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Bad Code Kills: 5 Essential Quality Gates You Need in Your CloudBees Core Pipeline

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Today's Agenda

- Why Aren't Traditional Quality Practices Sufficient?
- 5 Static and Dynamic Quality Gates You Need in Your CloudBees Core Pipeline
 - #1: Static Analysis
 - #2: New Errors
 - #3: Critical Exceptions
 - #4: Resurfaced Issues
 - #5: Unique Error Volume
- Demo

As teams increase speed
with CI/CD workflows...



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Quality becomes a
greater challenge.

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What's your level of confidence when releasing new code to production?



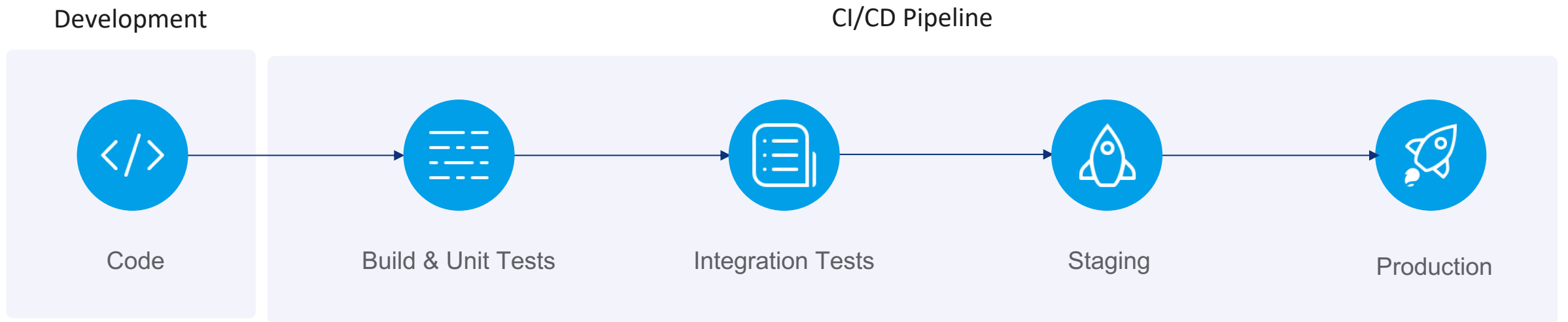
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Why aren't traditional quality practices sufficient?

