

Informatics and data products **Developments and plans**

Tim Robertson, Andrea Hahn GBIF Secretariat

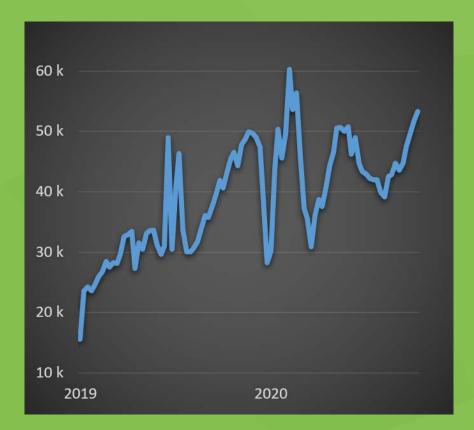


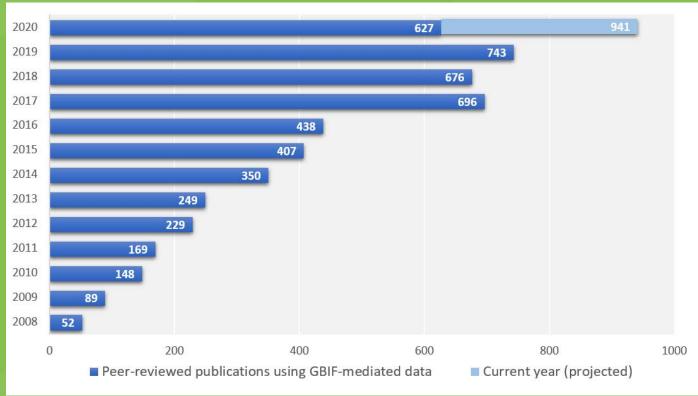


GROWTH AND DATA PUBLISHING



GROWTH IN USE





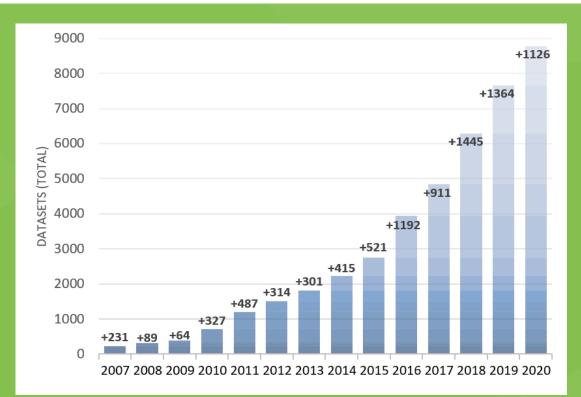
status: Aug 2020

Users of GBIF.org per week ~ 170k per month now (+20k over 2019)

Publications citing use of GBIF-mediated data



IPT (INTEGRATED PUBLISHING TOOLKIT)



not showing: 2385 datasets from UMS PatriNat (2020)

Datasets published through IPT installations, cumulative



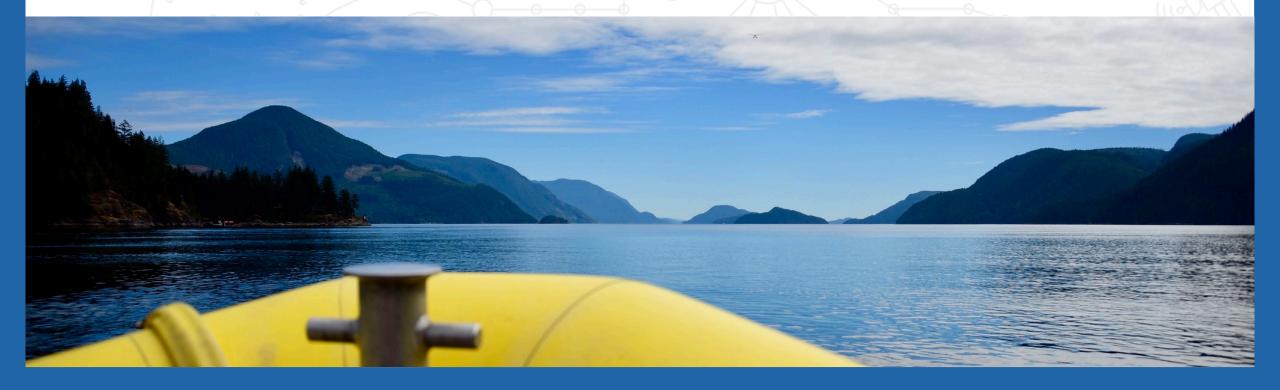
newly mobilized IPT datasets per year circles: number of countries involved



https://tinyurl.com/tdwg-2020-IPT-BPS-report

NAMES INFRASTRUCTURE

In partnership with the Catalogue of Life



MODERNIZING THE CATALOGUE OF LIFE

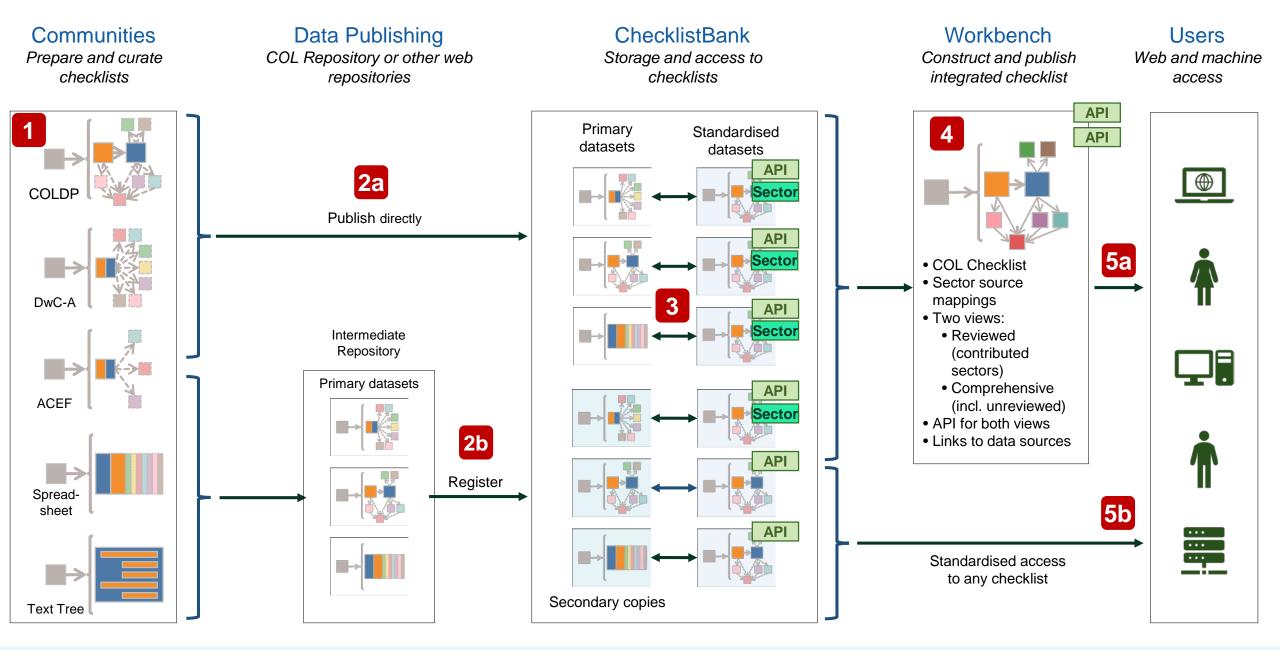
Complete and completing (Nov 2020)

- New infrastructure deployed to manage data publication and assembly of the taxonomy
 - A new data exchange standard (COL Data Package)
 - An evolution of GBIF ChecklistBank -> COL ChecklistBank
 - A workbench for editors to review and assemble
 - A new suite of APIs and R-based library (rOpenSci)
 - Developed in collaboration, hosted by GBIF
- Deployment of public interfaces
 - New COL website (November)
 - Migration of historical annual checklists (2006-2019)

Upcoming

- Expand the taxonomy with content necessary for GBIF
 - Automate reports on gaps
- Semi-automate assembly (with review)
- Integrate with GBIF.org
 - New backbone end 2020

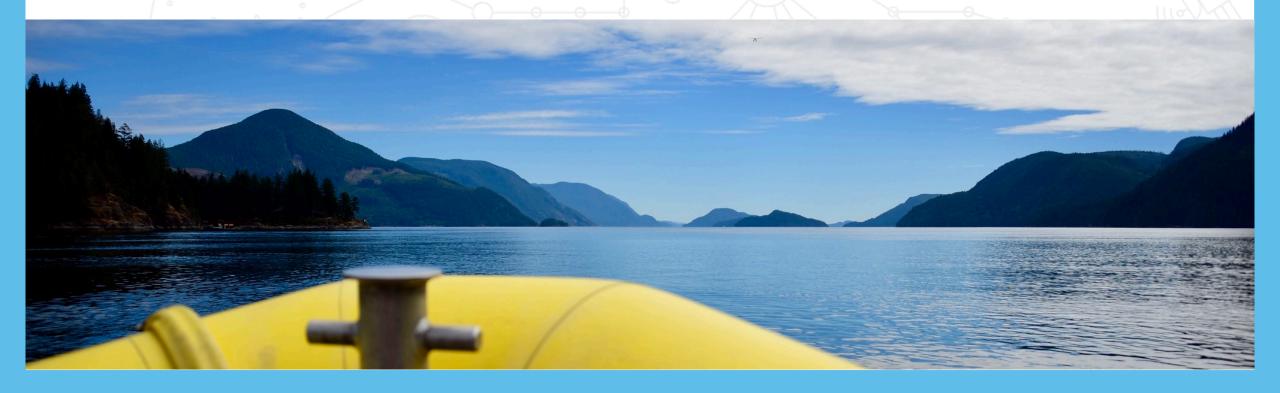








GBIF.ORG INFRASTRUCTURE



NEW GBIF.ORG FILTERS

Presence / Absence filter

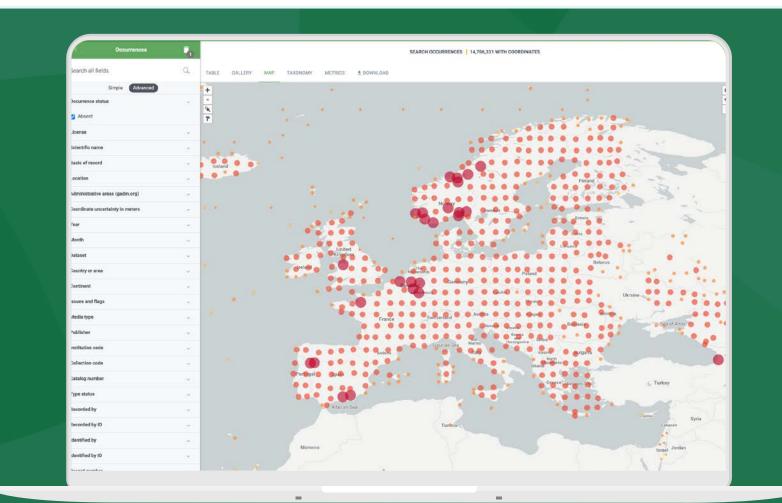
- All records declared as present or absent
- 14,7 million records of absence

Search by person identifiers

- Recorded by or identified by
- Variety of identifier schemas (e.g. from ORCiD, WikiData)
- Working for TDWG Attribution group

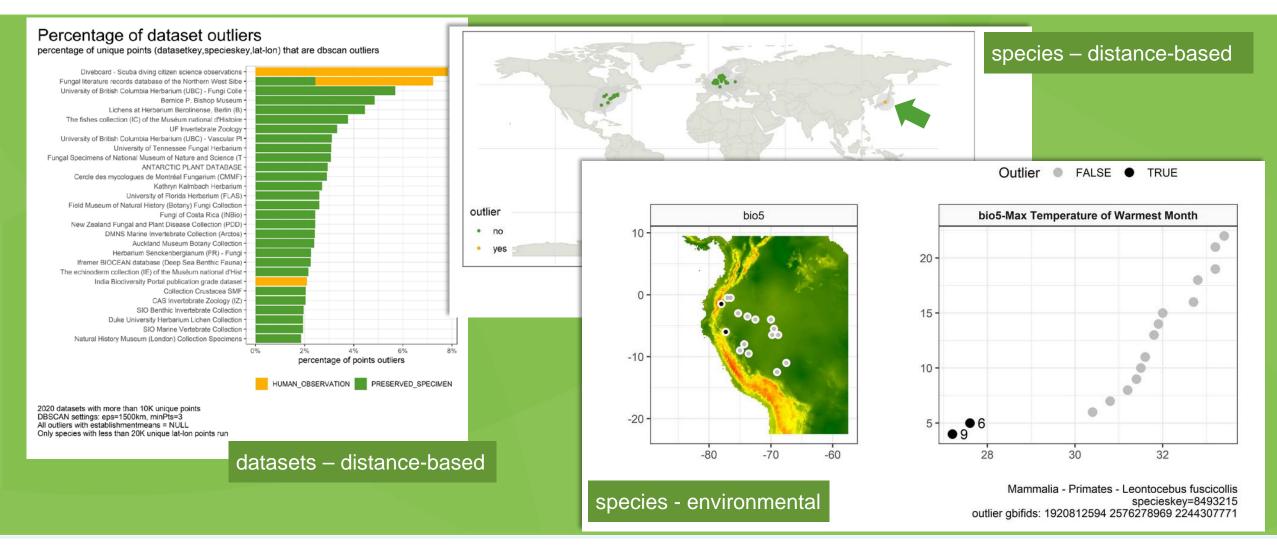
Search by Administrative Areas

- Uses 3 levels from the GADM.org database e.g. country / state / county
- Using the API can report counts by e.g. county level





