmental Assessment Legislation Amendment Act 2002, which came into force on 1 August 2002, introduced development provisions for bush fire prone land as shown on a Bush Fire Prone Land Map. "Bush fire prone land" is land that has been designated by the Commissioner of the NSW Rural Fire Service as being bush fire prone due to characteristics of vegetation and topography. The land the subject of this certificate has been identified on Council's Bush Fire Prone Land Map as being:

Clear of any bush fire prone land

On land that is bush fire prone, certain development may require further consideration under Section 4.14 or Section 4.46 of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979* and under Section 100B of the *Rural Fires Act 1997*.

12. Property vegetation plans

The subject land is not affected by a property vegetation plan under the *Native Vegetation Act 2003*. The Blacktown local government area is excluded from the operation of the *Native Vegetation Act 2003* (refer Schedule 1 Part 3 of that Act).

13. Orders under *Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006*

No. Council has not been notified of any order made under the *Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006* in relation to the subject land.

14. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for seniors housing

Land to which this Certificate applies is not subject to the above.

15. Site compatibility certificates for infrastructure

Land to which this Certificate applies is not subject to the above.

16. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for affordable rental housing

Land to which this Certificate applies is not subject to the above.

17. Paper subdivision information

Not applicable

18. Site verification certificates

Council is not aware of any site verification certificate applying to the subject land.

Under the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997* and *Contaminated Land Management Amendment Act 2008*

- (a) The land to which this certificate relates has not been declared to be significantly contaminated land at the date when the certificate was issued
- (b) The land to which the certificate relates is not subject to a management order at the date when the certificate was issued
- (c) The land to which this certificate relates is not the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal at the date when the certificate was issued

- (d) The land to which this certificate relates is not subject to an ongoing maintenance order as at the date when the certificate was issued
- (e) The land to which this certificate relates is not the subject of a site audit statement provided to the Council.

19. Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

19.1 Affected building notices

Council is not aware of any affected building notice in force for the subject land.

19.2 Building product rectification orders

- (a) Council is not aware of any building product rectification order in force for the subject land.
- (b) Council is not aware of any notice of intention to make a building product rectification order being given for the subject land.

Section 10.7(5)

The following information is provided under Section 10.7(5) of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979*. As per section 10.7(6) of the Act, Council shall not incur any liability in respect of any advice provided in good faith under section 10.7(5). The absence of any reference to any matter affecting the land shall not imply that the land is not affected by any matter not referred to in this Certificate.

Planning Instruments and Covenants

The provisions of any covenant, agreement or instrument applying to this land that restrict or prohibit certain development may be inconsistent with the provisions of an environmental planning instrument. In such cases, the provisions of any such covenant, agreement or instrument may be overridden.

Loose-filled Asbestos Insulation

Some residential homes located in the Blacktown Local Government Area may potentially contain loose-fill asbestos insulation, for example in the roof space. NSW Fair Trading maintains a Register of homes that are affected by loose-fill asbestos insulation.

You should make your own enquiries as to the age of the buildings on the land to which this certificate relates and, if it contains a building constructed prior to 1980, the council strongly recommends that any potential purchaser obtain advice from a licensed asbestos assessor to determine whether loose-fill asbestos is present in any building on the land and, if so, the health risks (if any) this may pose for the building's occupants.

Contact NSW Fair Trading for further information

Biodiversity and Threatened Species Conservation

The land is affected by a tree preservation control under Clause 5.9 of the Blacktown Local Environmental Plan 2015. A person shall not ringbark, cut down, lop, top, remove, injure or wilfully destroy any tree, or cause any tree to be ringbarked, cut down, topped, lopped, injured or wilfully destroyed, except with the consent of the Council.

The provisions of any covenant, agreement or instrument applying to this land purporting to restrict or prohibit certain development may be inconsistent with the provisions of a Regional Environmental Plan, State Environmental Planning Policy or Blacktown Local Environmental Plan 2015, in which case the provisions of any such covenant, agreement or instrument may be overridden.

The *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* provides for the conservation of threatened species, populations and ecological communities of animals and plants.

The *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* amended the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* to require, amongst other things, that:

- (a) A critical habitat (as defined in the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*) be identified in environmental planning instruments, and
- (b) Consent authorities and determining authorities must, when considering proposed development or an activity, assess whether it is likely to significantly affect threatened species, populations and ecological communities, or their habitats, and, if a significant effect is likely, to require the preparation of a species impact statement in accordance with the requirements of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*, and
- (c) Consent authorities and determining authorities must, when considering proposed development or an activity, have regard to the relevant recovery plans and threat abatement plans.

The *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999* provides protection for items of national significance. Items of national environmental significance include nationally threatened animal and plant species and ecological communities.

The Act requires a separate Commonwealth approval to be obtained where an action is likely to have significant impacts on items of national environmental significance.

For further information on this matter, please contact the Australian Government's Department of the Environment.

Attachment 1 – State Environmental Planning Policies

In addition to the principal environmental planning instrument identified in section 2.1 of this Certificate, the following State Environmental Planning Policies may also affect development on the subject land.

SEPP (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009

This policy aims to facilitate the increased supply and diversity of affordable rental and social housing in NSW and covers housing types including in-fill affordable housing, along with secondary dwellings (granny flats), boarding houses, group homes, social housing and supportive accommodation. Part 3 of the policy provides for the retention of existing affordable rental housing stock. Development applications to demolish, alter or add, change the use of, or strata subdivide existing low cost rental dwellings may require a contribution towards the provision of alternative affordable housing.

SEPP (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004

This policy aims to ensure consistency in the implementation of the BASIX scheme throughout the State by overriding provisions of other environmental planning instruments and development control plans that would otherwise add to, subtract from or modify any obligations arising under the BASIX scheme.

SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008

This policy is also known as the Codes SEPP and includes a number of Codes that allow for certain types of development to be undertaken without the need for council approval as either Exempt Development or approved under a fast track system known as Complying Development, if the relevant standards are met.

SEPP (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006

This policy provides for the coordinated release of land for residential, employment and other urban development in the North West Growth Centre, the South West Growth Centre and the Wilton Growth Area. It provides development controls to enable the establishment of vibrant, sustainable and liveable neighbourhoods that provide for community well-being and high quality local amenity.

SEPP (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004

This policy is also known as Seniors Housing SEPP and encourages the development of high quality and well-designed housing for older people and people with disabilities, while ensuring that it is in keeping with neighbourhood character. In October 2018, an amendment was made to change some

rules for site compatibility certificates and to make the relevant planning panel the determining authority for site compatibility certificates issued under the Seniors Housing SEPP.

SEPP (Infrastructure) 2007

This policy assists the NSW Government, private infrastructure providers, local councils and the communities they support by simplifying the process for providing infrastructure like hospitals, roads, railways, emergency services, water supply and electricity delivery, while ensuring appropriate levels of environmental assessment and consultation are undertaken. Recent changes introduce new provisions for correctional services, emergency and police services facilities and bushfire hazard reduction, ports and roads infrastructure, including facilities for electric vehicles, and other operational and housekeeping improvements.

SEPP (Miscellaneous Consent Provisions) 2007

This policy contains provisions for the erection of temporary structures, subdivision, the demolition of a building or work, certain change of use and fire alarm communication links.

SEPP (State Significant Precincts) 2005

The purpose of this Policy is to facilitate the development, redevelopment or protection of important urban, coastal and regional sites of economic, environmental or social significance to the State so as to facilitate the orderly use, development or conservation of those State significant precincts for the benefit of the State. It also aims to facilitate service delivery outcomes for a range of public services and to provide for the development of major sites for a public purpose or redevelopment of major sites no longer appropriate or suitable for public purposes.

SEPP (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007

This policy is also known as the Mining SEPP and governs the way that mining, petroleum production and extractive material resource proposals are assessed and developed in NSW.

SEPP No 1 - Development Standards

This policy provides flexibility in the application of development standards and allows Council to approve a development that does not comply with a development standard where it can be shown that the development standard is unreasonable or unnecessary.

SEPP No 19 - Bushland in Urban Areas

This policy protects and preserves bushland within urban areas because of its natural heritage, its aesthetic value and its value for recreational, educational or scientific purposes. The policy aims to protect bushland areas in public open space zones and reservations and ensures that bushland

preservation is given priority when local environmental plans are prepared.

SEPP No 21 - Caravan Parks

This policy applies to development for the purpose of caravan parks and camping grounds. The policy ensures that development consent is required for new caravan parks and camping grounds and for additional long term sites in existing caravan parks. It also requires that development consent be obtained from Council for the subdivision of land for lease purposes under the Local Government Act.

