





The easy-to-use Halo sectional matrix system allows you to create beautiful, anatomically contoured composite restorations in less time.

Beautiful Results in Less Time



Maximum tooth separation is achieved through the force of the nitinol ring and active wedging provided by the wedges. This ideal system of separation allows you to restore a single tooth or back-to-back restorations with ease.

The unique beak design of the Halo ring allows the band to fully adapt to the prep from the gingival margin to the marginal ridge and maintain its shape even in large preparations, helping you achieve anatomically shaped restorations.

When you have ideal contacts and well-adapted bands with anatomical curvature, you will see a reduction in the time spent shaping and finishing. The Halo system does exactly that with every restoration.



The Halo sectional matrix system includes nitinol rings, stainless steel matrix bands in Original and Firm, and easy-to-place wedges. Each of the components are designed to work together to create consistent, anatomically shaped restorations.

NITINOL RINGS

- Super-elastic nitinol metal maintains force during procedures and reduces cyclic fatigue
- Rings will last over 1,000 uses
- Glass-filled nylon tines won't easily break, and won't collapse into the prep and create under-contoured restorations
- Ring contours secure the band in a natural and anatomical shape, helping to eliminate flash and reducing the amount of finishing needed¹
- Stackable design allows for use with MODs and other Class II restorations
- Provides ideal separation for back-to-back restorations



MATRIX BANDS

- Anatomically shaped for ideal contacts
- Curve at marginal ridge creates ideal occlusal embrasure, reducing finishing
- Tweezer holes for easy placement
- Bendable tab allows for easy placement and removal with increased visibility
- Color coded according to size for easy identification
- Original bands allow for more adaptability and burnishing, while Firm bands resist deformation and are ideal for tight interproximal spaces

WEDGES

- Firm wedge creates active wedging for enhanced separation, while protecting the papillae
- Hollow design makes wedges easy to place and allows wedges to be stacked when multiple wedges are needed
- Easy to distinguish colors help identify sizes of wedges
- Collapsible center for anatomical adaptation of the band

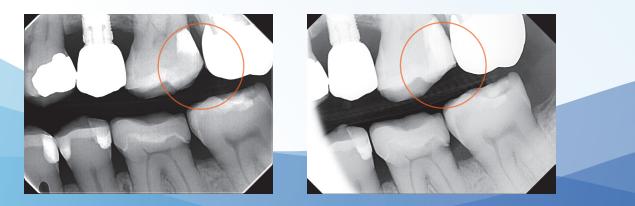
CAROUSEL DISPENSER

HALC

- Stay organized with unique, easy-to-use carousel dispenser
- No more spilling and scattering of bands and wedges after an accidental drop, saving time and frustration
- Can be easily disinfected with a surface disinfectant



Sectional matrix systems are the solution to restorations using modern dental materials.



Tofflemire bands worked well with amalgam, a stiff and packable material, but weren't designed for today's composite materials. The tofflemire bands do not have the anatomical contours required for good contacts, and often create food traps and open contacts. Without a well contoured band, the clinician is often left with excess composite material that must be removed with a bur, significantly increasing the time spent shaping the restoration.

There is a better way. The Halo sectional matrix system was developed for use with today's composites; the bands have the appropriate hardness to ensure anatomical contours while allowing for some burnishability. The use of a contoured matrix, like the Halo matrix, results in a stronger marginal ridge for Class II composite resin restorations compared to restorations completed with straight matrices.² With the Halo system you can expect consistently tight contacts, anatomical contours and all with less time spent finishing and shaping.¹

DO Clinical Case

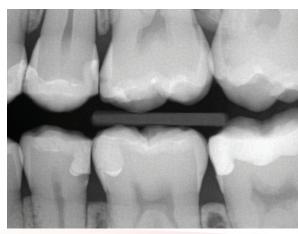
Case photos courtesy of Ultradent and Dr. Jaleena Jessop