DATA QUALITY - OUTLIER DETECTION





https://data-blog.gbif.org/post/outlier-detection-using-dbscan/



DE

CLUSTER	
This is an expe	rimental feature that highlights possible duplicate and/or related occurrences.
JRRENT	
Anochetus m	adagascarensis Forel, 1887
Animalia > Arthro	poda > Hymenoptera > Formicidae > Anochetus > Anochetus madagascarensis
Preparations: 1009	s EtOH
Dataset: AntWeb	la Academy of Sciences
	eserved specimen
• 12.8S, 45.1E	February 15, 1999
LATED OCCURRE	
	2 adagascarensis Forel, 1887
Anochetus m	nagascarensis Forei, 1007
Animalia > Arthro	poda > Hymenoptera > Formicidae > Anochetus > Anochetus madagascarensis
Dataset: A revisior	of Malagasy species of Anochetus Mayr and Odontomachus Latreille (Hymenoptera: Formicidae).
	g taxonomic treatments database eserved specimen
12.8S, 45.1E	February 15, 1999 Treatment
Similar because	Same accepted species Same date Same coordinates Same country Same recorder name
	Details
Anochetus m	adagascarensis Forel, 1887
Animalia > Arthro	poda > Hymenoptera > Formicidae > Anochetus > Anochetus madagascarensis
Dataset: Internatio	nal Barcode of Life project (iBOL)
	rnational Barcode of Life Consortium
Basis of record: M	nenai sampie
♥ 12.8S, 45.1E	February 15, 1999 I image Z Sequenced
Similar because	Same accepted species Same date Same coordinates Same country Identifiers overlap
	Details

Clustering

- Example shows a specimen record (1), a taxonomic revision (2), a DNA sequence (3)
- Grouped using location, identification, date, local identifiers and type status (so far) and fuzzy matching
- Stored as annotations against the records
- Interface allows easy comparison of the fields on the record (details)
- Purpose
 - Richer model of related information for researchers
 - Transferring information between institutional databases (images, sequences, new identifications) which may reduce effort spent
 - Aid in deduplicating data
 - Known to contribute towards data quality improvements
 - Contibution towards the Extended Digital Specimen / Open Digital specime concept (US and DiSSCo initiatives)



USING GBIF IN CLOUD ENVIRONMENTS

Growing interest in big data tools

- Google Big Query increasingly being used
- Google / Amazon / Microsoft etc clouds being used by several partners
- Opportunities with science computing clouds like the European Open Science Cloud
- Simplify research, ease integrations with other datasets

New download formats

- Apache Avro format
- Bionomia-specific format to reduce computation on client side
- Services to easily move GBIF downloads onto cloud environments (underway)

GBIF data as public datasets

- Strong interest expressed on the GBIF community forum
- Requires new citation service (underway)
- Exploring possibilities during 2021



COLLECTIONS CATALOGUE





COLLECTIONS CATALOGUE GLOBAL CONSULTATION

- Part of the EU Synthesys+ project and run as an initiative under the Alliance
- A virtual workshop held over 2 weeks
- Two two-hour preparatory webinars to introduce the Ideas Paper https://doi.org/10.35035/p93g-te47
 - Available in English, French, Spanish and simplified Chinese
- GBIF community forum https://discourse.gbif.org/g/Collections-catalog
- Daily summaries, in multiple languages
- Outcomes document to be drafted



SOME OUTCOMES

- Many communities need information on collections
- Interest in a core set of common data elements
- Each community has specific needs; may document collections at different levels of granularity
- GBIF can:
 - bring together complementary information
 - promote a consistent approach to the common elements
 - help national nodes showcase their collections and the value they offer
 - Use the DOI-based citation and usage tracking to add value to nodes and to individual collection institutions.
- The catalogue may serve as a mechanism to attract funding; global partnerships to maintain biodiversity collections
- The GRSciColl Catalogue
 - Holds a basic core suitable to act as a stub for any collection
 - Can act as a first step towards better linking

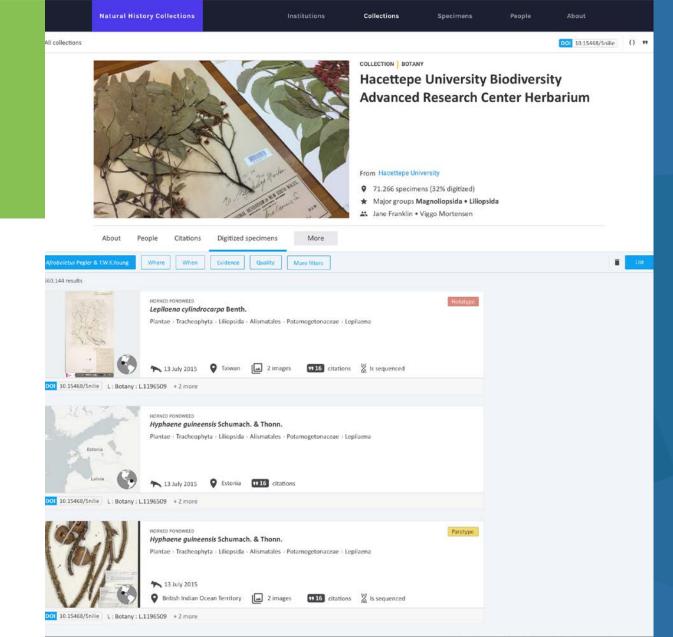


ENHANCING THE GRSCICOLL COLLECTIONS CATALOGUE

- Monthly synchronisation with Index Herbariorum
- Collaboration with iDigBio
 - Data imported from iDigBio catalogue
 - GRSciColl powering the iDigBio collections catalogue
 - Collaborative editing responsibility
- Early exploration of synchronisation with NCBI BioCollections*
- Linking ~170M specimen-related occurrences to GRSciColl

2021

- Mature the processes around collaborative editing
- Deploy an enhanced collections catalogue portal
- Aim to broaden integrations (Australia)
- Explore a sample profile of the TDWG collections description standard



• NCBI <u>https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/biocollections</u>

- Visual concept of collection catalogue <u>https://labs.gbif.org/visual-concepts/</u>
- iDigBio collections powered by GBIF infrastructure <u>http://beta.idigbio.org/portal/collections</u> (beta version)





HOSTED PORTALS

- Introduced at GB26 as part of work to lower technical threshold for participation in GBIF
- Raised interest from many GBIF Participants and partners
- Development work ongoing this year
 - Reworking our APIs (GraphQL-based)
 - Developing the first modules of user interfaces (ReactJS-based)
- Represents the next phase of infrastructure for GBIF
 - Will be consistent with GBIF
 - Will contribute to the envisaged collections catalogue



THANK YOU!

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Capacity and Engagement during lockdown

Maheva Bagard Laursen, Laura Russell, Mélianie Raymond



Global Biodiversity Information Facility

Image by Maheva Bagard Laursen

UPDATE ON GBIF-LED PROGRAMMES





CAPACITY ENHANCEMENT SUPPORT PROGRAMME - CESP

Call for proposals for the 2020 Capacity Enhancement Support Programme

> Co-funding opportunity for collaborative projects targeting capacity enhancement and exchange to strengthen the GBIF network



19 Concept Notes from **17** GBIF participants

Requesting a total of €317,588

10 proposals invited to submit a full proposals



Capacity Building through Regional Cooperation for Data Mobilization in Belarus, Latvia and Lithuania

Enhancing capacity for biodiversity data mobilization and use in support of sustainable development in West Africa

Mobilising endemic and economically useful species data for agro-ecological policy, National Red List and KBA assessments



102,860):

5 projects selected (total funding: €

National Portals Workshop: taxonomic databases, species data information and visualization

NORTHERN EURASIA



Coordinated by:

- Natural History Museum of Oslo
- GBIF Norway

Support from:

GBIF Secretariat

Objective:

Biodiversity data management skills for students through:

- Training courses
- Translation
- Capacity building

Support for capacity development & Call for data papers from European Russia:

Funded by: €30,000 FinBIF

Key activities:

- Training events
- Call for data papers: an incentive for data mobilization







BIODIVERSITY INFORMATION FOR DEVELOPMENT (BID)

(closed) BID call for proposals: Sub-Saharan Africa 2020 The Biodiverity Information for Deviopment programme aims to enhance capacity for effective data medicityation and use for matainable deviopment: DEADLINE: 27 AUGUST 2020



BID call for proposals: Caribbean 2020 The Biodiserity Information for Development programmes aims to exhance apparts for effective data moleilyation and and for matricential developments DE-ADLINE: 28 NOV EMDER 2020



3 calls for proposals:

- Sub-Saharan Africa (closed)
- Caribbean (Open)
- Pacific (Open)

BID call for proposals: Pacific 2020

The Biodiversity Information for Development programme aims to enhance capacity for effective data mobilization and use for sustainable development: DEADLINE: 26 NOVEMBER 2020



4 grant types:

- Institution-level
- National
- Regional
- Data use

Early results from the BID call for proposal in Sub-Saharan Africa:

- 215 concept notes
- From 39 countries in the region



Concept notes received under the BID call in Sub-Saharan Africa









use for sustainable development: DEADLINE: 26 NOVEMBER 2020











BIODIVERSITY INFORMATION FUND FOR ASIA (BIFA)

Call for proposals promoting the mobilization and use of biodiversity data in Asia

Biodiversity Information Fund for Asia (BIFA) programme invites new round of proposals from the region



32 Concept Notes from13 countries in Asia

Requesting a total of €340,214

13 proposals invited to submit a full proposals



Cleaning and digitizing plant specimen records from Helongjiang Province

Digitization of mycological collection in Nepal Enriching the Bhutan Biodiversity Portal through digitization and mobilization of specimen collections

Digitizing and Databasing of bee specimens in Thailand

Supporting conservation through mobilizing ecological data from Kalimantan, Indonesia

9 projects selected (total funding: €117,829):

Mobilizing invertebrate monitoring data in South-East Asia

Using citizen science to study whales and dolphins in Vietnamese waters

Digitization of specimens at the University of the Philippines Los Baños Museum of Natural History

Mobilizing Indonesian butterfly collections at the Museum Zoologi Bogor (II)





Activities related to GBIF led-programme in 2020 - 2021



STREAMLINING PROCESSES TO INCREASE EFFICIENCY



GBIF Grants Portal

ogin		

Username Password Sign in

Reset or create password

New to the GBIF Grants Portal?

Create and register your organizational profile

Grants available via the GBIF Grants Portal are only available and awarded to organizations. In order to be considered for funding, the first step is to introduce yourself and tell us about your organization. Click on the "Create an account now" button below to start.

Note that you can not edit your profile after submission, so please ensure you enter accurate information when completing the registration form.

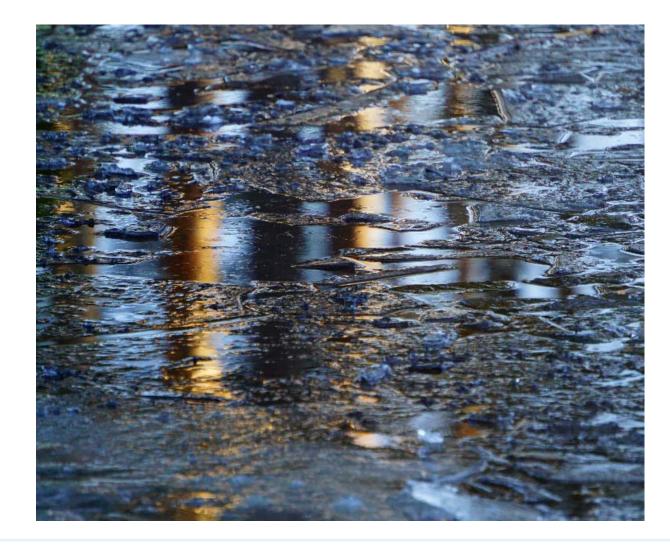
Once submitted, you will receive an email notification from GBIF within 1-2 working days with your login information. Do not forget to check your spam folder for the email.

This login will allow you to access the portal and apply to open calls. If your application is successful, the portal will also provide access to reporting templates.

Create an account now

FLUXX

<u>Privacy Policy</u> <u>Accessibility</u>







IMPORTANCE OF THE GBIF COMMUNITY

- > Grant review process
- Selection panel
- > Project mentor
- Capacity enhancement workshop (Mentors & Trainers)
- Translations



UNEXPECTED CIRCUMSTANCES





Image by Maheva Bagard Laursen

NEWS | 17 SEPTEMBER 2020

Georeferencing documents released for GBIF community review

Deadlines for input from community review: 1 November 2020



Commerson's dolphin (*Cephalorhynchus commersoni*), off the coast of Chubut, Argentina. Photo 2018 Gabriel Laufer via iNaturalist research-grade observations, in the public domain under CC0.