SEPP No. 30 - Intensive Agriculture

Requires development consent for cattle feedlots having a capacity of 50 or more cattle or piggeries having a capacity of 200 or more pigs. The policy sets out information and public notification requirements to ensure there are effective planning control over this export-driven rural industry. The policy does not alter if, and where, such development is permitted, or the functions of the consent authority.

SEPP No. 32 - Urban Consolidation

States the Government's intention to ensure that urban consolidation objectives are met in all urban areas throughout the State. The policy focuses on the redevelopment of urban land that is no longer required for the purpose it is currently zoned or used, and encourages local councils to pursue their own urban consolidation strategies to help implement the aims and objectives of the policy. Councils will continue to be responsible for the majority of rezonings. The policy sets out guidelines for the Minister to follow when considering whether to initiate a regional environmental plan (REP) to make particular sites available for consolidated urban redevelopment. Where a site is rezoned by an REP, the Minister will be the consent authority.

SEPP No 33 - Hazardous and Offensive Development

This policy applies to development defined as 'potentially hazardous industry' or 'potentially offensive industry'. The policy ensures that in determining whether a development is a hazardous or offensive industry, any measures proposed to be employed to reduce the impact of the development are taken into account.

SEPP No 55 - Remediation of Land

This policy promotes the remediation of contaminated land for the purpose of reducing risk of harm to human health. The policy includes considerations that are relevant in rezoning land and in determining development applications where remediation of land is required.

SEPP No. 62 - Sustainable Aquaculture

Encourages the sustainable expansion of the industry in NSW. The policy implements the regional strategies already developed by creating a simple approach to identify and categorise aquaculture development on the basis of its potential environmental impact. The SEPP also identifies aquaculture development as a designated development only where there are potential environmental risks.

SEPP No 64 - Advertising and Signage

This policy sets out planning controls for advertising and signage in NSW and requires signage to be compatible with the future character of an area, provide effective communication in suitable locations and be of high quality design and finish. The policy also bans advertisements on parked trailers on roads, road shoulders, footpaths and nature strips, excluding advertising associated with the primary use of the trailer.

SEPP No 65 - Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development

This policy aims to improve the design quality of residential apartment development through the application of 9 design quality principles. The policy also provides requirements for a constituted design review panel to provide independent expert advice to council on the merit of residential flat developments. A design review panel is not mandatory.

Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No 30 - St Marys

This plan provides the planning framework for the planning and development of land known as Australian Defence Industries (ADI) site at St Marys.

SEPP (Western Sydney Employment Area) 2009

This policy aims to protect and enhance land in the Western Sydney Employment Area for employment purposes and to promote economic development and the creations of employment opportunities in Western Sydney. The policy provides for a coordinated approach to the planning, development and rezoning of land within the Western Sydney Employment Area and includes controls to ensure that development occurs in a logical, environmentally sensitive and cost-effective manner.

SEPP (Western Sydney Parklands) 2009

This policy provides the framework to enable the Western Sydney Parklands Trust to develop the Western Parklands into a multi-use urban parkland to meet a range of community needs and interests, including those that promote health and well-being in the community for Western Sydney.

SEPP (Western Sydney Recreation Area)

This policy enables development to be carried out for recreational, sporting and cultural purposes within the Western Sydney Recreation Area, including the development of a recreation area of state significance.

Authorised by Blacktown City Council
Proforma ID: 1077692

End of Certificate

Applicant Details

Your reference P0036077

URBIS PTY LTD
123 ANGEL PLACE
SYDNEY NSW 2000

Certificate Details

Certificate no.	PL2022/01174	Fee: \$133.00
Date issued	31 January 2022	Urgency fee: N/A
Receipt no.	ePay Ref 192972	

Property information

Property ID	158470	Land ID	158474
Legal description	LOT 184 DP 8716		
Address	FLUSHCOMBE ROAD BLACKTOWN NSW 2148		
County	CUMBERLAND	Parish	PROSPECT

PLANNING CERTIFICATE (Section 10.7(2 & 5))

Blacktown City Council prepared this Planning Certificate under Section 10.7 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. The form and content of the Certificate is consistent with *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000*.

Disclaimer

Blacktown City Council gives notice and points out to all users of the information supplied herein, that the information herein has been compiled by Council from sources outside of Council's control. While the information herein is provided with all due care and in good faith, it is provided on the basis that Council will not accept any responsibility for and will not be liable for its contents or for any consequence arising from its use, and every user of such information is advised to make all necessary enquiries from the appropriate organisations, institutions and the like.

Blacktown City Council also gives notice to all users of the information supplied herein, wherever any particular enquiry herein remains unanswered or has not been elaborated upon, such silence should not be interpreted as meaning or inferring either a negative or a positive response as the case may be.

Section 10.7(2)

The following information is provided under Section 10.7(2) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. The information relates to the subject land at the date of this Certificate.

1. Names of relevant planning instruments and development control plans

1.1 Environmental Planning Instrument

As at the date of this certificate the abovementioned land is not affected by Blacktown Local Environmental Plan 2015.

The land is affected by the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Employment Area) 2009*.

1.2 Proposed Local Environmental Plans

On 16 August 2021, Council placed a housekeeping amendment Planning Proposal to amend Blacktown Local Environmental Plan 2015.

The proposal amends:

- Clause 4.1AA Minimum subdivision lot size for community title schemes, and Clause 4.1A Minimum subdivision lot size for strata plan schemes, to remove inconsistency with Clause 4.1(4) Minimum subdivision lot size,
- Clause 4.1 C relating to the subdivision of a lawfully erected dual occupancy development on a corner lot, by including an objective and clarifying what is defined as a corner lot, and
- Schedule 1 – Additional permitted uses to update the legal description of No 22 John Hines Avenue, Minchinbury

A copy of the Planning Proposal is available on the NSW Planning Portal:

<https://pp.planningportal.nsw.gov.au/ppr/pre-exhibition/housekeeping-amendment-no2-blacktown-local-environmental-plan-2015>

1.3 Other Applicable State Environmental Planning Policies

Attachment 1 contains a list of State Environmental Planning Policies that may apply to the carrying out of development on the subject land.

1.4 Proposed State Environmental Planning Policies

The following draft State Environmental Planning Policies (SEPPs) or Explanation of Intended Effects (EIE) are currently on exhibition or have been exhibited. For further information refer to <https://www.planningportal.nsw.gov.au/draftplans>

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Not applicable

2.3 Critical habitat

The land does not include or comprise a critical habitat.

Note: Critical habitat registers are kept by the National Parks and Wildlife Service under the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* and the Department of Fisheries under the *Fisheries Management Act 1994*.

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The land is not within a conservation area.

2.5 Environmental Heritage

The land does not contain an item of environmental heritage under the protection of State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Employment Area) 2009

3. Complying development

Complying development may or may not be carried out on the subject land under an Environmental Planning Policy. Council does not have sufficient information to determine the extent to which specific complying development may or may not be carried out.

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The subject land is not affected by the operation of Sections 38 or 39 of the *Coastal Protection Act, 1979*.

5. Mine subsidence

The subject land has not been proclaimed to be a mine subsidence district within the meaning of Section 15 of the *Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 1961*.

6. Road widening and road realignment

The subject land is not affected by road widening or road realignment under an environmental planning instrument.

7. Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

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Council has adopted a Contaminated Lands Policy and an Asbestos Policy which may restrict development on the subject land.

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Council's records may not be sufficient to determine all previous uses on the land, or determine activities that may have taken place on this land.

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Council has not adopted any other policies to restrict the development of the subject land by reason of the likelihood of landslip, bushfire, tidal inundation, subsidence or the occurrence of acid sulphate soils.

Note: Although Council has not adopted a specific policy to restrict development bushfire prone land, it is bound by state-wide bushfire legislation that may restrict development on the subject land. Additional information relating to bushfire prone land is provided at point 11 below.

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Council currently levies contributions under Section 7.11 of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979* for facilities and services. The further development of the subject land may incur such contributions.

9a. Biodiversity certified land

The land is not biodiversity certified land as defined by Part 7AA of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*.

10. Biobanking agreements

The land is not subject to any biobanking agreement under Part 7A of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*.

11. Bushfire prone land

The Rural Fires and Environmental Assessment Legislation Amendment Act 2002, which came into force on 1 August 2002, introduced development provisions for bush fire prone land as shown on a Bush Fire Prone Land Map. "Bush fire prone land" is land that has been designated by the Commissioner of the NSW Rural Fire Service as being bush fire prone due to characteristics of vegetation and topography. The land the subject of this certificate has been identified on Council's Bush Fire Prone Land Map as being:

Clear of any bush fire prone land

On land that is bush fire prone, certain development may require further consideration under Section 4.14 or Section 4.46 of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979* and under Section 100B of the *Rural Fires Act 1997*.