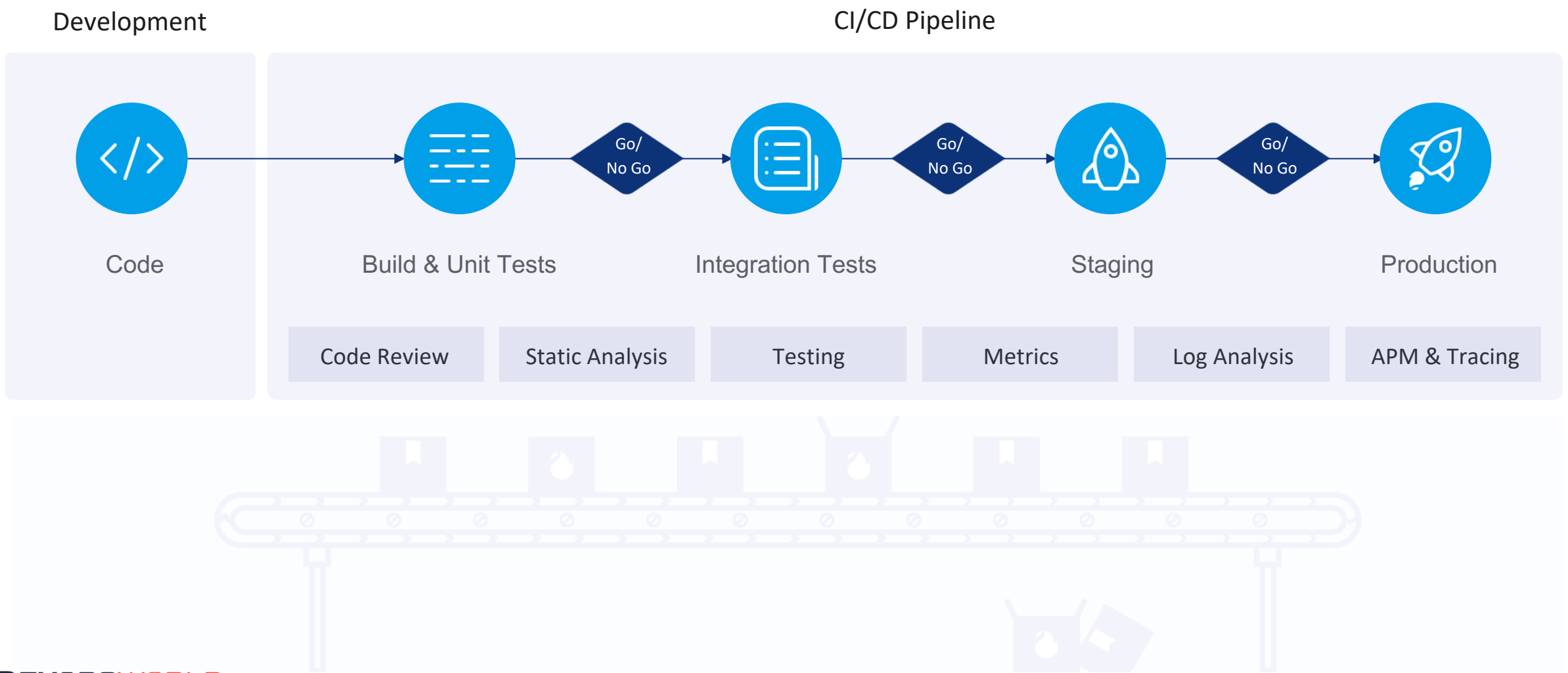


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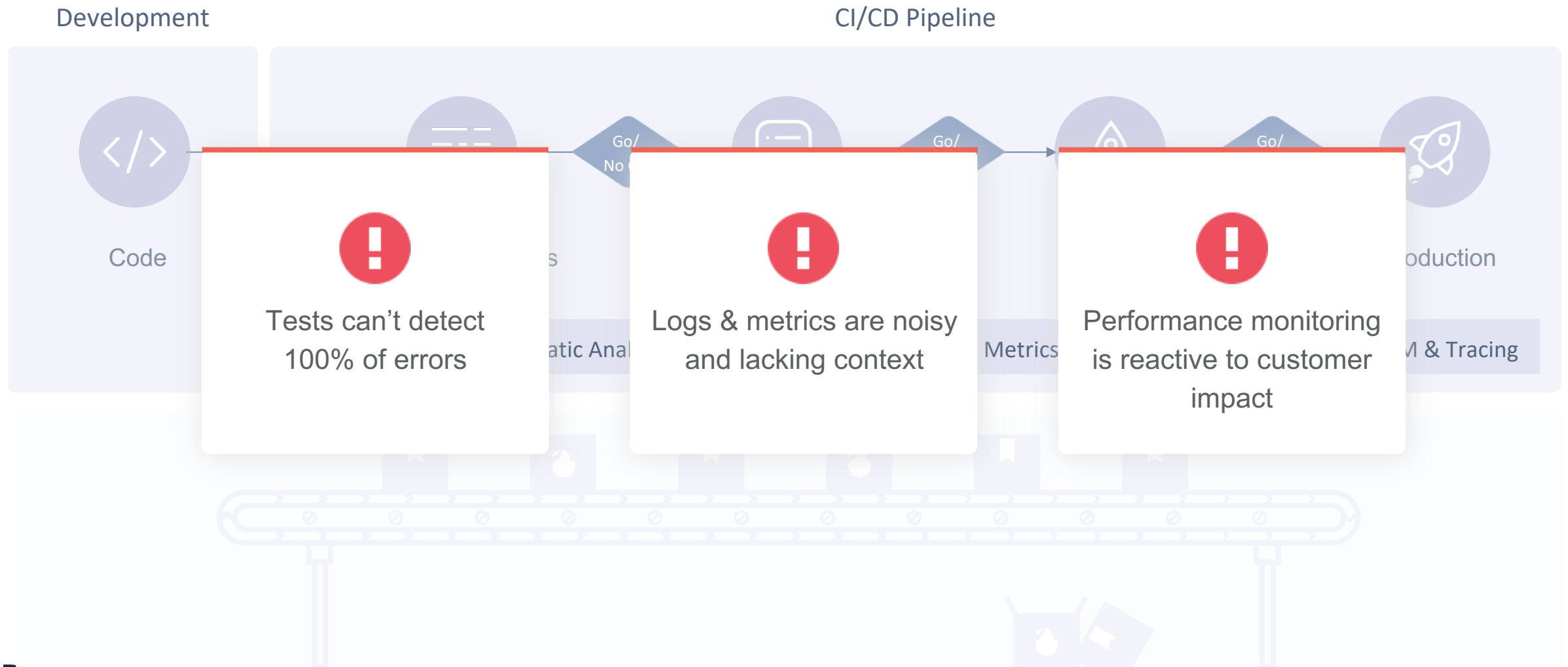
The Current Software Delivery Lifecycle