GBIF has released three new technical documents for community review and welcomes input and feedback on each of the following publications:

- Georeferencing Best Practices, by Arthur Chapman & John Wieczorek
- Georeferencing Quick Reference Guide, by Paula Zermoglio, Arthur Chapman, John Wieczorek, Maria Celeste Luna & David Bloom
- Georeferencing Calculator Manual, by David Bloom, John Wieczorek & Paula Zermoglio

Taken together, these three georeferencing documents provide essential tools for improving the practice of spatially interpreting locations, particularly (but not exclusively) for those working with biological occurrence data from museum-based scientific collections. The Best Practices guide provides theoretical background and methods for georeferencing descriptive localities along with common terms



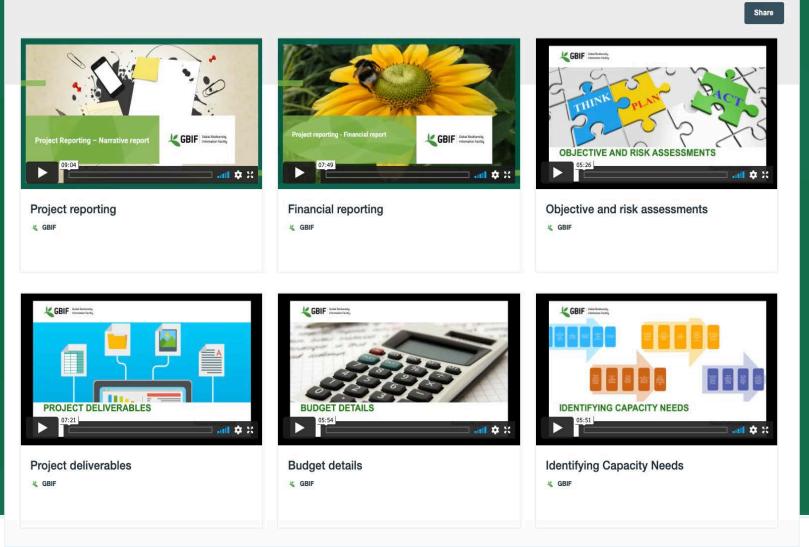
DOCUMENTATION

- OpenRefine guide: <u>https://doi.org/10.15468/doc-gzjg-af18</u>
- Sensitive species guide: <u>https://doi.org/10.15468/doc-5jp4-5g10</u>
- Georeferencing best practices guide: <u>https://doi.org/10.15468/doc-gg7h-s853</u>
- Georeferencing quick reference guide: <u>https://doi.org/10.35035/e09p-h128</u>
- Georeferencing calculator manual: <u>https://doi.org/10.35035/gdwq-3v93</u>
- Publishing DNA-derived data guide: <u>https://doi.org/10.35035/doc-vf1a-nr22</u>

LEARNING RESOURCES

Grants and funding

Informational videos and tutorials for helping you successfully apply for funding through a GBIF-managed grant programme



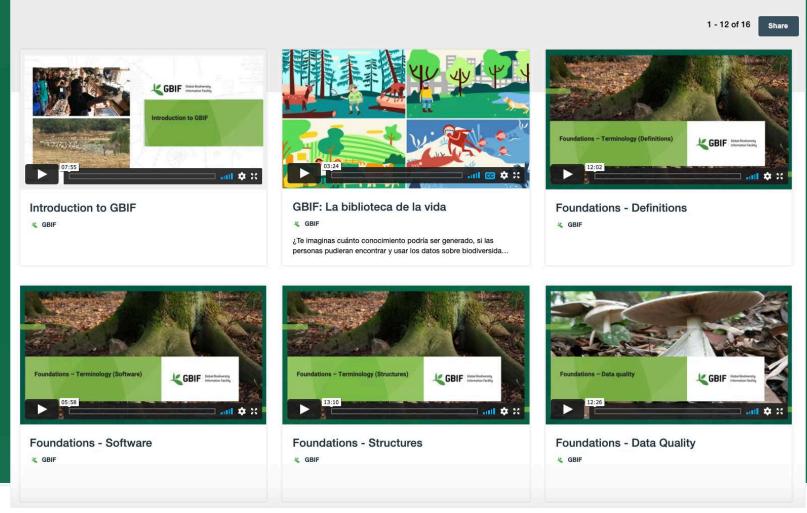


https://bit.ly/GBIFGrantsAndFundingVideos

COURSE VIDEOS

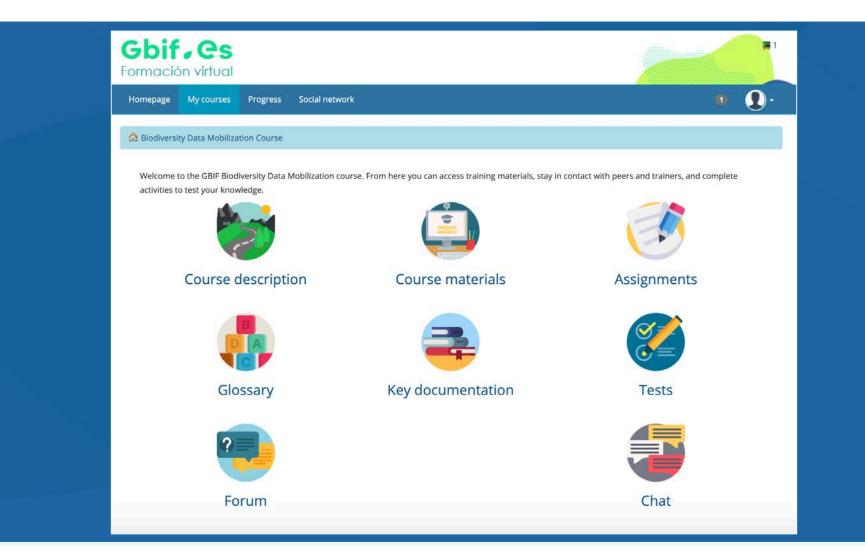
Data Mobilization Course

These videos are part of a series of presentations used in the GBIF Biodiversity Data Mobilization course. The biodiversity data mobilization curriculum was developed as part of the Biodiversity Information Development (BID) Programme funded by the European Union. The curriculum was developed and expanded by GBIF community Trainers, Mentors and Students. You can subscribe to the full course via our e-Learning platform hosted by GBIF Spain. https://elearning.gbif.es/





E-LEARNING PLATFORM





https://elearning.gbif.es/

VIRTUAL WORKSHOP

Data Mobilization for Asia 2020

6 July – 31 Aug



COURSE AGENDA

6-21 July	22 July	23 July	24 July - 31 August
Self-paced	Self-paced	Self-paced	Self-paced
Section I	Section II: Planning	Section II: Data	Section II: Data
6-17 July		management	publishing
03:00-05:00 UTC, 21 JULY	03:00-05:00 UTC, 22 JULY	03:00-05:00 UTC, 23 JULY	03:00-05:00 UTC, 24 JULY
Zoom Session - 1	Zoom Session - 3	Zoom Session - 5	Zoom Session - 7
Lead: Laura	Leads: Sharon and Dave	Leads: Sharon and Dave	Leads: Sharon and Dave
Welcome and	Planning activity,	Data management	Data publishing
introductions	discussion and Q&A	activity	practice and Q&A
Self-paced	Self-paced	Self-paced	Self-paced
Review: Section I Foundations	Section II: Data capture	Section II: OpenRefine	Review Use Case II and Use Case III
07:00-09:00 UTC, 21 JULY	07:00-09:00 UTC, 22 JULY	07:00-09:00 UTC, 23 JULY	07:00-09:00 UTC, 24 JULY
Zoom Session - 2	Zoom Session - 4	Zoom Session - 6	Zoom Session - 8
Leads: Laura and Sophie	Leads: Laura and Sophie	Leads: Laura and Sophie	Leads: Laura and Sophie
Foundations	Data capture	Data management	Final review and
discussion and Q&A	discussion and Q&A	discussion and Q&A	conclusion
Self-paced	Self-paced	Self-paced	Self-paced
Section II: Planning	Section II: Data	Section II: Data	Section III
	management	publishing	27 July - 31 Aug



COMMENTS FROM COURSE PARTICIPANTS

Thank you very much for all our mentors' efforts in making the classes engaging and worthwhile. It's my first time to have a full-blown virtual training workshop and I definitely learned a lot, at my own pace. The technology utilized is good for me as I was able to catch up and understand the coursework better.

There were some minor issues that I faced with the e-learning platform - doesn't load and have to re-sign in a couple of time. - <u>Vimeo could be reconsidered as a platform</u> for video upload as it cannot be accessed in Indonesia (not sure about any other countries with the same issue)

Indeed, it went well. I could be more better if we would have discussed more among the BIFA-Grantees and Mentors.

The interenet is sometimes not effective

The online platform used was efficient and effective. However, I still believe that physical "hands on" training will be the best way to indulge in the subject and learn with more passion.

Thank you very much for all your efforts in making this training workshop worth our time and effort. There really is no replacement for the physical meetings and interactions that make learning better. However, with the current health concerns, your efforts to make this course possible is really commendable! Again, thank you very much to all our mentors.



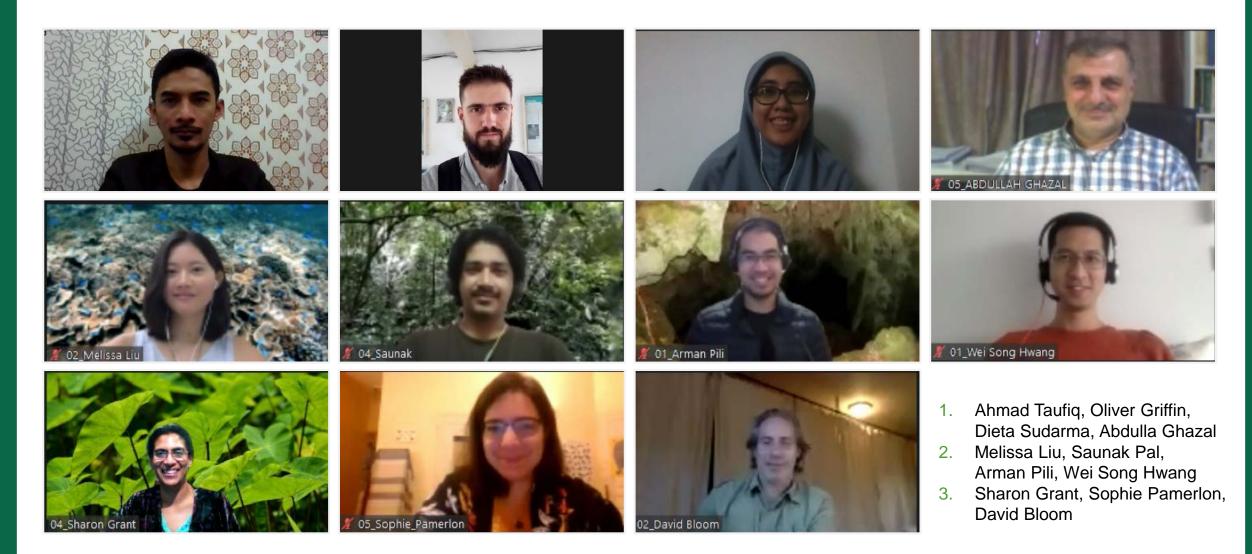
LESSONS LEARNED

- Ability to teach more participants
- Planning across disparate time zones is difficult
- Continue to design online courses with options for virtual or in-person activities.
- Find ways to virtually replicate networking between individuals





WORKSHOP MENTORS AND TRAINERS



REGIONAL MEETINGS IN 2020

Support regional coordination

Facilitate regional collaboration

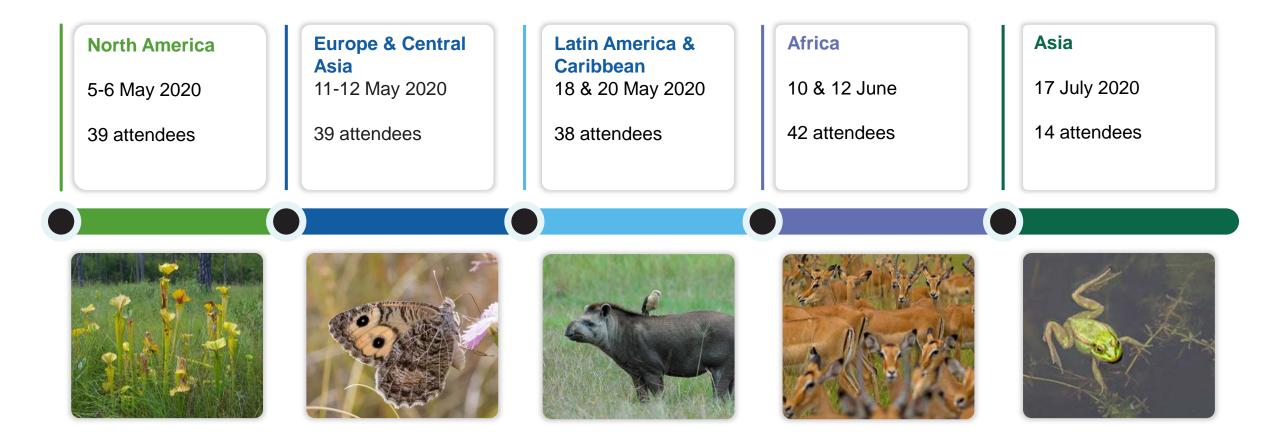
Provide feedback to the Secretariat and NSG

Develop stronger regional engagement



GBIF Community Webinar: Framing the 2020 virtual regional meetings

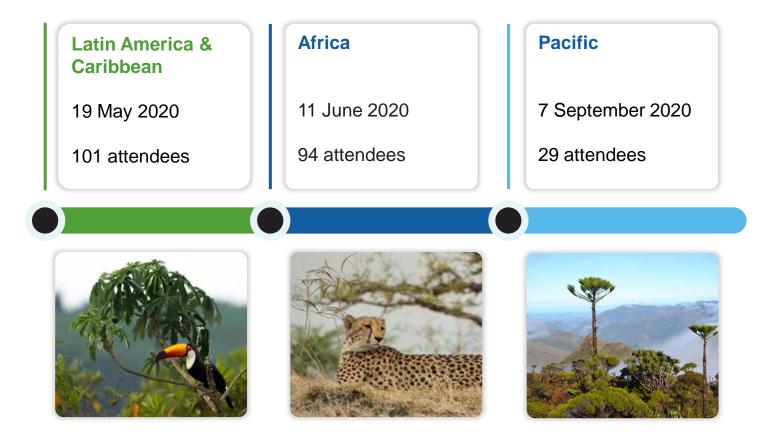
VIRTUAL REGIONAL NODES MEETINGS





BID REGIONAL ENGAGEMENT WEBINARS





Toco Tucan (*Ramphastos toco*) by João Vitor Andriola, <u>Southern and Eastern African Cheetah (*Acinonyx jubatus*)</u> by pma, Humboldt's Araucaria (*Araucaria humboldtensis*) by Vtanguy | *The Biodiversity Information for Development programme is funded by the European Union*



GBIF ASIA VIRTUAL SUMMIT

Asia 20 July 2020 144 attendees



Panel discussion to discuss the issues raised by the 20 year review, including the recommendation to **build Eastern participation** (R5)