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The subject land is not affected by a property vegetation plan under the *Native Vegetation Act 2003*. The Blacktown local government area is excluded from the operation of the *Native Vegetation Act 2003* (refer Schedule 1 Part 3 of that Act).

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No. Council has not been notified of any order made under the *Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006* in relation to the subject land.

14. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for seniors housing

Land to which this Certificate applies is not subject to the above.

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Land to which this Certificate applies is not subject to the above.

16. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for affordable rental housing

Land to which this Certificate applies is not subject to the above.

17. Paper subdivision information

Not applicable

18. Site verification certificates

Council is not aware of any site verification certificate applying to the subject land.

Under the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997* and *Contaminated Land Management Amendment Act 2008*

- (a) The land to which this certificate relates has not been declared to be significantly contaminated land at the date when the certificate was issued
- (b) The land to which the certificate relates is not subject to a management order at the date when the certificate was issued
- (c) The land to which this certificate relates is not the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal at the date when the certificate was issued
- (d) The land to which this certificate relates is not subject to an ongoing maintenance order as at the date when the certificate was issued

- (e) The land to which this certificate relates is not the subject of a site audit statement provided to the Council.

19. Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

19.1 Affected building notices

Council is not aware of any affected building notice in force for the subject land.

19.2 Building product rectification orders

- (a) Council is not aware of any building product rectification order in force for the subject land.
- (b) Council is not aware of any notice of intention to make a building product rectification order being given for the subject land.

Section 10.7(5)

The following information is provided under Section 10.7(5) of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979*. As per section 10.7(6) of the Act, Council shall not incur any liability in respect of any advice provided in good faith under section 10.7(5). The absence of any reference to any matter affecting the land shall not imply that the land is not affected by any matter not referred to in this Certificate.

Planning Instruments and Covenants

The provisions of any covenant, agreement or instrument applying to this land that restrict or prohibit certain development may be inconsistent with the provisions of an environmental planning instrument. In such cases, the provisions of any such covenant, agreement or instrument may be overridden.

Loose-filled Asbestos Insulation

Some residential homes located in the Blacktown Local Government Area may potentially contain loose-fill asbestos insulation, for example in the roof space. NSW Fair Trading maintains a Register of homes that are affected by loose-fill asbestos insulation.

You should make your own enquiries as to the age of the buildings on the land to which this certificate relates and, if it contains a building constructed prior to 1980, the council strongly recommends that any potential purchaser obtain advice from a licensed asbestos assessor to determine whether loose-fill asbestos is present in any building on the land and, if so, the health risks (if any) this may pose for the building's occupants.

Contact NSW Fair Trading for further information

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The land is affected by a tree preservation control under Clause 5.9 of the Blacktown Local Environmental Plan 2015. A person shall not ringbark, cut down, lop, top, remove, injure or wilfully destroy any tree, or cause any tree to be ringbarked, cut down, topped, lopped, injured or wilfully destroyed, except with the consent of the Council.

The provisions of any covenant, agreement or instrument applying to this land purporting to restrict or prohibit certain development may be inconsistent with the provisions of a Regional Environmental Plan, State Environmental Planning Policy or Blacktown Local Environmental Plan 2015, in which case the provisions of any such covenant, agreement or instrument may be overridden.

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The *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* amended the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* to require, amongst other things, that:

- (a) A critical habitat (as defined in the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*) be identified in environmental planning instruments, and
- (b) Consent authorities and determining authorities must, when considering proposed development or an activity, assess whether it is likely to significantly affect threatened species, populations and ecological communities, or their habitats, and, if a significant effect is likely, to require the preparation of a species impact statement in accordance with the requirements of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*, and
- (c) Consent authorities and determining authorities must, when considering proposed development or an activity, have regard to the relevant recovery plans and threat abatement plans.

The *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999* provides protection for items of national significance. Items of national environmental significance include nationally threatened animal and plant species and ecological communities.

The Act requires a separate Commonwealth approval to be obtained where an action is likely to have significant impacts on items of national environmental significance.

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Attachment 1 – State Environmental Planning Policies

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SEPP No 65 - Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development

This policy aims to improve the design quality of residential apartment development through the application of 9 design quality principles. The policy also provides requirements for a constituted design review panel to provide independent expert advice to council on the merit of residential flat developments. A design review panel is not mandatory.

Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No 30 - St Marys

This plan provides the planning framework for the planning and development of land known as Australian Defence Industries (ADI) site at St Marys.

SEPP (Western Sydney Employment Area) 2009

This policy aims to protect and enhance land in the Western Sydney Employment Area for employment purposes and to promote economic development and the creations of employment opportunities in Western Sydney. The policy provides for a coordinated approach to the planning, development and rezoning of land within the Western Sydney Employment Area and includes controls to ensure that development occurs in a logical, environmentally sensitive and cost-effective manner.

SEPP (Western Sydney Parklands) 2009

This policy provides the framework to enable the Western Sydney Parklands Trust to develop the Western Parklands into a multi-use urban parkland to meet a range of community needs and interests, including those that promote health and well-being in the community for Western Sydney.

SEPP (Western Sydney Recreation Area)

This policy enables development to be carried out for recreational, sporting and cultural purposes within the Western Sydney Recreation Area, including the development of a recreation area of state significance.

Authorised by Blacktown City Council
Proforma ID: 1077696

End of Certificate

Applicant Details

Your reference P0036077

URBIS PTY LTD
123 ANGEL PLACE
SYDNEY NSW 2000

Certificate Details

Certificate no.	PL2022/01175	Fee: \$133.00
Date issued	31 January 2022	Urgency fee: N/A
Receipt no.	ePay Ref 192972	

Property information

Property ID	158470	Land ID	158473
Legal description	LOT 185 DP 8716		
Address	FLUSHCOMBE ROAD BLACKTOWN NSW 2148		
County	CUMBERLAND	Parish	PROSPECT

PLANNING CERTIFICATE (Section 10.7(2 & 5))

Blacktown City Council prepared this Planning Certificate under Section 10.7 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. The form and content of the Certificate is consistent with *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000*.

Disclaimer

Blacktown City Council gives notice and points out to all users of the information supplied herein, that the information herein has been compiled by Council from sources outside of Council's control. While the information herein is provided with all due care and in good faith, it is provided on the basis that Council will not accept any responsibility for and will not be liable for its contents or for any consequence arising from its use, and every user of such information is advised to make all necessary enquiries from the appropriate organisations, institutions and the like.

Blacktown City Council also gives notice to all users of the information supplied herein, wherever any particular enquiry herein remains unanswered or has not been elaborated upon, such silence should not be interpreted as meaning or inferring either a negative or a positive response as the case may be.

Section 10.7(2)

The following information is provided under Section 10.7(2) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. The information relates to the subject land at the date of this Certificate.

1. Names of relevant planning instruments and development control plans

1.1 Environmental Planning Instrument

As at the date of this certificate the abovementioned land is not affected by Blacktown Local Environmental Plan 2015.

The land is affected by the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Employment Area) 2009*.

1.2 Proposed Local Environmental Plans

On 16 August 2021, Council placed a housekeeping amendment Planning Proposal to amend Blacktown Local Environmental Plan 2015.

The proposal amends:

- Clause 4.1AA Minimum subdivision lot size for community title schemes, and Clause 4.1A Minimum subdivision lot size for strata plan schemes, to remove inconsistency with Clause 4.1(4) Minimum subdivision lot size,
- Clause 4.1 C relating to the subdivision of a lawfully erected dual occupancy development on a corner lot, by including an objective and clarifying what is defined as a corner lot, and
- Schedule 1 – Additional permitted uses to update the legal description of No 22 John Hines Avenue, Minchinbury

A copy of the Planning Proposal is available on the NSW Planning Portal:

<https://pp.planningportal.nsw.gov.au/ppr/pre-exhibition/housekeeping-amendment-no2-blacktown-local-environmental-plan-2015>

1.3 Other Applicable State Environmental Planning Policies

Attachment 1 contains a list of State Environmental Planning Policies that may apply to the carrying out of development on the subject land.