Pre-o

Preparation w



Pre-radiograph





th Halo system



Post-op





Post-radiograph

DO Clinical Case

Case photos courtesy of Ultradent and Dr. Brett Richins

DO Clinical Case

Case photos courtesy of Ultradent and Dr. Brigham Stoker



Pre-op



with Halo system

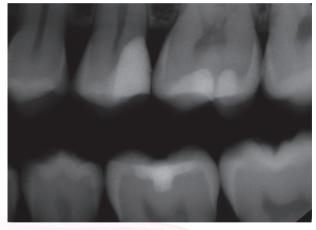


Post-op

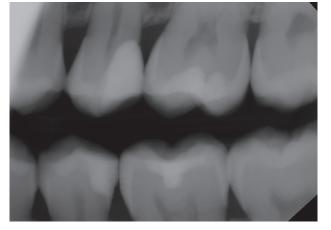


re-op

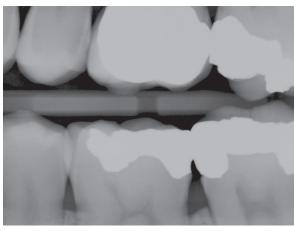
Preparation w



Pre-radiograph



Post-radiograph



Pre-radiograph



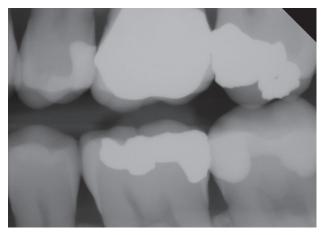


h Halo system



Post-op





Post-radiograph

MOD Clinical Case

Case photos courtesy of Ultradent and Dr. Jaleena Jessop

DO Clinical Case

Case photos courtesy of Ultradent and Dr. James Wright











MOD Clinical Case

Case photos courtesy of Ultradent and Dr. Jaleena Jessop







HAL SECTIONAL MATRIX SYSTEM





Preparation with Halo system

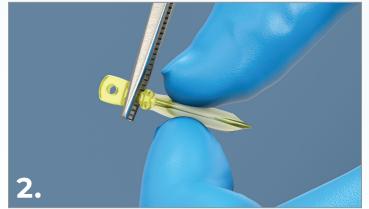


Step-by-Step Guide

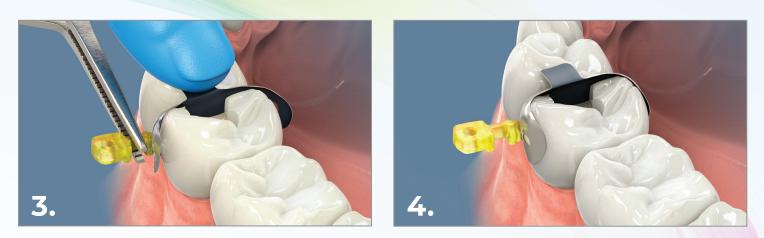
Refer to the IFU for complete instructions.



Select an appropriate matrix band based on required occlusogingival height. Using tweezers, grip the matrix band tab and bend as needed, then place interproximally with the concave surface facing the tooth to be restored.



Select wedge that best adapts matrix band to the gingival portion of the preparation. Grip wedge with cotton pliers.



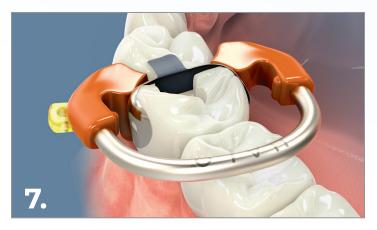
Light finger pressure may need to be applied to the matrix band to prevent it from being dislodged during wedge placement.



Carefully place Halo ring using the ring forceps.



The ring should be placed as low as possible with the tine ends of the ring straddling the wedge on each side of the tooth.



Inspect matrix band, wedge, and ring placement to ensure that the matrix band is well adapted to the cavosurface margins and that it is in intimate contact with the adjacent tooth.



If needed, an additional wedge may be used to provide greater adaptation to gingival cavosurface.

Product SKU List

Kits, refills, and instruments





Halo Original Matrices

Size	50pk	100pk
3.5 mm	5448	5449
4.5 mm	5450	5451
5.5 mm	5452	5453
6.5 mm	5454	5455
7.5 mm	5456	5457

Halo Wedges

Size	
Small	
Medium	
Large	

3.5 mm 4.5 mm 5.5 mm

6.5 mm

7.5 mm

Halo Universal Rings

Size	1pk
Universal	5008

Size	50pk	100pk	
3.5 mm	5448	5449	
4.5 mm	5450	5451	
5.5 mm	5452	5453	
6.5 mm	5454	5455	
7.5 mm	5456	5457	

4832 - Halo Sectional Matrix System Original Bands Kit 2 x Each Universal Rings 25 x Each Original Matrices 3.5 mm, **4.5 mm**, **5.5 mm**, **6.5 mm**, and 7.5 mm 25 x Each Wedges Small, Medium, and Large 1 x Halo Carousel

4831 - Halo Sectional Matrix System

Original Bands with Instruments Kit

1 x Halo Carousel 1 x Tweezers

1 x Forceps

2 x Each Universal Rings 25 x Each Original Matrices

3.5 mm, **4.5 mm**, **5.5 mm**, **6.5 mm**, and 7.5 mm

25 x Each Wedges Small, Medium, and Large

4835 - Halo Sectional Matrix System Original Bands Mini Kit 2 x Each Universal Rings 5 x Each Original Matrices 3.5 mm, 4.5 mm, 5.5 mm, 6.5 mm, and 7.5 mm 5 x Each Wedges Small, Medium, and Large 1 x Halo Carousel

4833 - Halo Sectional Matrix System Firm Nonstick Bands Kit 2 x Each Universal Rings 20 x Each Firm Matrices 3.5 mm, **4.5 mm**, **5.5 mm**, **6.5 mm**, and **7.5 mm** 25 x Each Wedges Small, Medium, and Large 1 x Halo Carousel

HALC

4834 - Halo Sectional Matrix System Firm Bands Kit 2 x Each Universal Rings 25 x Each Firm Matrices 3.5 mm, 4.5 mm, 5.5 mm, 6.5 mm, and 7.5 mm 25 x Each Wedges Small, Medium, and Large 1 x Halo Carousel







50pk	100pk
5059	—
5062	5063
5064	5065
5066	5067
5068	_



Halo Firm Nonstick Matrices

Size	50pk	100pk
3.5 mm	5049	
4.5 mm	5051	5052
5.5 mm	5053	5054
6.5 mm	5055	5056
7.5 mm	5057	_

5048 - Halo Tweezers 1pk



5047 - Halo Forceps 1pk







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1. Data on file. 2. Loomans BAC, Roeters FJM, Opdam NJM, Kuijs RH. The effect of proximal contour on marginal ridge fracture of Class II composite resin restorations. *J Dent.* 2008;36(10):828–832.

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