CHALLENGES OF VIRTUAL MEETINGS FOR OUR COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

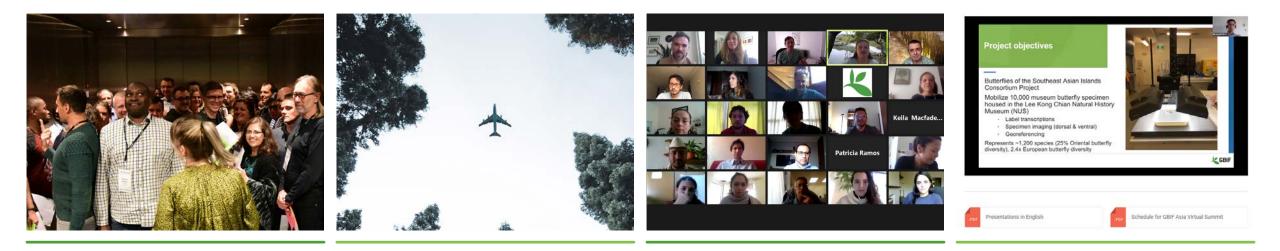


- More difficult to manage large group discussions and consensus forming
- Not easy to allow for informal discussions, coffee break conversations, personal connections

- Complications of working across time zones
- At least as much time (or more time) spent on preparation as for in person meetings



ADVANTAGES OF VIRTUAL MEETINGS FOR OUR COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

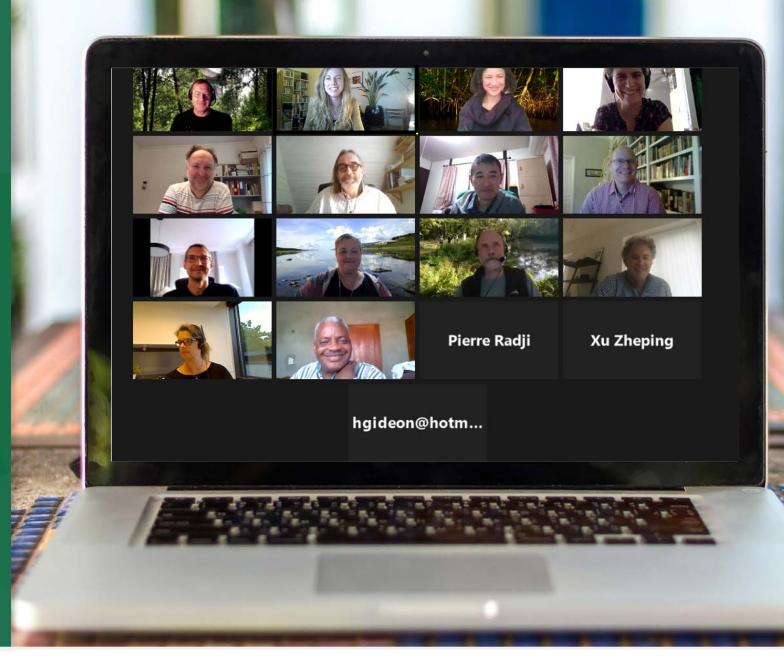


- Ability to invite more people to our events
- Easy to record meetings for those that can't attend at the specified time
- Saving of travel costs and travel time (emissions and jet lag)
- Some community building effect, especially in small groups
- Good for sharing information and updates



STRONG COMMUNITY

Thanks to the community for the flexibility and dedication to supporting the capacity and engagement work this year



THANK YOU

mblaursen@gbif.org larussell@gbif.org mraymond@gbif.org

Linckia laevigata – Mélianie Raymnond – CCBY - https://www.inaturalist.org/photos/8403155



Private Sector Engagement

Andrew Rodrigues | Programme Officer



Global Biodiversity Information Facility

BUSINESS AND BIODIVERSITY DATA

- Business uses biodiversity data to mitigate the impacts of their operations through environmental and social impact assessments
- Companies want to build their social licence to operate and demonstrate their commitment to international development goals
- Data sharing represents a low cost opportunity with high impact potential





DATA FROM BUSINESS AND GBIF

- 27 private sector companies are publishing data through GBIF have published 1,419,240 records in GBIF
- Private companies are willing to share data when there is pro-active engagement
- Other engagement activities in past
 - Eye on Earth
 - International Association for Impact Assessments

Company	Activity sector	Country	Datasets	Occurrence records
<u>Aïgos SAS</u>	Consulting	Colombia	3	2,404
<u>Anadarko Colombia Company</u>	Energy	Colombia	3	282
Arctic Research and Consulting DA	Consulting	Norway	1	8,914
Asplan Viak AS	Engineering	Norway	14	3,779
Biofokus	Consulting	Norway	1	508,993
Biolog J.B. Jordal AS	Consulting	Norway	1	177,814
<u>Celsia</u>	Energy	Colombia	1	35
Chevron Australia	Energy	Australia	1	2,048
Ecofact	Consulting	Norway	1	11,273
EDP - Energias de Portugal	Energy	Portugal	73	601,636
Faun Naturforvaltning AS	Consulting	Norway	1	3,788
Federación Nacional de Cafeteros	Agriculture	Colombia	6	26,840
Hatovial SAS	Engineering	Colombia	1	1,898
INERCO	Consulting	Colombia	1	1,090
Isagen	Energy	Colombia	8	19,352
LafargeHolcim	Mining	Spain	2	35
Moam SAS	Consulting	Colombia	1	1,781
Multiconsult	Consulting	Norway	1	308
Naturrestaurering AS	Consulting	Norway	2	515
NNI	Consulting	Norway	2	3,116
Oleoducto Bicentenario	Energy	Colombia	3	2,074
Rådgivende Biologer	Consulting	Norway	5	15,214
Stratos	Consulting	Colombia	1	849
<u>SUEZ</u>	Energy	Spain	1	56,847
SWECO Norge AS	Engineering	Norway	1	1,139
Terrasos	Consulting	Colombia	4	9,781
Total	Energy	France	1	324



SHIFT TOWARDS PUBLICATION THROUGH GBIF

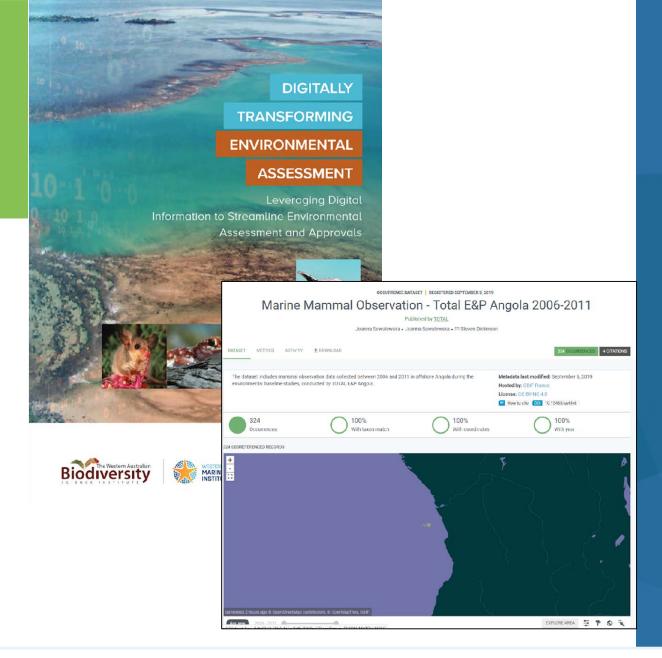
Move towards making biodiversity data openly and freely available

• New legislation e.g. Western Australia

"I welcome agreement to progress digital environmental impact assessment. Ensuring WA and the country has efficient and effective environmental regulation systems is vital to protect our environment for future generations and providing certainty to industry."

- Hon Stephen Dawson MLC, Minister for Environment; Disability Services; Electoral Affairs – Government of Western Australia

• Open data organisational policies





SHIFT TOWARDS PUBLICATION THROUGH GBIF

Financial institutions are also demanding transparency and open data in the projects they finance

- Equator Principles

"The EPFI will encourage the client to share commercially non-sensitive Project-specific biodiversity data with the Global Biodiversity Information Facility (GBIF) and relevant national and global data repositories, using formats and conditions to enable such data to be accessed and re-used in future decisions and research applications."



Regions	No. of projects with environmental impact assessments	% of all GBIF- mediated data generated by AFD financing	% of non-bird, GBIF-mediated data generated by AFD financing
Southern Africa	8	0,07	2
East Africa	25	1,17	23,8
North Africa	21	5,04	157,2
West and Central Africa	74	12,15	23,4
Total for Africa	128	0,85	15,5
Central America (only Mexico)	2	0,03	0,3
South America	15	0,07	1,4
The Antilles	2	1,17	21,5
Total for Latin America and the Caribbean	19	0,07	1,16
Central Asia (only Uzbekistan)	1	4,87	60
East Asia (only China)	13	1,91	60,7
West Asia	19	2,26	127,9
South Asia	18	0,12	20,4
South-east Asia	12	1,39	36
Total for Asia	63	0,37	39,4

Development Banks – Data4Nature



NEXT STEPS

- Consolidating existing guidance and expertise
 - OpenPSD Project
 - IAIA-GBIF
 - Equator Principles
- Capacity building for data publishing
 - Training materials
 - Helpdesk services
- Continued promotion of biodiversity data sharing by business
 - Supporting campaigns such as Data4Nature
 - Engaging in sustainable business fora
 - Developing the GBIF business case
 - Engaging with sectoral associations and bodies



THANK YOU

Andrew Rodrigues Programme Office for Participation and Engagement arodrigues@gbif.org







2020



981,464,491 — 1,602,089,347



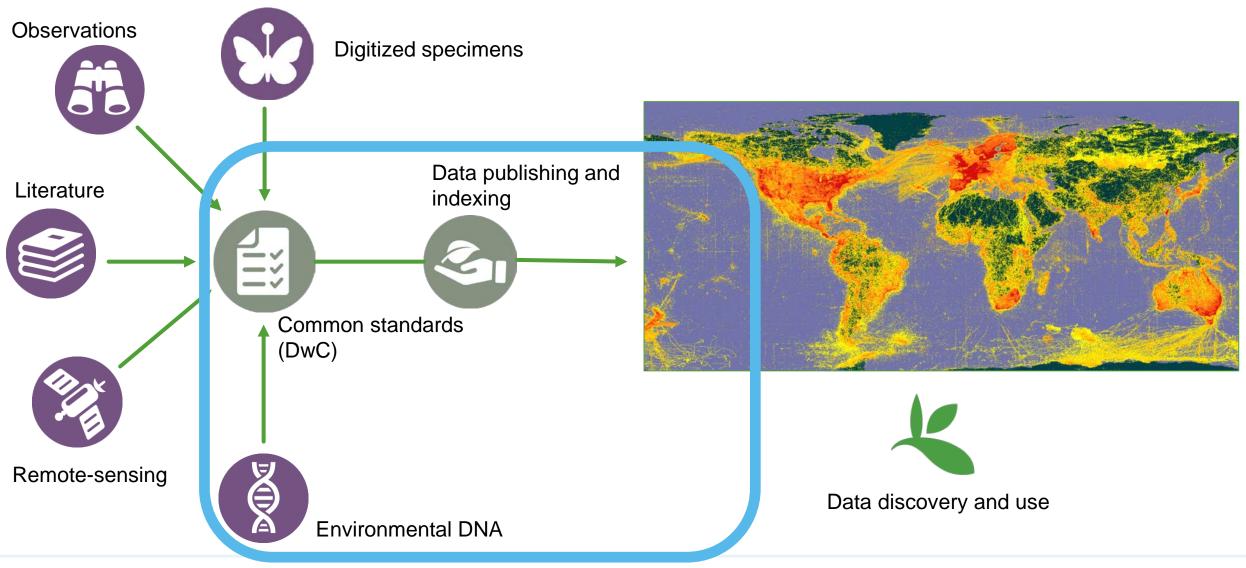
DNA-DERIVED DATA IN GBIF GUIDANCE AND TRAINING