1.4 Proposed State Environmental Planning Policies

The following draft State Environmental Planning Policies (SEPPs) or Explanation of Intended Effects (EIE) are currently on exhibition or have been exhibited. For further information refer to <https://www.planningportal.nsw.gov.au/draftplans>

- The draft State Environmental Planning Policy (Design and Place) 2021 and supporting guides were placed on exhibition on 10 December 2021. The draft State Environmental Planning Policy (Design and Place) 2021 will supersede the existing State Environmental Planning Policy No 65 – Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development, and State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004, with relevant provisions transferred across.
- The NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment exhibited an Explanation of Intended Effect from 29 October 2021 to 30 November 2021 to amend State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 (Fun SEPP).
- The amendment proposes to support hospitality, events and arts industries through the use of exempt and complying development. For more information visit <https://www.planningportal.nsw.gov.au/the-fun-SEPP>
- The NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment exhibited an Explanation of Intended Effect from 31 March to 9 May 2021 to amend State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 (Building Business Back Better).
- The NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment exhibited an Explanation of Intended Effect between 31 March and 12 May 2021 to review Clause 4.6 of the Standard Instrument Local Environmental Plan
- The NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment exhibited an Explanation of Intended Effect from 2 March to 16 March 2020 to amend State Environmental Planning Policy (State and Regional Development) 2011 to facilitate the efficient delivery of upgrades to existing water treatment facilities in NSW
- The NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment exhibited an Explanation of Intended Effect from 20 November to 17 December 2020 to amend the Infrastructure SEPP related to health services facilities.
- The NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment exhibited an Explanation of Intended Effect from 20 November to 17 December 2020 to amend the State Environmental Planning Policy (Educational Establishments and Child Care Facilities) 2017
- The NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment exhibited an Explanation of Intended Effect from 26 August to 2 November 2020 to recommend the creation of a new State Environmental Planning Policy for strategic conservation planning
- The NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment exhibited a Flood Prone Land Package from the 30 April to 25 June 2020

- The NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment exhibited an Explanation of Intended Effect from 7 September to 28 September 2018 to amend State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006
- The NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment exhibited an Explanation of Intended Effect between 31 October 2017 and 31 January 2018 for the proposed Environment SEPP.

1.5 Development control plans

The *Huntingwood Precinct Development Control Plan 2011* outlines the provisions relating to development within the Huntingwood Precinct under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Employment Area) 2009* (WSEA SEPP). The DCP was adopted by Blacktown City Council under delegation from the Director-General of the Department of Planning and Infrastructure on 10 August 2011 and came into force on 23 August 2011.

2. Zoning and land use under relevant environmental planning instruments

The following information will assist in determining how the subject land may be developed. It is recommended that you read this section in conjunction with a full copy of any relevant environmental planning instrument as there may be additional provisions that affect how the land may be developed.

2.1 Zoning

Under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Employment Area) 2009*, the land is zoned:

IN1 General Industrial

For information about the types of development that may or may not be carried out on the land, please refer to a full copy of the Environmental Planning Instrument identified above.

2.2 Minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house

Not applicable

2.3 Critical habitat

The land does not include or comprise a critical habitat.

Note: Critical habitat registers are kept by the National Parks and Wildlife Service under the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* and the Department of Fisheries under the *Fisheries Management Act 1994*.

2.4 Conservation areas

The land is not within a conservation area.

2.5 Environmental Heritage

The land does not contain an item of environmental heritage under the protection of State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Employment Area) 2009

3. Complying development

Complying development may or may not be carried out on the subject land under an Environmental Planning Policy. Council does not have sufficient information to determine the extent to which specific complying development may or may not be carried out.

4. Coastal protection

The subject land is not affected by the operation of Sections 38 or 39 of the *Coastal Protection Act, 1979*.

5. Mine subsidence

The subject land has not been proclaimed to be a mine subsidence district within the meaning of Section 15 of the *Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 1961*.

6. Road widening and road realignment

The subject land is not affected by road widening or road realignment under an environmental planning instrument.

7. Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

7.1 Contaminated Lands Policy and Asbestos Policy Schedule 6

Council has adopted a Contaminated Lands Policy and an Asbestos Policy which may restrict development on the subject land.

The Land Contamination Policy applies when zoning or land use changes are proposed on land which has previously been used for certain purposes or has the potential to be affected by such purposes undertaken on nearby lands. The Asbestos Policy applies where land contains, or is likely to have contained in the past, buildings or structures that were erected prior to the banning of asbestos. Both policies should be considered in the context of relevant State legislation and guidelines.

Council's records may not be sufficient to determine all previous uses on the land, or determine activities that may have taken place on this land.

7.2 Other policies on hazard risk restrictions

Council has not adopted any other policies to restrict the development of the subject land by reason of the likelihood of landslip, bushfire, tidal inundation, subsidence or the occurrence of acid sulphate soils.

Note: Although Council has not adopted a specific policy to restrict development bushfire prone land, it is bound by state-wide bushfire legislation that may restrict development on the subject land. Additional information relating to bushfire prone land is provided at point 11 below.

7a. Flood related development controls information

The Flood Inundation maps prepared by Council are based on results of Engineering flood studies commissioned by Government authorities or Council. The information provided in this section is general advice based on Council's current adopted flood mapping. For more detailed flood information, please contact Council's Flooding Section and/or email Floodadvice@blacktown.nsw.gov.au

8. Land reserved for acquisition

State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Employment Area) 2009 makes provision for land included on the Land Reservation Acquisition Map to be acquired by a public authority.

9. Contributions plans

Council currently levies contributions under Section 7.11 of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979* for facilities and services. The further development of the subject land may incur such contributions.

9a. Biodiversity certified land

The land is not biodiversity certified land as defined by Part 7AA of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*.

10. Biobanking agreements

The land is not subject to any biobanking agreement under Part 7A of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*.

11. Bushfire prone land

The Rural Fires and Environmental Assessment Legislation Amendment Act 2002, which came into force on 1 August 2002, introduced development provisions for bush fire prone land as shown on a Bush Fire Prone Land Map. "Bush fire prone land" is land that has been designated by the Commissioner of the NSW Rural Fire Service as being bush fire prone due to characteristics of vegetation and topography. The land the subject of this certificate has been identified on Council's Bush Fire Prone Land Map as being:

Clear of any bush fire prone land

On land that is bush fire prone, certain development may require further consideration under Section 4.14 or Section 4.46 of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979* and under Section 100B of the *Rural Fires Act 1997*.

12. Property vegetation plans

The subject land is not affected by a property vegetation plan under the *Native Vegetation Act 2003*. The Blacktown local government area is excluded from the operation of the *Native Vegetation Act 2003* (refer Schedule 1 Part 3 of that Act).

13. Orders under *Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006*

No. Council has not been notified of any order made under the *Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006* in relation to the subject land.

14. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for seniors housing

Land to which this Certificate applies is not subject to the above.

15. Site compatibility certificates for infrastructure

Land to which this Certificate applies is not subject to the above.

16. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for affordable rental housing

Land to which this Certificate applies is not subject to the above.

17. Paper subdivision information

Not applicable

18. Site verification certificates

Council is not aware of any site verification certificate applying to the subject land.

Under the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997* and *Contaminated Land Management Amendment Act 2008*

- (a) The land to which this certificate relates has not been declared to be significantly contaminated land at the date when the certificate was issued
- (b) The land to which the certificate relates is not subject to a management order at the date when the certificate was issued
- (c) The land to which this certificate relates is not the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal at the date when the certificate was issued
- (d) The land to which this certificate relates is not subject to an ongoing maintenance order as at the date when the certificate was issued

- (e) The land to which this certificate relates is not the subject of a site audit statement provided to the Council.

19. Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

19.1 Affected building notices

Council is not aware of any affected building notice in force for the subject land.

19.2 Building product rectification orders

- (a) Council is not aware of any building product rectification order in force for the subject land.
- (b) Council is not aware of any notice of intention to make a building product rectification order being given for the subject land.

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SEPP No 65 - Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development

This policy aims to improve the design quality of residential apartment development through the application of 9 design quality principles. The policy also provides requirements for a constituted design review panel to provide independent expert advice to council on the merit of residential flat developments. A design review panel is not mandatory.

Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No 30 - St Marys

This plan provides the planning framework for the planning and development of land known as Australian Defence Industries (ADI) site at St Marys.

SEPP (Western Sydney Employment Area) 2009

This policy aims to protect and enhance land in the Western Sydney Employment Area for employment purposes and to promote economic development and the creations of employment opportunities in Western Sydney. The policy provides for a coordinated approach to the planning, development and rezoning of land within the Western Sydney Employment Area and includes controls to ensure that development occurs in a logical, environmentally sensitive and cost-effective manner.

SEPP (Western Sydney Parklands) 2009

This policy provides the framework to enable the Western Sydney Parklands Trust to develop the Western Parklands into a multi-use urban parkland to meet a range of community needs and interests, including those that promote health and well-being in the community for Western Sydney.

SEPP (Western Sydney Recreation Area)

This policy enables development to be carried out for recreational, sporting and cultural purposes within the Western Sydney Recreation Area, including the development of a recreation area of state significance.