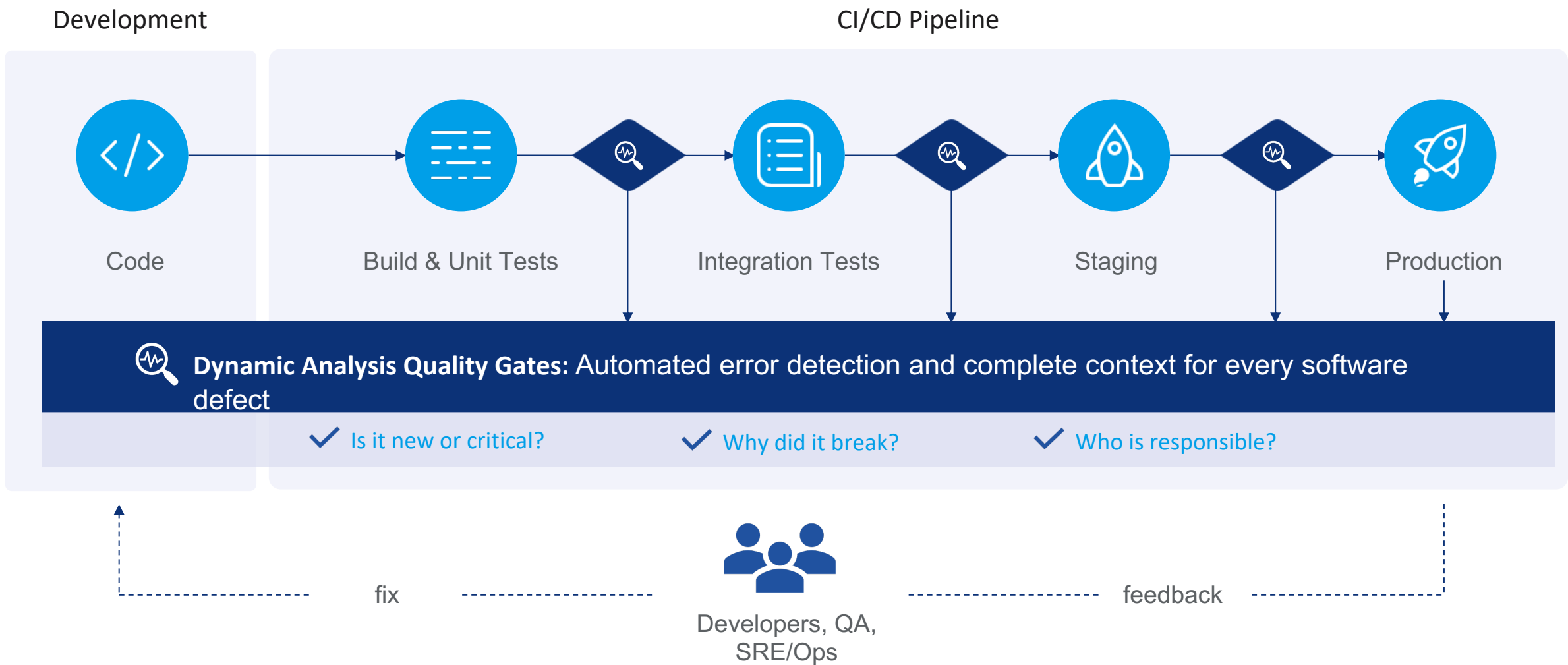
How Do You Ensure Reliability Across the Pipeline Today?



Yet Code Still Breaks!



Introducing Dynamic Analysis Quality Gates



5 Static & Dynamic Quality Gates You Need in Your CloudBees Core Pipeline



Quality Gate 1: Static Analysis

Can the code run? Does it follow best practices in readability/security?



Pass:

No style issues or code smells detected. No known security vulnerabilities



Fail:

Release introduces a new code smell or security vulnerability

Example Scenario:

In a recent change, you forgot to close a file descriptor which may cause memory leakage or you didn't wrap an if statement with parenthesis.

With static analysis, you can catch resource leaks and code style issues.

Dynamic Quality Gate 2: New Errors

Did the release introduce any errors that didn't previously exist?



Pass:

No new errors are detected



Fail:

Release introduces a new error never previously seen

Example Scenario:

Your latest release in a mission-critical Java app introduces a 'ResourceNotFoundException' in a database that has never before experienced this issue.

Using the New Errors Quality Gate, CloudBees automatically marks the release as unstable and blocks it from moving forward to production.

Dynamic Quality Gate 3: Critical Exceptions

Did the release introduce any severe/showstopping errors?



Pass:

No critical exception types detected



Fail:

The release introduces one or more predefined critical errors. In a Java application, some examples could be:

- NullPointerException
- IndexOutOfBoundsException
- InvalidCastException

Example Scenario:

Your latest release for a Java application introduces a 'NullPointerException.'

Using the Critical Exceptions Quality Gate, CloudBees/Jenkins automatically marks the release as unstable and blocks it from moving forward to production.

Dynamic Quality Gate 4: Resurfaced Errors

Did an error that was previously resolved appear again in the current release?



Pass:

No previously resolved errors are detected



Fail:

Release resurfaces a previously resolved issue

Example Scenario:

You encounter a `ParseException` in a new release that you had previously addressed and resolved.

Using the Resurfaced Errors Quality Gate, CloudBees/Jenkins automatically marks the release as unstable and blocks it from moving forward to production.

Dynamic Quality Gate 5: Unique Error Volume

Did the release introduce an unusually high number of many discrete errors?



Pass:

Total number of unique errors falls below the standard baseline



Fail:

Release introduces an unusually high number of unique errors

Example Scenario:

Your latest release introduces 12 unique events. Your baseline value is set to 10 events.

Using the Unique Error Volume Quality Gate, CloudBees/Jenkins automatically marks the release as unstable and blocks it from moving forward to production.

Demo



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Questions?

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