Dmitry Schigel | Scientific officer



October 2020

A WINDOW ON EVIDENCE ABOUT WHERE SPECIES HAVE LIVED, AND WHEN

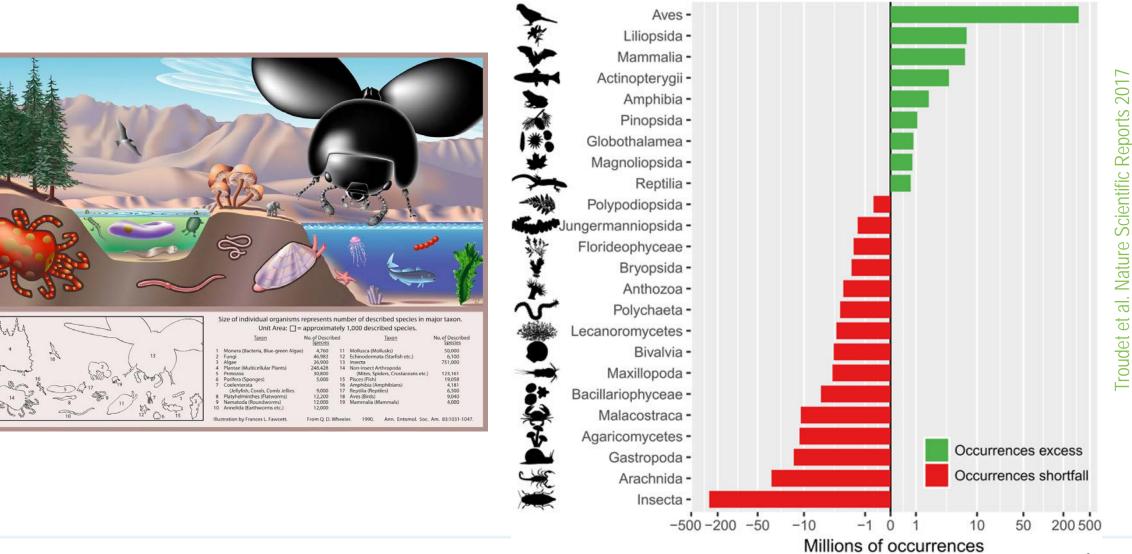


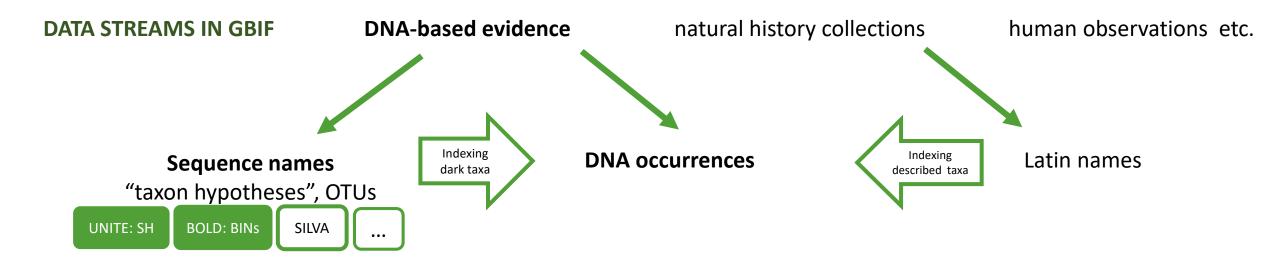


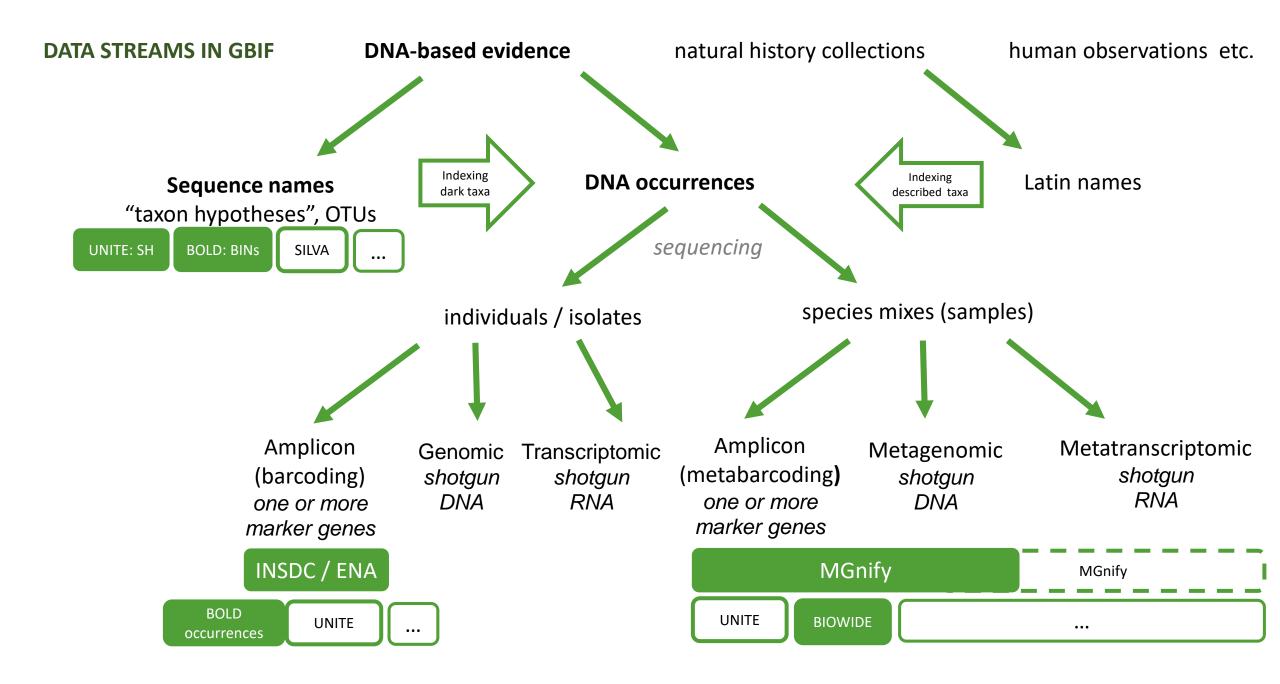
GLOBAL BIODIVERSITY VS. DIGITALLY AVAILABLE DATA

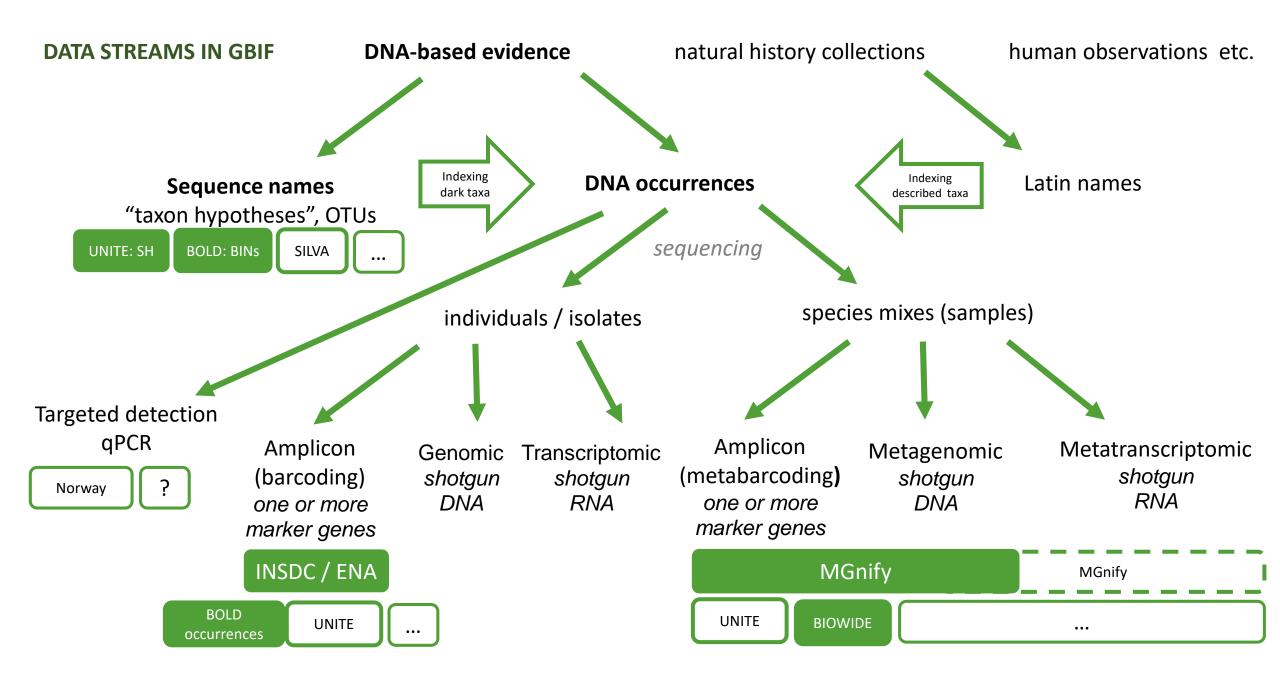
Fawcett in Wheller Ann. Entomol. Soc. Am. 1990

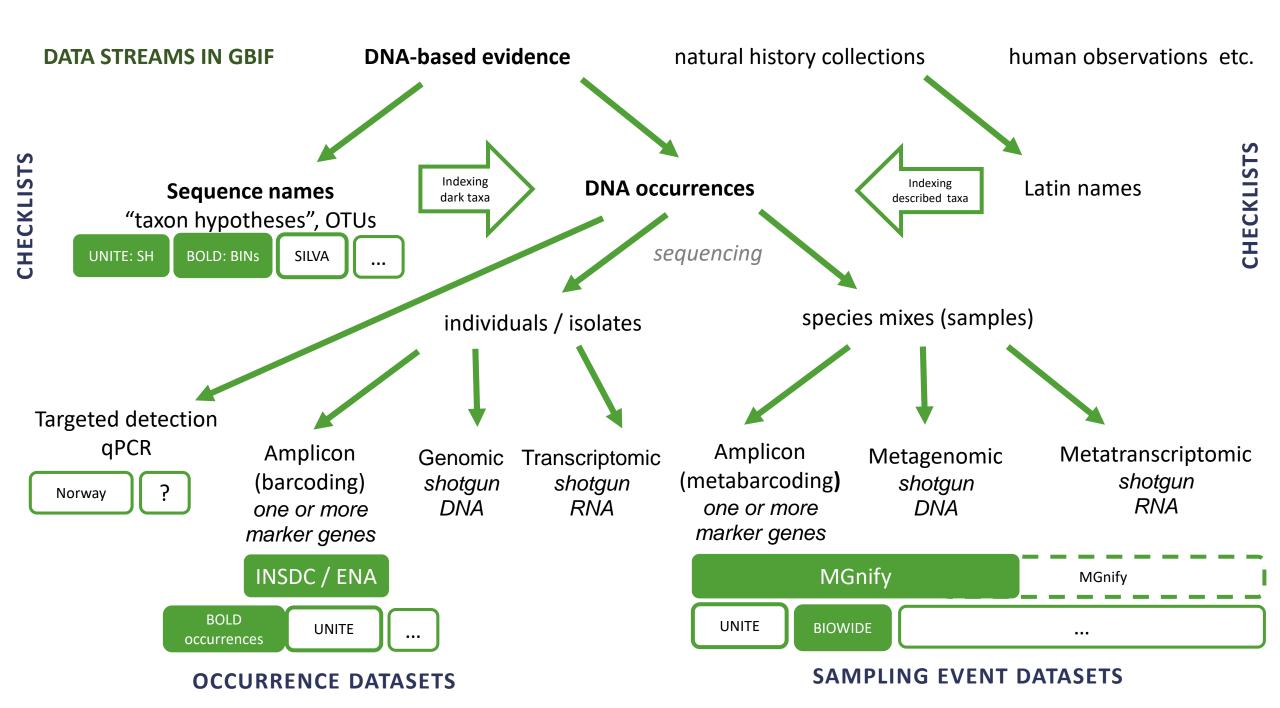
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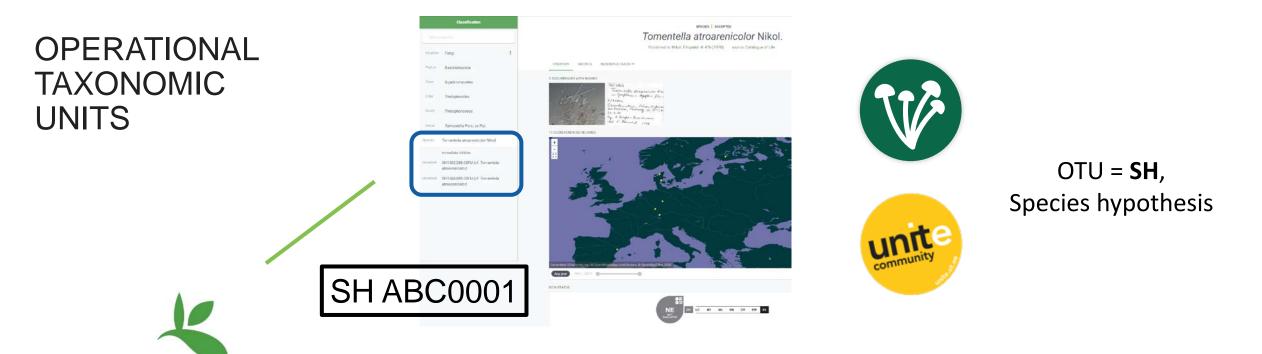




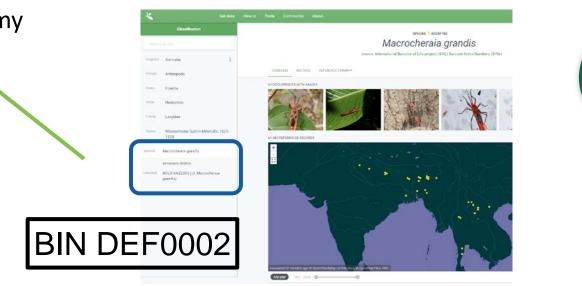








GBIF backbone taxonomy





ARCODE OF LIFE



OTU = **BIN**, Barcode identification number

INDIVIUDUAL SEQUENCES WITH COORDINATES

European Nucleotide Archive:	4.8M records
Get data How-to Tools Community About	INSDC
OCCURRENCE DATASET REGISTERED JULY 9, 2014 Geographically tagged INSDC se Published by <u>European Nucleotide Archive (EMEL-EBI</u>)	
DATASET METRICS ACTIVITY & DOWNLOAD	4766/787 DODLIFRENCES 449 CITATIONS
Metadata for INSDC sequences that have been geographically tagged.	Metadata last modified: August 5, 2019 Data last changed: August 5, 2019 Hosted by: European Nucleotide Archive (EMBL-EBI) License: Co BY 4.0 I How to cite [D0] 10.15468/cndomv
4,766,787 78% 99.9% Occurrences With taxon match 99.9%	82% Writh year
1/24/27 CECREFERENCED RECORDS	EFURE Ξ C C

International Barcode of Life: 6.8M records

Get data How-to Tools Community About	international BARCODE
OCCURRENCE DATASET REDISTERED AUGUST 18, 2016 International Barcode of Life project (iBOL) Published by The International Barcode of Life Consortium	OF LIFE
DATASET METRICS ACTIVITY DOWNLOAD 6825356 OCCURRENCES 182 CITATIONS	
Established in 2008, the International Barcode of Life Consortium (IBOL, http://www.ibol.org/) is a research alliance of nations with the desire to transform biodiversity science by building the DNA barcode reference libraries, the sequencing facilities, the informatics platforms, the analytical protocols, and the international collaboration required to inventory and assess biodiversity. IBOL has overseen the completion of one major program, BARCODE SODK, and a second program, BIOSCAN runs for s More More	
6,825,556 99.9% 78% 80% With coordinates 80% With year	
5,297,623 GEOREFERENCED RECORDS	
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Anyyear 1818-2020 EXPLORE Image: The Control of the	
1,309,300 OCCURRENCES WITH IMAGES	