Authorised by Blacktown City Council
Proforma ID: 1077700

End of Certificate

Applicant Details

Your reference P0036077

URBIS PTY LTD
123 ANGEL PLACE
SYDNEY NSW 2000

Certificate Details

Certificate no.	PL2022/01176	Fee: \$133.00
Date issued	01 February 2022	Urgency fee: N/A
Receipt no.	ePay Ref 192972	

Property information

Property ID	158470	Land ID	158472
Legal description	LOT 186 DP 8716		
Address	FLUSHCOMBE ROAD BLACKTOWN NSW 2148		
County	CUMBERLAND	Parish	PROSPECT

PLANNING CERTIFICATE (Section 10.7(2 & 5))

Blacktown City Council prepared this Planning Certificate under Section 10.7 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. The form and content of the Certificate is consistent with *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000*.

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Section 10.7(2)

The following information is provided under Section 10.7(2) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. The information relates to the subject land at the date of this Certificate.

1. Names of relevant planning instruments and development control plans

1.1 Environmental Planning Instrument

As at the date of this certificate the abovementioned land is not affected by Blacktown Local Environmental Plan 2015.

The land is affected by the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Employment Area) 2009*.

1.2 Proposed Local Environmental Plans

On 16 August 2021, Council placed a housekeeping amendment Planning Proposal to amend Blacktown Local Environmental Plan 2015.

The proposal amends:

- Clause 4.1AA Minimum subdivision lot size for community title schemes, and Clause 4.1A Minimum subdivision lot size for strata plan schemes, to remove inconsistency with Clause 4.1(4) Minimum subdivision lot size,
- Clause 4.1 C relating to the subdivision of a lawfully erected dual occupancy development on a corner lot, by including an objective and clarifying what is defined as a corner lot, and
- Schedule 1 – Additional permitted uses to update the legal description of No 22 John Hines Avenue, Minchinbury

A copy of the Planning Proposal is available on the NSW Planning Portal:

<https://pp.planningportal.nsw.gov.au/ppr/pre-exhibition/housekeeping-amendment-no2-blacktown-local-environmental-plan-2015>

1.3 Other Applicable State Environmental Planning Policies

Attachment 1 contains a list of State Environmental Planning Policies that may apply to the carrying out of development on the subject land.

1.4 Proposed State Environmental Planning Policies

The following draft State Environmental Planning Policies (SEPPs) or Explanation of Intended Effects (EIE) are currently on exhibition or have been exhibited. For further information refer to <https://www.planningportal.nsw.gov.au/draftplans>

- The draft State Environmental Planning Policy (Design and Place) 2021 and supporting guides were placed on exhibition on 10 December 2021. The draft State Environmental Planning Policy (Design and Place) 2021 will supersede the existing State Environmental Planning Policy No 65 – Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development, and State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004, with relevant provisions transferred across.
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- The amendment proposes to support hospitality, events and arts industries through the use of exempt and complying development. For more information visit <https://www.planningportal.nsw.gov.au/the-fun-SEPP>
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- The NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment exhibited an Explanation of Intended Effect from 2 March to 16 March 2020 to amend State Environmental Planning Policy (State and Regional Development) 2011 to facilitate the efficient delivery of upgrades to existing water treatment facilities in NSW
- The NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment exhibited an Explanation of Intended Effect from 20 November to 17 December 2020 to amend the Infrastructure SEPP related to health services facilities.
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- The NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment exhibited an Explanation of Intended Effect from 26 August to 2 November 2020 to recommend the creation of a new State Environmental Planning Policy for strategic conservation planning
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- The NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment exhibited an Explanation of Intended Effect from 7 September to 28 September 2018 to amend State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006
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1.5 Development control plans

The *Huntingwood Precinct Development Control Plan 2011* outlines the provisions relating to development within the Huntingwood Precinct under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Employment Area) 2009* (WSEA SEPP). The DCP was adopted by Blacktown City Council under delegation from the Director-General of the Department of Planning and Infrastructure on 10 August 2011 and came into force on 23 August 2011.

2. Zoning and land use under relevant environmental planning instruments

The following information will assist in determining how the subject land may be developed. It is recommended that you read this section in conjunction with a full copy of any relevant environmental planning instrument as there may be additional provisions that affect how the land may be developed.

2.1 Zoning

Under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Employment Area) 2009*, the land is zoned:

IN1 General Industrial

For information about the types of development that may or may not be carried out on the land, please refer to a full copy of the Environmental Planning Instrument identified above.

2.2 Minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house

Not applicable

2.3 Critical habitat

The land does not include or comprise a critical habitat.

Note: Critical habitat registers are kept by the National Parks and Wildlife Service under the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* and the Department of Fisheries under the *Fisheries Management Act 1994*.

2.4 Conservation areas

The land is not within a conservation area.

2.5 Environmental Heritage

The land does not contain an item of environmental heritage under the protection of State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Employment Area) 2009

3. Complying development

Complying development may or may not be carried out on the subject land under an Environmental Planning Policy. Council does not have sufficient information to determine the extent to which specific complying development may or may not be carried out.

4. Coastal protection

The subject land is not affected by the operation of Sections 38 or 39 of the *Coastal Protection Act, 1979*.

5. Mine subsidence

The subject land has not been proclaimed to be a mine subsidence district within the meaning of Section 15 of the *Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 1961*.

6. Road widening and road realignment

The subject land is not affected by road widening or road realignment under an environmental planning instrument.

7. Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

7.1 Contaminated Lands Policy and Asbestos Policy Schedule 6

Council has adopted a Contaminated Lands Policy and an Asbestos Policy which may restrict development on the subject land.

The Land Contamination Policy applies when zoning or land use changes are proposed on land which has previously been used for certain purposes or has the potential to be affected by such purposes undertaken on nearby lands. The Asbestos Policy applies where land contains, or is likely to have contained in the past, buildings or structures that were erected prior to the banning of asbestos. Both policies should be considered in the context of relevant State legislation and guidelines.

Council's records may not be sufficient to determine all previous uses on the land, or determine activities that may have taken place on this land.

7.2 Other policies on hazard risk restrictions

Council has not adopted any other policies to restrict the development of the subject land by reason of the likelihood of landslip, bushfire, tidal inundation, subsidence or the occurrence of acid sulphate soils.

Note: Although Council has not adopted a specific policy to restrict development bushfire prone land, it is bound by state-wide bushfire legislation that may restrict development on the subject land. Additional information relating to bushfire prone land is provided at point 11 below.

7a. Flood related development controls information

The Flood Inundation maps prepared by Council are based on results of Engineering flood studies commissioned by Government authorities or Council. The information provided in this section is general advice based on Council's current adopted flood mapping. For more detailed flood information, please contact Council's Flooding Section and/or email Floodadvice@blacktown.nsw.gov.au

8. Land reserved for acquisition

State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Employment Area) 2009 makes provision for land included on the Land Reservation Acquisition Map to be acquired by a public authority.

9. Contributions plans

Council currently levies contributions under Section 7.11 of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979* for facilities and services. The further development of the subject land may incur such contributions.

9a. Biodiversity certified land

The land is not biodiversity certified land as defined by Part 7AA of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*.

10. Biobanking agreements

The land is not subject to any biobanking agreement under Part 7A of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*.

11. Bushfire prone land

The Rural Fires and Environmental Assessment Legislation Amendment Act 2002, which came into force on 1 August 2002, introduced development provisions for bush fire prone land as shown on a Bush Fire Prone Land Map. "Bush fire prone land" is land that has been designated by the Commissioner of the NSW Rural Fire Service as being bush fire prone due to characteristics of vegetation and topography. The land the subject of this certificate has been identified on Council's Bush Fire Prone Land Map as being:

Clear of any bush fire prone land

On land that is bush fire prone, certain development may require further consideration under Section 4.14 or Section 4.46 of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979* and under Section 100B of the *Rural Fires Act 1997*.

12. Property vegetation plans

The subject land is not affected by a property vegetation plan under the *Native Vegetation Act 2003*. The Blacktown local government area is excluded from the operation of the *Native Vegetation Act 2003* (refer Schedule 1 Part 3 of that Act).

13. Orders under *Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006*

No. Council has not been notified of any order made under the *Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006* in relation to the subject land.

14. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for seniors housing

Land to which this Certificate applies is not subject to the above.

15. Site compatibility certificates for infrastructure

Land to which this Certificate applies is not subject to the above.

16. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for affordable rental housing

Land to which this Certificate applies is not subject to the above.

17. Paper subdivision information

Not applicable

18. Site verification certificates

Council is not aware of any site verification certificate applying to the subject land.

Under the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997* and *Contaminated Land Management Amendment Act 2008*

- (a) The land to which this certificate relates has not been declared to be significantly contaminated land at the date when the certificate was issued
- (b) The land to which the certificate relates is not subject to a management order at the date when the certificate was issued
- (c) The land to which this certificate relates is not the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal at the date when the certificate was issued
- (d) The land to which this certificate relates is not subject to an ongoing maintenance order as at the date when the certificate was issued

- (e) The land to which this certificate relates is not the subject of a site audit statement provided to the Council.

19. Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

19.1 Affected building notices

Council is not aware of any affected building notice in force for the subject land.

19.2 Building product rectification orders

- (a) Council is not aware of any building product rectification order in force for the subject land.
- (b) Council is not aware of any notice of intention to make a building product rectification order being given for the subject land.

Section 10.7(5)

The following information is provided under Section 10.7(5) of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979*. As per section 10.7(6) of the Act, Council shall not incur any liability in respect of any advice provided in good faith under section 10.7(5). The absence of any reference to any matter affecting the land shall not imply that the land is not affected by any matter not referred to in this Certificate.

Planning Instruments and Covenants

The provisions of any covenant, agreement or instrument applying to this land that restrict or prohibit certain development may be inconsistent with the provisions of an environmental planning instrument. In such cases, the provisions of any such covenant, agreement or instrument may be overridden.

Loose-filled Asbestos Insulation

Some residential homes located in the Blacktown Local Government Area may potentially contain loose-fill asbestos insulation, for example in the roof space. NSW Fair Trading maintains a Register of homes that are affected by loose-fill asbestos insulation.

You should make your own enquiries as to the age of the buildings on the land to which this certificate relates and, if it contains a building constructed prior to 1980, the council strongly recommends that any potential purchaser obtain advice from a licensed asbestos assessor to determine whether loose-fill asbestos is present in any building on the land and, if so, the health risks (if any) this may pose for the building's occupants.

Contact NSW Fair Trading for further information

Biodiversity and Threatened Species Conservation

The land is affected by a tree preservation control under Clause 5.9 of the Blacktown Local Environmental Plan 2015. A person shall not ringbark, cut down, lop, top, remove, injure or wilfully destroy any tree, or cause any tree to be ringbarked, cut down, topped, lopped, injured or wilfully destroyed, except with the consent of the Council.

The provisions of any covenant, agreement or instrument applying to this land purporting to restrict or prohibit certain development may be inconsistent with the provisions of a Regional Environmental Plan, State Environmental Planning Policy or Blacktown Local Environmental Plan 2015, in which case the provisions of any such covenant, agreement or instrument may be overridden.

The *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* provides for the conservation of threatened species, populations and ecological communities of animals and plants.

The *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* amended the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* to require, amongst other things, that:

- (a) A critical habitat (as defined in the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*) be identified in environmental planning instruments, and
- (b) Consent authorities and determining authorities must, when considering proposed development or an activity, assess whether it is likely to significantly affect threatened species, populations and ecological communities, or their habitats, and, if a significant effect is likely, to require the preparation of a species impact statement in accordance with the requirements of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*, and
- (c) Consent authorities and determining authorities must, when considering proposed development or an activity, have regard to the relevant recovery plans and threat abatement plans.

The *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999* provides protection for items of national significance. Items of national environmental significance include nationally threatened animal and plant species and ecological communities.

The Act requires a separate Commonwealth approval to be obtained where an action is likely to have significant impacts on items of national environmental significance.

For further information on this matter, please contact the Australian Government's Department of the Environment.

Attachment 1 – State Environmental Planning Policies

In addition to the principal environmental planning instrument identified in section 2.1 of this Certificate, the following State Environmental Planning Policies may also affect development on the subject land.

SEPP (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009

This policy aims to facilitate the increased supply and diversity of affordable rental and social housing in NSW and covers housing types including in-fill affordable housing, along with secondary dwellings (granny flats), boarding houses, group homes, social housing and supportive accommodation. Part 3 of the policy provides for the retention of existing affordable rental housing stock. Development applications to demolish, alter or add, change the use of, or strata subdivide existing low cost rental dwellings may require a contribution towards the provision of alternative affordable housing.

SEPP (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004

This policy aims to ensure consistency in the implementation of the BASIX scheme throughout the State by overriding provisions of other environmental planning instruments and development control plans that would otherwise add to, subtract from or modify any obligations arising under the BASIX scheme.

SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008

This policy is also known as the Codes SEPP and includes a number of Codes that allow for certain types of development to be undertaken without the need for council approval as either Exempt Development or approved under a fast track system known as Complying Development, if the relevant standards are met.

SEPP (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006

This policy provides for the coordinated release of land for residential, employment and other urban development in the North West Growth Centre, the South West Growth Centre and the Wilton Growth Area. It provides development controls to enable the establishment of vibrant, sustainable and liveable neighbourhoods that provide for community well-being and high quality local amenity.

SEPP (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004

This policy is also known as Seniors Housing SEPP and encourages the development of high quality and well-designed housing for older people and people with disabilities, while ensuring that it is in keeping with neighbourhood character. In October 2018, an amendment was made to change some

rules for site compatibility certificates and to make the relevant planning panel the determining authority for site compatibility certificates issued under the Seniors Housing SEPP.

SEPP (Infrastructure) 2007

This policy assists the NSW Government, private infrastructure providers, local councils and the communities they support by simplifying the process for providing infrastructure like hospitals, roads, railways, emergency services, water supply and electricity delivery, while ensuring appropriate levels of environmental assessment and consultation are undertaken. Recent changes introduce new provisions for correctional services, emergency and police services facilities and bushfire hazard reduction, ports and roads infrastructure, including facilities for electric vehicles, and other operational and housekeeping improvements.

SEPP (Miscellaneous Consent Provisions) 2007

This policy contains provisions for the erection of temporary structures, subdivision, the demolition of a building or work, certain change of use and fire alarm communication links.

SEPP (State Significant Precincts) 2005

The purpose of this Policy is to facilitate the development, redevelopment or protection of important urban, coastal and regional sites of economic, environmental or social significance to the State so as to facilitate the orderly use, development or conservation of those State significant precincts for the benefit of the State. It also aims to facilitate service delivery outcomes for a range of public services and to provide for the development of major sites for a public purpose or redevelopment of major sites no longer appropriate or suitable for public purposes.

SEPP (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007

This policy is also known as the Mining SEPP and governs the way that mining, petroleum production and extractive material resource proposals are assessed and developed in NSW.

SEPP No 1 - Development Standards

This policy provides flexibility in the application of development standards and allows Council to approve a development that does not comply with a development standard where it can be shown that the development standard is unreasonable or unnecessary.

SEPP No 19 - Bushland in Urban Areas

This policy protects and preserves bushland within urban areas because of its natural heritage, its aesthetic value and its value for recreational, educational or scientific purposes. The policy aims to protect bushland areas in public open space zones and reservations and ensures that bushland

preservation is given priority when local environmental plans are prepared.

SEPP No 21 - Caravan Parks

This policy applies to development for the purpose of caravan parks and camping grounds. The policy ensures that development consent is required for new caravan parks and camping grounds and for additional long term sites in existing caravan parks. It also requires that development consent be obtained from Council for the subdivision of land for lease purposes under the Local Government Act.

SEPP No. 30 - Intensive Agriculture

Requires development consent for cattle feedlots having a capacity of 50 or more cattle or piggeries having a capacity of 200 or more pigs. The policy sets out information and public notification requirements to ensure there are effective planning control over this export-driven rural industry. The policy does not alter if, and where, such development is permitted, or the functions of the consent authority.

SEPP No. 32 - Urban Consolidation

States the Government's intention to ensure that urban consolidation objectives are met in all urban areas throughout the State. The policy focuses on the redevelopment of urban land that is no longer required for the purpose it is currently zoned or used, and encourages local councils to pursue their own urban consolidation strategies to help implement the aims and objectives of the policy. Councils will continue to be responsible for the majority of rezonings. The policy sets out guidelines for the Minister to follow when considering whether to initiate a regional environmental plan (REP) to make particular sites available for consolidated urban redevelopment. Where a site is rezoned by an REP, the Minister will be the consent authority.

SEPP No 33 - Hazardous and Offensive Development

This policy applies to development defined as 'potentially hazardous industry' or 'potentially offensive industry'. The policy ensures that in determining whether a development is a hazardous or offensive industry, any measures proposed to be employed to reduce the impact of the development are taken into account.