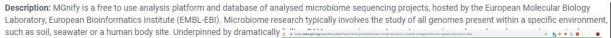


METABARCODING: MGNIFY AND MORE



ABOUT METRICS G HOME PAGE

920 datasets: 20.1M new records 14.8M Bacteria 2.3M Chromista



mainstream. The approach can provide unique insights into the complex p surroundings, each other, and, in some cases, their host. MGnify offers an diversity and functional/metabolic potential of environmental samples. Us held within the database. In addition, users can request analysis of any ap following publication: EBI Metagenomics in 2017: enriching the analysis of Mitchell, Maxim Scheremetjew, Hubert Denise, Simon Potter, Aleksandra T Petra ten Hoopen, Blaise Alako, Clara Amid, Darren J. Wilkinson, Thomas F

Endorsed by: National Biodiversity Network Administrative contact: Robert Finn

Technical contact: MGnify Helpdesk

Country or area: United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland



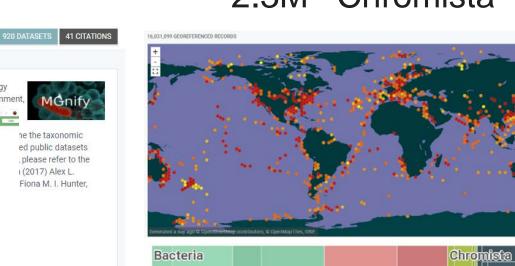


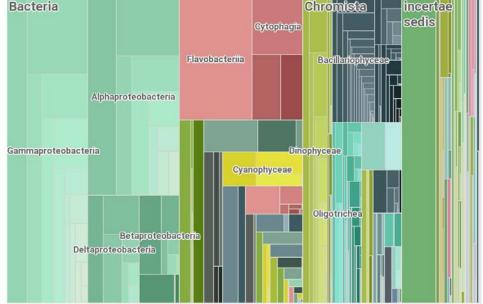


CONTACTS

MGnify European Molecular Biology Laboratory, European Bioinformatics Institute (EMBL-EBI), Wellcome Genome Campus Hinxton CB10 1SD Cambridge

MGnify Helpdesk Technical point of contact metagenomics-help@ebi.ac.uk Robert Finn Administrative point of contact . Point of contact rdf@ebi.ac.uk +441223492679





NEW GUIDE: PUBLISHING DNA-DERIVED DATA THROUGH BIODIVERSITY DISCOVERY PLATFORMS

Publishing DNA-derived data through biodiversity data platforms [Community review draft]

Anders F. Andersson - Andrew Bissett - Anders G. Finstad - Frode Fossøy - Marie Grosjean - Michael Hope - Thomas S. Jeppesen - Urmas Köljalg - Daniel Lundin - R. Henrik Nilsson - Maria Prager - Cecilie Svenningsen - Dmitry Schigel – Version 90868d9, 2020-10-15 12:04:43 UTC

This document is also available in PDF format.





Mapping and data publishing

Cross-platform

About 40 pages long "cookbook"

- Introduction
- Categorization
- ✤ Mapping*
- Visuals
- Future prospects
- Resources

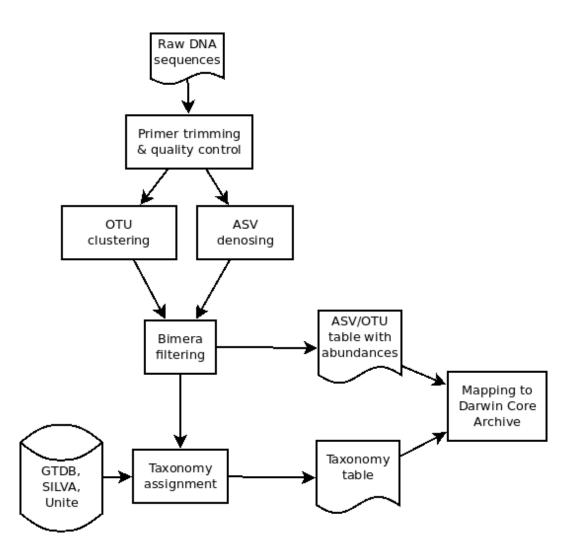
*Darwin Core and MIxS based



PUBLISHING SEQUENCE-DERIVED DATA: THE "LEARN" SECTION

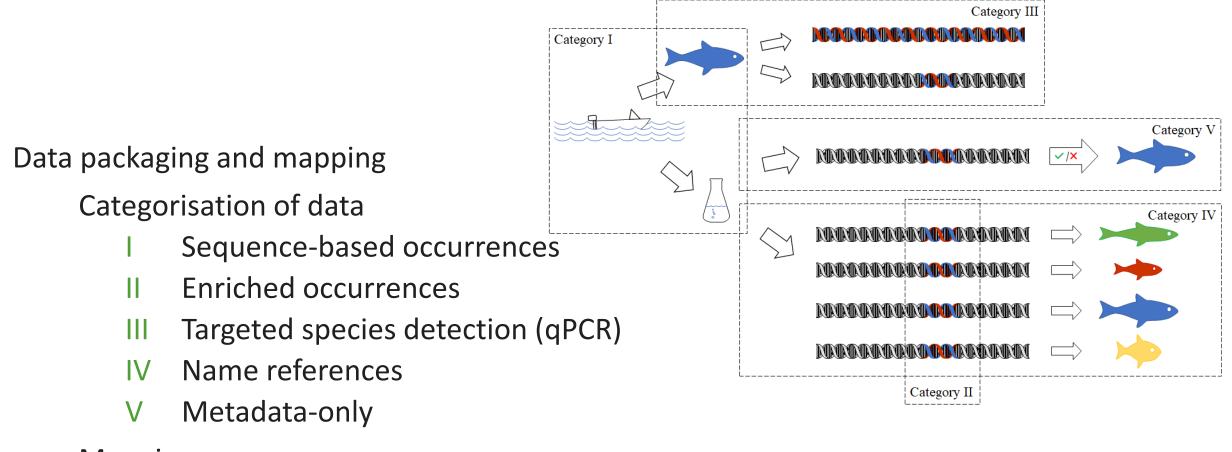
Introduction

- Rationale
- Audiences
- DNA derived occurrence data
- Biodiversity data
- Processing workflows
- Taxonomy of sequences





PUBLISHING SEQUENCE-DERIVED DATA: THE "DO" SECTION



Mapping

Examples

NEW TRAINING COURSE ON GBIF AND BOLD SKILLS – WITH BIODATA / GBIF NORWAY



Data management skills for publishing data through BOLD and GBIF data platforms. This is an observation/specimen -> published record course that does not include wet lab steps. Examples of the past, to be modified.

2018 https://www.forbio.uio.no/events/courses/2018/Data_mobilization_Baikal.html 2019 https://sisu.ut.ee/publish-sequence-datasets

Organizer

BioDATA; GBIF and ForBio

Accelerating biodiversity research through DNA barcodes, collection and observation data

Work in progress

Why publish in GBIF? Barcoding, data and biodiversity Biodiversity databases in Georgia Open data as a first-class research citizen Databases as a research tool Why do we need to identify species Concept of DNA barcoding Data in and data out: recognize and understand yo Principles of data organization and personal data n Data structure: standards Data citation Data exposure: why and when Data papers Barcode reference repositories Quality control Use case Bombus and legumes: uncovering pollination

KEY FACTS

- New GBIF course
- Tbilisi, Georgia
- 2021, 4 days
- Onsite or virtual
- GBIF and BOLD
- publish and use
- DNA-derived FAIR data
- Learn and practice

🗶 GBIF

THANK YOU

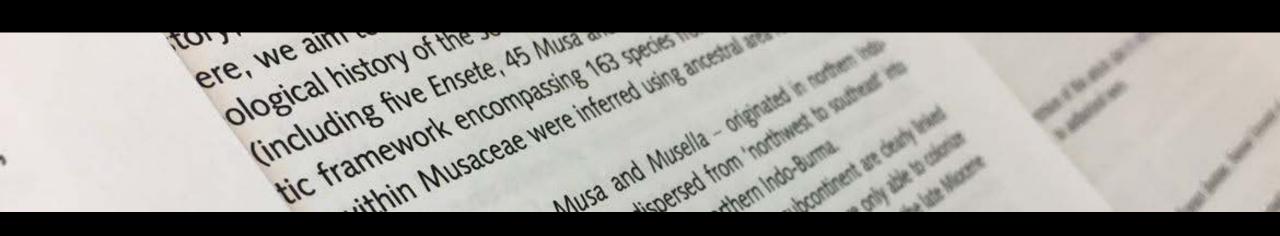
Dmitry Schigel dschigel@gbif.org







Data integration enables biodiversity synthesis A literature review of GBIF-enabled studies



Mason Heberling¹, Joe Miller², Daniel Noesgaard², Scott Weingart³, Dmitry Schigel² ¹Carnegie Museum of Natural History Pittsburgh, PA USA; heberlingm@carnegiemnh.org ²Global Biodiversity Information Facility Secretariat, Copenhagen, Denmark ³Carnegie Mellon University, Pittsburgh, PA USA

GB27 Meeting, October 2020

GBIF | Global Biodiversity Information Facility

Free and open access to biodiversity data

gbif.org



Occurrence records 1,605,663,540

Datasets 54,622

News

GBIF nodes collaborations confirmed for funding through capacity programme



Award winner addresses data bias while assessing trends in boreal butterfly diversity



Publishing institutions

Award winner applies machine learning to model host-pathogen relationships & interactions Peer-reviewed papers using data 5,059



Georeferencing documents released for GBIF community review

GBIF | Global Biodiversity Information Facility

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Occurrence records 1,605,663,540

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Publishing institutions

Award winner applies machine learning to model host-pathogen relationships & interactions Peer-reviewed papers using data 5,059



Georeferencing documents released for GBIF community review

ĸ	Get data	How-to	Tools	Community	About	abit ore
< Res	sources	73				SEARCH RESOURCES 5,059 RESULT
Search		Q	ALL	LITERATURE		
Country or area of researc	her	~				
Country or area of coverag	le	~				Assessing spatial and temporal biases and gaps in the publicly available distributional Literature information of Iberian mosses ©
Literature type		~				
Journal article						Ronquillo, C. Alves-Martins, F. Mazimpaka, V. Sobral-Souza, T. Vilela-Silva, B. G. Medina, N (2020) Biodiversity Data Journal One of the most valuable initiatives on massive availability of biodiversity data is the Global Biodiversity Information Facility, which is creating new opportunities to develop and test macroecological knowledge. However, the potential uses of these data are limited by
Relevance		\sim				the gaps and biases associate
🕑 GBIF used						Biodiversity data • Bryophyta • Global Biodiversity Information Facility • IberBryo • Iberian Peninsula • Inventory completeness Journal article Open access Peer-reviewed
Year		~				Data referenced in study DOI 10.15468/dl.eujakg DOI 10.15468/dl.ogvrsc
Торіс		~				Dioecy is associated with high genetic diversity and adaptation rates in the plant genus Literature
Dataset ~ Publisher ~ Nuyle, A. Martin, H. Zemp, N. Mollion, M. Gallina, S. About 15,000 angiosperm species (~6%) have separate the separate term of term						
				Muyle, A. Martin, H. Zemp, N. Mollion, M. Gallina, S. Tavares, R (2020) Molecular Biology and Evolution About 15,000 angiosperm species (~6%) have separate sexes, a phenomenon known as dioecy. Why dioecious taxa are so rare is still an open question. Early work reported lower species richness in dioecious compared to non-dioecious sister clades, raising the		
Peer-reviewed		~				hypothesis that dioecy may be an evolutionar
Ves Ves						Journal article Open access Peer-reviewed Data referenced in study DOI 10.15468/dl.bwdu9z DOI 10.15468/dl.fm8f2 DOI 10.15468/dl.fxoocf
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Download key		\sim				
Journal		~				Richness and distribution patterns of elasmobranchs in the San Andres, Providencia and Literature Santa Catalina Archipelago: is this area a hotspot of these spe 🖘

and the second second second	and the second se		About
How-to	Tools	Community	Anour

LITERATURE

Resources Q Search ALL Country or area of researcher Country or area of coverage ~ Literature type 24 Journal article Relevance \sim GBIF used Year 4 Topic 1 Dataset Publisher 1 Peer-reviewed Yes Open access 20 **Download key** 14 Journal 20

Get data

SEARCH RESOURCES 5,059 RESULT

gbif.org

 Assessing spatial and temporal biases and gaps in the publicly available distributional information of Iberian mosses
 Literature

 Ronquillo, C. Alves-Martins, F. Mazimpaka, V. Sobral-Souza, T. Vilela-Silva, B. G. Medina, N. ... - (2020) Biodiversity Data Journal One of the most valuable initiatives on massive availability of biodiversity data is the Global Biodiversity Information Facility, which is creating new opportunities to develop and test macroecological knowledge. However, the potential uses of these data are limited by the gaps and biases associate...