SEPP No 55 - Remediation of Land

This policy promotes the remediation of contaminated land for the purpose of reducing risk of harm to human health. The policy includes considerations that are relevant in rezoning land and in determining development applications where remediation of land is required.

SEPP No. 62 - Sustainable Aquaculture

Encourages the sustainable expansion of the industry in NSW. The policy implements the regional strategies already developed by creating a simple approach to identify and categorise aquaculture development on the basis of its potential environmental impact. The SEPP also identifies aquaculture development as a designated development only where there are potential environmental risks.

SEPP No 64 - Advertising and Signage

This policy sets out planning controls for advertising and signage in NSW and requires signage to be compatible with the future character of an area, provide effective communication in suitable locations and be of high quality design and finish. The policy also bans advertisements on parked trailers on roads, road shoulders, footpaths and nature strips, excluding advertising associated with the primary use of the trailer.

SEPP No 65 - Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development

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Authorised by Blacktown City Council
Proforma ID: 1077899

End of Certificate

Applicant Details

Your reference P0036077

URBIS PTY LTD
123 ANGEL PLACE
SYDNEY NSW 2000

Certificate Details

Certificate no.	PL2022/01177	Fee: \$133.00
Date issued	01 February 2022	Urgency fee: N/A
Receipt no.	ePay Ref 192972	

Property information

Property ID	158495	Land ID	158495
Legal description	LOT 183 DP 8716		
Address	14 AUGUSTA STREET BLACKTOWN NSW 2148		
County	CUMBERLAND	Parish	PROSPECT

PLANNING CERTIFICATE (Section 10.7(2 & 5))

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1. Names of relevant planning instruments and development control plans

1.1 Environmental Planning Instrument

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The land is affected by the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Employment Area) 2009*.

1.2 Proposed Local Environmental Plans

On 16 August 2021, Council placed a housekeeping amendment Planning Proposal to amend Blacktown Local Environmental Plan 2015.

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1.5 Development control plans

The Huntingwood Precinct Development Control Plan 2011 outlines the provisions relating to development within the Huntingwood Precinct under State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Employment Area) 2009 (WSEA SEPP). The DCP was adopted by Blacktown City Council under delegation from the Director-General of the Department of Planning and Infrastructure on 10 August 2011 and came into force on 23 August 2011.

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The following information will assist in determining how the subject land may be developed. It is recommended that you read this section in conjunction with a full copy of any relevant environmental planning instrument as there may be additional provisions that affect how the land may be developed.

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Under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Employment Area) 2009*, the land is zoned:

IN1 General Industrial

For information about the types of development that may or may not be carried out on the land, please refer to a full copy of the Environmental Planning Instrument identified above.

2.2 Minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house

Not applicable

2.3 Critical habitat

The land does not include or comprise a critical habitat.

Note: Critical habitat registers are kept by the National Parks and Wildlife Service under the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* and the Department of Fisheries under the *Fisheries Management Act 1994*.

2.4 Conservation areas

The land is not within a conservation area.

2.5 Environmental Heritage

The land does not contain an item of environmental heritage under the protection of State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Employment Area) 2009

3. Complying development

Complying development may or may not be carried out on the subject land under an Environmental Planning Policy. Council does not have sufficient information to determine the extent to which specific complying development may or may not be carried out.

4. Coastal protection

The subject land is not affected by the operation of Sections 38 or 39 of the *Coastal Protection Act, 1979*.

5. Mine subsidence

The subject land has not been proclaimed to be a mine subsidence district within the meaning of Section 15 of the *Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 1961*.

6. Road widening and road realignment

The subject land is not affected by road widening or road realignment under an environmental planning instrument.

7. Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

7.1 Contaminated Lands Policy and Asbestos Policy Schedule 6

Council has adopted a Contaminated Lands Policy and an Asbestos Policy which may restrict development on the subject land.

The Land Contamination Policy applies when zoning or land use changes are proposed on land which has previously been used for certain purposes or has the potential to be affected by such purposes undertaken on nearby lands. The Asbestos Policy applies where land contains, or is likely to have contained in the past, buildings or structures that were erected prior to the banning of asbestos. Both policies should be considered in the context of relevant State legislation and guidelines.

Council's records may not be sufficient to determine all previous uses on the land, or determine activities that may have taken place on this land.

7.2 Other policies on hazard risk restrictions

Council has not adopted any other policies to restrict the development of the subject land by reason of the likelihood of landslip, bushfire, tidal inundation, subsidence or the occurrence of acid sulphate soils.

Note: Although Council has not adopted a specific policy to restrict development bushfire prone land, it is bound by state-wide bushfire legislation that may restrict development on the subject land. Additional information relating to bushfire prone land is provided at point 11 below.

7a. Flood related development controls information

The Flood Inundation maps prepared by Council are based on results of Engineering flood studies commissioned by Government authorities or Council. The information provided in this section is general advice based on Council's current adopted flood mapping. For more detailed flood information, please contact Council's Flooding Section and/or email Floodadvice@blacktown.nsw.gov.au

8. Land reserved for acquisition

State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Employment Area) 2009 makes provision for land included on the Land Reservation Acquisition Map to be acquired by a public authority.

9. Contributions plans

Council currently levies contributions under Section 7.11 of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979* for facilities and services. The further development of the subject land may incur such contributions.

9a. Biodiversity certified land

The land is not biodiversity certified land as defined by Part 7AA of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*.

10. Biobanking agreements

The land is not subject to any biobanking agreement under Part 7A of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*.

11. Bushfire prone land

The Rural Fires and Environmental Assessment Legislation Amendment Act 2002, which came into force on 1 August 2002, introduced development provisions for bush fire prone land as shown on a Bush Fire Prone Land Map. "Bush fire prone land" is land that has been designated by the Commissioner of the NSW Rural Fire Service as being bush fire prone due to characteristics of vegetation and topography. The land the subject of this certificate has been identified on Council's Bush Fire Prone Land Map as being:

Clear of any bush fire prone land

On land that is bush fire prone, certain development may require further consideration under Section 4.14 or Section 4.46 of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979* and under Section 100B of the *Rural Fires Act 1997*.

12. Property vegetation plans

The subject land is not affected by a property vegetation plan under the *Native Vegetation Act 2003*. The Blacktown local government area is excluded from the operation of the *Native Vegetation Act 2003* (refer Schedule 1 Part 3 of that Act).

13. Orders under *Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006*

No. Council has not been notified of any order made under the *Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006* in relation to the subject land.

14. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for seniors housing

Land to which this Certificate applies is not subject to the above.

15. Site compatibility certificates for infrastructure

Land to which this Certificate applies is not subject to the above.

16. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for affordable rental housing

Land to which this Certificate applies is not subject to the above.

17. Paper subdivision information

Not applicable

18. Site verification certificates

Council is not aware of any site verification certificate applying to the subject land.

Under the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997* and *Contaminated Land Management Amendment Act 2008*

- (a) The land to which this certificate relates has not been declared to be significantly contaminated land at the date when the certificate was issued
- (b) The land to which the certificate relates is not subject to a management order at the date when the certificate was issued
- (c) The land to which this certificate relates is not the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal at the date when the certificate was issued
- (d) The land to which this certificate relates is not subject to an ongoing maintenance order as at the date when the certificate was issued

- (e) The land to which this certificate relates is not the subject of a site audit statement provided to the Council.

19. Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

19.1 Affected building notices

Council is not aware of any affected building notice in force for the subject land.

19.2 Building product rectification orders

- (a) Council is not aware of any building product rectification order in force for the subject land.
- (b) Council is not aware of any notice of intention to make a building product rectification order being given for the subject land.

Section 10.7(5)

The following information is provided under Section 10.7(5) of the *Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979*. As per section 10.7(6) of the Act, Council shall not incur any liability in respect of any advice provided in good faith under section 10.7(5). The absence of any reference to any matter affecting the land shall not imply that the land is not affected by any matter not referred to in this Certificate.

Planning Instruments and Covenants

The provisions of any covenant, agreement or instrument applying to this land that restrict or prohibit certain development may be inconsistent with the provisions of an environmental planning instrument. In such cases, the provisions of any such covenant, agreement or instrument may be overridden.

Loose-filled Asbestos Insulation

Some residential homes located in the Blacktown Local Government Area may potentially contain loose-fill asbestos insulation, for example in the roof space. NSW Fair Trading maintains a Register of homes that are affected by loose-fill asbestos insulation.

You should make your own enquiries as to the age of the buildings on the land to which this certificate relates and, if it contains a building constructed prior to 1980, the council strongly recommends that any potential purchaser obtain advice from a licensed asbestos assessor to determine whether loose-fill asbestos is present in any building on the land and, if so, the health risks (if any) this may pose for the building's occupants.

Contact NSW Fair Trading for further information

Biodiversity and Threatened Species Conservation

The land is affected by a tree preservation control under Clause 5.9 of the Blacktown Local Environmental Plan 2015. A person shall not ringbark, cut down, lop, top, remove, injure or wilfully destroy any tree, or cause any tree to be ringbarked, cut down, topped, lopped, injured or wilfully destroyed, except with the consent of the Council.

The provisions of any covenant, agreement or instrument applying to this land purporting to restrict or prohibit certain development may be inconsistent with the provisions of a Regional Environmental Plan, State Environmental Planning Policy or Blacktown Local Environmental Plan 2015, in which case the provisions of any such covenant, agreement or instrument may be overridden.

The *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* provides for the conservation of threatened species, populations and ecological communities of animals and plants.

The *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* amended the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* to require, amongst other things, that:

- (a) A critical habitat (as defined in the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*) be identified in environmental planning instruments, and
- (b) Consent authorities and determining authorities must, when considering proposed development or an activity, assess whether it is likely to significantly affect threatened species, populations and ecological communities, or their habitats, and, if a significant effect is likely, to require the preparation of a species impact statement in accordance with the requirements of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*, and
- (c) Consent authorities and determining authorities must, when considering proposed development or an activity, have regard to the relevant recovery plans and threat abatement plans.

The *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999* provides protection for items of national significance. Items of national environmental significance include nationally threatened animal and plant species and ecological communities.

The Act requires a separate Commonwealth approval to be obtained where an action is likely to have significant impacts on items of national environmental significance.

For further information on this matter, please contact the Australian Government's Department of the Environment.

Attachment 1 – State Environmental Planning Policies

In addition to the principal environmental planning instrument identified in section 2.1 of this Certificate, the following State Environmental Planning Policies may also affect development on the subject land.

SEPP (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009

This policy aims to facilitate the increased supply and diversity of affordable rental and social housing in NSW and covers housing types including in-fill affordable housing, along with secondary dwellings (granny flats), boarding houses, group homes, social housing and supportive accommodation. Part 3 of the policy provides for the retention of existing affordable rental housing stock. Development applications to demolish, alter or add, change the use of, or strata subdivide existing low cost rental dwellings may require a contribution towards the provision of alternative affordable housing.

SEPP (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004

This policy aims to ensure consistency in the implementation of the BASIX scheme throughout the State by overriding provisions of other environmental planning instruments and development control plans that would otherwise add to, subtract from or modify any obligations arising under the BASIX scheme.

SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008

This policy is also known as the Codes SEPP and includes a number of Codes that allow for certain types of development to be undertaken without the need for council approval as either Exempt Development or approved under a fast track system known as Complying Development, if the relevant standards are met.

SEPP (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006

This policy provides for the coordinated release of land for residential, employment and other urban development in the North West Growth Centre, the South West Growth Centre and the Wilton Growth Area. It provides development controls to enable the establishment of vibrant, sustainable and liveable neighbourhoods that provide for community well-being and high quality local amenity.

SEPP (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004

This policy is also known as Seniors Housing SEPP and encourages the development of high quality and well-designed housing for older people and people with disabilities, while ensuring that it is in keeping with neighbourhood character. In October 2018, an amendment was made to change some

rules for site compatibility certificates and to make the relevant planning panel the determining authority for site compatibility certificates issued under the Seniors Housing SEPP.

SEPP (Infrastructure) 2007

This policy assists the NSW Government, private infrastructure providers, local councils and the communities they support by simplifying the process for providing infrastructure like hospitals, roads, railways, emergency services, water supply and electricity delivery, while ensuring appropriate levels of environmental assessment and consultation are undertaken. Recent changes introduce new provisions for correctional services, emergency and police services facilities and bushfire hazard reduction, ports and roads infrastructure, including facilities for electric vehicles, and other operational and housekeeping improvements.

SEPP (Miscellaneous Consent Provisions) 2007

This policy contains provisions for the erection of temporary structures, subdivision, the demolition of a building or work, certain change of use and fire alarm communication links.

SEPP (State Significant Precincts) 2005

The purpose of this Policy is to facilitate the development, redevelopment or protection of important urban, coastal and regional sites of economic, environmental or social significance to the State so as to facilitate the orderly use, development or conservation of those State significant precincts for the benefit of the State. It also aims to facilitate service delivery outcomes for a range of public services and to provide for the development of major sites for a public purpose or redevelopment of major sites no longer appropriate or suitable for public purposes.

SEPP (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007

This policy is also known as the Mining SEPP and governs the way that mining, petroleum production and extractive material resource proposals are assessed and developed in NSW.

SEPP No 1 - Development Standards

This policy provides flexibility in the application of development standards and allows Council to approve a development that does not comply with a development standard where it can be shown that the development standard is unreasonable or unnecessary.

SEPP No 19 - Bushland in Urban Areas

This policy protects and preserves bushland within urban areas because of its natural heritage, its aesthetic value and its value for recreational, educational or scientific purposes. The policy aims to protect bushland areas in public open space zones and reservations and ensures that bushland

preservation is given priority when local environmental plans are prepared.

SEPP No 21 - Caravan Parks

This policy applies to development for the purpose of caravan parks and camping grounds. The policy ensures that development consent is required for new caravan parks and camping grounds and for additional long term sites in existing caravan parks. It also requires that development consent be obtained from Council for the subdivision of land for lease purposes under the Local Government Act.

SEPP No. 30 - Intensive Agriculture

Requires development consent for cattle feedlots having a capacity of 50 or more cattle or piggeries having a capacity of 200 or more pigs. The policy sets out information and public notification requirements to ensure there are effective planning control over this export-driven rural industry. The policy does not alter if, and where, such development is permitted, or the functions of the consent authority.

SEPP No. 32 - Urban Consolidation

States the Government's intention to ensure that urban consolidation objectives are met in all urban areas throughout the State. The policy focuses on the redevelopment of urban land that is no longer required for the purpose it is currently zoned or used, and encourages local councils to pursue their own urban consolidation strategies to help implement the aims and objectives of the policy. Councils will continue to be responsible for the majority of rezonings. The policy sets out guidelines for the Minister to follow when considering whether to initiate a regional environmental plan (REP) to make particular sites available for consolidated urban redevelopment. Where a site is rezoned by an REP, the Minister will be the consent authority.

SEPP No 33 - Hazardous and Offensive Development

This policy applies to development defined as 'potentially hazardous industry' or 'potentially offensive industry'. The policy ensures that in determining whether a development is a hazardous or offensive industry, any measures proposed to be employed to reduce the impact of the development are taken into account.

SEPP No 55 - Remediation of Land

This policy promotes the remediation of contaminated land for the purpose of reducing risk of harm to human health. The policy includes considerations that are relevant in rezoning land and in determining development applications where remediation of land is required.

SEPP No. 62 - Sustainable Aquaculture

Encourages the sustainable expansion of the industry in NSW. The policy implements the regional strategies already developed by creating a simple approach to identify and categorise aquaculture development on the basis of its potential environmental impact. The SEPP also identifies aquaculture development as a designated development only where there are potential environmental risks.

SEPP No 64 - Advertising and Signage

This policy sets out planning controls for advertising and signage in NSW and requires signage to be compatible with the future character of an area, provide effective communication in suitable locations and be of high quality design and finish. The policy also bans advertisements on parked trailers on roads, road shoulders, footpaths and nature strips, excluding advertising associated with the primary use of the trailer.

SEPP No 65 - Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development

This policy aims to improve the design quality of residential apartment development through the application of 9 design quality principles. The policy also provides requirements for a constituted design review panel to provide independent expert advice to council on the merit of residential flat developments. A design review panel is not mandatory.

Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No 30 - St Marys

This plan provides the planning framework for the planning and development of land known as Australian Defence Industries (ADI) site at St Marys.

SEPP (Western Sydney Employment Area) 2009

This policy aims to protect and enhance land in the Western Sydney Employment Area for employment purposes and to promote economic development and the creation of employment opportunities in Western Sydney. The policy provides for a coordinated approach to the planning, development and rezoning of land within the Western Sydney Employment Area and includes controls to ensure that development occurs in a logical, environmentally sensitive and cost-effective manner.

SEPP (Western Sydney Parklands) 2009

This policy provides the framework to enable the Western Sydney Parklands Trust to develop the Western Parklands into a multi-use urban parkland to meet a range of community needs and interests, including those that promote health and well-being in the community for Western Sydney.

SEPP (Western Sydney Recreation Area)

This policy enables development to be carried out for recreational, sporting and cultural purposes within the Western Sydney Recreation Area, including the development of a recreation area of state significance.

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End of Certificate