 Biodiversity data • Bryophyta • Global Biodiversity Information Facility • IberBryo • Iberian Peninsula • Inventory completeness: Journal article Open access Peer-reviewed

 Data referenced in study [D0] 10.15468/dl.eujakg [D0] 10.15468/dl.ogvrsc

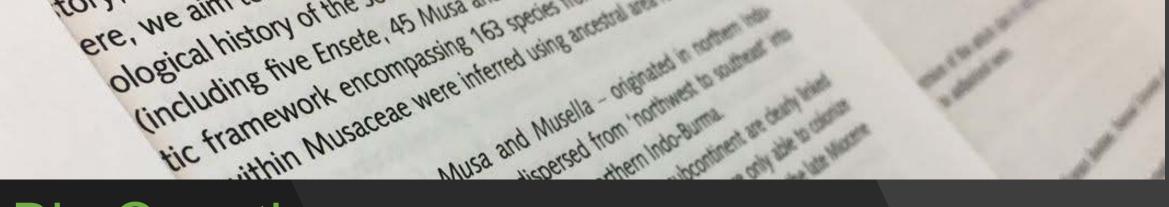
 Dioecy is associated with high genetic diversity and adaptation rates in the plant genus
 Literature

 Muyle, A. Martin, H. Zemp, N. Mollion, M. Gallina, S. Tavares, R. ... - (2020) Molecular Biology and Evolution
 About 15,000 angiosperm species (~6%) have separate sexes, a phenomenon known as dioecy. Why dioecious taxa are so rare is still an open question. Early work reported lower species richness in dioecious compared to non-dioecious sister clades, raising the

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DOI 10.15468/dl.wizsb6 DOI 10.15468/dl.yrvenq DOI 10.15468/dl.yywbrk

Richness and distribution patterns of elasmobranchs in the San Andres, Providencia and Literature Santa Catalina Archipelago: is this area a hotspot of these spe... 🖘



The Big Questions

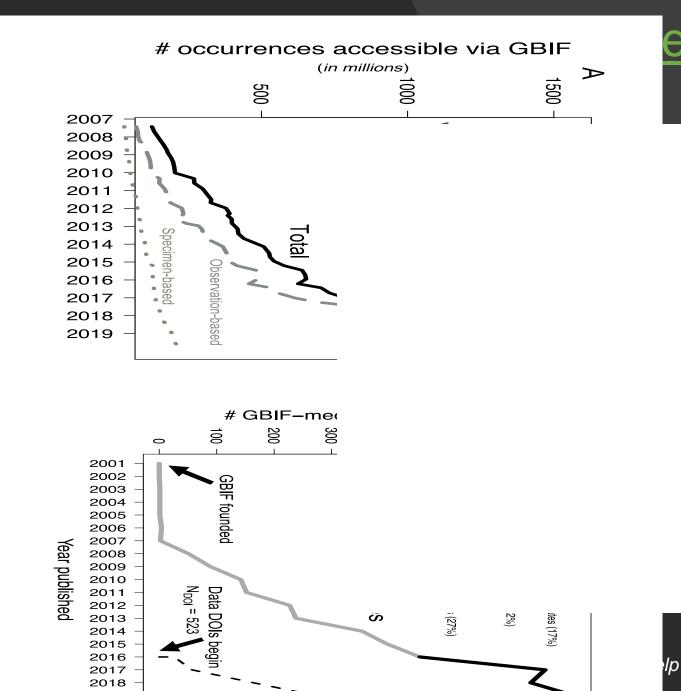
- 1. How are GBIF-mediated data used? (the what)
- 2. Have uses changed through time? (the when)
- 3. Where are GBIF-mediated studies used? (the where and who)
- 4. How does GBIF-mediated papers compare to potential use? (*the future*)

Growth of GBIF data

Rapid growth in data. +1,150% since 2007!

Rapid growth in data use. 2019 alone = 723 studies

Datasets are being used. 26,046 GBIF-mediated datasets have >1 citation! *median citations per dataset = 11

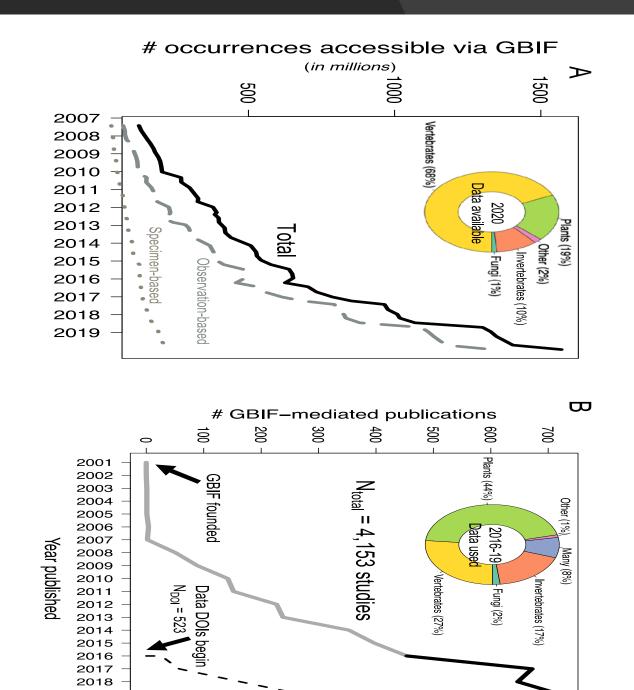


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Datasets are being used. 26,046 GBIF-mediated datasets have >1 citation! *median citations per dataset = 11



е.

lp

The what

How are GBIF-mediated data used in scientific papers?

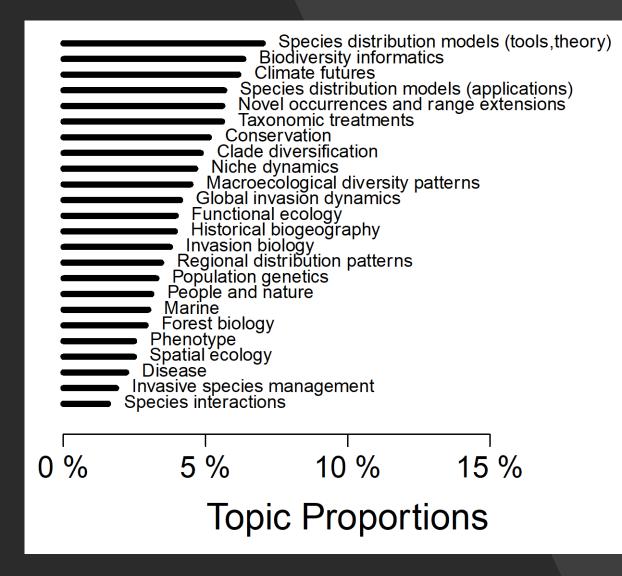
Approach:

Computational text analysis of 4,035 studies using GBIF.

Topics emerge from computation of word associations.

Results:

24 topics across a range of content areas Species distribution modeling, a clear major use.



The when

Have major uses of GBIF data changed through time?

Approach: Compare pre-2016 to recent (2016-19)

Color = growth (red) or decline (blue).

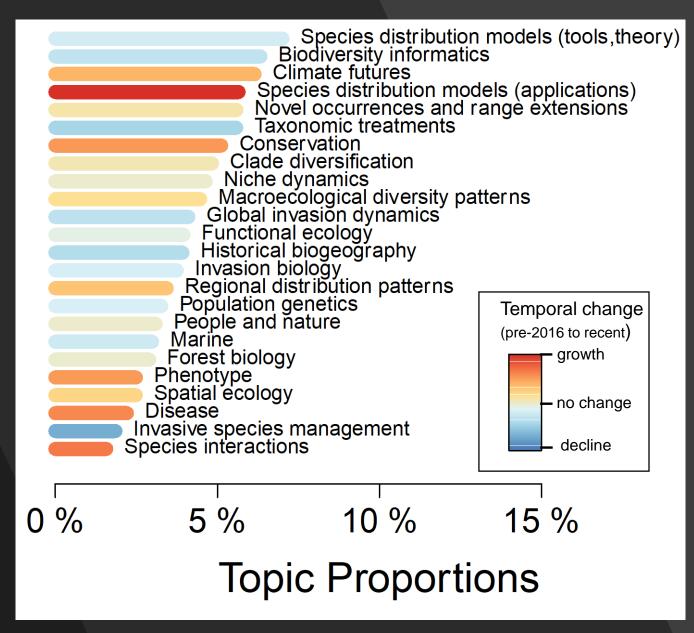
Results: Increasing topics +:

Species distribution models (applications), conservation, disease, species interactions, climate futures

Decreasing topics - :

Species distribution models (tools), Biodiversity informatics, invasion management, taxonomic treatments

**NOTE: <u>relative</u> change between time periods. E.g., 'decreasing' topics can remain common!

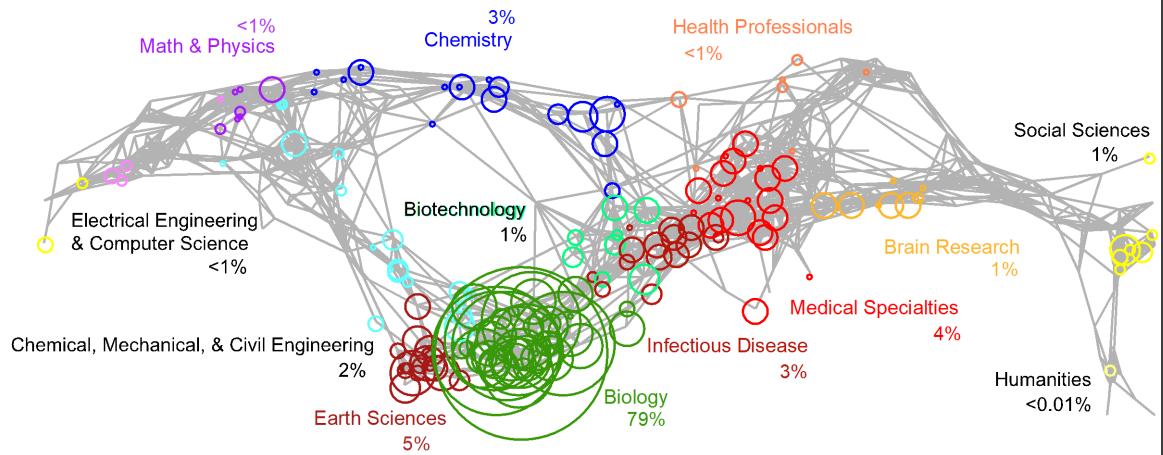


The who and where

GBIF data use includes a global authorship, though not evenly distributed.



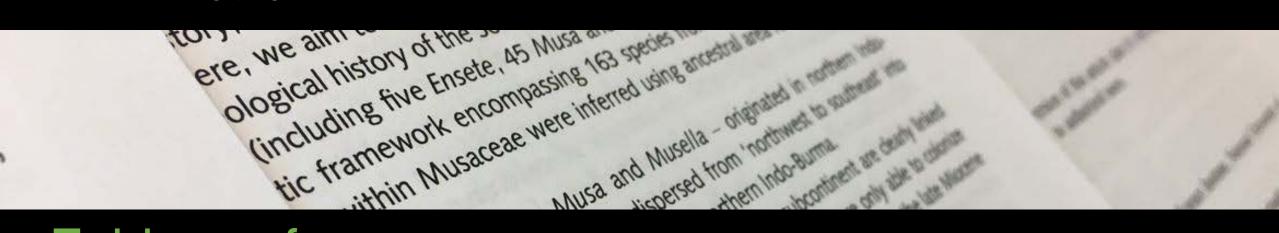
The future: The GBIF Map of Science GBIF research use spans many disciplines



Map generated via Sci2 Tool

GBIF-mediated data enables:

-Connection of disparate data types and sources -Diverse topic areas and cross-disciplinary research use -Increasingly global network of research



Evidence for:

-Areas to prioritize and foster
-Continued data digitization and publishing
-Creating, connecting and improving biodiversity data

Thanks!

Mason Heberling heberlingm@carnegiemnh.org



Data integration enables biodiversity synthesis A literature review of GBIF-enabled studies

Mason Heberling¹, Joe Miller², Daniel Noesgaard², Scott Weingart³, Dmitry Schigel² ¹Carnegie Museum of Natural History Pittsburgh, PA USA ²Global Biodiversity Information Facility Secretariat, Copenhagen, Denmark ³Carnegie Mellon University, Pittsburgh, PA USA

GB27 Meeting, October 2020



Citations and use of GBIF-mediated data

Daniel Noesgaard | Science Comms Officer





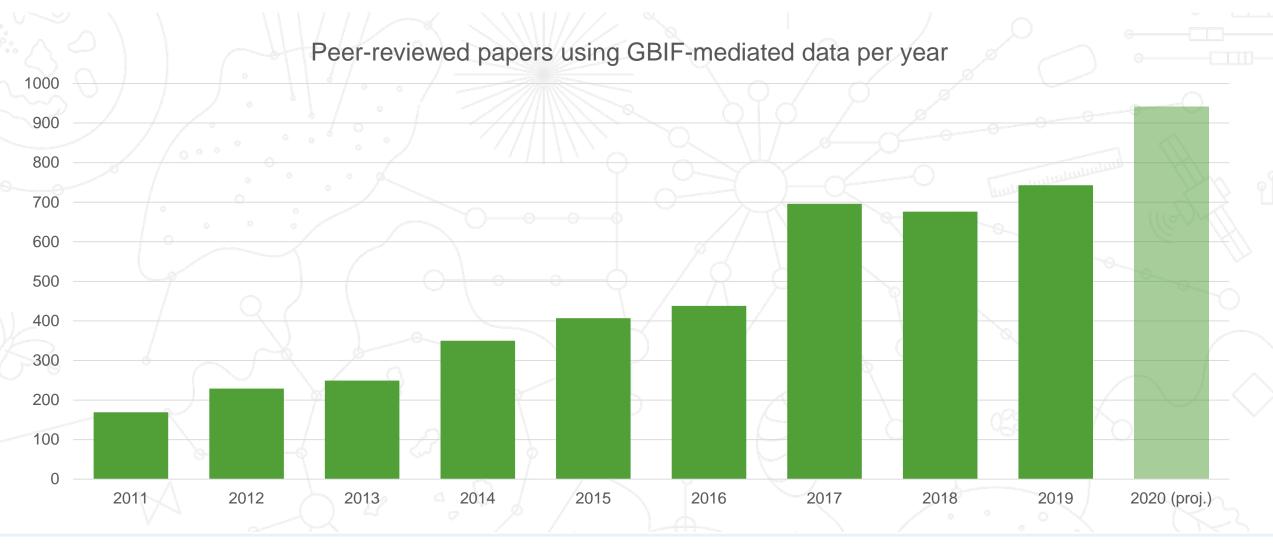








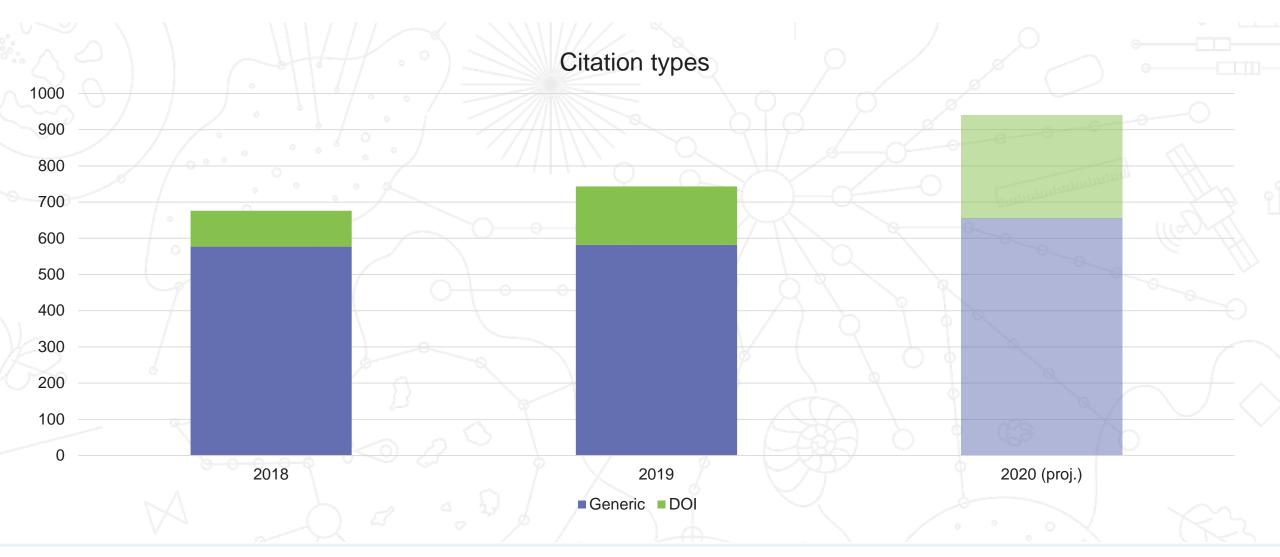
TEN YEARS OF GROWTH





30 per cent annual growth on average—almost 1,000 citations in 2020 predicted

USE OF DOIS IN CITATIONS





DOIs are now used in nearly a third of papers using GBIF-mediated data

NEW SOURCES/LANGUAGES OF LITERATURE

③ Kife 多刻	全文 + gbif	JSTAGE 資料・記事を探す・ JSTAGEについて・ ニュース&PR・ サポート・		
总库 中文	学术期刊 学位论文 会议 报纸 年鉴 目	詳細検索結果	Понка в библичтана 🔠 всего найдено плияликаций: 1463 на 35074526	النباتات في الطب العرب
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全拼姓名好邮箱 (学术交流更正式)	□ 2 气候变化背景下紫梅在中国的适宜分布区模型 属量符: 起志华: 盘 传: 孔志: 電克亮 热带		Barosenta Head Arithmet U, Readel DJ, Dector P, DMire M, Leach S, Rick S, Tog C, Vorwald J, Wart E, Xylander 9 WEE, Richt M, Rohnkel J, Schrift A, Schrift S, Schrift S, Tog C, Vorwald J, Wart E, Xylander 9 WEE, Richt M, Borothes J, Schrift A, Schrift S, Schrin S, Schrift S, Schrift S, Schrift S, Schrift S, Schrift S, Schri	محمد سليم علي اشتية رئا ماجد جاموس
	□3 不同原生境的6种棕榈科植物叶片水力性状的对比 维北 前面积:坐出: 此时 对法: 叶清 易带	検索フィルタ マ 以下の条件での結果を表示する: 資料撮影:ジャーナル、会議論文・要旨集,研究報告・技術報告 記言語:日本語	Sadurin napona? Infection Rational & Pocchai Memory Al, Blacov AK, Blacov AK, Blacov AK, Carlon AK, Barras AK, Carlon AK, Barras AK, Blacov AK, Carlon AK, Barras AK, Carlon AK, Barras AK, Carlon AK, Sador AK, Sado	
主题 h ^ 主要主题 次要注题	□▲ 教家猕猴桃在中国的适生区分析及对未来气候变化 起金熙王目相加 中国 兴和农法范王明 其实 国 >	る 全文:GBIF 資料種別 -	хотилы) 2016. С. 563-590 ковти.) Сунствениять яли - окламла или ин. и.в. иссланца яли в развитии глосальной иноорганционной системы по скоразносовразию (серг) изтопы) Шихону М.Л., измоза И.Я., измоза К.Я.	
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Chinese

Japanese

Russian

Others?

400 papers added



Thanks to Dr Luo Maofang (IB-CAS): Bulk import of ~400 papers in Chinese via CNKI (China National Knowledge Infrastructure)

NEW CITATION SERVICE

Cloud environment exports



Search API derived datasets (rgbif, etc.)

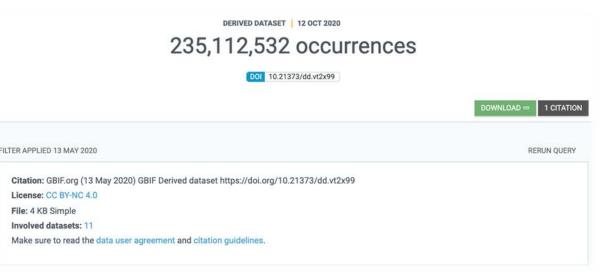


Simple service

- DOI of original "download" (e.g. a monthly snapshot)
- A list of dataset identifiers/DOI preferably with record counts
- A URL for the filtered dataset

Return

- A new DOI presenting the cleaned data
- Linked to the specific contributing datasets with counts (attribution)
- Provides access to the filtered dataset (reproducibility)





#CITETHEDOI

Daniel Noesgaard GBIF Secretariat





Positioning GBIF for the the post-2020 **Global Biodiversity Framework**

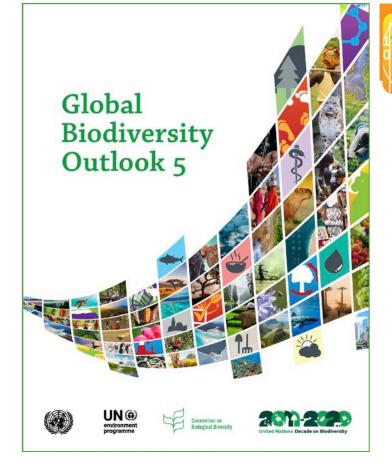
Tim Hirsch | Deputy Director



Global Biodiversity Information Facility

GB27 Day 2 | 20 October 2020

5TH GLOBAL BIODIVERSITY OUTLOOK



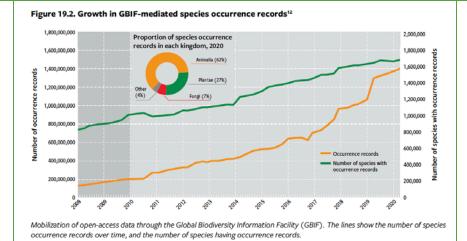


TARGET ELEMENTS

1. Biodiversity knowledge, science and technologies improved 2. Biodiversity knowledge, science and technologies shared 2 Status

Summary of target achievement

Significant progress has been made since 2010 in the generation, sharing and assessment of knowledge and data on biodiversity, with big-data aggregation, advances in modelling and artificial intelligence opening up new opportunities for improved understanding of the biosphere. However, major imbalances remain in the location and taxonomic focus of studies and monitoring. Information gaps remain in the consequences of biodiversity loss for people, and the application of biodiversity knowledge in decision making is limited. **The target has been partially achieved** (*medium confidence*).¹





GBIF SUPPORTING BIODIVERSITY INDICATORS

_









- Trend in invasive alien species introductions (through Global Register of Introduced and Invasive Species)
- Species Protection Index
 - Protected Area Representativeness Index
- Comprehensiveness of conservation of socioeconomically/cu Iturally valuable species
- Agrobiodiversity Index

-

 Crop Wild Relative Index

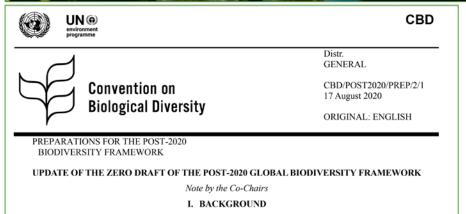
- Growth in species occurrence records accessible through GBIF
- Species Status
 Information Index



DELAYED TIMETABLE FOR NEW GLOBAL BIODIVERSITY FRAMEWORK

UN BIODIVERSITY CONVENTION MEETINGS CRUCIAL TO DEVELOPMENT OF POST-2020 GLOBAL BIODIVERSITY FRAMEWORK MOVED TO 2021

The physical meetings of the twenty-fourth meeting of the Subsidiary Body on Scientific, Technical and Technological Advice (SBSTTA-24) and the third meeting of the Subsidiary Body on Implementation (SBI-3) will be held in the first quarter of 2021.



1. In decision <u>14/34</u>, the Conference of the Parties set out the process for developing a post-2020 global biodiversity framework, established the Open-ended Working Group on the Post-2020 Global Biodiversity Framework to support this process and designated its Co-Chairs. Subsequently, the Working Group at its first meeting requested the Co-Chairs and the Executive Secretary, with the oversight of the Bureau, to continue the preparatory process in accordance with decisions 14/34, <u>CP-9/7</u> and <u>NP-3/15</u>, and to prepare documentation, including a zero draft text of the post-2020 global biodiversity framework¹ for consideration by the Working Group at its second meeting. Pursuant to these requests, a zero draft of the post-2020 global biodiversity framework was issued for consideration by the Working Group at its second meeting. (CBD/WG2020/2/3).

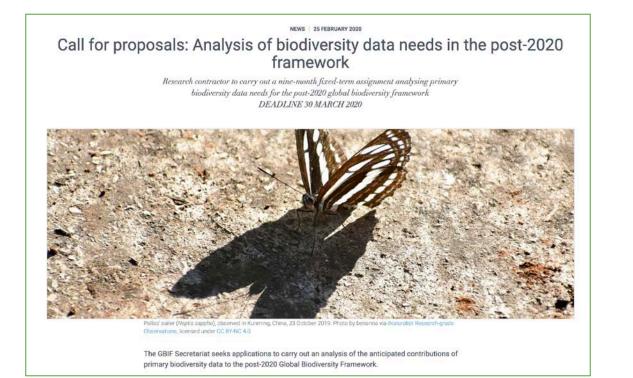
- Subsidiary body meetings (SBSTTA 24, SBI3) Canada | March 2021
- Final meeting of Open-ended Working Group Cali, Colombia | ? 2021
- COP 15 (UN Biodiversity Conference) Kunming, China | ? 2021

OPPORTUNITIES FOR GBIF

- Strong role for data and monitoring within new targets (draft new Target 19)
- Implementation support mechanisms (Knowledge generation, management and sharing; capacity development)
- Critical role of primary data for monitoring and reporting



ANALYSING DATA NEEDS FOR GLOBAL BIODIVERSITY FRAMEWORK



- Competitive call for analysis of post-2020 data needs
- Entries evaluated by panel including external experts
- Contract awarded to VertNet consortium (Rob Guralnick, David Bloom, Paula Zermoglio)
- Work timeline adjusted due to changes in CBD timetable
- Project under way from September 2020, publication 2nd quarter 2021



PROJECT PLAN

- 1. Historic inputs of primary biodiversity data (PBD) into CBD processes
- 2. Projects and products that use PBD to support the post-2020 Framework
- 3. PBD sources used in EBVs, Indicators, and other products
- 4. Dependencies on PBD within the post-2020 Framework
- 5. Conclusions and next steps



VertNet

HARMONIZING NATIONAL PLATFORMS



Colts-foot (Tussilago farlara), Perwez, Belgium. Photo 2019 by Mathieu Gilbert, via iNsturalist research-grade observations, licensed under CC BY-NC 4.0.

During the last two years, the Parties to the Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD) and it Secretariat has been developing a new Content Management System for the Clearing House Mechanism (CHM) of the Convention. The tool, named "Bioland", is interoperable with others biodiversity databases.

The principle goals of this project is to reinforce links between CHM and GBIF communities, and to develop concrete synergies, for example a specific GBIF-compatible plugin for Bioland.

National CHM teams in this project include: DR Congo, Cameroon, Mauritania, Madagascar, Bénin, Togo, Guinea, Belgium and France.

Project Progress

As a part of the first phase of the project, the Bioland tool became active and available for partners to use. A workshop was held in the start of October 2019 to give the partners involved in the project access to Bioland as well as full proficiency. The workshop also included training in the GBIF process, data acquisition and methods, so in the end of the workshop partners were ready to start the implementation of the Bioland tool in their national CHM.

- Project funded under Capacity Enhancement Support Programme (CESP)
- Developing plugin for incorporating GBIFpublished data in national Clearing-House Mechanism (CHM) sites via Bioland tool
- Encouraging data-sharing from national CBD platforms via GBIF Integrated Publishing Toolkit (IPT)
- Starting with 8 francophone African countries, aim for wider adoption



RELEVANT 2021 WORK PROGRAMME ITEMS

Activity 1e (Expand national participation):

 Actively seek new Voting Participant countries, and return of former Voting Participants, to broaden the funding base ahead of the 2023-2027 financial period; in particular highlighting to governments the value of GBIF in meeting data and capacity needs for national implementation of the post-2020 global biodiversity framework under the Convention on Biological Diversty (CBD)

Activity 5c (Support biodiversity assessment):

 Publish outcomes of the analysis of primary data needs for the post-2020 Global Biodiversity Framework, promote at relevant fora including the COP15 meeting of the CBD in Kunming, China



THANK YOU

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